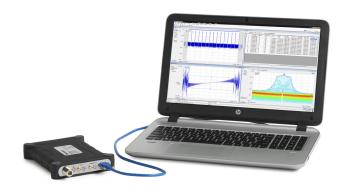
Tektronix[®]

Spectrum Analyzer

RSA306B USB Real Time Spectrum Analyzer Datasheet



The RSA306B uses your PC and Tektronix SignalVu-PC[™] RF Signal Analysis Software to provide real time spectrum analysis, streaming capture and deep signal analysis capabilities for signals from 9 kHz to 6.2 GHz, all in a low-cost, highly portable package that is ideal for field, factory, or academic use.

Key performance specifications

- 9 kHz to 6.2 GHz frequency range covers a broad range of analysis needs
- +20 dBm to -160 dBm measurement range
- Mil-Std 28800 Class 2 environmental, shock and vibration specifications for use in harsh conditions
- Fast sweeps (2 per second) over entire 6.2 GHz span for quick detection of unknown signals
- Acquisition bandwidth of 40 MHz enables wideband vector analysis of modern standards
- Minimum signal duration as short as 15 µsec captured with 100% probability of intercept

Key features

- Full-featured spectrum analysis capability with included Tektronix SignalVu-PC™ software
- 17 spectrum and signal analysis measurement displays enable dozens of measurement types
- Options for mapping, modulation analysis, WLAN, LTE, and Bluetooth standards support, pulse measurements, playback of recorded files, signal survey, and frequency/phase settling
- EMC/EMI pre-compliance and troubleshooting CISPR detectors, predefined standards, limit lines, easy accessory setup, ambient capture, failure analysis, and report generation
- DataVu-PC software enables multi-unit recording in variable bandwidths

- Real time Spectrum/Spectrogram display to minimize time spent on transient and interference hunting
- Application programming interface (API) included for Microsoft Windows and Linux environments
- MATLAB instrument driver for use with Instrument Control Toolbox
- · Streaming capture records long-term events
- Three year warranty

Applications

- · Academics/education
- · Maintenance, installation and repair in the factory or field
- · Value-conscious design and manufacturing
- Interference hunting

The RSA306B: a new class of instrument

The RSA306B offers full-featured spectrum analysis and deep signal analysis at a price unmatched by any previous offering. Using the latest in commercial interfaces and available computing power, the RSA306B separates signal acquisition from measurement, dramatically lowering the cost of instrument hardware. Data analysis, storage and replay is performed on your personal computer, tablet or laptop. Managing the PC separately from the acquisition hardware makes computer upgrades easy, and minimizes IT management issues.

SignalVu-PC[™] software and an API for deep analysis and fast programmatic interaction

The RSA306B operates with SignalVu-PC, a powerful program that is the basis of Tektronix performance signal analyzers. SignalVu-PC offers a deep analysis capability previously unavailable in value-priced solutions. Real-time processing of the DPX spectrum/spectrogram is enabled in your PC, further reducing the cost of hardware. Customers who need programmatic access to the instrument can choose either the SignalVu-PC programmatic interface or use the included application programming interface (API) that provides a rich set of commands and measurements for Windows and Linux. A MATLAB driver for the API is available, enabling operation with MATLAB and the Instrument Control Toolbox.

DataVu-PC for multi-instrument recording and analysis of large recordings

DataVu-PC software can control two spectrum analyzers simultaneously with independent settings. This allows you to monitor a wide span, while recording at up to 40 MHz bandwidth at any frequency in the range of the instrument. Once recorded, DataVu-PC can find and mark signals of interest based on amplitude and frequency-mask characteristics, eliminating the need for manual inspection of long recordings. Pulse measurements are available on up to 2,000,000 pulses.

Measurements included in SignalVu-PC base version

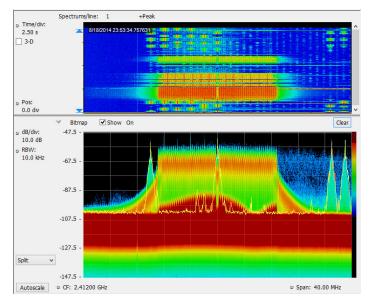
Basic functionality of the free SignalVu-PC program is far from basic. The table below summarizes the measurements included in the free SignalVu-PC software.

General signal analysis	
Spectrum analyzer	Spans from 1 kHz to 6.2 GHz
	Three traces plus math and spectrogram trace
	Five markers with power, relative power, integrated power, power density and dBc/Hz functions
DPX Spectrum/Spectrogram	Real time display of spectrum with 100% probability of intercept of 15 µsec signals in up to 40 MHz span
Amplitude, frequency, phase vs. time, RF I and Q vs. time	Basic vector analysis functions
Time Overview/Navigator	Enables easy setting of acquisition and analysis times for deep analysis in multiple domains
Table continued	

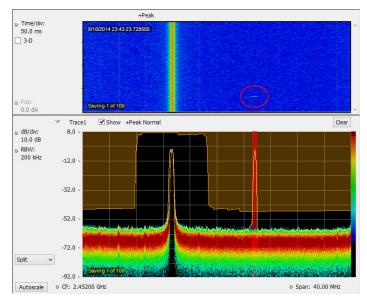
Spectrogram	Analyze and re-analyze your signal with a 2-D or 3-D waterfall display	
AM/FM listening	Hear, and record to file, FM and AM signals	
Analog modulation analysis	•	
AM, FM, PM analysis	Measures key AM, FM, PM parameters	
RF measurements	•	
Spurious measurement	User-defined limit lines and regions provide automatic spectrum violation testing across the entire range of the instrument; Four traces can be saved and recalled; CISPR Quasi-Peak and Average detectors available with option SVQP	
Spectrum emission mask	User-defined or standards-specific masks	
Occupied Bandwidth	Measures 99% power, -xdB dow points	
Channel Power and ACLR	Variable channel and adjacent/ alternate channel parameters	
MCPR	Sophisticated, flexible multi- channel power measurements	
CCDF	Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function plots the statistical variations in signal level	

The RSA306B with SignalVu-PC offers basic and advanced measurements for field and lab

See what you've never seen before: The 40 MHz real time bandwidth of the RSA306B combined with the processing power of SignalVu-PC shows you every signal, even down to 15 μ s in duration when a high performance PC is used. The following image shows a WLAN transmission (green and orange), and the narrow signals that repeat across the screen are a Bluetooth access probe. The spectrogram (upper part of the screen) clearly separates these signals in time to show any signal collisions.



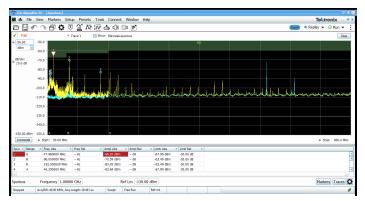
Monitoring has never been easier. Spectrum mask testing captures detail of transients found in the frequency domain, such as intermittent interference. Mask testing can be set to stop acquisition, save acquisition, save a picture, and send an audible alert. The following image shows a spectrum mask (in orange on the spectrum display) created to monitor a band of frequencies for violations. A single transient of 125 μ s duration has occurred that violated the mask, with the violation shown in red. The transient is clearly seen on the spectrogram above the red violation area (circled).



EMC/EMI

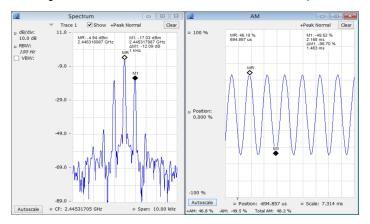
EMI pre-compliance and diagnostic measurements are easy with the RSA306B and SignalVu-PC. Transducer, antenna, preamplifier, and cable gain/loss can be entered and stored in correction files, and the standard spurious measurement feature of SignalVu-PC can be used to establish limit lines for your test. The following illustration shows a test from 30MHz to 960 MHz against the FCC Part 15 Class A limit shown shaded. The blue trace is the capture of Ambient. Violations are recorded in the results table below the graph. CISPR quasi peak and average detectors can be added with option SVQP.

The EMC pre-compliance solution can be added with option EMCVU. It supports many predefined limit lines. It also adds a wizard for easy setup of recommended antennas, LISN, and other EMC accessories with a one-button push. When using the new EMC-EMI display, you can accelerate the test by applying the time consuming quasi peak only on failures. This display also provides a push-button ambient measurement. The Inspect tool lets you measure frequencies of interest locally, removing the need for scanning.



Analysis of AM and FM signals is standard in SignalVu-PC. The following screen shot shows a 1 kHz tone amplitude modulating a carrier to 48.9% total AM. Markers are used on the spectrum display to

measure the modulation sideband at 1 kHz offset, 12.28 dB down from the carrier. The same signal is simultaneously viewed in the modulation display, showing AM versus time, with +Peak, -Peak and Total AM measurements. Advanced measurements for analog audio modulation including SINAD, THD and modulation rate are available in Option SVA.

