Tektronix[®]

6 Series Low Profile Digitizer LPD64 Datasheet

Highest Performance Digitizer. On ALL Channels!

4 channels with 25 GS/s, 12-bits, 8 GHz, and 250 Mpts in 2U



Performance in numbers

Input Channels

- 4 SMA inputs
- Each SMA input supports Analog, Spectral (using DDC), or both simultaneously

Performance for EVERY Channel

- Sample Rate: 25 GS/s
- Bandwidth: DC to 8 GHz (optional)
- Vertical Resolution: 12-bit ADC
- Real-Time 2 GHz DDC (optional)
- Record Length: 125 Mpts (std), 250 Mpts (optional)
- Lowest-in-class Noise
- Highest-in-class ENOB
- Best-in-class channel-to-channel isolation

Real-Time Digital Down Converter (DDC)

- Patented individual time domain and frequency domain controls
- Up to 2 GHz capture bandwidth (optional)
- IQ data transfers to PC for analysis (optional)
- Frequency vs time, Phase vs time and Magnitude vs time plotting (optional)

Superior low noise, vertical resolution and accuracy

- Low input noise enabled by new TEK061 front-end ASICs
- Noise at 1mV/div: 54.8 uV @ 1 GHz
- Input Range: 10mV to 10 V full scale
- DC Gain Accuracy: +/-1.0% at all gain settings >1 mV/div
- Effective Number of Bits (ENOB):
 - 8.2 bits at 1 GHz
 - 7.6 bits at 2.5 GHz
 - o 7.25 bits at 4 GHz
 - 6.8 bits at 6 GHz
 - 6.5 bits at 8 GHz

Remote communication and connectivity

- Ethernet 10/100/1000 port
- USB 3.0 device port (USBTMC) up to 800 Megabits/second
- LXI 1.5 Certified (VXI-11)
- Easy remote access with e*Scope; just enter the instrument IP address into a browser
- Award-winning user interface

- Drivers: IVI-C, IVI-COM, LabVIEW
- Support for VISA, MATLAB, Python, C/C++/C#, Sockets

Measurement Analysis

- 36 standard measurements
- Jitter Measurements (optional)
- DDR Measurements (optional)
- Power Measurements (optional)

Operating Systems

- Closed Linux Embedded OS (standard)
- Microsoft Windows 10 (option 6-WINM2)

Security & Declassification (option 6-SEC)

- Password protect all user-accessible ports
- Locks down the digitizer, prevents on-instrument user data storage
- · Meets the needs for top secret and high security environments

Dimensions

- 2U (3.5 in./89 mm) tall & rack ready out of the box (standard configuration)
- 17 in. (432 mm) wide
- Fits into standard 24 32 in. (610 813 mm) racks
- Air flow is left to right for rack setup

With the lowest input noise and up to 8 GHz analog bandwidth, the 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer LPD64 provides the best signal fidelity for analyzing and debugging signals in a compact 2U rack space. With four SMA inputs each supporting Analog, Spectral (using DDC), or both simultaneously, lowest-in-class noise, and highest-in-class ENOB, the 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer LPD64 is ready for today's toughest challenges and tomorrow's too.

The 6 Series family

The 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer (LPD64) represents the highest performance digitizer on all channels in its class. This high-speed digitizer has the functionality of a digitizer and the power of an oscilloscope, sharing a similar hardware platform as the 6 Series MSO.

The transition from a 6 Series MSO benchtop oscilloscope to a Low Profile Digitizer has never been easier for R&D engineers needing to move their code, test work and platform performance into manufacturing and automation. Both products support the same user interface, remote capability, performance characteristics and programming back-end to make this transition as simple and easy as possible. No need to rewrite test routines and development test cycle code!

For more information on the capabilities of the benchtop 6 Series MSO, including the award-winning user experience and the various analysis software options, please see the 6 Series MSO datasheet at www.tek.com/6SeriesMSO.



The Low Profile family

The 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer expands the performance of the 5 Series MSO Low Profile by adding twice the number of Tektronix TEK049 ASICS in the same 2U footprint. Now with 25 GS/s and up to 8 GHz on all channels. Low Profile users now have the choice of extreme high channel count or extreme performance in the same rack form factor.

For more information on the capabilities of the 5 Series MSO Low Profile (8 channels, 1 GHz), please see the datasheet at https://www.tek.com/ MSO58LP/



Two 6 Series Low Profile Digitizers (left) and two 5 Series MSO Low Profile oscilloscopes (right)

Quick Comparison	6 Series Low Profile Digitizer	5 Series MSO Low Profile
Sample Rate	25 GS/s	6.25 GS/s
Analog Bandwidth	Up to 8 GHz	1 GHz
RF (DDC) Span Bandwidth	2 GHz	500 MHz
ENOB @ 1 GHz	8.2 bits	7.6 bits
LXI compliance version	1.5	-
Rack Dimensions	2U	2U

Machine diagnostics for physics

Physics is constantly leading the world to exciting new scientific discoveries in both matter and energy. These experiments require digitizers and oscilloscopes with improvements in precision, accuracy, performance and density when monitoring target test points. The 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer meets these requirements by bringing an industry leading performance, small form factor, Tektronix's class of reliability, easy remote accessibility, and award-winning user interface.



Common physics fields

- High Energy (Particle) Physics
- Nuclear Physics
- Atomic, Molecular and Optical Physics
- Condensed Matter

Research fields requiring single shot events or fast repetitive monitoring in their research labs; experiments like Photo Doppler Velocimetry (PDV), VISAR, gas guns, spectroscopy, accelerators and more. Many of these are diagnosing experiments and validating doppler shifts, phase alignments, beat frequencies, beam steering alignment or amplitudes. Doing this with reliable, high performance equipment is key for long term success.

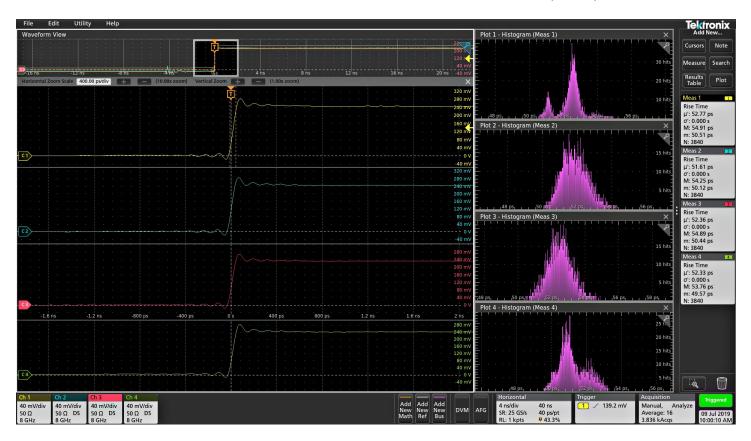
Performance on every channel

Tired of turning on multiple digitizer channels and wondering what the sample rate, record length or bandwidth settings are? The 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer has industry leading performance on EVERY channel, always. No compromises!

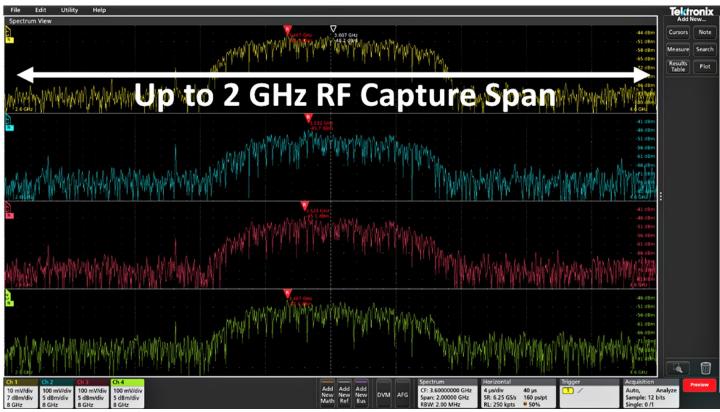
Key performance features:

- 25 GS/s on ALL channels
- DC to 8 GHz on ALL channels

- Up to 250 Million samples on ALL channels
- Up to 2 GHz RF DDC capture bandwidth on ALL channels
- ALL channels fit nicely in a 2U rack-ready digitizer
- 12-bit analog-to-digital converters
- Best-in-class low noise
- Best-in-class Effective Number Of Bits
- Best-in-class channel isolation (crosstalk)



Spectrum View

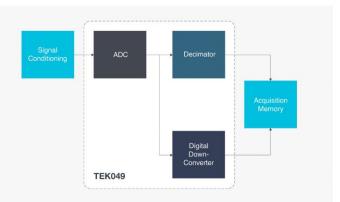


Intuitive spectrum analyzer controls like center frequency, span and resolution bandwidth (RBW), independent from time domain controls, provide easy setup for frequency domain analysis. A spectrum view is available for each analog input, enabling multichannel mixed domain analysis.

It is often easier to debug an issue by viewing one or more signals in the frequency domain. Oscilloscopes and digitizers have included math-based FFTs for decades in an attempt to address this need. However, FFTs are notoriously difficult to use as they are driven by the same acquisition system that's delivering the analog time-domain view. When you optimize acquisition settings for the analog view, your frequency-domain view isn't what you want. When you get the frequency-domain view you want, your analog view is not what you want. With math-based FFTs, it is virtually impossible to get optimized views in both domains.

Spectrum View changes all of this. Tektronix' patented technology provides both a decimator for the time-domain and a digital down-converter for the frequency-domain behind each input. The two different acquisition paths let you simultaneously observe both time- and frequency-domain views of the input signal with independent acquisition settings for each domain. Other manufacturers offer various 'spectral analysis' packages that claim ease-ofuse, but they all exhibit the limitations described above. Only Spectrum View provides both exceptional ease-of-use and the ability to achieve optimal views in both domains simultaneously.

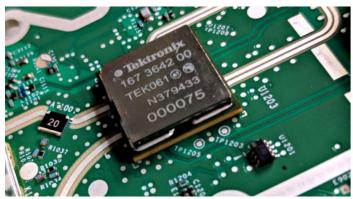
Waveform and IQ data can easily be transferred from the 6 Series Low Profile to a PC using a variety of programming commands and API interfaces that come standard on all Tektronix 5 Series & 6 Series products.



Tektronix's TEK049 ASIC has a patented signal path enabling signals to travel from the ADC to both a traditional decimator (scope) and Digital Down Converter (DDC - RF) for independent control of both the time and frequency domains.

