Technical Reference

Tektronix

DPOJET Opt. PCE PCI Express® Measurements & Setup Library Methods of Implementation (MOI) for Verification, Debug and Characterization

077-0267-00

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1 Introduction to the DPOJET PCI Express Setup Library¹

This document provides the procedures for making PCI Express measurements with Tektronix DPO/DSA70000 Series Oscilloscopes with DPOJET (Jitter and Eye Analysis Tools) and probing solutions.

DPOJET and its PCI Express Setup Library provide transmitter path measurements (amplitude, timing, and jitter), waveform mask, and limits testing described in multiple variants of the PCI Express specifications.

Test Methods	Spec Revision	PCI Express Specification Title	Test Points Defined
Rev1.1	Rev 1.1	Base Specification	Transmitter & Receiver
			(Section 4.3)
	Rev 1.1	CEM Specification	System and Add-In Card
			(Section 4.7)
			Reference Clock (Section 2.1)
	Rev 1.0	Express Module Specification	Transmitter Path and System Board (Section 5.4)
	Rev 1.0	PCMCIA Express Card Standard	Host System Transmitter
			Express Card Transmitter
			(Section 4.2.1.2)
Rev2.0	Rev 1.0	External Cabling Specification	Transmitter and Receiver Path (Section 3.3)
	Rev 2.0	Base Specification	Transmitter & Receiver
			(Section 4.4)
			Mobile Low Power Transmitter (Section 4.4)
	Rev 2.0	CEM Specification	System and Add-In Card (3.5 & 6dB DeEmphasis)
			(Section 4.7)
Rev3.0	Rev 0.5	Base Specification	Transmitter
			(Section 4.1.2)

Table 1 – Supported Specifications in the DPOJET Setup Library

Refer to <u>http://www.pcisig.com/specifications/pciexpress/</u> for the latest specifications.

¹ **Disclaimer:** The tests provided in DPOJET (which are described in this document) do not guarantee PCI Express compliance. The test results should be considered "Pre-Compliance". Official PCI Express compliance and PCI-SIG Integrator List qualification is governed by the PCI-SIG (Special Interest Group) and can be achieved only through official PCI-SIG sanctioned testing.

In this document, for all references to the PCI Express Base Specifications and Card Electrical Mechanical (CEM) specifications, refer to all versions of the Spec. (Rev 1.1, 2.0, and 3.0). Differences between the specifications are specifically called out when appropriate.

In the subsequent sections, step-by-step procedures are described to help you perform PCI Express measurements. Each measurement is described as a Method of Implementation (MOI). For further reference, consult the Compliance checklists and tools offered to PCI-SIG members at <u>www.pcisig.com</u>.

2 PCI Express Specifications

As shown in Table 1, Electrical Specifications for PCI Express are provided in multiple documents. This section provides a summary of the measurement parameters measured in the DPOJET Setup Library module and how they are related to the symbol and test limits in the specification.

2.1 Differential Transmitter (TX) Output Specifications

The following table shows the available measurements in the PCE Module and their test limits defined in each of the Base Specifications.

				Specification	
Parameter	Symbol(s)	DPOJET Measurement	2.5GT/s Rev1.1/Rev2.0	5.0 GT/s Rev2.0	8.0 GT/s Rev3.0
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	1 st Order PLL Fc: 1MHz <i>Emulates 1st</i> Order filter at 1.5MHz with 75% edge density of <i>Compliance</i> Pattern	2 nd Order PLL CDR w/ .707 Damping Fc: 1.0MHz - And - 3 rd Order LPF Fc: 1.5MHz Emulates Step Function Filter at 1.5MHz	1 st Order PLL Fc: 10MHz Assumes Scrambled Compliance Pattern with 50% Edge Density
Unit interval	UI	PCIe UI (min/max) SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz	399.98 (min) 400.12 (max)	199.94 (min) 200.06 (max)	124.9625 (min) 125.0375 (max)
Differential p-p TX voltage swing	V _{TX-DIFFp-p} V _{TX-SWING} V _{TX-EYE-FULL}	PCle T-Tx-Diff-PP Eye Height	0.8 V (min) 1.2 V (max)	0.8 V (min) 1.2 V (max)	TBD 1.2 V (max)
Low power differential p-p TX voltage swing	Vtx-swing-low Vtx-eye-half	PCle T-Tx-Diff-PP Eye Height	Not Specified	0.4 V (min) 0.7 V (max)	0.1 V (min) 0.8 V (max)
De-emphasized output voltage ratio	V _{TX-DE-RATIO}	PCIe T/nT Ratio	-3.0 dB (min) -4.0 dB (max)	-5.5 dB (min) -6.5 dB (max) or -3.0 dB (min) -4.0 dB (max)	Not Specified