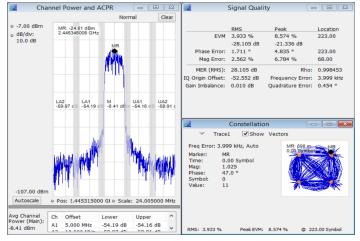


SignalVu-PC application-specific licenses

SignalVu-PC offers a wealth of application-oriented measurement and analysis licenses including:

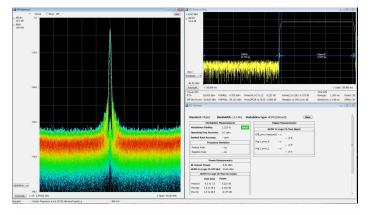
- General-purpose digital modulation analysis (SVM) supporting 26 modulation types from FSK to 1024QAM
- EMC/EMI analysis with CISPR peak, quasi-peak, and average detectors
- · P25 analysis of phase I and phase 2 signals
- WLAN analysis of 802.11a/b/g/j/p, 802.11n, 802.11ac
- LTE[™] FDD and TDD Base Station (eNB) Cell ID & RF measurements
- 5G New Radio (NR) uplink/downlink RF power, Power dynamics, Signal quality, and Emissions measurements
- Bluetooth® analysis of Basic Rate, Low Energy, and Bluetooth 5. Some support of Enhanced Data Rate
- Mapping and signal strength
- Pulse analysis
- AM/FM/PM/Direct Audio Measurement including SINAD, THD
- Playback of recorded files, including complete analysis in all domains
- Signal Classification and Survey

Modulation analysis application SVM enables multiple displays of modulation quality. The following screen shot shows the standard Channel Power/ACLR measurement combined with a constellation display and vector signal quality measurements on a QPSK signal.



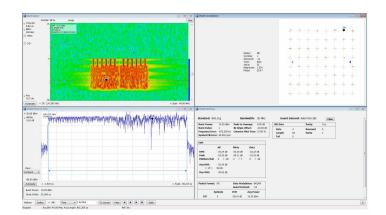
APC0 P25

SignalVu-PC application SV26 enables quick, standards-based transmitter health checks on APCO P25 signals. The following image shows a Phase II signal being monitored for anomalies with the spectrum analyzer while performing transmitter power, modulation and frequency measurements.



WLAN

Sophisticated WLAN measurements are easy. On the 802.11g signal shown below, the spectrogram shows the initial pilot sequence followed by the main signal burst. The modulation is automatically detected as 64 QAM for the packet and displayed as a constellation. The data summary indicates an EVM of -33.24 dB RMS, and burst power is measured at 10.35 dBm. SignalVu-PC applications are available for 802.11a/b/j/g/p, 802.11n and 802.11ac to 40 MHz bandwidth.



Bluetooth

Two new options have been added to help with Bluetooth SIG standard-base transmitter RF measurements in the time, frequency and modulation domains. Option SV27 supports Basic Rate and Low Energy Transmitter measurements defined by RF.TS.4.2.0 and RF-PHY.TS.4.2.0 Test Specification. It also demodulates and provides symbol information for Enhanced Data Rate packets. Option SV31 supports Bluetooth 5 standards (LE 1M, LE 2M, LE Coded) and measurements defined in the Core Specification. Both options also decode the physical layer data that is transmitted and color-encode the fields of packet in the Symbol Table for clear identification.

Pass/Fail results are provided with customizable limits. Measurement below shows deviation vs. time, frequency offset and drift and a measurement summary with Pass/Fail results.

Packet ▼ 250 kHz	MR: -1.434 kHz 483.050 us 141 H J M M 144 J M M	1)			
Dut of 26 0.000 Hz		Max DoftIn-30			
-250 kHz Autoscale 0 P	os: 272,550 us	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 	Max Drift fn-fn-5 344.6 Hz	a Scale: 361.000 us
Flavg: 174.7 kHz	Drift fr-fs: 144.4 Hz	From Offer	et Preamble: -1		© 3cale, 301,000 us
F2avg: 121.4 kHz	Max Drift fŋ-‰ -197.6 Hz			723 kHz / 8	
rzavy. 121.4 Miz	Max Diminiber -19710 Hz	and the second	Unsec (Payload)1	/23 NHL / 0	
E2avo/AE1avo: 0.6947	Max Drift fo-for.sc 344.6 Hz	/ 13			
F2avg/ΔF1avg: 0.6947	Max Drift fŋ-fiŋ-si: 344.6 Hz	/ 13			
F2avg/4F1avg: 0.6947 Bluetooth Summary	Max Drift fŋ-fŋŋ-sı: 344.6 Hz	/ 13	Bluetooth CF Offs	et and Drift	
Bluetooth Summary			Bluetooth CF Offs	et and Drift	- 0 -
	Max Drift fŋ-fŋ-sı: 344.6 Hz 174.7 kHz 1 of 10 121.4 kHz		Bluetooth CF Offs	fn (-150.0kHz to +150.0kHz)	fn-f0(-40.00kHz to +4 ^ f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2
Bluetooth Summary ΔF1avg:	174.7 kHz 1 of 10 PASS 121.4 kHz	Packet Type A Preamble (4 t	Limits	fn	fn-f0(-40.00kHz to +4 ^ f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2
Bluetooth Summary ΔF1avg: ΔF2avg:	174.7 kHz 1 of 10 PASS	Packet Type A Preamble (4 t Sync Word (6	Limits Interval#	fn (-150.0kHz to +150.0kHz)	fn-f0(-40.00kHz to +4 ^ f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2
Bluetooth Summary ΔF1avg: ΔF2avg: ΔF2Max% >= 115 kHz: ΔF2avg/ΔF1avg:	174.7 kHz 1 of 10 PASS 121.4 kHz 100.0 % 10 of 10 PASS 0.6948 FAI	Packet Type A Preamble (4 t	Limits Interval# 4	fn (-150.0kHz to +150.0kHz) -1424.788	fn-f0(-40.00kHz to +4 ^ f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2 100.6934
Bluetooth Summary ΔF1avg: ΔF2avg: ΔF2Max% >=115 kHz:	174.7 kHz 1 of 10 PASS 121.4 kHz 100.0 % 10 of 10 PASS 0.6948 FAI	Packet Type A Preamble (4 t Sync Word (6	Limits Interval# 4 5	fn (-150.0kHz to +150.0kHz) -1424.788 -1487.998	fn-f0(-40.00kHz to +4 ^ f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2 100.6934 37.4834
Bluetooth Summary ΔF1avg: ΔF2avg: ΔF2Max% >= 115 kHz: ΔF2avg/ΔF1avg:	174.7 kHz 1 of 10 PASS 121.4 kHz 100.0 % 10 of 10 PASS 0.6948 FAI	Packet Type A Preamble (4 1 Sync Word (6 Packet Heade LT_ADDF	Limits Interval# 4 5 6	fn (-150.0kHz to +150.0kHz) -1424.788 -1487.998 -1465.93	fn-f0(-40.00kHz to +4 f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2 100.6934 37.4834 59.55127
Bluetooth Summary ΔF1awg: ΔF2awg: ΔF2awg: ΔF2awg/ΔF1awg: Frequency Offset and Drift	174.7 kHz 1 of 10 PASS 121.4 kHz 1 of 10 PASS 0.6948 FAIL t [10 packet-average]	Packet Type A Preamble (4 I Sync Word (6 Packet Heade LT_ADDF Type (4 I	Limits Interval# 4 5 6 7 8	fn (-150.0kHz to +150.0kHz) -1424.788 -1487.998 -1487.998 -1465.93 -1564.506	fn-f0(-40.00kHz to +4 + f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2 100.6934 # 37.4834 59.55127 - -39.02515 - -
Bluetooth Summary AF1avg: AF2avg: AF2avg: AF2avg/AF1avg: Frequency Offset and Drift Freq Offset (Preamble): Max FreqOffset: Drift Ir-6:	174-7 kHz 1 of 10 PASS 121-4 kHz 100.0 % 10 of 10 PASS 0.6948 FAIL 10 packet-average -1.778 kHz PASS -1.691 kHz PASS 282.8 Hz PASS	Packet Type - Preamble (4 1 Sync Word (6 Packet Heade LT_ADDF Type (4 1 Flow (1 t ARQN (1	Limits Interval# 4 5 6 7 > 8 4	fn (150.0Hzt to +150.0Hzt) -1424.788 -1487.998 -1485.93 -1564.566 -1522.118	f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2 100.6934 37.4834 59.55127 -39.02515 -197.637 12.1322
Bluetooth Summary AFIavg: AF2avg: AF2avg: AF2avg: AF2avg/AFIavg: Frequency Offset and Drift Freq Offset (Preamble): Has: freqOffset: Drift fr-4: Max Drift fr-4:	174.7 MHz 1 of 10 PASS 121.4 MHz 100.0 % 10 of 10 PASS 0.65M8 FAIL FAIL FAIL FAIL 1.778 MHz 100.0 % 10 of 10 PASS 3.621 MHz FAIL FAIL FAIL FAIL 1.778 MHz FAIL PASS 362.8 Hz PASS 362.8 Hz PASS 363.0 Hz PASS	Packet Type - Preamble (4 1 Sync Word (6 Packet Heade LT_ADDF Type (4 1 Flow (1 t ARQN (1	Limits Interval# 4 5 6 7 8	(-150.084t to +150.084tz) -1424.768 -1487.998 -1465.93 -1564.506 -1564.506	fn-f0(-40.00kHz to +4 ^ f1-f0(-20.00kHz to +2 100.6934 37.4834 59.55127 -39.02515 -197.637
Bluetooth Summary AF1avg: AF2avg: AF2avg: AF2avg/AF1avg: Frequency Offset and Drift Freq Offset (Preamble): Max FreqOffset: Drift Ir-6:	174-7 kHz 1 of 10 PASS 121-4 kHz 100.0 % 10 of 10 PASS 0.6948 FAIL 10 packet-average -1.778 kHz PASS -1.691 kHz PASS 282.8 Hz PASS	Packet Type A Preamble (4 I Sync Word (6 Packet Heade LT_ADDF Type (4 I Flow (1 I ARQH (1	Limits Interval# 4 5 6 7 > 8 4	fn (150.06Hz to +150.06Hz) -1424.788 -1465.93 -1564.506 -1722.118 -1723.118	fn-f0(-40.0084tz to +4 f1-f0(-20.0084tz to +2 100.6924 37.4834 59.55127 -39.02515 -197.637 10.2022