Behind the performance

The Tektronix-designed TEK049 ASIC contains 12-bit analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) that provide 16 times more resolution than traditional 8-bit ADCs. The TEK049 is paired with the new Tektronix TEK061 front-end amplifier with industry leading low noise that enables the best signal fidelity possible to capture small signals with high resolution.



Lowest in class noise enabled by new front-end amplifier

A key attribute to being able to view fine signal details on small, high-speed signals is noise. The higher a measurement systems' intrinsic noise, the less actual signal detail will be visible. This becomes more critical on a digitizer when the vertical settings are set to high sensitivity (like $\leq 10 \text{ mV}/\text{div}$) to view small signals that are prevalent in high-speed bus topologies. The 6 Series Low Profile has a new front-end ASIC, the TEK061, that enables breakthrough noise performance at the highest sensitivity settings.

In addition, a new High Res mode applies a hardware-based unique Finite Impulse Response (FIR) filter based on the selected sample rate. The FIR filter maintains the maximum bandwidth possible for that sample rate while preventing aliasing and removing noise from the digitizer amplifiers and ADC above the usable bandwidth for the selected sample rate. High Res mode always provides at least 12 bits of vertical resolution and extends all the way to 16 bits of vertical resolution at \leq 625 MS/s sample rates and 200 MHz of bandwidth.

Remote control made easy

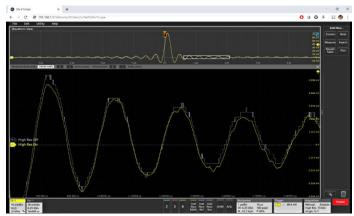


Programming the 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer in a test rack for easy remote control has never been easier.

Automated test equipment and multichannel systems require robust programming capability and are often subject to rack-space constraints and/or speed restraints. The 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer packs 4 high performance 25 GS/s channels into just 2 rack units and comes ready to mount in a rack. Each input can work as a precision analog channel and/or Spectrum channel with multiple remote interfaces that can be transferred over 1000Base-T Ethernet or Super Speed USB 3.0 ports to your local PC for further analysis. With the wide range of programming language support and GitHub repository, there are many ways to easily integrate your new digitizer into a test rack.

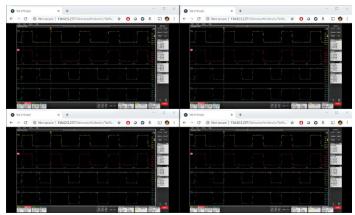
Key remote access features include:

- 2 rack units high (3.5 inches) with rackmount attached
- Easy web browser remote access and control
- LXI 1.5 certified (VXI-11)
- Ethernet and USB 3.0 (USBTMC) device port with up to 800 Mbps transfer rate
- Programmers manual with 1000+ VISA commands
- Programming support: IVI-C, IVI-COM, MATLAB, LabView, Python, VISA, Sockets, and more
- Tektronix GitHub programming examples (https://github.com/tektronix/ Programmatic-Control-Examples)



Easy remote control using e*Scope in a browser like Chrome, Firefox or Edge

e*Scope is an easy remote viewing method of controlling a 5 Series or 6 Series oscilloscope or digitizer over a network connection through a standard web browser, in the exact same way that you do in-person. Simply type the instrument IP address into a modern browser and the LXI landing page is displayed, then select the Instrument Control to access e*scope. No drivers needed, it's all self-sustained with the browser, just like you were connected using the instrument screen or an attached monitor. Its fast, responsive and perfect for single or multiple instrument situations to visualize the data.



Easy remote control using e*Scope across multiple instruments by tiling browser tabs on a monitor for viewing

Synchronizing



Synchronize multiple instrument channels within 200 ps using manual deskew and the Aux Trigger input

When synchronizing multiple instruments its important to have the smallest amount of skew between instrument channels to allow for data timing accuracy. Generally speaking this can be broken down into two types of skew; the part that comes from uncertainty between the aux trigger to analog channel, and the part that comes from trigger jitter. By calibrating out the effects of channel delay to the aux input we can reduce the amount of timing inaccuracy between instrument channels to just the jitter. This process is called deskewing an instrument.

Deskewing can be done to a reference channel that is simultaneously feeding a trigger edge (preferably over 1 Vpp) into the Aux Trigger input of multiple instruments and to the reference channel. When everything is adjusted, instrument to instrument channels can be within a very tight tolerance of only a couple sample points and within our specification of 200 ps. Whether you have 16 channels or 200 channels, all the data can be easily synchronized and analyzed.

Enhanced security option

The optional 6-SEC enhanced security option enables password-protected enabling/disabling of all instrument I/O ports and firmware upgrades. In addition, option 6-SEC provides the highest level of security by ensuring that internal memory never stores user settings or waveform data, in compliance with National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (NISPOM) DoD 5220.22-M, Chapter 8 requirements and Defense Security Service Manual for the Certification and Accreditation of Classified Systems under the NISPOM. This ensures that you can confidently move the instrument out of a secure area.

Arbitrary/Function Generator (AFG)

The instrument contains an optional integrated arbitrary/function generator, perfect for simulating sensor signals within a design or adding noise to signals to perform margin testing. The integrated function generator provides output of predefined waveforms up to 50 MHz for sine, square, pulse, ramp/triangle, DC, noise, sin(x)/x (Sinc), Gaussian, Lorentz, exponential rise/fall, Haversine and cardiac. The AFG can load waveform records up to 128 k points in size from an internal file location or a USB mass storage device.

The AFG feature is compatible with Tektronix' ArbExpress PC-based waveform creation and editing software, making creation of complex waveforms fast and easy.

Digital Voltmeter (DVM) and Trigger Frequency Counter

The instrument contains an integrated 4-digit digital voltmeter (DVM) and 8digit trigger frequency counter. Any of the analog inputs can be a source for the voltmeter, using the same probes that are already attached for general oscilloscope usage. The trigger frequency counter provides a very precise readout of the frequency of the trigger event on which you're triggering.

Both the DVM and trigger frequency counter are available for free and are activated when you register your product.

Specifications

All specifications are guaranteed unless noted otherwise. All specifications apply to all models unless noted otherwise.

Model overview

LPD64 Low Profile Digitizer

Characteristic	LPD64
Analog inputs	4
Bandwidth (calculated rise time)	1 GHz (400 ps), 2.5 GHz (160 ps), 4 GHz (100 ps), 6 GHz (66.67 ps), 8 GHz (50 ps)
DC Gain Accuracy	50 Ω: ±2.0% ¹ , (±2.0% at 2 mV/div, ±4.0% at 1 mV/div, typical) 50 Ω: ±1.0% ² of full scale, (±1.0% of full scale at 2 mV/div, ±2.0% at 1 mV/div, typical)
ADC Resolution	12 bits
Vertical Resolution (all channels)	8 bits @ 25 GS/s; 8 GHz 12 bits @ 12.5 GS/s; 4 GHz 13 bits @ 6.25 GS/s (High Res); 2 GHz 14 bits @ 3.125 GS/s (High Res); 1 GHz 15 bits @ 1.25 GS/s (High Res); 500 MHz 16 bits @ ≤625 MS/s (High Res); 200 MHz
Sample Rate	25 GS/s on all channels
Record Length	125 Mpoints on all channels (standard) 250 Mpoints on all channels (optional)
Waveform Capture Rate	>500,000 wfms/s (Peak Detect, Envelope acquisition mode), >30,000 wfms/s (all other acquisition modes)
Arbitrary/Function Generator (option)	13 predefined waveform types with up to 50 MHz output
DVM	4-digit DVM (free with product registration)
Trigger Frequency Counter	8-digit frequency counter (free with product registration)

Vertical system

Input coupling	DC
Input impedance 50 Ω,DC coupled	50 Ω ±3%
Input sensitivity range	
50 Ω	1 mV/div to 1 V/div in a 1-2-5 sequence
	Note: 1 mV/div is a 2X digital zoom of 2 mV/div.
Maximum input voltage	50 Ω : 2.5 V _{RMS} at <100 mV/div, with peaks $\leq \pm 20$ V (DF $\leq 6.25\%$)
	50 Ω : 5 V _{RMS} at ≥100 mV/div, with peaks ≤ ±20 V (DF ≤ 6.25%)

¹ Warranted specification, immediately after SPC, add 2% for every 5 °C change in ambient temperature.

² Warranted specification, immediately after SPC, add 1% for every 5 °C change in ambient temperature. At full scale is sometimes used to compare to other manufactures.

Vertical system

Effective bits (ENOB), typical

 $2\mbox{ mV/div},$ High Res mode, $50\ \Omega,$ 10 MHz input with 90% full screen

	Bandwidth	ENOB
)	4 GHz	5.9
	3 GHz	6.1
	2.5 GHz	6.2
	2 GHz	6.35
	1 GHz	6.8
	500 MHz	7.2
	350 MHz	7.4
	250 MHz	7.5
	200 MHz	7.75
	20 MHz	8.8

50~mV/div, High Res mode, $50~\Omega,$ 10 MHz input with 90% full screen

Bandwidth	ENOB
4 GHz	7.25
3 GHz	7.5
2.5 GHz	7.6
2 GHz	7.8
1 GHz	8.2
500 MHz	8.5
350 MHz	8.8
250 MHz	8.9
200 MHz	9
20 MHz	9.8

Vertical system

2 mV/div, Sample mode, 50 Ω 10 MHz input with 90% full screen

Bandwidth	ENOB
8 GHz	5.1
7 GHz	5.3
6 GHz	5.5
5 GHz	5.65
4 GHz	5.9
3 GHz	6.05
2.5 GHz	6.2
2 GHz	6.35
1 GHz	6.8
500 MHz	7.2
350 MHz	7.3
250 MHz	7.5
200 MHz	7.3
20 MHz	7.6

50 mV/div, Sample mode,	Bandwidth	ENOB]
50 Ω, 10 MHz input with 90% full screen	8 GHz	6.5	
	7 GHz	6.6	
	6 GHz	6.8	
	5 GHz	7	
	4 GHz	7.2	-
	3 GHz	7.4	
	2.5 GHz	7.6	-
	2 GHz	7.7	
	1 GHz	8.2	-
	500 MHz	8.4	
	350 MHz	8.7	-
	250 MHz	8.8	
	200 MHz	7.8	
	20 MHz	7.9	1
C balance osition range		input impedance (50 Ω terminated) 0 Ω digitizer input impedance (50 Ω term	inated)
	0.2 div at 1 mV/div with DC-5		inated)
osition range	0.2 div at 1 mV/div with DC-5 ±5 divisions		
osition range	0.2 div at 1 mV/div with DC-5 ±5 divisions	i0 Ω digitizer input impedance (50 Ω term	path.
osition range	0.2 div at 1 mV/div with DC-5 ±5 divisions	i0 Ω digitizer input impedance (50 Ω term and the second	path.
osition range	0.2 div at 1 mV/div with DC-5 ±5 divisions Input signal cannot exceed m	i0 Ω digitizer input impedance (50 Ω term naximum input voltage for the 50 Ω input Maximum offset range, 50 Ω In	path.