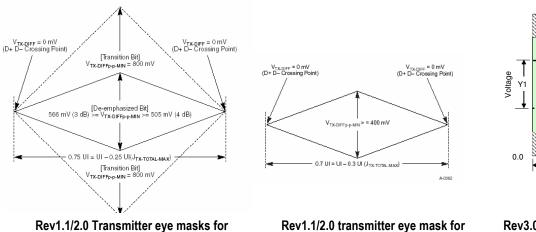
Table 2- Supported Base Specification transmitter measurements

			Specification			
Parameter	Symbol(s)	DPOJET Measurement	2.5GT/s Rev1.1/Rev2.0	5.0 GT/s Rev2.0	8.0 GT/s Rev3.0	
Instantaneous lane	Tmin-pulse	PCIe Tmin-Pulse	Not Specified	0.9UI (min)	Not Specified	
pulse width				150 ps (min)		
Transmitter eye	T_{TX-EYE}	For Rev1.1: Eye Width	.75 UI (min)	.75 UI (min)	TBD	
including all jitter sources	tтх-еүе_тj	For Rev2/3: PCIe T-TXA	300 ps (min)	150 ps (min)		
Maximum time between the jitter median and maximum deviation from the median	T _{TX-EYEMEDIAN-to-} MAXJITTER	PCIe Med-Mx Jitter	.125 UI (min/max)	Not Specified	Not Specified	
Deterministic jitter	T _{TX-DJ-DD}	DJ–δδ	Not Specified	0.15 UI (max)	TBD	
				30 ps (max)		
Tx RMS jitter < 1.5MHz	Ttx-lf-rms	TIE1 Jitter w/ 3 rd Order LPF Fc: 1.5 MHz Std. Deviation	Not Specified	3.0 ps (max)	Not Specified	
D+/D- TX output rise/fall	$T_{TX-RISE}$	PCIe T-Tx-Rise	0.125 UI (min)	0.15 UI (min)	Not Specified	
Time ²	$T_{TX-FALL}$	PCle T-Tx-Fall	50 ps (min)	30 ps (min)		
Tx rise/fall mismatch	TRF-MISMATCH	PCle T-RF-Mismch	Not Specified	0.1 UI (max)	Not Specified	
AC common mode	V _{TX-CM-AC-PP}	Common Mode	Not Specified	100 mV (max)	100 mV (max)	
output voltage		Pk-Pk				
AC common mode	VTX-CM-AC-P	Common Mode	20mV RMS	Not Specified	20mV RMS	
output voltage		Rev1.1 : StdDev	(max)		(max)	
Absolute delta of DC	V _{TX-CM-DC-LINE-DELTA}	Common Mode	0 V (min)	0 V (min)	0 V (min)	
common mode voltage between D+ and D-		Mean	25 mV (max)	25 mV (max)	25 mV (max)	

 $^{^{2}}$ Rise/Fall time measurements in DPOJET are compliant to the Rev1.0a and Rev1.1 specification. For Gen2, rise and fall time is limited to TF2 and TR2 as defined in section 4.3.3.8 of the Base Specification

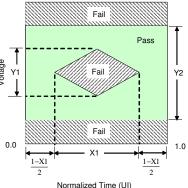
Differential Transmitter (TX) Compliance Eye Diagrams

Figure 1a shows the eye mask definitions for the Rev1.1 Base specification. It provides an example of a transmitter mask for a signal with de-emphasis. Transition and non-transition bits must be separated to perform the mask testing. The amplitude and jitter mask geometries are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications. Low power transmitter variants in both Gen1 and Gen2 do not use de-emphasis (This is shown in Figure 1b).



Rev1.1/2.0 Transmitter eye masks for transition and non-transition bits

low power variant where deemphasis is not used



Rev3.0 transmitter eye mask definition – Mask Geometries TBD for Gen3.

