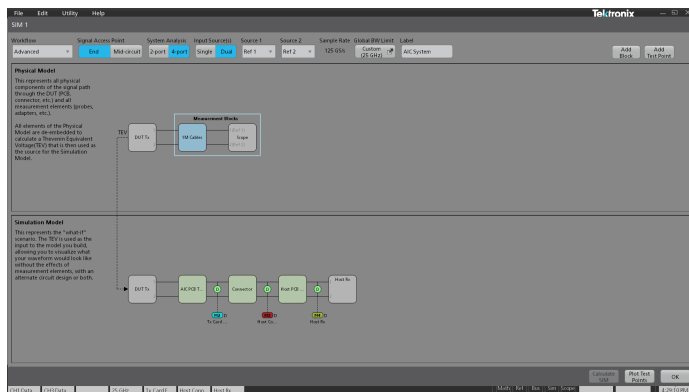


Signal Integrity Modeling - SIM and SIMA

5 Series B MSO, 6 Series B MSO, and 7 Series DPO



Key performance specification

SIM sets a new standard for signal integrity modeling and analysis—combining unmatched flexibility with a modern, intuitive user experience.

Define as many simulations as you like, shift reference planes, and explore complex signal paths with ease—all directly from your oscilloscope.

SIM Base (SIM) provides precise de-embedding and embedding of the signal path components to enhance the measurement accuracy, reveal true DUT signal behavior, and design systems that perform reliably in their intended environment. With it, you can move measurement reference planes using virtual test points, rapidly simulate signal path changes, and compensate for the frequency response of cables, probes, and test fixturing, addressing the needs of a wide range of high-speed serial, RF, and power electronics tests.

SIM Advanced (SIMA) includes all the capabilities of SIM, plus advanced equalization tools to address the most challenging high-speed design scenarios. Apply standard-based or custom receiver equalization, including Continuous Time Linear Equalization (CTLE), Feed Forward Equalization (FFE), and Decision Feedback Equalization (DFE), to emulate receiver behavior and open eye diagrams. Automatically evaluate CTLE presets to identify the best-performing setting and accelerate receiver margin analysis. Apply transmitter equalization, including pre-emphasis and de-emphasis, to model the signal conditioning applied at the source and evaluate its impact across the full transmission path. These techniques enable deeper insight into system performance and help ensure compliance with today's high-speed interface standards.

Unlike legacy tools that restrict you to just one or two simulations at a time, SIM enables side-by-side comparisons of numerous circuit configurations—unlocking faster, and deeper insight in complex 'what-if' modeling scenarios.

Built on the foundation of Tektronix' trusted SDLA software, SIM introduces major backend enhancements and a fully modernized interface. Seamlessly integrated into the oscilloscope, it accelerates setup with simplified workflows, touch-optimized controls, and built-in automation—reducing complexity and delivering reliable results quickly for both new and experienced users.

Key features

- Physical Model de-embed environment – multi-block
- Simulation Model embed environment – multi-block
- Virtual test points to view signals at impractical probe locations
- Simplified workflows for faster setup
- Interactive time- and frequency-domain plots with zoom and pan for blocks and test points
- Touch-optimized controls – click and drag blocks and test points
- Save and export filter file results for use with Tektronix automated compliance software and third-party software applications
- Scalable support for numerous simulations and test points
- S-parameter transformations and comparisons for rapid validation
- Standard-based and custom receiver equalization - CTLE, FFE, and DFE (requires SIMA)
- Rx EQ Optimizer automatically identifies the best-performing CTLE preset (requires SIMA)
- Transmitter equalization – pre-/de-emphasis, 3-tap FFE, and FIR filter file support (requires SIMA)
- Automatic Tektronix oscilloscope and probe modeling

Applications

- De-embed the effects of cables, fixtures, and probes for system validation
- Simulate the removal of impedance mismatches and explore a range of signal path scenarios to evaluate their impact
- Evaluate signal behavior at various locations along fast or frequency-sensitive signal paths
- Analyze signals in compact IC designs where physical probing is limited by small footprints and dense layouts
- Embed simulation models to evaluate hypothetical or future design scenarios

- Simulate diverse interconnect conditions to evaluate margin, explore design trade-offs, and identify failing scenarios before hardware is built
- Verify channel behavior through time- and frequency-domain plots of S-parameters
- Optimize receiver equalization (DFE, FFE, and CTLE) to improve eye openings and meet compliance margins (requires option SIMA)
- Simulate transmitter equalization (pre-/de-emphasis) to optimize performance and reduce hardware iterations (requires option SIMA)
- Correlate real-world measurements with simulation results to validate channel models and build confidence in compliance readiness
- Evaluate signal integrity and generate filters to validate multi-gigabit standards such as USB, PCIe, MIPI, Ethernet, and DDR

Signal Integrity Modeling overview

Modern designs from multi-gigabit serial links to RF modules and sensitive power electronics — all face the same challenge: measurement and interconnect impairments that obscure the true performance of the device. Cables, probes, fixtures, and channel elements introduce reflections, loss, and delay that can dominate over the DUT's actual behavior. This creates two traps in validation: false failures, where the device appears broken but the issue is the measurement path, and false confidence, where the device looks fine in the lab but collapses in the real system. Addressing these impairments is essential for accurate measurement, meaningful simulation, and reliable system validation.