Vertical system

Bandwidth selections

8 GHz model, 50 Ohm	20 MHz, 200 MHz, 250 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, 1 GHz, 2 GHz, 2.5 GHz, 3 GHz, 4 GHz, 5 GHz, 6 GHz, 7 GHz, and 8 GHz
6 GHz model, 50 Ohm	20 MHz, 200 MHz, 250 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, 1 GHz, 2 GHz, 2.5 GHz, 3 GHz, 4 GHz, 5 GHz, and 6 GHz
4 GHz model, 50 Ohm	20 MHz, 200 MHz, 250 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, 1 GHz, 2 GHz, 2.5 GHz, 3 GHz, and 4 GHz
2.5 GHz model, 50 Ohm	20 MHz, 200 MHz, 250 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, 1 GHz, 2 GHz, and 2.5 GHz
1 GHz model, 50 Ohm	20 MHz, 200 MHz, 250 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, and 1 GHz

Bandwidth filtering optimized for Flatness or Step response

Random noise, RMS, typical

50 Ω, typical

		20 00	s, oumpie	moue, run	0			
V/div	1 mV/div	2 mV/div	5 mV/div	10 mV/div	20 mV/div	50 mV/div	100 mV/ div	1 V/div
8 GHz	158 µV	158 µV	208 µV	342 µV	630 µV	1.49 mV	3.46 mV	29.7 mV
7 GHz	141 µV	143 µV	192 µV	311 µV	562 µV	1.31 mV	3.11 mV	26.2 mV
6 GHz	127 µV	127 µV	165 µV	274 µV	489 µV	1.18 mV	2.71 mV	23.6 mV
5 GHz	112 µV	113 µV	149 µV	239 µV	446 µV	1.05 mV	2.42 mV	21.1 mV

25 GS/s, Sample Mode, RMS

12.5 GS/s, HiRes Mode, RMS

V/div	1 mV/div	2 mV/div	5 mV/div	10 mV/div	20 mV/div	50 mV/div	100 mV/ div	1 V/div
4 GHz	97.4 µV	98.7 µV	124 µV	192 µV	344 µV	817 μV	1.92 mV	16.3 mV
3 GHz	82.9 µV	84 µV	105 µV	160 µV	282 µV	680 µV	1.62 mV	13.6 mV
2.5 GHz	76.5 µV	77.5 µV	93.8 µV	144 µV	257 µV	606 µV	1.44 mV	12.1 mV
2 GHz	68.1 µV	69.1 µV	83.6 µV	131 µV	226 µV	528 µV	1.28 mV	10.6 mV
1 GHz	54.8 µV	51.2 µV	63.4 µV	90.9 µV	160 µV	378 µV	941 µV	7.65 mV
500 MHz	39.7 µV	39.8 µV	48.1 µV	65.1 µV	115 µV	280 µV	666 µV	5.6 mV
350 MHz	33.8 µV	33.5 µV	40 µV	54.8 µV	94.3 µV	217 µV	560 µV	4.35 mV
250 MHz	30.8 µV	31.2 µV	36.1 µV	49.9 µV	80.3 µV	187 µV	482 µV	3.75 mV
200 MHz	25.3 µV	25.4 µV	29.7 µV	44 µV	70.7 µV	165 µV	445 µV	3.3 mV
20 MHz	8.68 µV	8.9 µV	10.4 µV	15.1 µV	27.5 µV	70.4 µV	158 µV	1.41 mV

Crosstalk (channel isolation),	\geq -80 dB up to 2 GHz
typical	\geq -65 dB up to 4 GHz
	\ge -55 dB up to 8 GHz
	for any two channels set to 200 mV/div.

Horizontal system

	40 ps/div to 1,000 s/div									
Sample rate range	6.25 S/s to 25 GS/s (real time)									
	50 GS/s to 2.5 TS/s (in	terpolated)								
Record length range	All acquisition modes a Standard: 125 Mpoints		kimum record	length, down t	o 1 k minin	num record le	ngth, adjustab	le in 1 sampl	e increments.	
	Option 6-RL-2: 250 Mp	oints								
Seconds/Division range	Record length	1 K	10 K	100 K	1 M 10 N		62.5 M	125 M	250 M	
	Standard: 125 M	40 ps - 16 s	400 ps - 160 s	4 ns - 1000	S		2.5 µs - 1000 s	5 µs - 1000 s	N/A	
	Option 6-RL-2: 250 M	40 ps - 16 s	400 ps - 160 s	4 ps - 1000	S		2.5 μs - 1000 s	5 µs - 1000 s	10 μs - 1000 s	
Aperture uncertainty	Time duration Typic	al jitter								
	<1 µs 80 fs	<1 µs 80 fs								
	<1 ms 130 fs									
Timebase accuracy	±1.0 x10 ⁻⁷ over any ≥1	ms time inter	val							
	Description			Specification						
	Factory Tolerance			±12 ppb. At calibration, 25 °C ambient, over any ≥1 ms interval						
	Temperature stability			±20 ppb across the full operating range of 0 °C to 50 °C, after a sufficient soak time at the temperature. Tested at operating temperatures						
	Crystal aging			iemperature.	Testeu al l	operating tem	peratures			
	Crystal aging			ppb. Frequence				eriod of 1 yea	r	
Delta-time measurement accuracy	DTA _{pp} (typical) = 10 ×		$\frac{\pm 300}{\frac{N}{SR_2}}^2 + (0.4)$	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + (1 × 1	o ⁻¹¹ × t _p))	² + TBA × t _p		eriod of 1 yea	r	
Delta-time measurement accuracy		$+\left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(1\right)$	(± 300) $(\frac{N}{SR_2})^2 + (0.4)$ (0.450 ps + (1))	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + (1 × 1 × 10 ⁻¹¹ × t _p))	$\overline{0^{-11} \times t_p}$	² + TBA × t _p		eriod of 1 yea	r	
Delta-time measurement accuracy	$DTA_{pp}(typical) = 10 \times$ $DTA_{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{N}{SR_1}\right)^2}$	$+\left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2$	$\frac{\pm 300}{\frac{N}{SR_2}}^2 + (0.4)$ 0.450 ps + (1) om Gaussian neasurement	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + $(1 \times 1)^{-11} \times t_p$	$\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$	² + TBA × t _p	5 °C over a pe			
Delta-time measurement accuracy	$DTA_{pp}(typical) = 10 \times$ $DTA_{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{N}{SR_{1}}\right)^{2}}$ (assume edge shape The formula to calculate	$+\left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2$ that results from the delta-time n the transformed by Ny	± 300 $\frac{N}{SR_2}^2 + (0.4)$ 0.450 ps + (1 om Gaussian neasurement a requist frequencies	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + $(1 \times 1 \times 10^{-11} \times t_p)$ filter response accuracy (DTA cy, where:	$\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$	² + TBA × t _p	5 °C over a pe			
Delta-time measurement accuracy	$DTA_{pp}(typical) = 10 \times$ $DTA_{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{N}{SR_1}\right)^2}$ (assume edge shape The formula to calculat insignificant signal con	$+\left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2$ that results from the delta-time in the tabove Ny Edge) around	$(150 \text{ m}^{3})^{2} + (0.4)$ $(0.450 \text{ ps} + (1))^{2}$ $(0.450 \text{ ps} + (1))^{2}$ $(150 \text{ m}^{3})^{2}$ $(150 \text{ m}^{3})^{2}$ $(150 \text{ m}^{3})^{2}$	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + $(1 \times 1)^{-11} \times t_p$ filter response accuracy (DTA cy, where: easurement	$\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p))}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$	² + TBA × t _p	5 °C over a pe			
Delta-time measurement accuracy	$DTA_{pp}(typical) = 10 \times$ $DTA_{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{N}{SR_{1}}\right)^{2}}$ $(assume \ edge \ shape$ $The \ formula \ to \ calculat insignificant \ signal \ con SR_{1} = Slew \ Rate \ (1^{st} E)$	$\left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2$ that results from the delta-time in tent above Ny Edge) around Edge) around	± 300 $\frac{N}{SR_2}^2 + (0.4)^2$ 0.450 ps + (1) om Gaussian neasurement a rquist frequent 1 st point in me 2 nd point in m	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + $(1 \times 1)^{-11} \times t_p$ filter response accuracy (DTA cy, where: easurement	$\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p))}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$	² + TBA × t _p	5 °C over a pe			
Delta-time measurement accuracy	$DTA_{pp}(typical) = 10 \times$ $DTA_{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{N}{SR_1}\right)^2}$ $(assume edge shape$ The formula to calculat insignificant signal con SR_1 = Slew Rate (1st E SR_2 = Slew Rate (2nd	$+\left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2$ that results from the delta-time in the del	± 300 $\frac{N}{SR_2}^2 + (0.4)^2 + (0.4)^2$ $0.450 \text{ ps} + (1)^2$ $0.450 \text$	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + $(1 \times 1)^{50}$ $\times 10^{-11} \times t_p)$ filter response accuracy (DTA cy, where: easurement easurement	$\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p))}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$	² + TBA × t _p	5 °C over a pe			
Delta-time measurement accuracy	$DTA_{pp}(typical) = 10 \times$ $DTA_{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{N}{SR_{1}}\right)^{2}}$ $(assume edge shape)$ The formula to calculat insignificant signal con SR ₁ = Slew Rate (1st E SR ₂ = Slew Rate (2nd N = input-referred guar	$+\left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2$ that results free e delta-time n tent above Ny Edge) around Edge) around Edge) around anteed noise acy or Referen	± 300 $\frac{N}{SR_2}^2 + (0.4)^2$ $0.450 \text{ ps} + (1)^2$ $0.450 \text{ ps} + (1)^2$ 0.450 ps + (1	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + $(1 \times 1)^{50}$ $\times 10^{-11} \times t_p)$ filter response accuracy (DTA cy, where: easurement easurement	$\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p))}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$	² + TBA × t _p	5 °C over a pe			
Delta-time measurement accuracy	$DTA_{pp}(typical) = 10 \times DTA_{pp}(typical) = 10 \times DTA_{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{N}{SR_1}\right)^2}$ (assume edge shape The formula to calculate insignificant signal con SR 1 = Slew Rate (1st E SR 2 = Slew Rate (2nd E) N = input-referred guar TBA = timebase accura	$+\left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{N}{SR_2}\right)^2$ that results from the endert above Ny Edge) around Edge) around Edge) around anteed noise acy or Reference ement duration	± 300 $\frac{N}{SR_2}^2 + (0.4)^2$ $0.450 \text{ ps} + (1)^2$ $0.450 \text{ ps} + (1)^2$ 0.450 ps + (1	ppb. Frequence 50 ps + $(1 \times 1)^{50}$ $\times 10^{-11} \times t_p)$ filter response accuracy (DTA cy, where: easurement easurement y Error	$\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p))}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$ $\overline{(0^{-11} \times t_p)}$	² + TBA × t _p	5 °C over a pe			