LTE

Application SV28 enables the following LTE base station transmitter measurements:

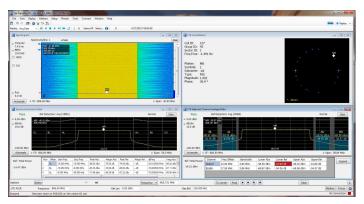
- Cell ID
- Channel Power
- Occupied Bandwidth

- Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio (ACLR)
- Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM)
- Transmitter Off Power for TDD
- Reference Signal (RS) Power

There are four presets to accelerate pre-compliance testing and determine the Cell ID. These presets are defined as Cell ID, ACLR, SEM, Channel Power and TDD Toff Power. The measurements follow the definition in 3GPP TS Version 12.5 and support all base station categories, including picocells and femtocells. Pass/Fail information is reported and all channel bandwidths are supported.

The Cell ID preset displays the Primary Synchronization Signal (PSS) and the Secondary Synchronization Signal (SSS) in a Constellation diagram. It also provides Frequency Error.

The ACLR preset measures the E-UTRA and the UTRA adjacent channels, with different chip rates for UTRA. ACLR also supports Noise Correction based on the noise measured when there is no input. Both ACLR and SEM will operate in swept mode (default) or in faster single acquisition (real-time) when the measurement bandwidth required is less than 40 MHz.



5G NR modulation analysis and measurements option

5G NR is among the growing set of signal standards, applications, and modulation types supported.

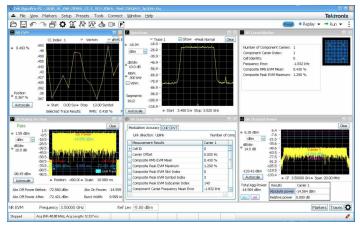
The 5G NR analysis option provides comprehensive analysis capabilities in the frequency, time, and modulation domains for signals based on the 3GPP's 5G NR specification.

By configuring result traces of spectrum, acquisition time, and NR specific modulation quality (e.g, EVM, frequency error, I/Q error) traces and tables, engineers can identify overall signal characteristics and troubleshoot intermittent error peaks or repeated synchronization failures.

Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) is a figure of merit used to describe signal quality. It does this by measuring the difference on the I/Q plane between the ideal constellation point of the given symbol versus the actual measured point. It can be measured in dB or % of the ideal subsymbol, normalized to the average QAM power received, and

display constellation of symbols vs ideal symbol. The EVM vs Symbol or EVM vs Time gives the EVM of OFDM symbols present in the number of symbols considered or the time within a slot.

For automated testing, SCPI remote interfaces are available to accelerate design, which enables the quick transition to the design verification and manufacturing phases.



Constellation, Summary View, CHP, and SEM displays supported in option 5G NR

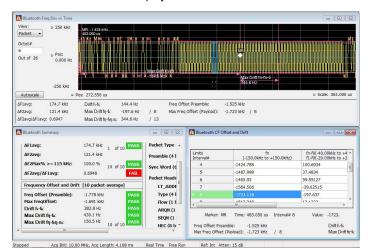
5G NR transmitter measurements core supported features

5G NR option (5GNRNL-SVPC) supports 5G NR modulation analysis measurements according to Release 15 and Release 16 of 3GPP's TS38 specification, including:

- · Analysis of uplink and downlink frame structures
- 5G NR measurements and displays including
- Modulation Accuracy (ModAcc)
- Channel Power (CHP)
- Adjacent Channel Power (ACP)
- Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM)
- Occupied Bandwidth (OBW)
- Power Vs Time (PVT)¹
- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)
- Summary table with all scalar results for ModAcc, SEM, CHP, ACP, OBW, PVT, and EVM measurements
- In-depth analysis and troubleshooting with coupled measurements across domains, use multiple markers to correlate results to find root-cause.
- Saves reports in CSV format with configuration parameters and measurement results
- Configurable parameters of PDSCH or PUSCH for each component carrier

Mapping

The SignalVu-PC MAP application enables interference hunting and location analysis. Locate interference with an azimuth function that lets you draw a line or an arrow on a mapped measurement to indicate the direction your antenna was pointing when you take a measurement. You can also create and display measurement labels.

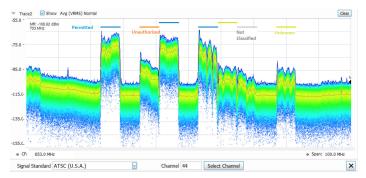


Signal survey/classification

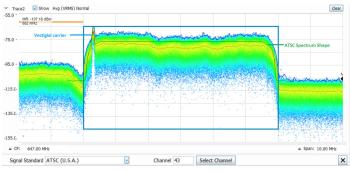
The signal classification application (SV54) enables expert systems guidance to aid the user in classifying signals. It provides graphical tools that allow you to quickly create a spectral region of interest, enabling you to classify and sort signals efficiently. The spectral profile mask, when overlaid on top of a trace, provides signal shape guidance, while frequency, bandwidth, channel number, and location are displayed allowing for quick checks. WLAN, GSM, W-CDMA, CDMA, Bluetooth standard and enhanced data rate, LTE FDD and TDD, and ATSC signals can be quickly and simply classified. Databases can be imported from your H500/RSA2500 signal database library for easy transition to the new software base.

For downlink, supported test models for FDD and TDD per 3GPP specifications

¹ PVT supports Uplink frame structure only.



Above is a typical signal survey. This survey is of a portion of the TV broadcast band, and 7 regions have been declared as either Permitted, Unknown, or Unauthorized, as indicated by the color bars for each region.

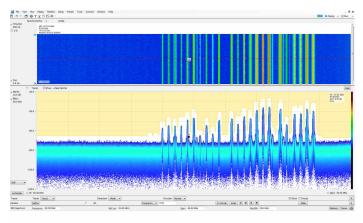


In this illustration, a single region has been selected. Since we have declared this to be an ATSC video signal, the spectrum mask for the ATSC signal is shown overlaid in the region. The signal is a close match to the spectrum mask, including the vestigial carrier at the lower side of the signal, characteristic of ATSC broadcasts.

SignalVu-PC with mapping can be used to manually indicate the azimuth of a measurement made in the field, greatly aiding in triangulation efforts. The addition of a smart antenna able to report its direction to SignalVu-PC automates this process. Automatically plotting the azimuth/bearing of a measurement during interference hunting can greatly speed the time spent searching for the source of interference. Tektronix recommends the Alaris DF-A0047 handheld direction finding antenna with frequency coverage from 20 MHz -8.5 GHz (optional 9 kHz-20 MHz) as part of a complete interference hunting solution. Azimuth information and the selected measurement is automatically recorded on the SignalVu-PC Map just by releasing the control button on the antenna. Full specifications for the DF-A0047 antenna are available in a separate antenna datasheet available on www.Tektronix.com.

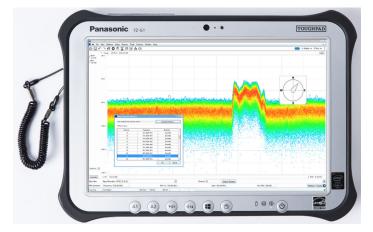
Playback

Playback of recorded signals can reduce hours of watching and waiting for a spectral violation to minutes at your desk reviewing recorded data. Recording length is limited only by storage media size and recording is a basic feature included in SignalVu-PC. SignalVu-PC application SV56 Playback allows for complete analysis by all SignalVu-PC measurements, including DPX Spectrogram. Minimum signal duration specifications are maintained during playback. AM/FM audio demodulation can be performed. Variable span, resolution bandwidth, analysis length, and bandwidth are all available. Frequency mask testing can be performed on recorded signals up to 40 MHz in span, with actions on mask violation including beep, stop, save trace, save picture, and save data. Portions of the playback can be selected and looped for repeat examination of signals of interest. Playback can be skip-free, or time gaps can be inserted to reduce review time. A Live Rate playback ensures fidelity of AM/FM demodulation and provides a 1:1 playback vs. actual time. Clock time of the recording is displayed in the spectrogram markers for correlation to real world events. In the illustration below, the FM band is being replayed, with a mask applied to detect spectral violations, simultaneous with listening to the FM signal at the center frequency of 92.3 MHz.