Figure 1: PCI Express Transmitter Eye Mask Definitions

2.2 Differential Receiver (RX) Input Specifications

The following table shows the available measurements in the PCE Module and their test limits defined in each of the Base specifications.

		DPOJET	2.5GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0 GT/s
Parameter	Symbol	Measurement	Rev1.1/Rev2.0	Rev2.0	Rev3.0
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	1 st Order PLL	2 nd Order PLL	1 st Order PLL
			Fc: 1MHz	CDR w/ .707 Damping	Fc: 10MHz
				Fc: 1.0MHz	
				- And -	
				3 rd Order LPF	Assumes Scrambled
			Emulates 1st Order filter at 1.5MHz with	Fc: 1.5MHz	Compliance
			75% edge density of Compliance Pattern	Emulates Step Function Filter at 1.5MHz	Pattern with 50% Edge Density
Unit interval	UI	PCIe UI	399.98 (min)	199.94 (min)	124.9625 (min)
		(min/max)	400.12 (max)	200.06 (max)	125.0375 (max)
		SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz			
Minimum receiver eye height	V _{RX_EYE}	PCle T-Tx-Diff-PP	.175 V (min)	.120 V (min)	.120 V (min)
		Eye Height	1.2 V (max)	1.2 V (max)	1.2 V (max)
Minimum receiver eye width	T_{RX-EYE}	For Rev1.1: Eye Width	.40 UI (min)	.40 UI (min)	TBD
		For Rev2/3: Width@BER	160ps (min)	80ps (min)	
Receiver deterministic jitter -	T _{RX_DJ_DD}	DJ–δδ	Not Specified	.44 UI (max)	TBD
Dj				88ps (max)	
Minimum width	TRX-MIN-PULSE	PCle Tmin-Pulse	Not Specified	.60 UI (min)	Not Specified
pulse at Rx				120ps (max)	
Maximum time between the	T _{TX-EYEMEDIAN-to-}	PCIe Med-Mx Jitter	.30 UI (max)	Not	Not
jitter median and maximum deviation from the median.	MAXJITTER			Specified	Specified
Rx AC common	VRX-CM-AC-P	Common Mode	150mV	150mV	Not Spedified
mode voltage		Rev2/3 : Pk-Pk			

Table 3 – Supported base specification receiver measurements

Differential Receiver (RX) Eye Diagrams

Figure 2 shows the receiver eye mask definitions for the Rev1.1 Base specification. The amplitude and jitter mask geometries are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications.

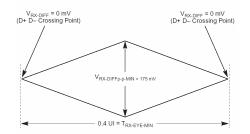


Figure 2: Receiver input eye mask

2.3 Add-In Card Transmitter Path Compliance Specifications

Table 4 is derived from the Electrical Mechanical Specifications (CEM). See the CEM Specification for additional notes and test definitions.

Parameter	Symbol	DPOJET	2.5GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0 GT/s
		Measurement	Rev1.1/Rev2.0	Rev2.0	Rev3.0
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	1 st Order PLL Fc: 1MHz	2 nd Order PLL CDR w/ .707 Damping Fc: 1.0MHz - And -	TBD
			Emulates 1st Order filter at 1.5MHz with 75% edge density of Compliance Pattern	3 rd Order LPF Fc: 1.5MHz Emulates Step Function Filter at 1.5MHz	
Unit interval	UI	PCle UI	399.98 (min)	199.94 (min)	TBD
		(min/max) SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz	400.12 (max)	200.06 (max)	
Eye height of transition bits	V _{TXA}	Eye Height1	.514 V (min) 1.2 V (max)	3.5dB De-emphasis .380 V (min) 1.2 V (max) 6.0dB De-emphasis .306 V (min)	TBD
Eye height of non- transition bits	V _{TXA_d}	Eye Height2	.360 V (min)	1.2 V (max) 3.5dB De-emphasis .380 V (min) 1.2 V (max) 6.0dB De-emphasis .260 V (min) 1.2 V (max)	TBD
Eye width with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	T _{TXA} In Rev1.1	Eye Width	287 ps (min)	Not Specified	TBD
Jitter eye opening at BER 10 ⁻¹²	T _{TXA} In Rev2.0	For Rev1.1: Eye Width For Rev2/3: PCIe T-TXA	274 ps (min) Informative	123 ps (min) with Crosstalk	TBD
Maximum median-max jitter outlier with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	J _{TXA-MEDIAN-to-} MAX-JITTER	PCIe Med-Mx Jitter	56.5 ps (max)	Not Specified	TBD
Total Jitter at BER 10-12	Tj at BER 10 ⁻¹²	TJ@BER	Not Specified	77 ps (max)	TBD
Deterministic Jitter at BER 10 ⁻¹²	Max Dj	DJ–δδ	Not Specified	57 ps (max)	TBD