Horizontal system

Deskew range	-125 ns to +125 ns with a resolution of 40 ps (for Peak Detect and Envelope acquisition modes).
	-125 ns to +125 ns with a resolution of 1 ps (for all other acquisition modes).
Delay between analog channels, full bandwidth, typical	≤ 10 ps for any two channels with input impedance set to 50 Ω, DC coupling with equal Volts/div or above 10 mV/div

Trigger system

Trigger modes	Auto, Normal, an	d Single			
Trigger coupling	DC, HF Reject (a	attenuates > 50	kHz), LF F	Reject (attenuates < 50 kHz), noi	se reject (reduces sensitivity)
Trigger bandwidth (edge, pulse	Model		Trigger type	Trigger bandwidth	
and logic), typical	8 GHz		Edge	8 GHz	
	8 GHz			Pulse, Logic	4 GHz
	6 GHz			Edge	6 GHz
	6 GHz			Pulse, Logic	4 GHz
	4 GHz, 2.5 GHz	:, 1 GHz:		Edge, Pulse, Logic	Product Bandwidth
Edge-type trigger sensitivity, DC	Path	Range		Specification	
coupled, typical	50 Ω path	1 mV/div 9.98 mV/d		3.0 div from DC to instrument bandwidth	
		≥ 10 mV/	div	< 1.0 division from DC to instr	ument bandwidth
	Line	90 V to 26 voltage at 60 Hz line frequency	t 50 - e	103.5 V to 126.5 V	
	AUX Trigger in		250 mV _{PP} , DC to 400 MHz		
Edge-type trigger sensitivity, not	Trigger Coupli	ng	Typical	Sensitivity	
DC coupled, typical			the DC Coupled limits		
			the DC Coupled limits from DC	to 50 kHz. Attenuates signals above 50 kHz.	
	LF REJ 1.5 times the DC		the DC Coupled limits for frequ	encies above 50 kHz. Attenuates signals below 50 kHz	
Trigger jitter, typical	\leq 1.5 ps _{RMS} for sample mode and edge-type trigger				
	\leq 7 ps _{RMS} \leq 2 ps _{RMS} for edge-type trigger and FastAcq mode				
	\leq 40 ps _{RMS} for non edge-type trigger modes				
	≤ 40 ps _{RMS} for AUX trigger in, Sample acquisition mode, edge trigger				
	≤ 40 ps _{RMS} for AUX trigger in, FastAcq acquisition mode, edge trigger				
Trigger jitter, AUX input, typical	≤ 200 ps _{RMS} for sample mode and edge-type trigger				
	≤ 220 ps _{RMS} for edge-type trigger and FastAcq mode				
AUX In trigger skew between instruments, typical	±100 ps jitter on each instrument with <450 ps skew; <550 ps total between instruments. Can be manually deskewed so channe to-channel total skew is <200ps between instruments using AUX In.			n instruments. Can be manually deskewed so channel	
	Skew improves for pulse input voltages ≥1 V _{pp}				

Trigger system

Trigger level ranges	Source	Range		
	Any Channel	±5 divs from center of screen		
	Aux In Trigger	±5 V		
	Line	Fixed at about 50% of line voltage		
	This specification applie	s to logic and pulse thresholds.		
Trigger frequency counter	8-digits (free with produc	ct registration)		
rigger types				
Edge:	Positive, negative, or eit	ther slope on any channel. Coupling includes DC, AC, noise reject, HF reject, and LF reject		
Pulse Width:	Trigger on width of posit	tive or negative pulses. Event can be time- or logic-qualified		
Timeout:	Trigger on an event whi	ch remains high, low, or either, for a specified time period. Event can be logic-qualified		
Runt:	Trigger on a pulse that on time- or logic-qualified	crosses one threshold but fails to cross a second threshold before crossing the first again. Event can be		
Window:	Trigger on an event that can be time- or logic-qua	t enters, exits, stays inside or stays outside of a window defined by two user-adjustable thresholds. Event alified		
Logic:		ern goes true, goes false, or occurs coincident with a clock edge. Pattern (AND, OR, NAND, NOR) specifie fined as high, low, or don't care. Logic pattern going true can be time-qualified		
Setup & Hold:	Trigger on violations of b	both setup time and hold time between clock and data present on any input channels		
Rise / Fall Time:	Trigger on pulse edge ra qualified	Trigger on pulse edge rates that are faster or slower than specified. Slope may be positive, negative, or either. Event can be logic		
Sequence:	Trigger on B event X time or N events after A trigger with a reset on C event. In general, A and B trigger events can be set to any trigger type with a few exceptions: logic qualification is not supported, if A event or B event is set to Setup & Hold, then the other must be set to Edge, and Ethernet and High Speed USB (480 Mbps) are not supported			
Visual trigger	Qualifies standard triggers by scanning all waveform acquisitions and comparing them to on-screen areas (geometric shapes). unlimited number of areas can be defined with In, Out, or Don't Care as the qualifier for each area. A boolean expression can be defined using any combination of visual trigger areas to further qualify the events that get stored into acquisition memory. Shap include rectangle, triangle, trapezoid, hexagon and user-defined			
Parallel Bus:	Trigger on a parallel bus data value. Parallel bus can be from 1 to 4 bits (from the analog channels) in size. Supports Binary an Hex radices			
I ² C Bus (option 6-SREMBD):	Trigger on Start, Repeat	ted Start, Stop, Missing ACK, Address (7 or 10 bit), Data, or Address and Data on I ² C buses up to 10 Mb/		
SPI Bus (option 6-SREMBD):	Trigger on Slave Select, Idle Time, or Data (1-16 words) on SPI buses up to 20 Mb/s			
RS-232/422/485/UART Bus (option 6-SRCOMP):	Trigger on Start Bit, End	l of Packet, Data, and Parity Error up to 15 Mb/s		
CAN Bus (option 6-SRAUTO):		ne, Type of Frame (Data, Remote, Error, or Overload), Identifier, Data, Identifier and Data, End Of Frame, Iff Error on CAN buses up to 1 Mb/s		
CAN FD Bus (option 6- SRAUTO):	Trigger on Start of Frame, Type of Frame (Data, Remote, Error, or Overload), Identifier (Standard or Extended), Data (1-8 byte Identifier and Data, End Of Frame, Error (Missing Ack, Bit Stuffing Error, FD Form Error, Any Error) on CAN FD buses up to 16 Mb/s			
LIN Bus (option 6-SRAUTO):	Trigger on Sync, Identifi	er, Data, Identifier and Data, Wakeup Frame, Sleep Frame, and Error on LIN buses up to 1 Mb/s		
FlexRay Bus (option 6- SRAUTO):	Trigger on Start of Frame, Indicator Bits (Normal, Payload, Null, Sync, Startup), Frame ID, Cycle Count, Header Fields (Indicato Bits, Identifier, Payload Length, Header CRC, and Cycle Count), Identifier, Data, Identifier and Data, End Of Frame, and Errors FlexRay buses up to 10 Mb/s			
SENT Bus (option 6- SRAUTOSEN)	Trigger on Start of Packet, Fast Channel Status and Data, Slow Channel Message ID and Data, and CRC Errors			
SPMI Bus (option 6-SRPM):	Trigger on Sequence Start Condition, Reset, Sleep, Shutdown, Wakeup, Authenticate, Master Read, Master Write, Register I Register Write, Extended Register Read, Extended Register Write, Extended Register Read Long, Extended Register Write I Device Descriptor Block Master Read, Device Descriptor Block Slave Read, Register 0 Write, Transfer Bus Ownership, and F Error			
USB 2.0 LS/FS/HS Bus (option 6-SRUSB2):	Trigger on Sync, Reset, Suspend, Resume, End of Packet, Token (Address) Packet, Data Packet, Handshake Packet, Specia Packet, Error on USB buses up to 480 Mb/s			

Trigger system	
Ethernet Bus (option 6- SRENET):	Trigger on Start of Frame, MAC Addresses, MAC Q-tag, MAC Length/Type, MAC Data, IP Header, TCP Header, TCP/IPV4 Data, End of Packet, and FCS (CRC) Error on 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX buses
Audio (I ² S, LJ, RJ, TDM) Bus (option 6-SRAUDIO):	Trigger on Word Select, Frame Sync, or Data. Maximum data rate for I ² S/LJ/RJ is 12.5 Mb/s. Maximum data rate for TDM is 25 Mb/s
MIL-STD-1553 Bus (option 6- SRAERO):	Trigger on Sync, Command (Transmit/Receive Bit, Parity, Subaddress / Mode, Word Count / Mode Count, RT Address), Status (Parity, Message Error, Instrumentation, Service Request, Broadcast Command Received, Busy, Subsystem Flag, Dynamic Bus Control Acceptance, Terminal Flag), Data, Time (RT/IMG), and Error (Parity Error, Sync Error, Manchester Error, Non-contiguous Data) on MIL-STD-1553 buses
ARINC 429 Bus (option 6- SRAERO):	Trigger on Word Start, Label, Data, Label and Data, Word End, and Error (Any Error, Parity Error, Word Error, Gap Error) on ARINC 429 buses up to 1 Mb/s
Trigger holdoff range	0 ns to 10 seconds