Instrument controller for USB spectrum analyzers

For field operations, a complete solution requires a Windows Tablet or laptop for instrument operation, record keeping and communication. Tektronix recommends the Panasonic FZ-G1 tablet computer for controlling the RSA306B and as a standalone unit.



The Panasonic FZ-G1 tablet computer is sold separately and is available for purchase from Panasonic at *https://na.panasonic.com/us/computers-tablets-handhelds/tablet*

Key specifications of the instrument controller

- · Windows 10 Pro 64-bit operating system
- Intel® Core i5-6300U vPro TM 2.4-3.0 GHz Processor
- 8GB RAM
- 256 GB Solid State Drive
- 10.1" (25.6 cm) Daylight-readable screen
- 10-point Multi Touch+ Digitizer screen plus included pen interface
- USB 3.0 + HDMI Ports, 2nd USB Port
- Wi-Fi, Bluetooth® and 4G LTE Multi Carrier Mobile Broadband with Satellite GPS

Specifications

All specifications are guaranteed unless noted otherwise.

Frequency

RF input frequency range	9 kHz to 6.2 GHz
Frequency reference accuracy	
Initial accuracy at calibration	±3 ppm + aging (after 20 minute warmup at 18 °C to 28 °C ambient)
Accuracy, typical	±20 ppm + aging (after 20 minute warm up at -10 °C to 55 °C ambient)
Aging, typical	\pm 3 x 10 ⁻⁶ (1 st year), \pm 1 x 10 ⁻⁶ /year thereafter
External frequency reference input	t
Input frequency range	10 MHz ±10 Hz
Input level range	-10 dBm to +10 dBm sinusoid
Impedance	50 Ω
Center frequency resolution	
Block IQ samples	1 Hz
Streamed ADC samples	500 kHz
Amplitude	
RF input impedance	50 Ω
RF input VSWR (typical)	\leq 1.8:1 (10 MHz to 6200 MHz, reference level \geq +10 dBm)
	(Equivalent Return Loss: ≥11 dB)
Maximum RF input level without d	amage
DC voltage	±40 V _{DC}
Reference level ≥ –10 dBm	+23 dBm (continuous or peak)
Reference level < -10 dBm	+15 dBm (continuous or peak)
Maximum RF input operating level	
The maximum level at the RF input for	or which the instrument will meet its measurement specifications.
Center frequency < 22 MHz (low-frequency path)	+15 dBm

Center frequency ≥22 MHz (RF +20 dBm path)

Amplitude accuracy at all center frequencies

Center frequency	Warranted (18 °C to 28 °C)	Typical (95% confidence) (18 °C to 28 °C)	Typical (-10 °C to 55 °C)
9 kHz - < 3 GHz	±1.2 dB	±0.8 dB	±1.0 dB
≥ 3 GHz - 6.2 GHz	±1.65 dB	±1.0 dB	±1.5 dB

Reference level +20 dBm to -30 dBm, alignment run prior to testing.

Applies to corrected IQ data, with signal to noise ratios > 40 dB.

The above specifications apply when operated and stored at the average factory calibration absolute humidity conditions (8 grams of water per cubic meter of air). Additional humidity specifications are provided in the Specifications and Performance Verification Technical Reference.

Intermediate frequency and acquisition system

IF bandwidth	40 MHz			
ADC sample rate and bit width	112 Ms/s, 14 bits			
Real-time IF acquisition data (uncorrected)	112 Ms/s, 16-bit integer real samp 40 MHz BW, 28 ±0.25 MHz Digita		es are stored with saved files	
	Block streaming data at an average			
Block baseband acquisition data (corrected)			
Maximum acquisition time	1 second			
Bandwidths	\leq 40 /(2 ^N) MHz, 0 Hz Digital IF, N	$l \ge 0$		
Sample rates	\leq 56 / (2 ^N) Msps, 32-bit float com	plex samples, $N \ge 0$		
Channel amplitude flatness	Reference level +20 dBm to -30 d >40 dB.	Bm, alignment run before testing	. Applies to corrected IQ data, with signal to noise ratios	
	Center frequency range	Warranted	Typical	
		18 °C to 28 °C		
	24 MHz to 6.2 GHz	±1.0 dB	±0.4 dB	
	22 MHz to 24 MHz	±1.2 dB	±1.0 dB	
	-10 °C to 55 °C			

Trigger

Trigger/sync input

Voltage range

TTL, 0.0 V – 5.0 V

24 MHz to 6.2 GHz

22 MHz to 24 MHz

Trigger level, positive-going threshold voltage

1.6 V minimum; 2.1 V maximum

±0.5 dB

±2.5 dB

Trigger level, negative-going threshold voltage	1.0 V minimum; 1.35 V maximum
Impedance	10 kΩ

IF power trigger

Threshold range	0 dB to -50 dB from reference level, for trigger levels > 30 dB above the noise floor
Туре	Rising or falling edge
Trigger re-arm time	≤100 µs

Noise and distortion

Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL)

Reference level = -50 dBm, input terminated with 50 Ω load, log-average detection (10 averages). SignalVu-PC Spectrum measurements with Span > 40 MHz may use LF or RF path in the first segment of the spectrum sweep.

Center frequency	Frequency range	DANL (dBm/Hz)	DANL (dBm/Hz), typical
< 22 MHz	100 kHz - 42 MHz	≤-130	-133
(LF path)			
≥ 22 MHz	2 MHz - <5 MHz	≤-145	≤-148
(RF path)	5 MHz - <1.0 GHz	≤-161	≤-163
	1.0 GHz - <1.5 GHz	≤-160	≤-162
	1.5 GHz - <2.5 GHz	≤-157	≤-159
	2.5 GHz - <3.5 GHz	≤-154	≤-156
	3.5 GHz - <4.5 GHz	≤-152	≤-155
	4.5 GHz - 6.2 GHz	≤-149	≤-151

Phase noise

Phase noise measured with 1 GHz CW signal at 0 dBm. The following table entries are in dBc/Hz units

The followin	ig lable entries are	e in udu/nz units.			
Center frequency					
Offset	1 GHz	10 MHz (typical)	1 GHz (typical)	2.5 GHz (typical)	6 GHz (ty
1 kHz	≤-84	≤-115	≤-89	≤-78	≤-83
10 kHz	≤-84	≤-122	≤-87	≤-84	≤-85
100 kHz	≤-88	≤-126	≤-93	≤-92	≤-95

≤-120

≤-127

Residual spurious response, typical

(Reference level ≤ -50 dBm, RF input terminated with 50 Ω load)

CF range 9 kHz - < 1 GHz	< -100 dBm
CF range 1 GHz - < 3 GHz	< -95 dBm
CF range 3 GHz - 6.2 GHz	< -90 dBm
With these exceptions for LO	< -80 dBm: 2080-2120 MHz
related spurs	< -80 dBm: 3895-3945 MHz

1 MHz

≤-118

typical)

≤-110

≤-114

< -85 dBm: 4780-4810 MHz

Residual FM

< 10 Hz_{P-P} (95% confidence)

3 RD order IM distortion	
Two CW signals, 1 MHz separation, e reference level at -30 dBm enables P	ach input signal level 5 dB below the reference level setting at the RF input Reference level at-15 dBm disables Preamp; reamp.
Center frequency 2130 MHz	≤ -63 dBc at reference level -15 dBm, 18 °C to 28 °C
	≤ -63 dBc, at reference level -15 dBm, -10 °C to 55 °C, typical
	≤ -63 dBc, at reference level -30 dBm, typical
40 MHz to 6.2 GHz, typical	< -58 dBc at reference level = -10 dBm
	< -50 dBc at reference level = -50 dBm
3 RD order intercept (TOI)	
Center frequency 2130 MHz	≥ +13 dBm at reference level -15 dBm, 18 °C to 28 °C
	≥ +13 dBm, at reference level -15 dBm, -10 °C to 55 °C, typical
	≥ -2 dBm, at reference level -30 dBm, typical
40 MHz to 6.2 GHz, typical	+14 dBm at reference level -10 dBm
	-30 dBm at reference level -50 dBm
2 ND harmonic distortion, typical	< -55 dBc, 10 MHz to 300 MHz, reference level = 0 dBm
<i>,</i> , ,	< -60 dBc, 300 MHz to 3.1 GHz, reference level = 0 dBm
	< -50 dBc, 10 MHz to 3.1 GHz, reference level = -40 dBm
	Exception: < -45 dBc in the range 1850-2330 MHz
2 ND harmonic intercept (SHI)	+55 dBm, 10 MHz to 300 MHz, reference level = 0 dBm
·	+60 dBm, 300 MHz to 3.1 GHz, reference level = 0 dBm
	+10 dBm, 10 MHz to 3.1 GHz, reference level = -40 dBm (Exception: +5 dBm in the range 1850-2330 MHz)

Input related spurious response (SFDR)