The rapid increase in signaling speeds and the continued miniaturization of device geometries create significant challenges for next-generation multi-gigabit systems. As form factors shrink and layouts become denser, engineers are often forced to probe signals from non-ideal locations—such as connectors, vias, or other exposed nodes—where impedance discontinuities introduce reflections, loss, and signal distortion. In high-speed designs like DDR or high-density PCBs, these probing limitations can significantly degrade measurement accuracy.

SIM addresses these challenges by enabling precise de-embedding of the measurement circuit—including probes, fixtures, and cables—while accurately accounting for source and load impedances at the transmitter and receiver. You can model and

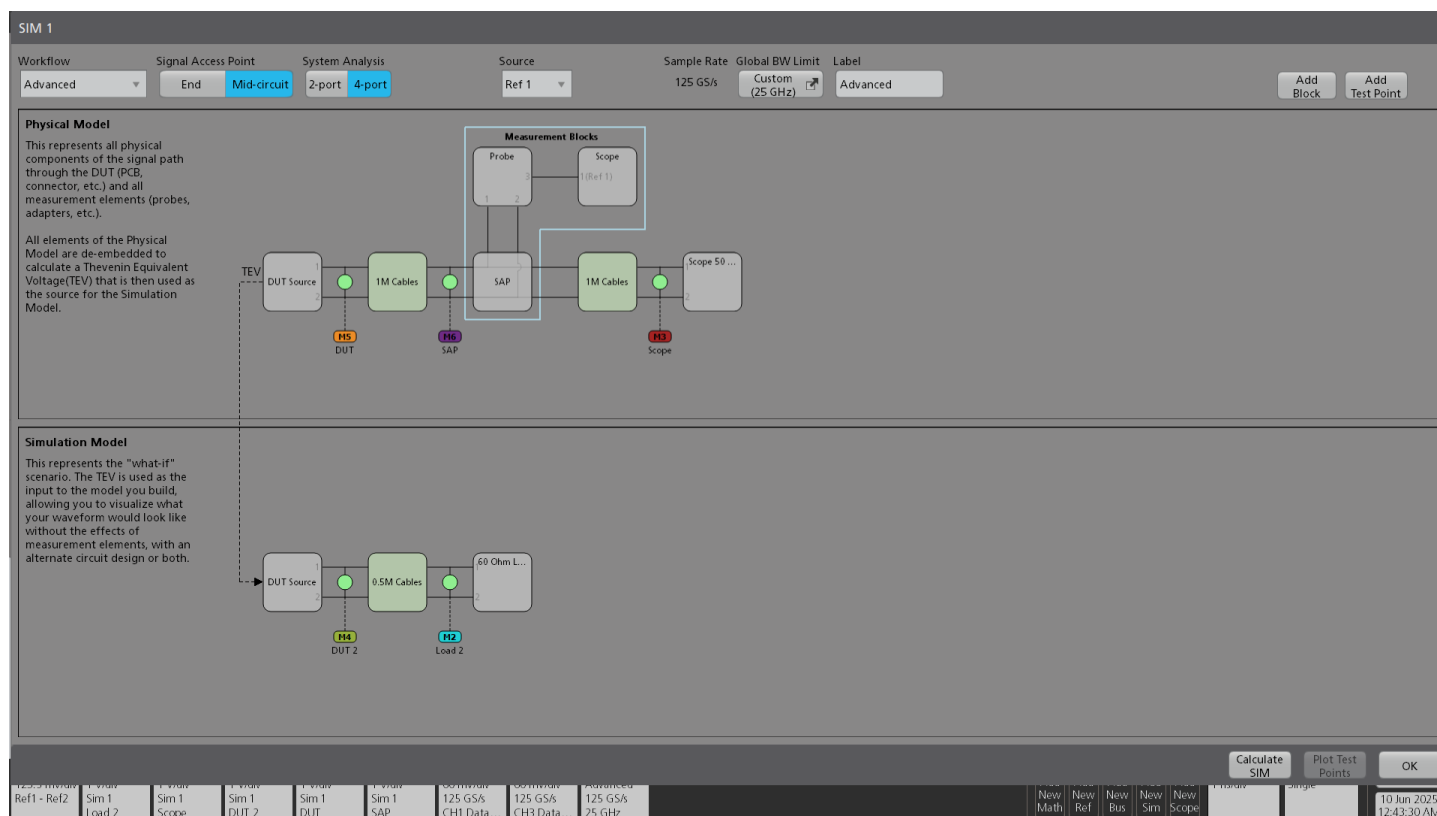
remove these effects using S-parameters or custom circuit blocks, recovering the original waveform at the desired reference plane. This level of correction improves the measurement fidelity and can be the difference between passing and failing compliance tests.

Once the measurement circuit is de-embedded, engineers can explore “what-if” scenarios by embedding a simulation circuit. This may range from a simple 50 Ω termination for transmitter characterization, to a worst-case cable added at the end of a signal path, to a complete backplane or interconnect modeled using S-parameters. These simulations provide valuable insight into system behavior under real-world conditions – helping teams validate design robustness and avoid costly hardware iterations.

Designers increasingly rely on the advanced equalization techniques to compensate for loss and distortion in high-speed channels. In many cases, channel loss can cause eye diagrams to close, masking the true performance of the system. SIMA helps overcome this by providing receiver equalization tools including CTLE, FFE, and DFE, with both custom and standard-based configurations for common high-speed serial interfaces. An integrated Rx EQ Optimizer automatically evaluates available CTLE responses to identify the best-performing option, reducing manual iteration and accelerating receiver margin analysis.