Table 4 – Supported CEM add-in card measurements

Add-In Card Eye Diagrams

The amplitude and jitter masks are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications in Table 4.

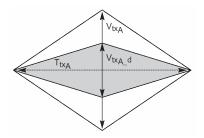


Figure 3: Add-in card compliance eye masks

2.4 System Board Transmitter Path Specifications

Table 5 is derived from the Electrical Mechanical Specifications (CEM). See the CEM Specification for additional notes and test definitions.

Parameter	Symbol	DPOJET	2.5GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0 GT/s
		Measurement	Rev1.1/Rev2.0	Rev2.0	Rev3.0
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	2 nd Order PLL CDR w/ .707	Explicit Clock 2 nd Order PLL	TBD
			Damping	Clock Multiplier=50	
			Fc: 1.0MHz	CDR w/ .707	
			- And -	Damping	
			1 st Order LPF	Fc: 1.0MHz	
			Fc: 1.5MHz		
			Emulates 3 rd Order 3500:250 Method	Emulates Step Function Filter at 1.5MHz	
Unit interval	UI	PCIe UI	399.98 (min)	199.94 (min)	TBD
		(min/max) SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz	400.12 (max)	200.06 (max)	
Eye height of transition bits	V _{TXS}	. Eye Height1	.274 V (min)	.250 V (min)	.TBD
			1.2 V (max)	1.2 V (max)	
Eye height of non-transition bits	V _{TXS_d}	Eye Height2	.253 V (min)	.250 V (min)	TBD
Eye width with sample size of	T _{TXS}	Eye Width	246 ps (min)	Not Specified	TBD
10 ⁶ UI	In Rev1.1				
Jitter eye opening at BER 10-12	T _{TXS}	For Rev1.1: Eye Width	233 ps (min)	95 ps (min)	TBD
	In Rev2.0	For Rev2/3: PCIe T-TXA	Informative	with Crosstalk	
Maximum median-max jitter outlier with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	J _{TXA-} MEDIAN-to- MAX-JITTER	PCIe Med-Mx Jitter	77 ps (max)	Not Specified	TBD
Total Jitter at BER 10 ⁻¹²	Tj at BER 10 ⁻¹²	TJ@BER	Not Specified	77 ps (max)	TBD
Deterministic Jitter at BER 10-12	Max Dj	DJ–δδ	Not Specified	57 ps (max)	TBD

Table 5 – Supported CEM System Board Measurements

System Board Eye Diagrams

The amplitude and jitter masks are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications in Table 5.

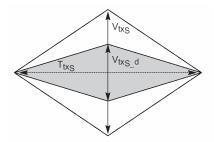


Figure 4: System Board Compliance Eye Masks

2.5 PCI ExpressModule[™] Specifications

The specifications in this section are taken from the PCI Express ExpressModuleTM specification, which is a companion specification to the *PCI Express Base specification*. Its primary focus is the implementation of a modular I/O form factor that is focused on the needs of workstations and servers. Measurements in the PCE module support add-in card and system transmitter path measurements at the PCI Express connector.

ExpressModule Add-In Card Transmitter Path Specifications

Table 6 is derived from Section 5.4.1 of the ExpressModule Electro-Mechanical Specifications Rev. 1.0.