Input frequencies at ≤ 6.2 GHz and 18 - 28 ⁰C	Level Center frequency range Spurious responses due to the following mechanisms: RFx2*LO1, 2RFx2*LO1, RFx3LO1, RFx5LO1, RF to IF feedthrou IF2 image			
	≤ -60 dBc ≤ 6200 MHz			
	Spurious responses due to 1st IF images (RFxLO1)			
	≤ -60 dBc	< 2700 MHz		
	≤ -50 dBc	2700 - 6200 MHz		

With these exceptions at \leq 6.2 GHz and 18 - 28 °C, typical

Туре	Level	Center frequency range	
IF feedthrough	≤ -45 dBc	1850 - 2700 MHz	
Table continued	•		

Туре	Level	Center frequency range
1st IF image	≤ -55 dBc	1850 - 1870 MHz
	≤ -35 dBc	3700 - 3882 MHz
	≤ -35 dBc	5400 - 5700 MHz
2nd IF image	≤ -50 dBc	22 - 1850 MHz
	≤ -50 dBc	4175 - 4225 MHz
RFx2LO	≤ -50 dBc	4750 - 4810 MHz
2RFx2LO	≤ -50 dBc	3900 - 3840 MHz
RFx3LO	≤ -45 dBc	4175 - 4225 MHz

Spurious responses due to ADC images at 18 - 28 °C

Level	Center frequency range
≤ -60 dBc	Offset from center frequency > 56 MHz
≤ -50 dBc	56 MHz \geq offset from center frequency \geq 36 MHz

Local oscillator feedthrough to input connector

< -75 dBm at reference level = -30 dBm

Audio output

Audio output (from SignalVu-PC or application programming interface)

Types	AM, FM
IF bandwidth range	Five selections, 8 kHz - 200 kHz
Audio output frequency range	50 Hz – 10 kHz
PC audio output	16 bits at 32 ks/s
Audio file output format	.wav format, 16 bit, 32 ks/s

SignalVu-PC base performance summary

SignalVu-PC/RSA306B key characteristics

Maximum span	40 MHz real-time 9 kHz - 6.2 GHz swept
Maximum acquisition time	2.0 s
Minimum IQ resolution	17.9 ns (acquisition BW = 40 MHz)
Tuning Tables	Tables that present frequency selection in the form of standards-based channels are available for the following.Cellular standards families: AMPS, NADC, NMT-450, PDC, GSM, CDMA, CDMA-2000, 1xEV-DO WCDMA, TD-SCDMA, LTE, WiMax
	Unlicensed short range: 802.11a/b/j/g/p/n/ac, Bluetooth
	Cordless phone: DECT, PHS
	Broadcast: AM, FM, ATSC, DVBT/H, NTSC

Mobile radio, pagers, other: GMRS/FRS, iDEN, FLEX, P25, PWT, SMR, WiMax

Signal Strength display			
Signal strength indicator	Located at right side of display		
Measurement bandwidth	Up to 40 MHz, dependent on span and RBW setting		
Tone type	Variable frequency based on received signal strength		
Spectrum and Spurious display			
Traces	Three traces + 1 math trace + 1 trace from spectrogram for Spectrum display; four traces for Spurious display		
Trace functions	Normal, Average (VRMS), Max Hold, Min Hold, Average of Logs		
Detector	Average (VRMS), Average (of logs), CISPR peak, +Peak, Sample for Spectrum only -Peak; when Option SVQP is enable CISPR Quasi Peak and Average		
Spectrum trace length	801, 2401, 4001, 8001,10401, 16001, 32001, and 64001 points		
RBW range	1.18 Hz to 8 MHz for Spectrum display		

DPX spectrum display

Spectrum processing rate (RBW ≤10,000 spectrums per second (span independent)

= auto, trace length 801)	
DPX bitmap resolution	201 pixels vertical x 801 pixels horizontal
DPX Spectrogram minimum time resolution ²	1 ms ≤10,000 per second (span independent)

Marker information

Amplitude, frequency, signal density

Minimum signal duration for 100% probability of intercept (POI), typical²

Minimum signal duration for 100% POI	Test controller
27	Dell Desktop (Windows® 10 Enterprise, Intel® Core™ i7-4790 CPU, 3.6 GHz , 8 GB RAM, 256 GB SSD)
34	Dell Desktop (Windows® 7 Enterprise, Intel® Core™ i7-2600 CPU, 3.4 GHz, 8 GB RAM, 256 GB SSD)
36	Dell Desktop Latitude E6430 (Windows® 10 Enterprise, Intel® Core™ i7-3520 M CPU, 2.9 GHz, 8 GB RAM, 750 GB HD)
35	Dell Laptop Precision M4700 (Windows® 8 Enterprise, Intel® Core™ i7-3520M CPU, 2.9 GHz, 8 GB RAM, 750 GB HD)
37	Panasonic ToughPad SAPL-TP-04 (Windows® 7 Pro, Intel® Core™ i5-5300U CPU, 2.3 GHz, 8 GB RAM, 25 6 GB SSD)

Span range (continuous processing)

1 kHz to 40 MHz

Span range (swept)

Up to maximum frequency range of instrument

² Due to the non-deterministic execution time of programs running under the Microsoft Windows™ OS, this specification may not be met when the host PC is heavily loaded with other processing tasks.

Dwell time per step	50 ms to 100 s				
Trace processing	Color-graded bitmap, +Peak, -Peak, average				
Trace length	801, 2401, 4001, 10401				
RBW range	1 kHz to 4.99 MHz				
Full span sweep speed	1 MHz	100 kHz	10 kHz	1 kHz	
	16.5 GHz/sec	16.5 GHz/sec	13.7 GHz/sec	1.9 GHz/sec	
DPX spectrogram display		ctrum display only measuremen			
DPX spectrogram display					
Trace detection	+Peak, -Peak, Averag	ge(V _{RMS})			
Trace length, memory depth	801 (60,000 traces) 2401 (20,000 traces) 4001 (12,000 traces)				
Time resolution per line	1 ms to 6400 s, user	selectable			
Analog modulation analysis	(standard)				
AM demodulation accuracy,	±2%				
typical	0 dBm input at center, carrier frequency 1 GHz, 1 kHz/5 kHz input/modulated frequency, 10% to 60% modulation depth				
	0 dBm input power l	level, reference level = 10 dE	3m		
FM demodulation accuracy,	±3%				
typical	0 dBm input at center, carrier frequency 1 GHz, 400 Hz/1 kHz input/modulated frequency				
	0 dBm input power l	level, reference level = 10 dE	3m		
	±1% of measurement bandwidth				
PM demodulation accuracy,	±1% of measureme	nt bandwidth			
PM demodulation accuracy, typical		nt bandwidth er, carrier frequency 1 GHz,	1 kHz/5 kHz input/modulated	d frequency	

SignalVu-PC application licenses AM/FM/PM and direct audio measurement (SVAxx-SVPC)

Carrier frequency range	(1/2 × audio analysis bandwidth) to maximum input frequency
(for modulation and audio	
measurements)	

FM measurements (Mod. index Car				
	Carrier Power, Carrier Frequency Error, Audio Frequency, Deviation (+Peak, -Peak, Peak-Peak/2, RMS), SINAD, Modulation Distortion, S/N, Total Harmonic Distortion, Total Non-harmonic Distortion, Hum and Noise			
	Carrier Power, Audio Frequency, Modulation Depth (+Peak, -Peak, Peak-Peak/2, RMS), SINAD, Modulation Distortion, S/N, Total Harmonic Distortion, Total Non-harmonic Distortion, Hum and Noise			
		uency Error, Audio Frequenc n, S/N, Total Harmonic Diste		
har	Signal power, Audio frequency (+Peak, -Peak, Peak-Peak/2, RMS), SINAD, Modulation distortion, S/N, Total harmonic distortion, Total non-harmonic distortion, Hum and Noise (Direct audio measurements are limited to >9 kHz by input frequency)			
Hig Sta De-	gh pass, Hz: 20, 50, 300, andard: CCITT, C-Messag -emphasis (μs): 25, 50, 7	30, 80, 300, and user-entered up to 0.9 × audio bandwidth , 400, and user-entered up to 0.9 × audio bandwidth ge 75, 750, and user-entered r.CSV file of amplitude/frequency pairs. Maximum 1000 pairs		
Pe	erformance	Conditions: Unless other	rwise stated, performance is given for:	
ch	characteristics, typical	Modulation rate = 5 kHz		
		AM depth: 50%		
		PM deviation 0.628 Radian	s	
		FM AM PM		
Са	arrier power accuracy	Refer to instrument amplitu	de accuracy	
	arrier frequency ccuracy	± 7 Hz + (transmitter frequency × ref. freq. error)	Refer to instrument frequency accuracy	± 2 Hz + (transmitter frequency × ref. freq. error)
	epth of modulation ccuracy	NA	± 0.5%	NA
De	eviation accuracy	\pm (2% × (rate + deviation))	NA	± 3%
Ra	ate accuracy	± 0.2 Hz	± 0.2 Hz	± 0.2 Hz
Re	Residual THD 0.5% 0.5% NA			
Re	esidual SINAD	49 dB	56 dB	42 dB
		40 dB		

Pulse measurements (SVPxx-SVPC)

Measurements (nominal)

Pulse-Ogram[™] waterfall display of multiple segmented captures, with amplitude vs time and spectrum of each pulse. Pulse frequency, Delta Frequency, Average on power, Peak power, Average transmitted power, Pulse width, Rise time, Fall time, Repetition interval (seconds), Repetition interval (Hz), Duty factor (%), Duty factor (ratio), Ripple (dB), Ripple (%), Droop (dB), Droop (%), Overshoot (dB), Overshoot (%), Pulse- Ref Pulse frequency difference, Pulse- Ref Pulse phase difference, Pulse-Pulse frequency difference, Pulse- Pulse phase difference, RMS frequency error, Max frequency error, RMS phase error, Max phase error, Frequency deviation, Phase deviation, Impulse response (dB),Impulse response (time), Time stamp.