Finally, as transmitter waveforms evolve beyond simple NRZ signaling—toward higher-order schemes and tighter margins—evaluating the impact of transmitter equalization becomes critical. SIMA enables you to apply transmitter equalization to simulate real-world behavior and optimize system performance across challenging channels.

SIM for the 5, 6, and 7 Series Oscilloscopes provides a modern, oscilloscope-integrated signal integrity modeling environment. Engineers can de-embed measurement artifacts, embed realistic system elements, and apply advanced equalization. Whether validating digital interfaces such as DDR, PCIe, and Ethernet, or modeling RF, high-speed analog, or fast-switching power electronic systems, SIM delivers the capability needed to reveal true signal behavior and avoid costly hardware re-spins.



SIM user interface allows you to cleanly remove present effects, simulate future scenarios, and confidently optimize system performance.

Enhanced usability and simplified workflows

Integrated seamlessly within the TekScope oscilloscope firmware, SIM allows you to quickly visualize the changes to the signal path using both a physical and simulation model. It provides a top-level view that shows all measurement blocks and test points.

The Physical Model represents real-world in-circuit measurement blocks to be *de-embedded*—such as probes, cables, and fixtures—while the Simulation Model enables “what-if” exploration, showing how the waveform would look when *embedded* with an alternate circuit, without measurement effects, or both.

The dual-model approach separates real-world measurement effects from hypothetical circuit changes, making it easier to cleanly remove present effects, simulate future scenarios, and confidently optimize system performance.

SIM introduces simplified workflows designed to ease setup for common use cases while supporting more complex modeling when required. Each workflow allows users to focus directly on the task at hand—de-embed, embed, or receiver equalization with SIMA—without requiring a fully defined circuit model. The result is faster setup, easier onboarding, and reduced effort for straightforward tasks, with clearer, more actionable error reporting

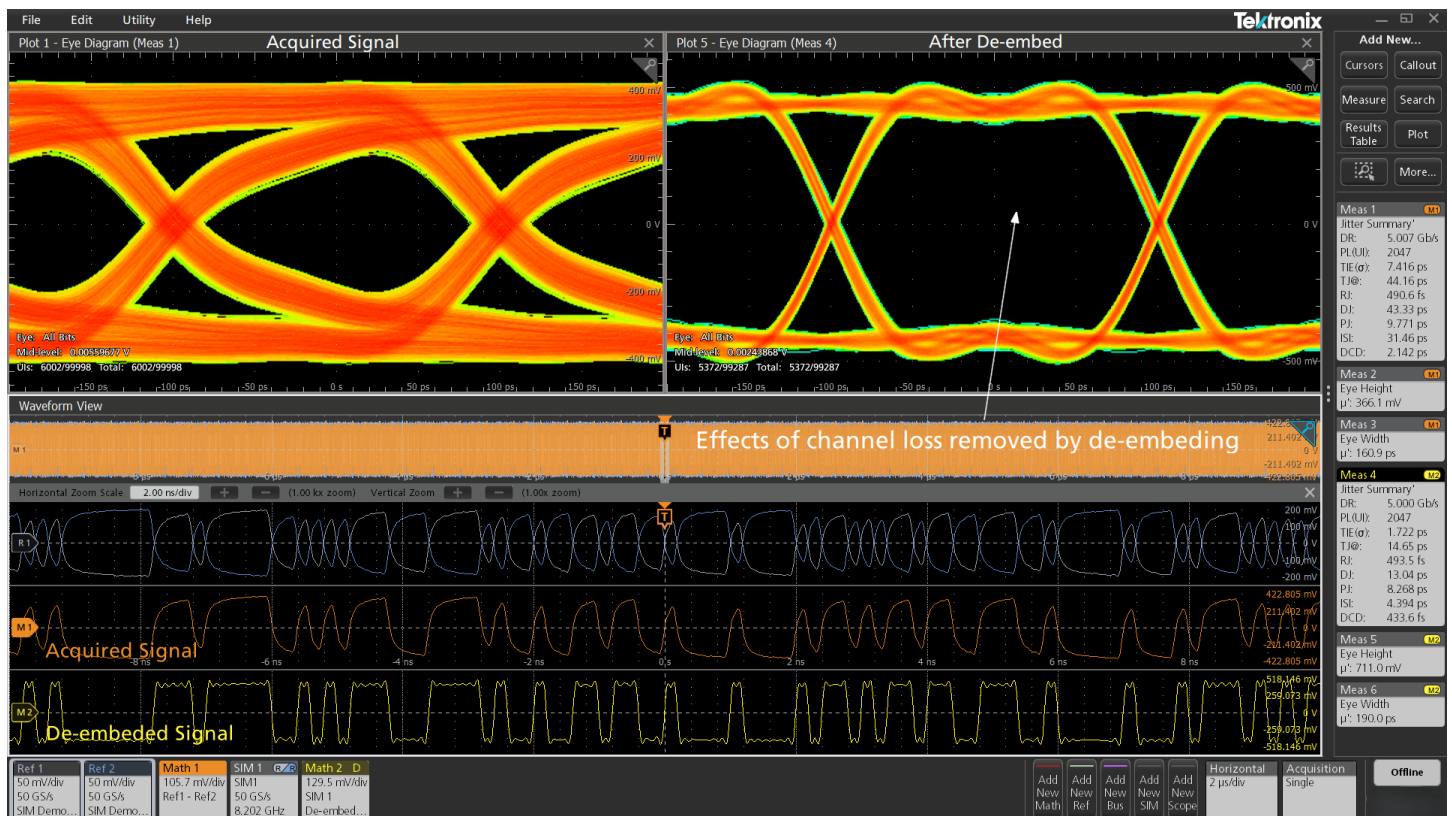
to accelerate troubleshooting when configuration issues occur. For more demanding scenarios, the Advanced workflow enables combinations of methods within a single simulation. Workflows available include:

- Simple De-embed
- Simple Embed
- Rx Equalization (only available with option SIMA)
- Advanced (for comprehensive modeling)

On Windows-based instruments, the SIM window can be moved independently from the main TekScope application, enabling SIM controls and plot views to be displayed on a second monitor for greater workspace flexibility.

De-embedding the measurement circuit

SIM enables the complete removal of insertion loss, reflections, and cross coupling introduced by the measurement circuit—while accounting for the actual source and load conditions of the system under test. Within SIM's Physical Model, you can define up to eight blocks representing the measurement circuit to de-embed, such as fixtures, cables, probes, and the oscilloscope itself.



Before and after de-embedding: measurement artifacts removed, resulting in a cleaner waveform and eye diagram.

The entire system may be configured for either 2-port or 4-port analysis.

Generic blocks can be described as one of the following:

- Thru
- S-parameters
- RLC Network
- Transmission Line
- Transfer Function
- FIR
- Shunt
- High-Z Probe

Supported S-parameter file types for generic blocks include 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, and 16-port single-ended formats.

Valid input sources may include any channel, math waveform, reference waveform, or "None" for offline analysis.

S-parameter transformation and comparison

SIM includes built-in tool for transforming S-parameter files to match analysis needs. SIM allows you to flexibly map S-parameter ports to the appropriate locations in the system model. SIM automatically changes the reference impedance to 50 ohms,

adjust frequency spacing, and extend the frequency range down to DC through intelligent extrapolation. To ensure confidence in the results, the software enables direct comparison between the original and converted S-parameters using overlaid plot views, making it easy to validate the impact of each transformation before applying the data to your model.

Bandwidth limit control

When de-embedding, it is critical to pay close attention to the signal to noise ratio at higher frequencies. While SIM can automatically determine the bandwidth limit for the de-embed filter, it is often necessary to fine tune the filter. For this reason, SIM provides the ability to set the bandwidth of the source signal, the filter stopband, and attenuation in dB.

Probe and oscilloscope blocks

SIM supports probe and oscilloscope de-embedding through user-supplied S-parameter files, with an ideal probe option for cases where de-embedding is not required. This approach provides accurate modeling of the measurement path while keeping setup simple.



Tektronix 7 Series DPO oscilloscope and P7700 Series TriMode probe.

Automatic Instrument and Probe Modeling

SIM provides automatic oscilloscope and probe S-parameter modeling within the Advanced workflow. For supported instruments and probes, the scope firmware automatically manages and supplies the appropriate S-parameter files and probe configuration data.

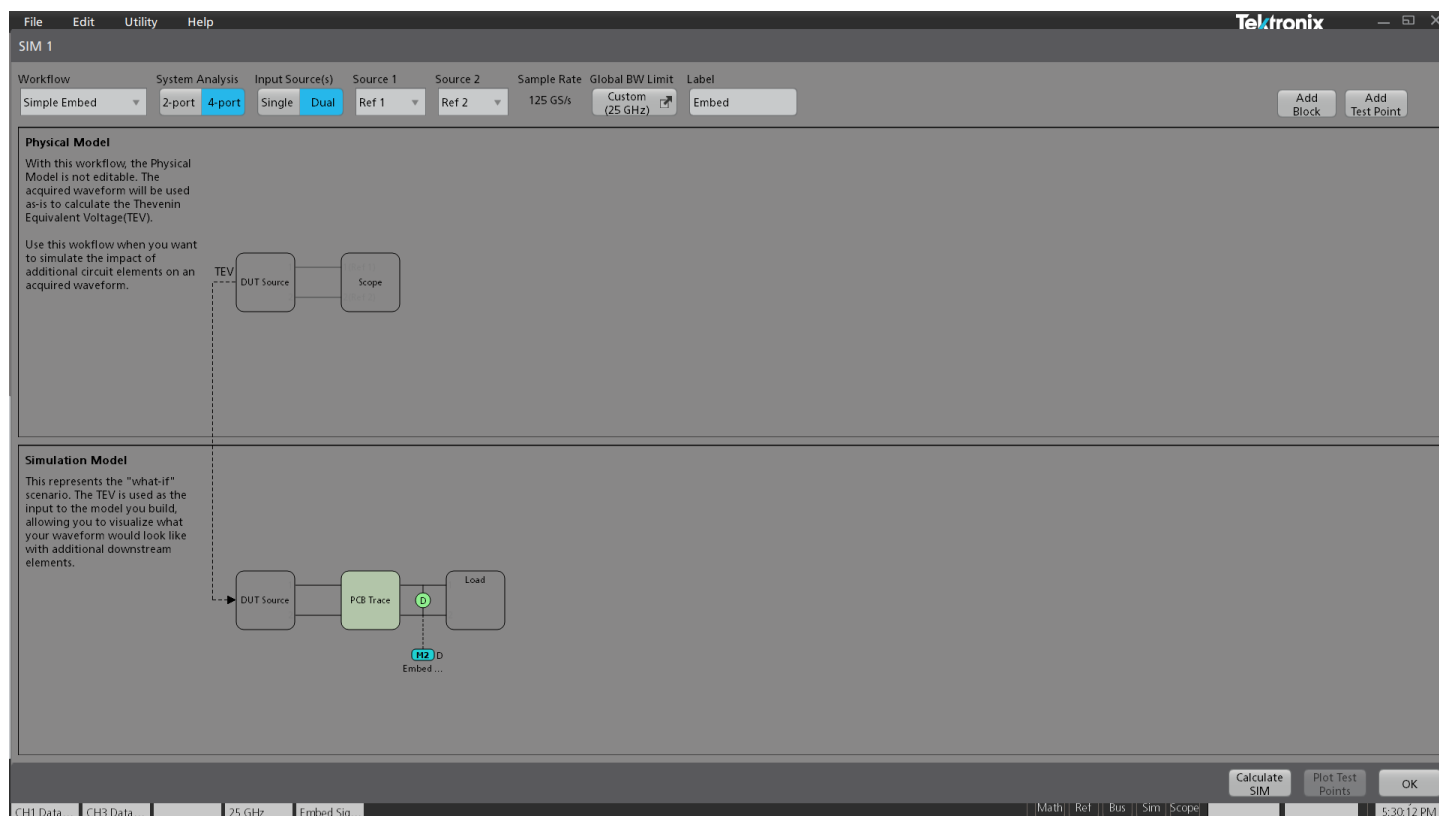
Supported configurations include:

- 7 Series DPO: P7700 and P7600 Series TriMode probes
- 6 Series B MSO: TDP7700 Series TriMode probes

This eliminates manual probe file selection, reduces setup time, and minimizes configuration errors by ensuring SIM always accesses the correct instrument and probe data.

Embedding the simulation circuit

View the signal as it would behave in the real-world system—across various scenarios and free from measurement artifacts. The Simulation Model can be defined to visualize your waveform with additional downstream elements embedded.



Simple Embed of a PCB Trace and Ideal Load to simulate various circuit behaviors.

This is easily done in SIM by first defining the Physical Model to de-embed the measurement setup, removing any measurement artifacts, followed by specifying the transmitter (or DUT Source) output impedance. This can be set as a nominal value, two 1-port S-parameter files, or a single 2-port file. The Embed path can then be configured to represent a simple load or a series of cascaded blocks, such as transmission lines and connectors. Like the De-Embed path, the Embed path supports up to eight cascaded blocks.

Complete visibility via virtual test points

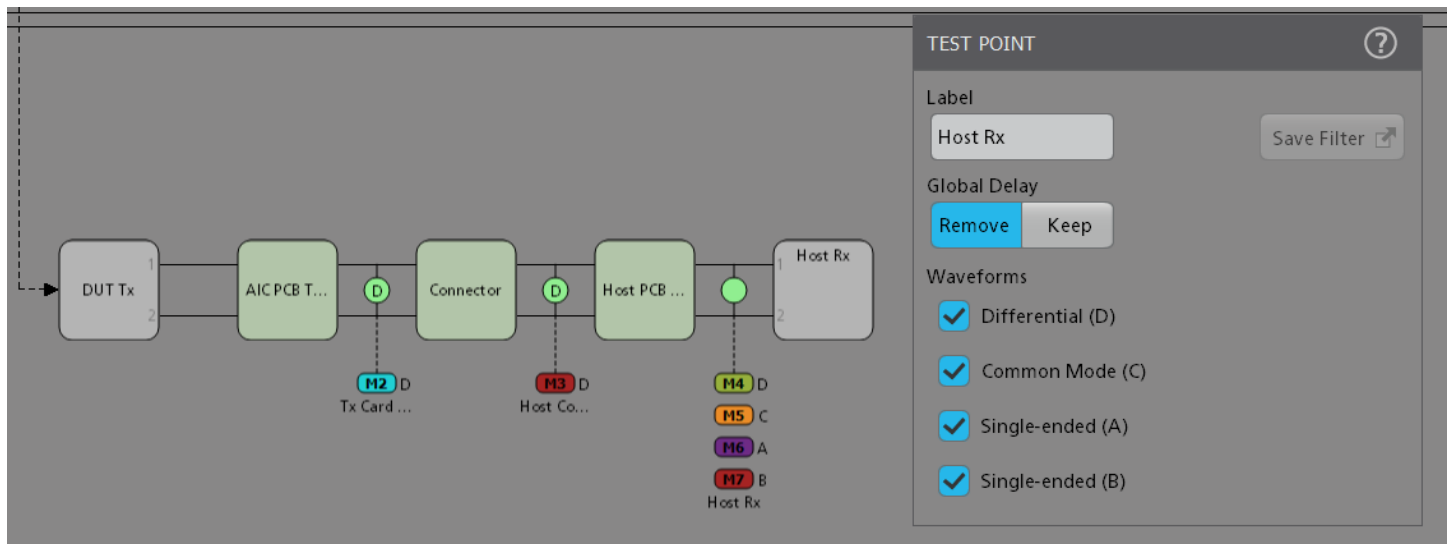
Test Points provide insight into signal behavior along complex or inaccessible paths—like compact connectors or embedded traces—by applying FIR-based filtering at virtual circuit locations. Each Test Point generates a dedicated math waveform for easy comparison and analysis.