Acquisition system

Acquires sampled values		
Captures glitches as narrow as at all sweep speeds		
From 2 to 10,240 waveforms		
Min-max envelope reflecting Peak Detect data over multiple acquisitions		
Applies a unique Finite Impulse Response (FIR) filter for each sample rate that maintains the maximum bandwidth possible for that sample rate while preventing aliasing and removing noise from the oscilloscope amplifiers and ADC above the usable bandwidth for the selected sample rate.		
High Res mode always provides at least 12 bits of vertical resolution and extends all the way to 16 bits of vertical resolution at \leq 625 MS/s sample rates.		
FastAcq optimizes the instrument for analysis of dynamic signals and capture of infrequent events.		
Maximum waveform capture rate:		
>500,000 wfms/s (Peak Detect or Envelope Acquisition mode)		
>30,000 wfms/s (All other acquisition modes)		
Scrolls sequential waveform points across the display in a right-to-left rolling motion, at timebase speeds of 40 ms/div and slower, when in Auto trigger mode.		
Acquisition memory divided into segments.		
Maximum trigger rate >5,000,000 waveforms per second		
Minimum frame size = 50 points		
Maximum Number of Frames: For frame size ≥ 1,000 points, maximum number of frames = record length / frame size.		
For 50 point frames, maximum number of frames = 691,000		

Waveform measurements

DC voltage measurement	Measurement Type	DC Accuracy (In Volts)		
accuracy, Average acquisition mode	Average of ≥ 16 waveforms	±((DC Gain Accuracy) * reading - (offset - position) + Offset Accuracy + 0.05 * V/div setting)		
	Delta volts between any two averages of \geq 16 waveforms acquired with the same oscilloscope setup and ambient conditions	±(DC Gain Accuracy * reading + 0.1 div)		
Automatic measurements	36, of which an unlimited number can be displayed as either in results table	dividual measurement badges or collectively in a measurement		
Amplitude measurements	Amplitude, Maximum, Minimum, Peak-to-Peak, Positive Overs Area	hoot, Negative Overshoot, Mean, RMS, AC RMS, Top, Base, and		
Timing measurements	Period, Frequency, Unit Interval, Data Rate, Positive Pulse Width, Negative Pulse Width, Skew, Delay, Rise Time, Fall Time, Phase, Rising Slew Rate, Falling Slew Rate, Burst Width, Positive Duty Cycle, Negative Duty Cycle, Time Outside Level, Setup Time, Hold Time, Duration N-Periods, High Time, and Low Time			
Jitter measurements (standard)	TIE and Phase Noise			
Measurement statistics	Mean, Standard Deviation, Maximum, Minimum, and Population. Statistics are available on both the current acquisition and all acquisitions			
Reference levels	User-definable reference levels for automatic measurements can be specified in either percent or units. Reference levels can be set to global for all measurements, per source channel or signal, or unique for each measurement			
Gating	Screen, Cursors, Logic, Search, or Time. Specifies the region of an acquisition in which to take measurements. Gating can be se to Global (affects all measurements set to Global) or Local (all measurements can have a unique Time gate setting; only one Loc gate is available for Screen, Cursors, Logic, and Search actions).			
Measurement plots	Time Trend, Histogram, and Spectrum plots are available for all standard measurements			
	Fast eye rendering: Shows the Unit Intervals (UIs) that define the boundaries of the eye along with a user specified number of surrounding UIs for added visual context			
	Complete eye rendering: Shows all valid Unit Intervals (UIs)			
Measurement limits	Pass/fail testing for user-definable limits on measurement values. Act on event for measurement value failures include Save Screen Capture, Save Waveform, and Stop Acquisitions			
Jitter analysis (option 6-DJA) adds the following:				
Measurements	Jitter Summary, TJ@BER, RJ- δδ, DJ- δδ, PJ, RJ, DJ, DDJ, DCD, SRJ, J2, J9, NPJ, F/2, F/4, F/8, Eye Height, Eye Height@B Eye Width, Eye Width@BER, Eye High, Eye Low, Q-Factor, Bit High, Bit Low, Bit Amplitude, DC Common Mode, AC Commor Mode (Pk-Pk), Differential Crossover, T/nT Ratio, SSC Freq Dev, SSC Modulation Rate			
Measurement plots	Eye Diagram and Jitter Bathtub			
	Fast eye rendering: Shows the Unit Intervals (UIs) that define the boundaries of the eye along with a user specified number of surrounding UIs for added visual context			
	Complete eye rendering: Shows all valid Unit Intervals (UIs)			
Eye diagram mask testing	Automated mask pass/fail testing			

6 Series Low Profile Digitizer

Waveform measurements

Power analysis adds the following:	
Measurements	Input Analysis (Frequency, V _{RMS} , I _{RMS} , voltage and current Crest Factors, True Power, Apparent Power, Reactive Power, Power Factor, Phase Angle, Harmonics, Inrush Current, Input Capacitance)
	Amplitude Analysis (Cycle Amplitude, Cycle Top, Cycle Base, Cycle Maximum, Cycle Minimum, Cycle Peak-to-Peak)
	Timing Analysis (Period, Frequency, Negative Duty Cycle, Positive Duty Cycle, Negative Pulse Width, Positive Pulse Width)
	Switching Analysis (Switching Loss, dv/dt, di/dt, Safe Operating Area, R _{DSon})
	Magnetic Analysis (Inductance, I vs. Intg(V), Magnetic Loss, Magnetic Property)
	Output Analysis (Line Ripple, Switching Ripple, Efficiency, Turn-on Time, Turn-off Time)
	Frequency Response Analysis (Control Loop Response Bode Plot, Power Supply Rejection Ratio, Impedance)
Measurement Plots	Harmonics Bar Graph, Switching Loss Trajectory Plot, and Safe Operating Area
Digital Power Management adds the following:	
Measurements	Ripple Analysis (Ripple)
	Transient Analysis (Overshoot, Undershoot, Turn On Overshoot, DC Rail Voltage)
	Power Sequence Analysis (Turn-on, Turn-off)
	Jitter Analysis (TIE, PJ, RJ, DJ, Eye Height, Eye Width, Eye High, Eye Low)
DDR3/LPDDR3 memory debug and analysis option (6-DBDDR3) adds the following:	
Measurements	Amplitude Measurements (AOS, AUS, Vix(ac), AOS Per tCK, AUS Per tCK, AOS Per UI, AUS Per UI)
	Time Measurements (tRPRE, tWPRE, tPST, Hold Diff, Setup Diff, tCH(avg), tCK(avg), tCL(avg), tCH(abs), tCL(abs), tJIT(duty), tJIT(per), tJIT(cc), tERR(n), tERR(m-n), tDQSCK, tCMD-CMD, tCKSRE, tCKSRX)
LVDS debug and analysis option (option 6-DBLVDS) adds the following:	
Data Lane Measurements	Generic Test (Unit Interval, Rise Time, Fall Time, Data Width, Data Intra Skew (PN), Data Inter Skew (Lane-to-Lane), Data Peak- to-Peak)
	Jitter Test (AC Timing, Clock Data Setup Time, Clock Data Hold Time, Eye Diagram (TIE), TJ@BER, DJ Delta, RJ Delta, DDJ, De Emphasis Level)
Clock Lane Measurements	Generic Test (Frequency, Period, Duty Cycle, Rise Time, Fall Time, Clock Intra Skew (PN), Clock Peak-to-Peak)
	Jitter Test (TIE, DJ, RJ)
	SSC On (Mod Rate, Frequency Deviation Mean)
veform math	
Number of math waveforms	Unlimited

Add, subtract, multiply, and divide waveforms and scalars
Define extensive algebraic expressions including waveforms, scalars, user-adjustable variables, and results of parametric measurements. Perform math on math using complex equations. For example (Integral (CH1 - Mean(CH1)) X 1.414 X VAR1)
Invert, Integrate, Differentiate, Square Root, Exponential, Log 10, Log e, Abs, Ceiling, Floor, Min, Max, Degrees, Radians, Sin, Cos, Tan, ASin, ACos, and ATan
Boolean result of comparison >, <, ≥, ≤, =, and \neq
-

Vaveform math				
Logic	AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR, and EQV			
Filtering function	User-definable filters. Users specify a file con	User-definable filters. Users specify a file containing the coefficients of the filter		
FFT functions	Spectral Magnitude and Phase, and Real and	Imaginary Spectra		
FFT vertical units	Magnitude: Linear and Log (dBm)			
	Phase: Degrees, Radians, and Group Delay			
FFT window functions	Hanning, Rectangular, Hamming, Blackman-H	Harris, Flattop2, Gaussian, Kaiser-Bessel, and TekExp		
pectrum View				
Center Frequency	Limited by instrument analog bandwidth			
Span	74.5 Hz – 1.25 GHz (standard)			
	74.5 Hz – 2 GHz (option 6-SV-BW-1)			
	Coarse adjustment in a 1-2-5 sequence			
RF vs. Time Traces	Magnitude vs. time, Frequency vs. time, Phase vs. Time			
Resolution Bandwidth (RBW)	93 µHz to 62.5 MHz			
	93 µHz to 100 MHz (option 6-SV-BW-1)			
Window types and factors	Window type	Factor		
	Blackman-Harris	1.90		
	Flat-Top 2	3.77		
	Hamming	1.30		
	Hanning	1.44		
	Kaiser-Bessel	2.23		
	Rectangular	0.89		
Spectrum Time	FFT Window Factor / RBW			
Reference level	Reference level is automatically set by the analog channel Volts/div setting			
	Setting range: -42 dBm to +44 dBm			
Vertical Position	-100 divs to +100 divs			
Vertical units	dBm, dBµW, dBmV, dBµV, dBmA, dBµA			