Parameter	Symbol	DPOJET	Rev1.0
		Measurement	
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by	1 st Order PLL
	Data Rate >>		Fc: 1MHz
			Emulates 1st Order filter at 1.5MHz with 75% edge density of Compliance Pattern
Unit interval	UI	PCle UI	399.98 (min)
		(min/max) SSC filtered with	400.12 (max)
		3rd order HPF:	
		Fc = 198kHz	
Eye height of transition Bits	V _{TXA}	. Eye Height1	.514 V (min)
			1.2 V (max)
Eye height of non-transition Bits	V_{TXA_d}	Eye Height2	.360 V (min)
Eye width with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	T _{TXA}	Eye Width	287 ps (min)
	In Rev1.1		
Jitter eye opening at BER 10-12		Eye	274 ps (min)
		Width@BER	Informative
Maximum median-max jitter outlier with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	J _{TXA-MEDIAN-to-} MAX-JITTER	PCIe Med-Mx Jitter	56.5 ps (max)

Table 6 – Supported ExpressModule Add-In Card Measurements

ExpressModule Add-In Card Eye Diagrams

The amplitude and jitter masks are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications in Table 6.

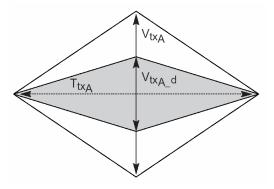


Figure 5: ExpressModule add-in card compliance eye masks

ExpressModule System Board Transmitter Path Specifications

Table 7 is derived from Section 5.4.3 of the ExpressModule Electro-Mechanical Specifications Rev. 1.0.

Parameter	Symbol	DPOJET	Gen1
		Measurement	Rev1.0
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	2 nd Order PLL CDR w/ .707 Damping Fc: 1.0MHz - And - 1 st Order LPF Fc: 1.5MHz <i>Emulates 3rd Order 3500:250 Method</i>
Unit interval	UI	PCIe UI (min/max) SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz	399.98 (min) 400.12 (max)
Eye height of transition bits	V _{TXS}	. Eye Height1	.274 V (min)
			1.2 V (max)
Eye height of non-transition bits	V _{TXS_d}	Eye Height2	.253 V (min)
Eye width with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	T _{TXS}	Eye Width	246 ps (min)
Jitter eye opening at BER 10-12		Eye Width@BER	233 ps (min)
Maximum median-max jitter outlier with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	J _{TXA-MEDIAN-} to-MAX-JITTER	TIE Jitter	77 ps (max)

Table 7 – Supported ExpressModule system board measurements

Express Module System Board Compliance Eye Diagrams

The amplitude and jitter masks are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications in Table6.

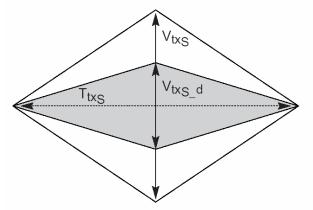


Figure 6: ExpressModule system board compliance eye masks

2.6 PCI Express External Cabling Specifications

The specifications in this section are taken from the PCI Express External Cabling Specification. Its primary focus is the implementation of a cabled interconnect. Measurements in the PCE module support transmitter path and receiver path measurements. These measurements represent the test points at the transmitter end of the cable and the receiver end of the cable respectively.

External Cabling Transmitter Path Specifications

Table 8 is derived from Section 3.3.1 of the External Cabling Specification Rev. 1.0.

Table 8 – Supported external cabling transmitter path measurements

Parameter	Symbol	DPOJET	Rev1.0
		Measurement	
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	1 st Order PLL Fc: 1MHz Emulates 1st Order filter at 1.5MHz with 75% edge density of Compliance Pattern
Unit interval	UI	PCIe UI (min/max) SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz	399.98 (min) 400.12 (max)
Eye height of transition bits	V _{TXA}	. Eye Height1	.654 V (min) 1.2 V (max)
Eye height of non-transition bits	V _{TXA_d}	Eye Height2	.450 V (min)
Jitter eye opening at BER 10-12	Trxa@ BER 10 ⁻¹²	Eye Width@BER	296 ps (min)
Eye width with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	Trx _A @ 10 ⁶ Samples	Eye Width	309 ps (min)

Cable (Transmitter Side) Eye Diagrams

The amplitude and jitter masks are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications.