Within SIM, nearly an unlimited number of test points are available, allowing the maximum flexibility to simulate probing the signal at any point within the system.

Seamlessly manage multiple test points and retain the measurement setups when adjusting locations. You can drag a test point around in the model while keeping already-defined downstream analysis such as jitter measurements, spectrums, eye diagram, etc., significantly enhancing efficiency and prevents measurement error.

Test Points in the de-embed path show the signal with all the loading that is included in the measurement circuit, allowing visibility of the signal with the effects of loading from cables and probes. To visualize the signal without the effects of the measurement circuit, any of the test points along the simulation circuit can be observed.

When computing the test points, SIM automatically removes the delay, so the embedded or de-embedded waveforms are time-aligned. Alternatively, the delay can be preserved by selecting the "Keep Global Delay" option in the Test Point Menu.



Test Points allow you to view various aspects of the circuit and outputs a dedicated math waveform for analysis.

When using SIM Dual Input mode, each leg of the signal is processed independently through the network. In Dual Input mode, the common mode, differential, or individual inputs of the signal can be viewed simultaneously. The effects of reflections, transmission lines, and crosstalk are considered by using all the S-parameter terms throughout the system to build the test point transfer functions.

In addition to supporting all oscilloscope analysis on math waveforms, SIM works seamlessly with Advanced Jitter and Eye Diagram software (option DJA) to measure jitter and timing properties at multiple test points simultaneously—enabling rapid comparison and validation of signal behavior.

Computed filters at each test point, as well as the Global Bandwidth Filter, can be saved and exported in .flt file format for use with Tektronix automated compliance software and third-party analysis tools, enabling consistent reuse across measurement, simulation, and compliance environments.

Applying equalization (requires SIM Advanced)

At high data rates, signal degradation from loss and interference can close the eye diagram, making analysis difficult. Equalization restores signal clarity, enabling accurate jitter, noise, and standard compliance testing—just as a real receiver would.

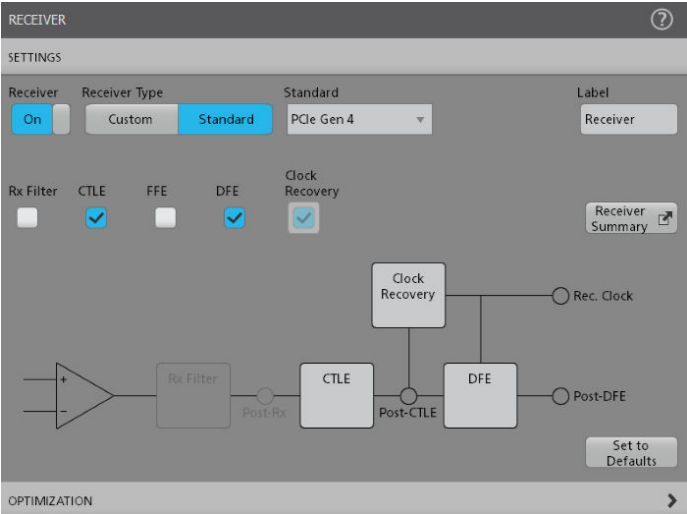
Unlike de-embedding, which statically removes known measurement path effects, equalization dynamically compensates for frequency-dependent distortions and adapts to changing channel conditions. Transmitter-side equalization shapes the signal before transmission, while receiver-side equalization recovers signal integrity at the far end. Equalization is required for standards such as USB 3.0, PCIe, DDR5, and high-speed Ethernet.

SIM Advanced provides a robust suite of transmitter and receiver equalization tools. Apply transmitter equalization using pre-emphasis, de-emphasis, 3-tap FFE, or FIR filter files to model signal conditioning at the source and evaluate its impact across the transmission path. Configure receiver equalization using CTLE, FFE, and DFE for compliance testing, margin analysis, and debug—even when physical access to the receiver is not possible.

Standard-based Rx EQ simplifies setup by providing pre-defined receiver equalization configurations for PCIe Gen 3/4, DisplayPort 1.4/2.1, eDP 1.4, Thunderbolt 2/3, and USB 3.1, reducing manual configuration and helping ensure consistent settings for standard-based analysis.

An integrated Rx EQ Optimizer automatically evaluates available CTLE responses to identify the best-performing option, reducing manual iteration and accelerating receiver margin analysis. Optimization can be applied to supported standard-based receiver configurations or to custom receiver models by importing multiple CTLE presets from a JSON file.

Signal Integrity Modeling - SIM and SIMA 5 Series B MSO, 6 Series B MSO, and 7 Series DPO



Available with SIMA: Select standard-based or custom receiver equalization, including Rx filter, CTLE, FFE, DFE, and clock recovery, and analyze signal behavior at every stage.