Minimum pulse width for detection, typical	150 ns
Average ON power at 18 °C to 28 °C, typical	± 1.0 dB + absolute amplitude accuracy For pulses of 300 ns width or greater, duty cycles of .5 to .001, and S/N ratio ≥ 30 dB
Duty factor, typical	$\pm 0.2\%$ of reading For pulses of 450 ns width or greater, duty cycles of .5 to .001, and S/N ratio \geq 30 dB
Average transmitted power, typical	± 1.0 dB + absolute amplitude accuracy For pulses of 300 ns width or greater, duty cycles of .5 to .001, and S/N ratio ≥ 30 dB
Peak pulse power, typical	± 1.5 dB + absolute amplitude accuracy For pulses of 300 ns width or greater, duty cycles of .5 to .001, and S/N ratio ≥ 30 dB
Pulse width, typical	$\pm 0.25\%$ of reading For pulses of 450 ns width or greater, duty cycles of .5 to .001, and S/N ratio $\geq 30~\text{dB}$

General-purpose digital modulation analysis (SVMxx- SVPC)

Modulation formats	BPSK, QPSK, 8PSK, 16QAM, 32QAM, 64QAM, 128QAM, 256QAM, 1024QAM, π/2DBPSK, DQPSK, π/ 4DQPSK, D8PSK, D16PSK, SBPSK, OQPSK, SOQPSK, 16-APSK, 32-APSK, MSK, CPM, 2FSK, 4FSK, 8FSK, 16FSK, C4FM
Analysis period	Up to 163,500 samples
Measurement filter	Root Raised Cosine, Raised Cosine, Gaussian, Rectangular, IS-95 TX_MEA, IS-95 Base TXEQ_MEA, None
Reference Filter	Gaussian, Raised Cosine, Rectangular, IS-95 REF, None
Filter rolloff factor	α:0.001 to 1, in 0.001 steps
Measurements	Constellation, Demod I&Q vs. Time, Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) vs. Time, Eye Diagram, Frequency Deviation vs. Time, Magnitude Error vs. Time, Phase Error vs. Time, Signal Quality, Symbol Table, Trellis Diagram
Maximum symbol rate	240 M symbols/s
	Modulated signal must be contained entirely within the acquisition bandwidth
Adaptive equalizer	Linear, Decision-Directed, Feed-Forward (FIR) equalizer with coefficient adaptation and adjustable convergence rate. Supports modulation types BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, DQPSK, π/2DBPSK, π/4DQPSK, 8PSK, D8SPK, D16PSK, 16/32/64/128/256/1024-QAM, 16/32-APSK
QPSK Residual EVM (center	1.1 % (100 kHz symbol rate)
frequency = 2 GHz), typical	1.1 % (1 MHz symbol rate)
mean	1.2 % (10 MHz symbol rate)
	2.5 % (30 MHz symbol rate)
	400 symbols measurement length, 20 Averages, normalization reference = maximum symbol magnitude
256 QAM Residual EVM (center frequency = 2 GHz), typical	
mean	1.5 % (30 MHz symbol rate)
	400 symbols measurement length, 20 Averages, normalization reference = maximum symbol magnitude

WLAN Measurements, 802.11a/b/g/ j/p (SV23xx-SVPC)

WLAN power vs. time; WLAN symbol table; WLAN constellation; spectrum emission mask; error vector magnitude (EVM) vs. symbol (or time), vs subcarrier (or frequency); mag error vs symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); phase error vs symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); channel frequency response vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs.
subcarrier (or frequency)

Residual EVM - 802.11a/g/j /p (OFDM), 64-QAM, typical	2.4 GHz, 20 MHz BW: -38 dB 5.8 GHz, 20 MHz BW: -38 dB Input signal level optimized for best EVM, average of 20 bursts, ≥16 symbols each
Residual EVM - 802.11b,	2.4 GHz, 11 Mbps: 2.0 %
CCK-11, typical	Input signal level optimized for best EVM, average of 1,000 chips, BT = .61

WLAN Measurements 802.11n (SV24xx-SVPC)

Measurements	WLAN power vs. time; WLAN symbol table; WLAN constellation; spectrum emission mask; error vector magnitude (EVM) vs. symbol (or time), vs subcarrier (or frequency); mag error vs symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); phase error vs symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); channel frequency response vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency);
EVM performance - 802.11n, 64-	
QAM, typical	5.8 GHz, 40 MHz BW: -35 dB
	Input signal level optimized for best EVM, average of 20 bursts, ≥16 symbols each

WLAN Measurements 802.11ac (SV25xx-SVPC)

Measurements	WLAN power vs. time; WLAN symbol table; WLAN constellation; spectrum emission mask; error vector magnitude (EVM) vs. symbol (or time), vs subcarrier (or frequency); mag error vs symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); phase error vs symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); channel frequency response vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); base error vs symbol (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time), vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spectral flatness vs. symbol (or time); vs. subcarrier (or frequency); spect
EVM performance - 802.11ac, 256-QAM, typical	5.8 GHz, 40 MHz BW: -35 dB Input signal level optimized for best EVM, average of 20 bursts, ≥16 symbols each

APC0 P25 Measurements Application (SV26xx-SVPC)

Measurements	RF output power, operating frequency accuracy, modulation emission spectrum, unwanted emissions spurious, adjacent channel power ratio, frequency deviation, modulation fidelity, frequency error, eye diagram, symbol table, symbol rate accuracy, transmitter power and encoder attack time, transmitter throughput delay, frequency deviation vs. time, power vs. time, transient frequency behavior, HCPM transmitter logical channel peak adjacent channel power ratio, HCPM transmitter logical channel off slot power, HCPM transmitter logical channel peak channel power envelope, HCPM transmitter logical channel time alignment, cross-correlated markers.
Modulation fidelity, typical	C4FM = 1.3% HCPM = 0.8% HDQPSK = 2.5% Input signal level is optimized for best modulation fidelity.

Bluetooth Measurements Application (SV27xx-SVPC and SV31xx-SVPC)

Supported standards Bluetooth® 4.2 Basic Rate, Bluetooth® 4.2 Low Energy, Bluetooth® 4.2 Enhanced Data Rate. Bluetooth® 5 when SV31 is enabled.

Measurements	Peak Power, Average Power, Adjacent Channel Power or InBand Emission mask, -20 dB Bandwidth, Frequency Error, Modulation Characteristics including Δ F1avg (11110000), Δ F2avg (10101010), Δ F2 > 115 kHz, Δ F2/ Δ F1 ratio, frequency deviation vs. time with packet and octet level measurement information, Carrier Frequency f0, Frequency Offset (Preamble and Payload), Max Frequency Offset, Frequency Drift f1-f0, Max Drift Rate fn-f0 and fn-fn-5, Center Frequency Offset Table and Frequency Drift table, color-coded Symbol table, Packet header decoding information, eye diagram, constellation diagram
Output power (BR and LE),	Supported measurements: Average power, peak power
typical mean	Level uncertainty: refer to instrument amplitude and flatness specification
	Measurement range: signal level > -70 dBm
Modulation characteristics, typical mean	Supported measurements: ΔF1avg, ΔF2avg, ΔF2avg/ ΔF1avg, ΔF2max%>=115kHz (basic rate), ΔF2max%>=115kHz (low energy)
	Deviation range: ±280 kHz
	Deviation uncertainty (at 0 dBm):
	2 kHz + instrument frequency uncertainty (basic rate)
	3 kHz + instrument frequency uncertainty (low energy)
	Measurement range: Nominal channel frequency ±100 kHz
Initial Carrier Frequency	Measurement uncertainty (at 0 dBm): <1 kHz 2 + instrument frequency uncertainty
Tolerance (ICFT) (BR and LE), typical mean	Measurement range: Nominal channel frequency ±100 kHz
LE), typical mean	Measurement uncertainty: <2 kHz + instrument frequency uncertainty
	Measurement range: Nominal channel frequency ±100 kHz
In-band emissions (ACPR) (BR and LE)	Level uncertainty: refer to instrument amplitude and flatness specification
LTE Downlink RF measurements	(SV28xx-SVPC)
Standard Supported	3GPP TS 36.141 Version 12.5
Frame Format supported	FDD and TDD
Measurements and Displays Supported	Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio (ACLR), Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM), Channel Power, Occupied Bandwic Power vs. Time showing Transmitter OFF power for TDD signals and LTE constellation diagram for Primary Synchronization Signal and Secondary Synchronization Signal with Cell ID, Group ID, Sector ID, RS (Reference Signal) Power and Frequency Error.
ACLR with E-UTRA	1st Adjacent Channel 60 dB
bands (typical, with noise correction)	2nd Adjacent Channel 62 dB

5G NR Uplink/Downlink measurements (5GNRNL-SVPC)

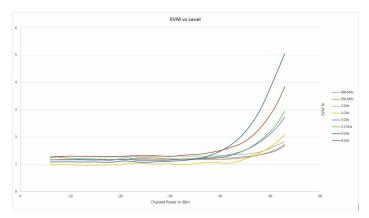
Standard supported	TS 38.141-1 for BS and 38.521-1 for UE
Modulation accuracy	Sec 6.5.2 for BS and Sec 6.4.2 for UE.
ACP	Sec 6.6.3 for BS and Sec 6.5.2.4 for UE
Frame format supported	Uplink (FDD and TDD)
	Downlink (FDD and TDD)

Measurements and
displayssupportedChannel Power (CHP), Adjacent Channel Power (ACP), Power Vs Time (PVT)1, Modulation Accuracy (including
Error Vector Magnitude (EVM), Frequency Error, IQ Error), EVM vs. Symbol, Occupied Bandwidth (OBW), Spectral
Emission Mask (SEM), Constellation Diagram, and summary table with scalar results.