Search

window violations, jogic patterns, setup & hold violations, rise/fall times, and bus protocol events. Search results can be viewed the Waveform View or in the Results table. Save Waveform Type Tektronix Waveform Data (.wfm), Comma Separated Values (.csv), MATLAB (.mat) Waveform Gating Cursors, Screen, Resample (save every nth sample) Screen Capture Type Portable Network Graphic (*.png), 24-bit Bitmap (*.bmp), JPEG (*.jpg) Setup Type Tektronix Setup (.set) Report Type Adobe Portable Documents (.pdf), Single File web Pages (.mht) Session Type Tektronix Session Setup (.tss) Display External monitor 1,920 horizontal × 1,080 vertical pixels (High Definition) 0.verlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other	Search			
window violations, logic patterns, setup & hold violations, rise/fail times, and bus protocol events. Search results can be viewed the Waveform View or in the Results table. Save Waveform Type Tektronix Waveform Data (wfm), Comma Separated Values (.csv), MATLAB (mat) Waveform Gating Cursors, Screen, Resample (save every nth sample) Screen Capture Type Portable Network Graphic (*.png), 24-bit Bitmap (*.bmp), JPEG (*.jng) Setup Type Tektronix Setup (set) Report Type Adobe Portable Documents (.pdf), Single File web Pages (.mht) Session Type Tektronix Session Setup (.tss) Display Display uppe Display uppe External monitor 1.920 horizontal × 1.080 vertical pixels (High Definition) Overfay, traditional oscilloscope display where traces overfay each other Stacked: display mode where each waveform is placed in its own slice and can take advantage of the full ADC range while still being visual segurated from other waveforms. Groups of channels can also be overfaid within a slice to simplify visual comparison of signals. Zoom Horizontal and vertical zooming is supported in all waveform and plot views. Interpolation Sin(x)x and Linear Waveform styles Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence Color palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures individual waveform colors are user	Number of searches	Unlimited		
Waveform Type Tektronix Waveform Data (wfm), Comma Separated Values (.csv), MATLAB (.mat) Waveform Gating Cursors, Screen, Resample (save every nth sample) Screen Capture Type Portable Network Graphic (*.png), 24-bit Bitmap (*.bmp), JPEG (*.jpg) Setup Type Tektronix Setup (.set) Report Type Adobe Portable Documents (.pdf), Single File web Pages (.mht) Session Type Tektronix Session Setup (.tss) Display Display type External monitor 1.920 horizontal × 1,080 vertical pixels (High Definition) Display modes Overlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other Stacked: display mode where each waveform is placed in its own slice and can take advantage of the full ADC range while still being visually separated from other waveforms. Groups of channels can also be overlaid within a slice to simplify visual comparison of signals. Zoon Horizontal and vertical zooming is supported in all waveform and plot views. Maveform styles Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence Goir palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures Individual waveform colors are user-selectable Fermat YT, XY, and XYZ	Search types	Search through long records to find all occurrences of user specified criteria including edges, pulse widths, timeouts, runt pulses, window violations, logic patterns, setup & hold violations, rise/fall times, and bus protocol events. Search results can be viewed in the Waveform View or in the Results table.		
Waveform Gating Cursors, Screen, Resample (save every nth sample) Screen Capture Type Portable Network Graphic (* png), 24-bit Bitmap (*.bmp), JPEG (*.jpg) Setup Type Tektronix Setup (.set) Report Type Adobe Portable Documents (.pdf), Single File web Pages (.mht) Session Type Tektronix Session Setup (.tss) Display Tektronix Session Setup (.tss) Display type External monitor 1.920 horizontal × 1,080 vertical pixels (High Definition) Overlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other Stacked: display modes Overlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other Stacked: display mode where each waveforms. Groups of channels can also be overlaid within a slice to simplify visual comparison of signals. Zoom Horizontal and vertical zooming is supported in all waveform and plot views. Maveform styles Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence Graticules Movable and fixed graticules, selectable between Grid, Time, Full, and None Color palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures individual waveform colors are user-selectable Fermat YT, XY, and XYZ	Save			
Screen Capture Type Portable Network Graphic (*,png), 24-bit Bitmap (*,bmp), JPEG (*,jpg) Setup Type Tektronix Setup (.set) Report Type Adobe Portable Documents (.pdf), Single File web Pages (.mht) Session Type Tektronix Session Setup (.tss) Display Display type External monitor 1.920 horizontal × 1.080 vertical pixels (High Definition) Display modes Overlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other Stacked: display mode where each waveform is placed in its own slice and can take advantage of the full ADC range while still being visually separated from other waveforms. Groups of channels can also be overlaid within a slice to simplify visual comparison of signals. Zoom Horizontal and vertical zooming is supported in all waveform and plot views. Interpolation Sin(x)/x and Linear Waveform styles Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence Graticules Normal and inverted for screen captures individual waveform colors are user-selectable Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Waveform Type	Tektronix Waveform Data (.wfm), Comma Separated Values (.csv), MATLAB (.mat)		
Setup Type Tektronix Setup (set) Report Type Adobe Portable Documents (pdf), Single File web Pages (.mht) Session Type Tektronix Session Setup (itss) Display Tektronix Session Setup (itss) Display type External monitor 1.920 horizontal × 1,080 vertical pixels (High Definition) Overlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other Stacked: display modes Overlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other Stacked: display mode where each waveform is placed in its own slice and can take advantage of the full ADC range while still being visually separated from other waveforms. Groups of channels can also be overlaid within a slice to simplify visual comparison of signals. Zoom Horizontal and vertical zooming is supported in all waveform and plot views. Interpolation Sin(x)/x and Linear Waveform styles Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence Graticules Movable and fixed graticules, selectable between Grid, Time, Full, and None Color palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures individual waveform colors are user-selectable Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Waveform Gating	Cursors, Screen, Resample (save every nth sample)		
Report Type Adobe Portable Documents (pdf), Single File web Pages (mht) Session Type Tektronix Session Setup (1ss) Display Display type External monitor 1,920 horizontal × 1,080 vertical pixels (High Definition) Display modes Overlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other Stacked: display modes Overlay: traditional oscilloscope display where traces overlay each other Stacked: display mode where each waveform is placed in its own slice and can take advantage of the full ADC range while still being visually separated from other waveforms. Groups of channels can also be overlaid within a slice to simplify visual comparison of signals. Zoom Horizontal and vertical zooming is supported in all waveform and plot views. Interpolation Sin(x)/x and Linear Waveform styles Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence Graticules Movable and fixed graticules, selectable between Grid, Time, Full, and None Color palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures Individual waveform colors are user-selectable Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Screen Capture Type	Portable Network Graphic (*.png), 24-bit Bitmap (*.bmp), JPEG (*.jpg)		
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Display type External monitor 1,920 horizontal × 1,080 vertical pixels (High Definition) Image: Comparison of Stacked: display mode where each waveform is placed in its own slice and can take advantage of the full ADC range while still being visually separated from other waveforms. Groups of channels can also be overfaid within a slice to simplify visual comparison of signals. Zoom Horizontal and vertical zooming is supported in all waveform and plot views. Interpolation Sin(x)/x and Linear Waveform styles Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence Graticules Movable and fixed graticules, selectable between Grid, Time, Full, and None Color palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures Individual waveform colors are user-selectable Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Session Type	Tektronix Session Setup (.tss)		
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Waveform styles Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence Graticules Movable and fixed graticules, selectable between Grid, Time, Full, and None Color palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures Individual waveform colors are user-selectable Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Zoom	Horizontal and vertical zooming is supported in all waveform and plot views.		
Graticules Movable and fixed graticules, selectable between Grid, Time, Full, and None Color palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures Individual waveform colors are user-selectable Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Interpolation	Sin(x)/x and Linear		
Color palettes Normal and inverted for screen captures Individual waveform colors are user-selectable Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Waveform styles	Vectors, dots, variable persistence, and infinite persistence		
Individual waveform colors are user-selectable Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Graticules	Movable and fixed graticules, selectable between Grid, Time, Full, and None		
Format YT, XY, and XYZ	Color palettes	Normal and inverted for screen captures		
		Individual waveform colors are user-selectable		
Local Language User Interface English, Japanese, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Russian, Korean	Format	YT, XY, and XYZ		
	Local Language User Interface	English, Japanese, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Russian, Korean		
Local Language Help English, Japanese, Simplified Chinese	Local Language Help	English, Japanese, Simplified Chinese		

Arbitrary-Function Generator optional

Function types

Arbitrary, sine, square, pulse, ramp, triangle, DC level, Gaussian, Lorentz, exponential rise/fall, sin(x)/x, random noise, Haversine, Cardiac

Amplitude range

Values are peak-to-peak voltages

Waveform	50 Ω	1 MΩ
Arbitrary	10 mV to 2.5 V	20 mV to 5 V
Sine	10 mV to 2.5 V	20 mV to 5 V
Square	10 mV to 2.5 V	20 mV to 5 V
Pulse	10 mV to 2.5 V	20 mV to 5 V
Ramp	10 mV to 2.5 V	20 mV to 5 V
Triangle	10 mV to 2.5 V	20 mV to 5 V
Gaussian	10 mV to 1.25 V	20 mV to 2.5 V
Lorentz	10 mV to 1.2 V	20 mV to 2.4 V
Exponential Rise	10 mV to 1.25 V	20 mV to 2.5 V
Exponential Fall	10 mV to 1.25 V	20 mV to 2.5 V
Sine(x)/x	10 mV to 1.5 V	20 mV to 3.0 V
Random Noise	10 mV to 2.5 V	20 mV to 5 V
Haversine	10 mV to 1.25 V	20 mV to 2.5 V
Cardiac	10 mV to 2.5 V	20 mV to 5 V

Sine waveform

Frequency range	0.1 Hz to 50 MHz
Frequency setting resolution	0.1 Hz
Frequency accuracy	130 ppm (frequency \leq 10 kHz), 50 ppm (frequency > 10 kHz)
	This is for Sine, Ramp, Square and Pulse waveforms only.
Amplitude range	20 mV_{pp} to 5 V_{pp} into Hi-Z; 10 mV_{pp} to 2.5 V_{pp} into 50 Ω
Amplitude flatness, typical	±0.5 dB at 1 kHz
	\pm 1.5 dB at 1 kHz for < 20 mV _{pp} amplitudes
Total harmonic distortion,	1% for amplitude \geq 200 mV_{pp} into 50 Ω load
typical	2.5% for amplitude > 50 mV AND < 200 mV $_{pp}$ into 50 Ω load
	This is for Sine wave only.
Spurious free dynamic range, typical	40 dB (V_{pp} \geq 0.1 V); 30 dB (V_{pp} \geq 0.02 V), 50 Ω load

Square and pulse waveform

	Frequency range	0.1 Hz to 25 MHz
	Frequency setting resolution	0.1 Hz
	Frequency accuracy	130 ppm (frequency \leq 10 kHz), 50 ppm (frequency > 10 kHz)
	Amplitude range	20 mV _{pp} to 5 V _{pp} into Hi-Z; 10 mV _{pp} to 2.5 V _{pp} into 50 Ω
Duty cycle range 10% - 90% or 10 ns minimum pulse, whichever is larger		10% - 90% or 10 ns minimum pulse, whichever is larger
		Minimum pulse time applies to both on and off time, so maximum duty cycle will reduce at higher frequencies to maintain 10 ns off time
	Duty cycle resolution	0.1%
	Minimum pulse width, typical	10 ns. This is the minimum time for either on or off duration.
	Rise/Fall time, typical	5 ns, 10% - 90%
	Pulse width resolution	100 ps