RECEIVER OPTIMIZATION					
Optimize					
CTLE Preset	DFE Tap1	DFE Tap2	Eye Height	Eye Width	Eye Area
-6 dB	6.446 mV	-9.16 mV	97.98 mV	608.6 mUI	59.64 m
-7 dB	4.85 mV	-11.03 mV	97.81 mV	597.4 mUI	58.43 m
-8 dB	3.358 mV	-12.06 mV	94.57 mV	585.3 mUI	55.34 m
-9 dB	1.045 mV	-13.95 mV	90 mV	562.5 mUI	50.63 m
-10 dB	-681.9 μ V	-15.24 mV	84.88 mV	542.3 mUI	46.03 m
-11 dB	-1.427 mV	-16.43 mV	80.61 mV	522 mUI	42.08 m
-12 dB	-2.907 mV	-17.27 mV	76.26 mV	506.6 mUI	38.64 m

Save Results

Rx EQ Optimizer results showing CTLE presets ranked by eye height, eye width, and eye area.

Comprehensive plotting of blocks and test points

SIM makes it easy to move from component-level views—such as S-parameters or impedance—to system-level views of overall signal behavior. By analyzing both blocks and Test Points in the time and frequency domains, SIM provides the visualization needed for deeper insight, validation, and debugging.

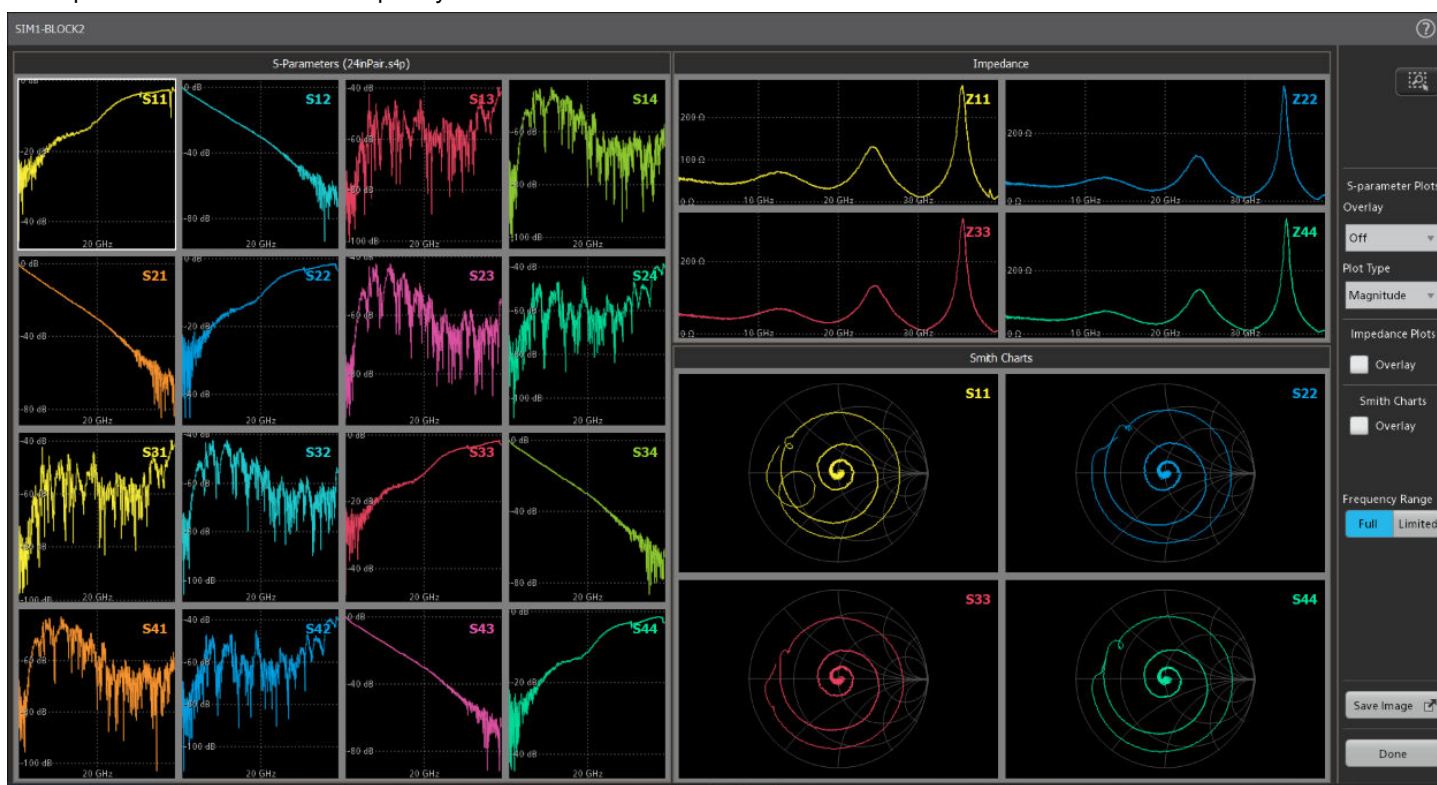
Plot types include:

- Magnitude vs. frequency
- Phase vs. frequency
- Impedance as a function of frequency

- Smith Chart
- Step Response
- Impulse Response

Extensive overlay capabilities enable comparison of component S-parameters and overall system behavior.

Interactively zoom and pan S-parameter and test point plots to examine areas of interest and rapidly investigate signal behavior. Specify the frequency range of interest, maximize individual plots for clarity, and export results as PNG, BMP, or JPG files for inclusion in test reports or sharing with colleagues.



Gain deep visibility into every block to rapidly validate component behavior and ensure accurate modeling.

Specifications

Dut Source (transmitter) impedance

Nominal, two 1-port, or 2-port Touchstone S-parameter matrix, with selectable port assignments.