EVM (typical)

20 MHz 1CC, 256QAM UL, 30 kHz subcarrier spacing 400 MHz 650 MHz 1 GHz 2 GHz 3 GHz 3.5 GHz 5 GHz 6 GHz 1.15% 1.15% 0.97% 1.28% 1.13% 1.16% 1.08% 1.25%

<-37.4dB rms EVM from 400MHz to 6GHz for 20MHz CC1, 256QAM, -6dBm to -33dBm channel power, within -1dB of full scale.



ACLR (typical)

<-48dBc for <6GHz for 20MHz CC1, 256QAM, -6dBm to -27dBm channel power, within -1dB of full scale.

EMC pre-compliance and troubleshooting (EMCVUxx-SVPC)

Standards	EN55011, EN55012, EN55013, EN55014, EN55015, EN55025, EN55032, EN60601, DEF STAN, FCC Part 15, FCC Part18, MIL-STD 461G
Features	EMC-EMI display, Wizard to setup accessories and limit lines, Inspect, Harmonic Markers, Level Target, Compare Traces, Measure Ambient, Report generation, Re-measure Spot
Detectors	+Peak, Avg, Avg (of logs), Avg (VRMS), CISPR QuasiPeak, CISPR Peak, CISPR Average, CISPR Average of Logs, MIL +Peak, DEF STAN Avg, DEF STAN Peak
Limit lines	Up to 3 Limit Lines with corresponding margins
Resolution BW	Set per standard or user definable
Dwell time	Set per standard or user definable
Report format	PDF, HTML, MHT,RTF, XLSX, Image File format
Accessory type	Antenna, Near Field Probe, Cable, Amplifier, Limiter, Attenuator, Filter, Other
Correction format	Gain/Loss Constant, Gain/loss table, Antenna Factor
Traces	Save/recall up to 5 traces, Math trace (trace1 minus trace2), Ambient trace

Mapping (MAPxx-SVPC)

Supported map types	Pitney Bowes MapInfo (*.mif), Bitmap (*.bmp), Open Street Maps (.osm)
Saved measurement results	Measurement data files (exported results)
Map file used for the measurements	Google Earth KMZ file
Recallable results files (trace and setup files)	MapInfo-compatible MIF/MID files

Playback of recorded signals (SV56)

Playback file type	R3F recorded by RSA306, RSA500, or RSA600
Recorded file bandwidth	40 MHz
File playback controls	General: Play, stop, exit playback
	Location: Begin/end points of playback settable from 0-100%
	Skip: Defined skip size from 73 μ s up to 99% of file size
	Live rate: Plays back at 1:1 rate to recording time
	Loop control: Play once, or loop continuously
Memory requirement	Recording of signals requires storage with write rates of 300 MB/sec. Playback of recorded files at live rates requires storage with read rates of 300 MB/sec.

Inputs, outputs, inferfaces, power consumption

RF input	Type N, female (RSA306B)
External frequency reference input	SMA, female
Trigger/sync input	SMA, female
Status indicator	LED, dual color red/green
USB device port	USB 3.0 - Micro-B, can mate with locking thumbscrews
Power consumption	Per USB 3.0 SuperSpeed requirements: 5.0 V, \leq 900 mA (nominal)

Physical characteristics

Dimensions	RSA306B
Height	31.9 mm (1.25 in)
Width	190.5 mm (7.5 in)
Depth	139.7 mm (5.5 in)

Weight

Dimensions

RSA306B: 750 g (1.65 lbs)

Regulatory

Regional certifications	Europe: EN61326 Australia/New Zealand: AS/NZS 2064
EMC emissions	EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3, EN61326-2-1
EMC immunity	EN61326–1/2, IEC61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11

Environmental performance

Temperature	
Operating	-10 °C to +55 °C (+14 °F to +131 °F)
Nonoperating	-51 °C to +71 °C (-60 °F to +160 °F)
Humidity (operating)	5% to 75% ±5% relative humidity (RH) from +30 °C to +40 °C (+86 °F to 104 °F) 5% to 45% RH above +40 °C to +55 °C (+86 °F to +131 °F)
Altitude	
Operating	Up to 9,144 meters (30,000 feet)
Nonoperating	15,240 meters (50,000 feet)
Dynamics ³	
Mechanical shock, operating	Half-sine mechanical shocks, 30 g peak amplitude, 11 µs duration, three drops in each direction of each axis (18 total)
Random vibration, nonoperating	0.030 g ² /Hz, 10-500 Hz, 30 minutes per axis, three axes (90 minutes total)
Handling and transit ³	
Bench handling, operating	Per MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2 operating: Rotational-edge-drops of appropriate edges on appropriate sides of the equipment
Transit drop, nonoperating	Per MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2 nonoperating: Transit drops onto six faces and four corners of the equipment, from a height of 30 cm (11.8 in.) for a total of 10 impacts

³ Not guaranteed when plastic case is removed.

Ordering information Models

RSA306B

USB real time spectrum analyzer, 9 kHz - 6.2 GHz, 40 MHz acquisition bandwidth. The RSA306B requires a PC with Windows 10, 64-bit operating system. A USB 3.0 connection is required for operation of the RSA306B. 8 GB RAM and 20 GB free drive space is required for installation of SignalVu-PC. For full performance of the real time features of the RSA306B, an Intel Core i7 4th generation processor is required. Processors of lower performance can be used, with reduced real-time performance. Storage of streaming data requires that the PC be equipped with a drive capable of streaming storage rates of 300 MB/sec.

SignalVu-PC application-specific licenses

SignalVu-PC-SVE requires the Microsoft Windows 10, 64-bit operating system. The base software is free, included with the instrument, and is also available to download from *www.tektronix.com/downloads*.

A variety of optional, licensed applications are available for purchase for SignalVu-PC. These licenses can be associated with and stored on either your PC or any RSA300 series, RSA500 series, RSA600 series, and RSA7100A spectrum analyzers. Licenses can be purchased as an option to your hardware, or separately as a NL or a FL license.

Contact your local Tektronix Account Manager to purchase a license. If your purchased license is not ordered as an option to your instrument, you will receive an email with a list of the applications purchased and the URL to the Tektronix Product License Web page, where you will create an account and can then manage your licenses using the Tektronix Asset Management System (AMS): www.tek.com/products/product-license.

AMS provides an inventory of the license(s) in your account. It enables you to check out or check in a license and view the history of licenses.

Optional applications are enabled by one of the following license types:

License type	Description
Node locked license (NL) purchased as an option to your instrument	This license is initially assigned to a specific host id, which can be either a PC or an instrument. It can be reassociated to either a PC or another spectrum analyzer two times using Tek AMS.
	When associated with an instrument, this license is factory-installed on that instrument at the time of manufacture. It will be recognized by any PC operating with SignalVu-PC when the instrument is connected. However, the licensed application is deactivated from the PC if the licensed instrument is disconnected.
	This is the most common form of licensing, as it simplifies management of your applications.
Node locked license (NL) purchased separately	This license is initially assigned to a specific host id, which can be either a PC or an instrument. It can be reassociated to either a PC or another spectrum analyzer two times using Tek AMS.
	This license is delivered via email and is associated with either your PC or with an instrument when you install the license.
	This license should be purchased when you want your license to stay on your PC, or if you have an existing USB instrument on which you would like to install a license.
FL license (FL) purchased separately	This license can be moved between different host ids, which can be either PCs or instruments. It can be reassociated to either a PC or another spectrum analyzer two times using Tek AMS.
	This license is delivered via email and is associated with either your PC or with an instrument when you install the license.
	This is the most flexible license and is recommended in applications where the license needs to be moved frequently.

The following SignalVu-PC application licenses are available and add functionality and value to your measurement solution.