6 Series Low Profile Digitizer

Arbitrary-Function Generator optional

Overshoot, typical	< % for signal steps greater than 100 mV $_{\rm pp}$
	This applies to overshoot of the positive-going transition (+overshoot) and of the negative-going (-overshoot) transition
Asymmetry, typical	±1% ±5 ns, at 50% duty cycle
Jitter, typical	< 60 ps TIE _{RMS} , \ge 100 mV _{pp} amplitude, 40%-60% duty cycle
amp and triangle waveform	
Frequency range	0.1 Hz to 500 kHz
Frequency setting resolution	0.1 Hz
Frequency accuracy	130 ppm (frequency ≤ 10 kHz), 50 ppm (frequency > 10 kHz)
Amplitude range	20 mV _{pp} to 5 V _{pp} into Hi-Z; 10 mV _{pp} to 2.5 V _{pp} into 50 Ω
Variable symmetry	0% - 100%
Symmetry resolution	0.1%
C level range	±2.5 V into Hi-Z
	± 1.25 V into 50 Ω
andom noise amplitude range	20 mV _{pp} to 5 V _{pp} into Hi-Z
	10 mV _{pp} to 2.5 V _{pp} into 50 Ω
Sin(x)/x	
Maximum frequency	2 MHz
Gaussian pulse, Haversine, and orentz pulse	
Maximum frequency	5 MHz
orentz pulse	
Frequency range	0.1 Hz to 5 MHz
Amplitude range	20 mV _{pp} to 2.4 V _{pp} into Hi-Z
	10 mV_{pp} to 1.2 V_{pp} into 50 Ω
ardiac	
Frequency range	0.1 Hz to 500 kHz
Amplitude range	20 mV _{pp} to 5 V _{pp} into Hi-Z
-	10 mV _{pp} to 2.5 V _{pp} into 50 Ω
rbitrary	
Memory depth	1 to 128 k
Amplitude range	20 mV _{pp} to 5 V _{pp} into Hi-Z
	10 mV _{pp} to 2.5 V _{pp} into 50 Ω
Repetition rate	0.1 Hz to 25 MHz
Sample rate	250 MS/s
ignal amplitude accuracy	±[(1.5% of peak-to-peak amplitude setting) + (1.5% of absolute DC offset setting) + 1 mV] (frequency = 1 kHz)
Signal amplitude resolution	1 mV (Hi-Z)

Arbitrary-Function Generator optional

Sine and ramp frequency accuracy	racy 130 ppm (frequency ≤10 kHz)	
	50 ppm (frequency >10 kHz)	
DC offset range	±2.5 V into Hi-Z	
	±1.25 V into 50 Ω	
DC offset resolution	1 mV (Hi-Z)	
	500 μV (50 Ω)	
DC offset accuracy	±[(1.5% of absolute offset voltage setting) + 1 mV]	
	Add 3 mV of uncertainty per 10 °C change from 25 °C ambient	

Digital volt meter (DVM)

Measurement types	DC, AC _{RMS} +DC, AC _{RMS} , Trigger frequency count	
Voltage resolution	4 digits	
Voltage accuracy		
DC:	±((1.5% * reading - offset - position) + (0.5% * (offset - position)) + (0.1 * Volts/div))	
	De-rated at 0.100%/°C of reading - offset - position above 30 °C	
	Signal ± 5 divisions from screen center	
AC:	\pm 3% (40 Hz to 1 kHz) with no harmonic content outside 40 Hz to 1 kHz	
	AC, typical: ± 2% (20 Hz to 10 kHz)	
	For AC measurements, the input channel vertical settings must allow the V _{PP} input signal to cover between 4 and 10 divisions and must be fully visible on the screen	

Trigger frequency counter

Resolution	8-digits	
Accuracy	±(1 count + time base accuracy * input frequency)	
	The signal must be at least 8 mV _{pp} or 2 div, whichever is greater.	
Maximum input frequency	10 Hz to maximum bandwidth of the analog channel	
	The signal must be at least 8 mV _{pp} or 2 div, whichever is greater.	
Processor system		
Host processor	Intel i5-4400E, 2.7 GHz, 64-bit, dual core processor	
Internal storage	≥ 80 GB. Form factor is an 80 mm m.2 card with a SATA-3 interface	
	512 GB m.2 drive with a SATA-3 interface (with option 6-WINM2)	
Operating system	Closed Embedded OS (std configuration). No access to OS file system.	
	Instrument with option 6-WINM2 installed: Microsoft Windows 10.	

6 Series Low Profile Digitizer

Input-Output ports

DisplayPort connector	A 20-pin DisplayPort connector; connect to s	show the oscilloscope display on an external monitor or projector	
DVI connector	A 29-pin DVI-I connector; connect to show the oscilloscope display on an external monitor or projector		
VGA	DB-15 female connector; connect to show the oscilloscope display on an external monitor or projector		
Probe compensator signal, typical			
Connection:	Connectors are located on the lower front rig	ght of the instrument	
Amplitude:	0 to 2.5 V		
Frequency:	1 kHz		
Source impedance:	1 kΩ		
External reference input	The time-base system can phase lock to an external 10 MHz reference signal .		
	There are two ranges for the reference clock	ζ.	
	The instrument can accept a high-accuracy ±1 kppm.	reference clock of 10 MHz \pm 2 ppm or a lower-accuracy reference clock of 10 MHz	
USB interface (Host, Device ports)	Front panel USB Host ports: Two USB 2.0 Hi-Speed ports, one USB 3.0 SuperSpeed port		
	Rear panel USB Host ports: Two USB 2.0 Hi-Speed ports, two USB 3.0 SuperSpeed ports		
	Rear panel USB Device port: One USB 3.0 s speeds	SuperSpeed Device port providing USBTMC support and up to 800 Mbps transfer	
Ethernet interface	10/100/1000 Mb/s		
Auxiliary output	Rear-panel BNC connector. Output can be configured to provide a positive or negative pulse out when the oscilloscope triggers, the internal oscilloscope reference clock out, or an AFG sync pulse		
	Characteristic	Limits	
	Vout (HI)	\geq 2.5 V open circuit; \geq 1.0 V into a 50 Ω load to ground	
	Vout (LO)	\leq 0.7 V into a load of \leq 4 mA; \leq 0.25 V into a 50 Ω load to ground	
Kensington-style lock	Rear-panel security slot connects to standard Kensington-style lock		
LXI	Class: LXI 2016		
	Version: 1.5		

Power source

Power

Power consumption	360 Watts maximum
Source voltage	100 - 240 V $\pm 10\%$ at 50 Hz to 60 Hz
	115 V ±10% at 400 Hz

Physical characteristics

Rackmount configuration	2U rack mount kit is included as standard configuration
Cooling	The clearance requirement for adequate cooling is 2.0 in (50.8 mm) on the left and right sides of the instrument. Air flows from left to right through the instrument.
Weight	29.4 lbs (13.34 kg)
	Fits rack depths from 24 inches to 32 inches
	Depth: 23.85 in (605.7 mm)
	Width: 17.01 in (432 mm)
Dimensions	Height: 3.44 in (87.3 mm)

Environmental specifications

Temperature	
Operating	+0 °C to +50 °C (32 °F to 122 °F)
Non-operating	-20 °C to +60 °C (-4 °F to 140 °F)
Humidity	
Operating	5% to 90% relative humidity (% RH) at up to +40 °C
	5% to RH above +40 °C up to +50 °C, noncondensing
Non-operating	5% to 90% relative humidity (% RH) at up to +60 °C, noncondensing
Altitude	
Operating	Up to 3,000 meters (9,843 feet)
Non-operating	Up to 12,000 meters (39,370 feet)

EMC Environmental and Safety

	Regulatory	CE marked for the European Union and CSA approved for the USA and Canada	
		RoHS compliant	
Sof	ftware		
501			

ftware	
IVI driver	Provides a standard instrument programming interface for common applications such as LabVIEW, LabWindows/CVI, Microsoft .NET, and MATLAB. Compatible with Python, C/C++/C# and many other languages through VISA.
e*Scope [®]	Enables control of the oscilloscope over a network connection through a standard web browser. Simply enter the IP address or network name of the oscilloscope and a web page will be served to the browser. Transfer and save settings, waveforms, measurements, and screen images or make live control changes to settings on the oscilloscope directly from the web browser.
LXI Web interface	Connect to the oscilloscope through a standard Web browser by simply entering the oscilloscope's IP address or network name in the address bar of the browser. The Web interface enables viewing of instrument status and configuration, status and modification of network settings, and instrument control through the e*Scope web-based remote control. All web interaction conforms to LXI specification, version 1.5.
Programming Examples	Programming with the 5 & 6 Series platforms has never been easier. With a programmers manual and a GitHub site you have many commands and examples to help you get started remotely automating your instrument. See https://github.com/tektronix/ Programmatic-Control-Examples.

Ordering Information

Use the following steps to select the appropriate instrument and options for your measurement needs.

Step 1

Start by selecting the model.

Model	Number of channels
LPD64	4

Each model includes
Rackmount attachments installed
Installation and safety manual (translated in English, French, German)
Embedded Help
Power cord
Calibration certificate documenting traceability to National Metrology Institute(s) and ISO9001/ISO17025 quality system registration
One-year warranty covering all parts and labor on the instrument.

Step 2

Configure your Low Profile Digitizer by selecting the analog channel bandwidth you need Choose the bandwidth you need today by choosing one of these bandwidth options. You can upgrade it later by purchasing an upgrade option.

Bandwidth Option	Bandwidth
6-BW-1000	1 GHz
6-BW-2500	2.5 GHz
6-BW-4000	4 GHz
6-BW-6000	6 GHz
6-BW-8000	8 GHz

Step 3

Add instrument functionality

Instrument functionality can be ordered with the instrument or later as an upgrade kit.

Instrument Option	Built-in Functionality		
6-RL-2	Extend record length from 125 Mpoints/channel to 250 Mpoints/channel		
6-AFG	Add Arbitrary / Function Generator		
6-SEC ^{3 4}	Security package adds enhanced security that restricts user data from being saved to the instrument, password-protected enabling for USB ports and firmware updates. Recommended for highly classified data environments.		
6-WINM2	Instrument replaces std. embedded linux OS with Windows 10 Operating system on a m.2 512GB drive.		