DUT Source (transmitter) equalization

Supports pre-emphasis, de-emphasis, and 3-tap FFE with configurable symbol rate, as well as FIR filter file-based equalization.

Receiver impedance

Nominal, two 1-port, or 2-port Touchstone S-parameter matrix, with selectable port assignments.

Receiver equalization

Includes CTLE (adjustable DC gain with up to 8 poles and 8 zeros), FFE (up to 100 taps with selectable reference tap and configurable taps per UI), and DFE (up to 40 taps with configurable tap limits and tap resolution). CTLE parameters and FFE/DFE tap weights can be manually configured or imported/exported via .JSON file.

Standard-based receiver equalization

Pre-defined receiver equalization configurations for PCIe Gen 3/4, DisplayPort 1.4/2.1, eDP 1.4, Thunderbolt 2/3, and USB 3.1.

Receiver equalization tap adaptation

Supports adaptive tap computation using MMSE (FFE/DFE) or peak-to-peak (Pk-Pk) criteria (DFE). Manual tap configuration is also supported.

Receiver equalization optimization

Automatically evaluates CTLE presets and identifies the best-performing preset based on selectable eye height, eye width, or eye area criteria. Supports optimization of standard-based CTLE presets and custom presets imported via JSON file.

De-embed path

Up to eight cascaded blocks consisting of 1-port, 2-port, or 4-port Touchstone S-parameter matrix* (4-port matrix extraction for 6-port, 8-port, 12- port, and 16-port models), with selectable port assignments, single-ended or differential (4-port); a custom FIR filter of 12000 taps max, RLC model, or lossless transmission line, transfer function, shunt, or High-Z probe.

Embed path

Up to eight cascaded blocks consisting of 1-port, 2-port, or 4-port Touchstone S-parameter matrix* (4-port matrix extraction for 6-port, 8-port, 12- port, and 16-port models), with selectable port assignments, single-ended or differential (4-port); a custom FIR filter of 12000 taps max, RLC model, or lossless transmission line.

Waveform record length

30 MS typical, less if high number of waveforms or measurement is active simultaneously. DFE waveform is limited to 10 MS (Real-Time only).

Clock recovery

1st- or 2nd-order PLL. Variable loop bandwidth, damping ratio for 2nd-order PLL and clock delay for use with DFE (Real-Time only).

Touchstone S-parameter matrix format

Touchstone 1.0 S-parameter matrix format supports both linear and non-uniform frequency spacing. An internal re-sampling function converts non-uniform data to linear spacing. Mixed-mode S-parameters can be included in the Touchstone 1.0 file in various port orderings and are correctly interpreted by SIM.

Rx filter

Includes a 4th-order Bessel-Thomson receiver filter with user-configurable bandwidth.

Ordering information

Description	Product Series	License Type	Option
Signal Integrity Modeling – Base; includes de-embedding, embedding, and core modeling tools (mutually exclusive with SIMA and SIM-UP)	5 Series B MSO	Node-Locked	5-SIM
	6 Series B MSO		6-SIM
	7 Series DPO		7-SIM
Signal Integrity Modeling – Advanced; includes de-embedding, embedding, Tx/Rx equalization modeling (pre-emphasis, de-emphasis, CTLE, FFE, DFE), and clock data recovery (CDR) (mutually exclusive with SIM and SIM UP)	5 Series B MSO	Node-Locked	5-SIMA
	6 Series B MSO		6-SIMA
	7 Series DPO		7-SIMA

Upgrade to existing instrument

Description	Product Series	License Type	Option
Signal Integrity Modeling – Base; includes de-embedding, embedding, and core modeling tools (mutually exclusive with SIMA and SIM-UP)	5 Series B MSO	Node-Locked	SUP5-SIM
		Floating	SUP5-SIM-FL
	6 Series B MSO	Node-Locked	SUP6-SIM
		Floating	SUP6-SIM-FL
	7 Series DPO	Node-Locked	7-SIM
		Floating	7-SIM-FL
Signal Integrity Modeling – Advanced; includes de-embedding, embedding, Tx/Rx equalization modeling (pre-emphasis, de-emphasis, CTLE, FFE, DFE), and clock data recovery (CDR) (mutually exclusive with SIM and SIM-UP)	5 Series B MSO	Node-Locked	SUP5-SIMA
		Floating	SUP5-SIMA-FL
	6 Series B MSO	Node-Locked	SUP6-SIMA
		Floating	SUP6-SIMA-FL
	7 Series DPO	Node-Locked	7-SIMA
		Floating	7-SIMA-FL

Upgrade existing instrument from SIM Base to SIM Advanced

Description	Product Series	License Type	Option
Signal Integrity Modeling – Upgrade License from SIM to SIMA to Enable Equalization and CDR (requires existing SIM license and mutually exclusive with SIM and SIMA)	5 Series B MSO	Node-Locked	SUP5-SIM-UP
		Floating	SUP5-SIM-UP-FL
	6 Series B MSO	Node-Locked	SUP6-SIM-UP
		Floating	SUP6-SIM-UP-FL
	7 Series DPO	Node-Locked	7-SIM-UP
		Floating	7-SIM-UP-FL

Option software is part of the instrument firmware. Always download and install the latest version of the firmware. User documentation for options is part of the oscilloscope documents.

Recommended software

DJA

Advanced Jitter and Eye Diagram Analysis option

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