Application license	License type	Description
SVANL-SVPC	NL	AM/FM/PM/Direct Audio analysis
SVAFL-SVPC	FL	
SVTNL-SVPC	NL	Settling Time (frequency and phase) measurements
SVTFL-SVPC	FL	
SVMNL-SVPC	NL	General-purpose digital modulation analysis
SVMFL-SVPC	FL	
SVPNL-SVPC	NL	Advanced pulse radar analysis
SVPFL-SVPC	FL	
SVONL-SVPC	NL	Flexible OFDM analysis
SVOFL-SVPC	FL	
SV23NL-SVPC	NL	WLAN 802.11a/b/g/j/p measurements
SV23FL-SVPC	FL	
SV24NL-SVPC	NL	WLAN 802.11n measurements (requires SV23)
SV24FL-SVPC	FL	
SV25NL-SVPC	NL	WLAN 802.11ac measurements (requires SV23 and SV24)
SV25FL-SVPC	FL	
SV26NL-SVPC	NL	APCO P25 measurements
SV26FL-SVPC	FL	
SV27NL-SVPC	NL	Bluetooth® 4.2 measurements
SV27FL-SVPC	FL	
SV31NL-SVPC	NL	Bluetooth® 5 measurements (requires SV27)
SV31FL-SVPC	FL	
MAPNL-SVPC	NL	Mapping
MAPFL-SVPC	FL	
SV54NL-SVPC	NL	Signal survey and classification
SV54FL-SVPC	FL	
SV56NL-SVPC	NL	Playback of recorded files
SV56FL-SVPC	FL	
SV60NL-SVPC	NL	Return loss, VSWR, cable loss, and distance to fault (requires option 04 on
SV60FL-SVPC	FL	RSA500A/600A)
CONNL-SVPC	NL	Live connection and base SignalVu-PC VSA measurements using the 5 or 6
CONFL-SVPC	FL	Series MSO or LPD64 (requires opt. SV-RFVT)
SV2CNL-SVPC	NL	Bundle of WLAN 802.11a/b/g/j/p/n/ac (SV23, SV24, and SV25) and live
SV2CFL-SVPC	FL	Connect (CON) to 5/6 Series B MSO or LPD64 (requires opt. SV-RFVT)
SV28NL-SVPC	NL	LTE Downlink RF measurements
SV28FL-SVPC	FL	

Application license	License type	Description
5GNRNL-SVPC	NL	5G NR Uplink/Downlink RF Power, Bandwidth, Demodulation, and Error Vector Magnitude Measurements ⁴
SVQPNL-SVPC	NL	EMI CISPR detectors
SVQPFL-SVPC	FL	
EMCVUNL-SVPC	NL	EMC pre-compliance and troubleshooting (includes EMI CISPR detectors)
EMCVUFL-SVPC	FL	
EDUFL-SVPC	FL	Education-only version with all SignalVu-PC modules except 5GNR

Tablet

The Panasonic FZ-G1 Toughbook tablet controller is recommended for use with the RSA306B for portable field applications. The Windows 10 version of the tablet is available for purchase from Panasonic at *https://na.panasonic.com/us/computers-tablets-handhelds/tablets/tablets/tablets/toughbook-g1* and other third party Web sites.

Standard accessories

174-6796-xx	USB 3.0 locking cable (1 M)
063-4543-xx	SignalVu-PC software, documentation, USB key
071-3323-xx	Printed safety/installation manual (English)

Warranties

RSA306B

3 years

⁴ The 5GNR license is available as a standalone item, not as an option to your hardware, therefore it is considered a post-purchase upgrade and not installed at the time of purchase of the instrument.

Service options for RSA306B

Opt. C3	Calibration Service 3 Years
Opt. C5	Calibration Service 5 Years
Opt. D1	Calibration Data Report
Opt. D3	Calibration Data Report 3 Years (with Opt. C3)
Opt. D5	Calibration Data Report 5 Years (with Opt. C5)
Opt. R3	Repair Service 3 Years (including warranty)
Opt. R5	Repair Service 5 Years (including warranty)

Recommended accessories

Cables	
174-6949-00	USB 3.0 locking cable, 0.5 m (half-length compared to USB cable shipped with the unit)
012-1738-00	Cable,50 Ohm, 40 Inch,Type-N(m) to Type-N(M)
012-0482-00	Cable, 50 Ω, BNC (m) 3 foot (91 cm)

Adapters	
103-0045-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N(m) to Type BNC(f)
013-0410-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N (f) to Type-N (f)
013-0411-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N (m) to Type-N (f)
013-0412-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm, Type-N(m) to Type-N(m)
013-0402-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N (m) to Type-N 7/16(m)
013-0404-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N(m) to Type-7/16 (f)
013-0403-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N(m) to Type DIN 9.5(m)
013-0405-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N(m) to Type-DIN 9.5(f)
013-0406-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N(m) to Type-SMA(f)
013-0407-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N(m) to Type-SMA(m)
013-0408-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N(m) to Type-TNC(f)
013-0409-00	Adapter, Coaxial, 50 Ohm Type-N(m) to Type-TNC(m)

Attenuators and 50/75 Ω pads

013-0422-00	Pad, 50/75 Ohm, Minimum Loss, Type-N(m) 50 Ohm to Type-BNC(f) 75 Ohm
013-0413-00	Pad, 50/75 Ohm, Minimum Loss, Type-N(m) 50 Ohm to Type-BNC(m) 75 Ohm
013-0415-00	Pad, 50/75 Ohm, Minimum Loss, Type-N(m) 50 Ohm to Type-F(m) 75 Ohm
015-0787-00	Pad, 50/75 Ohm, Minimum Loss, Type-N(m) 50 Ohm to Type-F(f) 75 Ohm
015-0788-00	Pad, 50/75 Ohm, Minimum Loss, Type-N(m) 50 Ohm to Type-N(f) 75 Ohm
011-0222-00	Attenuator, Fixed, 10 dB, 2 W, DC-8 GHz, Type-N(f) to Type-N(f)
011-0223-00	Attenuator, Fixed, 10 dB, 2 W, DC-8 GHz, Type-N(m) to Type-N(f)
011-0224-00	Attenuator, Fixed, 10 dB, 2 W, DC-8 GHz, Type-N(m) to Type-N(m)

011-0228-00	Attenuator, Fixed, 3 dB, 2 W, DC-18 GHz, Type-N(m) to Type-N(f)
011-0225-00	Attenuator, Fixed, 40 dB, 100 W, DC-3 GHz, Type-N(m) to Type-N(f)
011-0226-00	Attenuator, Fixed, 40 dB, 50 W, DC-8.5 GHz, Type-N(m) to Type-N(f)
Antennas	
119-6609-00	Flexible whip antenna, BNC-Male connector, PVC-coated, approximately 8 inches length. Center of sensitivity approximately 136 MHz, passband 5-1080 MHz
DF-A0047 ⁵	Directional Antenna, 20-8500 MHz, with electronic compass and preamp, available from www.alarisantennas.com
DF-A0047-01 ⁵	Frequency range extension for DF-A0047 directional antenna, 9 kHz-20 MHz, available only from www.alarisantennas.com
DF-A0047-C1 ⁵	Includes DF-A0047 antenna and DF-A0047-01 extension, available only from www.alarisantennas.com
016-2107-00 ⁵	Transit case for DF-A0047 and DF-A0047-01, comes standard with purchase of DF-A0047, separately available only from <i>www.alarisantennas.com</i>
119-6594-00	Yagi Antenna, 825-896 MHz, Forward Gain (over half-wave dipole): 10 dB
119-6595-00	Yagi Antenna, 895-960 MHz, Forward Gain (over half-wave dipole): 10 dB
119-6596-00	Yagi Antenna, 1710-1880 MHz, Forward Gain (over half-wave dipole): 10.2 dB
119-6597-00	Yagi Antenna, 1850-1990 MHz, Forward Gain (over half-wave dipole): 9.3 dB
119-6970-00	Magnetic mount antenna, 824 MHz to 2170 MHz (requires adapter 103-0449-00)
EMC accessories	
EMI-NF-PROBE	Near Field Probe set (Tekbox TBPS01)
Filters, probes, demonstration board	
119-7246-00	Pre-filter, general purpose, 824 MHz to 2500 MHz, Type-N (f) connector
119-7426-00	Pre-filter, general purpose, 2400 MHz to 6200 MHz, Type-N (f) connector
119-4146-00	EMCO E/H-field probes. N-BNC adapter (103-0045-00) and 3 foot BNC cable (012-0482-00) recommended for use with probe kit
E/H field probes, lower cost alternative	Available from Beehive www. http://beehive-electronics.com/
	(N-BNC adapter (103-0045-00) and 3 foot BNC cable (012-0482-00) recommended for use with probe kit)
011-0227-00	Bias-T, type N(m) RF, type N(f) RF+DC, BNC(f) Bias, 1 W, 0.5 A, 2.5 MHz-6 GHz



Tektronix is ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 9001:2015 certified by DEKRA.

 $^{^{5}\;}$ Not available in China, Japan, New Zealand, Australia, Korea, Russia, Belarus, Kazakhstan



Product(s) complies with IEEE Standard 488.1-1987, RS-232-C, and with Tektronix Standard Codes and Formats.

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