Step 4

Add optional serial bus triggering, decode, and search capabilities

Choose the serial support you need today by choosing from these serial analysis options. You can upgrade later by purchasing an upgrade kit.

Instrument Option	Serial Buses Supported
6-SRAERO	Aerospace (MIL-STD-1553, ARINC 429)
6-SRAUDIO	Audio (I ² S, LJ, RJ, TDM)
6-SRAUTO	Automotive (CAN, CAN FD, LIN, FlexRay, and CAN symbolic decoding)
6-SRAUTOEN1	100BASE-T1 Automotive Ethernet serial analysis
6-SRAUTOSEN	Automotive sensor (SENT)
6-SRCOMP	Computer (RS-232/422/485/UART)
6-SREMBD	Embedded (I ² C, SPI)
6-SRENET	Ethernet (10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX)
6-SR8B10B	8B/10B
6-SRI3C	MIPI I3C (I3C decode and search only)
6-SRNRZ	NRZ
6-SRPM	Power Management (SPMI)
6-SRSPACEWIRE	Spacewire serial analysis
6-SRUSB2	USB (USB2.0 LS, FS, HS)

³ This option is not compatible with option 6-WINM2.

⁴ This option must be purchased at the same time as the instrument. Not available as an upgrade.

Step 5

Add optional serial bus compliance testing

Choose the serial compliance testing packages you need today by choosing from these options. You can upgrade later by purchasing an upgrade kit. All options in the table below require option 6-WIN (SSD with Microsoft Windows 10 operating system).

Instrument Option	Serial Buses Supported	
	2.5 and 5 GBASE-T Ethernet automated compliance test solution.2.5 GHz is recommended	

Step 6

Add optional memory analysis

analysis	Instrument Option	Advanced Analysis	
	6-DBDDR3	DDR3 and LPDDR3 Debug and Analysis	

Step 7

Add optional analysis capabilities **Instrument Option Advanced Analysis** 6-DBLVDS TekExpress automated LVDS test solution (requires option 6-DJA) 6-DJA Advanced Jitter and Eye Analysis 6-DPM **Digital Power Management** 6-MTM Mask testing 6-PAM3 PAM3 analysis (requires options 6-DJA and 6-WIN) 6-PWR Power Measurement and Analysis 6-SV-BW-1 Increase Spectrum View Capture Bandwidth to 2 GHz 6-SV-RFVT Spectrum View RF versus Time Analysis and remote IQ data transferring

Step 8

Add accessories

Optional Accessory	Description		
020-3180-xx	Benchtop conversion kit including four (4) instrument feet and a strap handle		
016-2139-xx	Hard transit case with handles and wheels for easy transportation		
003-1929-xx	SMA 8-lb Torque Wrench for connecting SMA cables		
174-6211-xx	2x Matched SMA cables (within 1 pS)		
174-6212-xx	4x Matched SMA cables (within 1 pS)		
174-6215-00	Power Divider, 2-way, 50 Ohm, DC-18 GHz		
174-6214-00	Power Divider, 4-way, 50 Ohm, DC-18 GHz		
GPIB to Ethernet adapter	Order model 4865B (GPIB to Ethernet to Instrument Interface) directly from ICS Electronics www.icselect.com/gpib_instrument_intfc.html		

Step 9

Select power cord option

Power Cord Option	Description		
A0	North America power plug (115 V, 60 Hz) Includes mechanism that retains power cord to instrument		
A1	Universal Euro power plug (220 V, 50 Hz)		
A2	United Kingdom power plug (240 V, 50 Hz)		
A3	Australia power plug (240 V, 50 Hz)		
A5	Switzerland power plug (220 V, 50 Hz)		
A6	Japan power plug (100 V, 50/60 Hz)		
A10	China power plug (50 Hz)		
A11	India power plug (50 Hz)		
A12	Brazil power plug (60 Hz)		
A99	No power cord		

Step 10

Add extended service and calibration options

Service Option	Description		
G3	Three Year Gold Care Plan. Includes expedited repair of all product failures including ESD and EOS, access to a loaner product during repair or advanced exchange to reduce downtime, priority access to Customer Support among others.		
G5	Five Year Gold Care Plan. Includes expedited repair of all product failures including ESD and EOS, access to a loaner product during repair or advanced exchange to reduce downtime, priority access to Customer Support among others.		
R3	Standard Warranty Extended to 3 Years. Covers parts, labor and 2-day shipping within country. Guarantees faster repair time than without coverage. All repairs include calibration and updates. Hassle free - a single call starts the process.		
R5	Standard Warranty Extended to 5 Years. Covers parts, labor and 2-day shipping within country. Guarantees faster repair time than without coverage. All repairs include calibration and updates. Hassle free - a single call starts the process.		
C3	Calibration service 3 Years. Includes traceable calibration or functional verification where applicable, for recommended calibrations. Coverage includes the initial calibration plus 2 years calibration coverage.		
C5	Calibration service 5 Years. Includes traceable calibration or functional verification where applicable, for recommended calibrations. Coverage includes the initial calibration plus 4 years calibration coverage.		
D1	Calibration Data Report		
D3	Calibration Data Report 3 Years (with Option C3)		
D5	Calibration Data Report 5 Years (with Option C5)		

Feature upgrades after purchase

Add feature upgrades in the future The 6 Series products offer many ways to easily add functionality after the initial purchase. Node-locked licenses permanently enable optional features on a single product. Floating licenses allow license-enabled options to be easily moved between compatible instruments.

Upgrade feature	Node-locked license upgrade	Floating license upgrade	Description
Add instrument	SUP6-AFG	SUP6-AFG-FL	Add arbitrary function generator
functions	SUP6-RL-2	SUP6-RL-2-FL	Extend record length to 250 Mpts / channel
Add protocol analysis	SUP6-SRAERO	SUP6-SRAERO-FL	Aerospace serial triggering and analysis (MIL- STD-1553, ARINC 429)
	SUP6-SRAUDIO	SUP6-SRAUDIO-FL	Audio serial triggering and analysis (I ² S, LJ, RJ, TDM)
	SUP6-SRAUTO	SUP6-SRAUTO-FL	Automotive serial triggering and analysis (CAN, CAN FD, LIN, FlexRay, and CAN symbolic decoding)
	SUP6-SRAUTOEN1	SUP6-SRAUTOEN1-FL	100Base-T1 Automotive Ethernet serial analysis
	SUP6-SRAUTOSEN	SUP6-SRAUTOSEN-FL	Automotive sensor serial triggering and analysis (SENT)
	SUP6-SRCOMP	SUP6-SRCOMP-FL	Computer serial triggering and analysis (RS-232/422/485/UART)
	SUP6-SREMBD	SUP6-SREMBD-FL	Embedded serial triggering and analysis (I ² C, SPI)
	SUP6-SRENET	SUP6-SRENET-FL	Ethernet serial triggering and analysis (10Base-T, 100Base-TX)
	SUP6-SRI3C	SUP6-SRI3C-FL	MIPI I3C serial decoding and analysis
	SUP6-SR8B10B	SUP6-SR8B10B-FL	8b/10b serial decoding and analysis
	SUP6-SRNRZ	SUP6-SRNRZ-FL	NRZ serial decoding and analysis
	SUP6-SRPM	SUP6-SRPM-FL	Power Management serial triggering and analysis (SPMI)
	SUP6-SRSPACEWIRE	SUP6-SRSPACEWIRE- FL	Spacewire serial analysis
	SUP6-SRUSB2	SUP6-SRUSB2-FL	USB 2.0 serial bus triggering and analysis (LS, FS, HS)
Add serial compliance All serial compliance products require option 6-WINM2 (Microsoft Windows 10 operating system)	SUP6-CMNBASET	SUP6-CMNBASET-FL	Ethernet automated compliance test solution.
Add advanced analysis	SUP6-DBLVDS	SUP6-DBLVDS-FL	LVDS debug and analysis (requires option 6-DJA and 6-WINM2)
	SUP6-DJA	SUP6-DJA-FL	Advanced jitter and eye analysis
	SUP6-PWR	SUP6-PWR-FL	Advanced power measurements and analysis
	SUP6-DPM	SUP6-DPM-FL	Digital power management
	SUP6-SV-RFVT	SUP6-SV-RFVT-FL	Spectrum View RF versus time analysis
	SUP6-SV-BW-1	SUP6-SV-BW-1-FL	Increase Spectrum View capture bandwidth to 2 GHz
	SUP6-PAM3	SUP6-PAM3-FL	PAM3 analysis (requires option 6-DJA)
Add memory analysis	SUP6-DBDDR3	SUP6-DBDDR3-FL	DDR3 and LPDDR3 debug and analysis
Add digital voltmeter	SUP6-DVM	N/A	Add digital voltmeter / trigger frequency counter (Free with product registration at www.tek.com/ register6mso)

Bandwidth upgrades after purchase

Add bandwidth upgrades in the future

The analog bandwidth of 6 Series Low Profile Digitizer products can be upgraded after initial purchase. Bandwidth upgrades are purchased based on the current bandwidth and the desired bandwidth. All bandwidth upgrades can be performed in the field by installing a software license and a new front panel label.

Model to be upgraded	Bandwidth before upgrade	Bandwidth after upgrade	Order this bandwidth upgrade
LPD64	1 GHz	2.5 GHz	SUP6LP-BW10T254
	1 GHz	4 GHz	SUP6LP-BW10T404
	1 GHz	6 GHz	SUP6LP-BW10T604
	1 GHz	8 GHz	SUP6LP-BW10T804
	2.5 GHz	4 GHz	SUP6LP-BW25T404
	2.5 GHz	6 GHz	SUP6LP-BW25T604
	2.5 GHz	8 GHz	SUP6LP-BW25T804
	4 GHz	6 GHz	SUP6LP-BW40T604
	4 GHz	8 GHz	SUP6LP-BW40T804
	6 GHz	8 GHz	SUP6LP-BW60T804

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Tektronix is registered to ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 by SRI Quality System Registrar.

Product(s) complies with IEEE Standard 488.1-1987, RS-232-C, and with Tektronix Standard Codes and Formats.

Product Area Assessed: The planning, design/development and manufacture of electronic Test and Measurement instruments.

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For Further Information. Tektronix maintains a comprehensive, constantly expanding collection of application notes, technical briefs and other resources to help engineers working on the cutting edge of technology. Please visit www.tek.com.

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