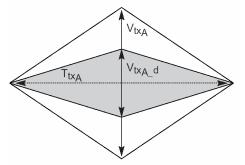


Figure 7: Cable (transmitter side) compliance eye masks

External Cabling Receiver Path Specifications

Table 9 is derived from Section 3.3.2 of the External Cabling Specification Rev. 1.0. Table 9 – Supported CEM system board measurements

Parameter	Symbol	DPOJET	Gen1
		Measurement	Rev1.0
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	1 st Order PLL Fc: 1MHz Emulates 1st Order filter at 1.5MHz with 75% edge density of Compliance Pattern
Unit interval	UI	PCIe UI (min/max) SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz	399.98 (min) 400.12 (max)
Eye height of transition bits	V _{RXA}	. Eye Height1	.208 V (min) 1.2 V (max)
Eye height of non-transition bits	V _{RXA_d}	Eye Height2	.192 V (min)
Jitter eye opening at BER 10 ⁻¹²	Trxa@ BER 10 ⁻¹²	Eye Width@BER	234 ps (min)
Eye width with sample size of 10 ⁶ UI	Trx _A @ 10 ⁶ Samples	Eye Width	247 ps (min)

Cable (Receive Side) Eye Diagrams

The amplitude and jitter masks are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications.

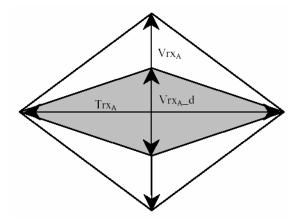


Figure 8: Cable (receiver side) compliance eye masks

2.7 PCMCIA ExpressCard[™] Specifications

The specifications in this section are taken from the PCMCIA ExpressCard Standard (Release 1.0). Its primary focus is a small modular add-in card technology based on PCI Express and USB interfaces. Measurements in the PCE module support host system and ExpressCard transmitter path measurements.

ExpressCard - Module Transmitter Path Specifications

Table 10 is derived from Section 4.2.1.3.2 of the ExpressCard Specification Release 1.0.

Parameter	Symbol	DPOJET	Release 1.0
		Measurement	
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	1st Order PLL Fc: 1MHz Emulates 1st Order filter at 1.5MHz with 75% edge density of Compliance Pattern
Unit interval	UI	PCIe UI (min/max) SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz	399.98 (min) 400.12 (max)
Eye height of transition bits	V _{TXA}	. Eye Height1	538 V (min) 1.2 V (max)
Eye height of non-transition bits	V _{TXA_d}	Eye Height2	.368 V (min)
Eye width across any 250 Uls	T _{TXA}	Eye Width@BER	237 ps (min)

Table 10 – Supported ExpressCard transmitter path measurements

ExpressCard Transmitter Path Eye Diagrams

The amplitude and jitter masks are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications in Table 10.

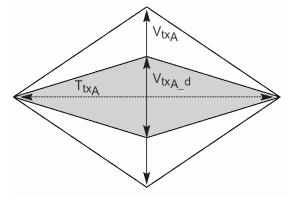


Figure 9: ExpressCard Module Transmitter compliance eye masks

ExpressCard - Host System Transmitter Path Specifications

Table 11 from Section 4.2.1.3.2 of the ExpressCard Specification Release 1.0.

Parameter	Symbol	DPOJET	Release 1.0	
		Measurement		
Clock Recovery	NA	See Setup by Data Rate >>	2 nd Order PLL CDR w/ .707 Damping Fc: 1.0MHz - And - 1 st Order LPF Fc: 1.5MHz	
			Emulates 3 rd Order 3500:250 Method	
Unit interval	UI	PCIe UI (min/max) SSC filtered with 3rd order HPF: Fc = 198kHz	399.98 (min) 400.12 (max)	
Eye height of transition bits	V _{txS}	. Eye Height1	.262 V (min) 1.2 V (max)	
Eye height of non-transition bits	V _{txS_d}	Eye Height2	.247 V (min)	
Eye width across any 250 UIs	T _{TxS}	Eye Width@BER	183 ps (min)	

 Table 11 – Supported ExpressCard Host System Transmitter Path Measurements

ExpressCard – Host System Eye Diagrams

The amplitude and jitter masks are derived from the amplitude and jitter specifications in Table 11.

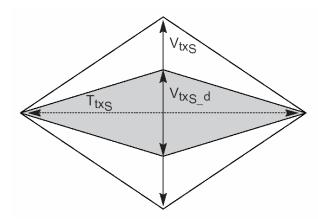


Figure 10: ExpressCard Host System compliance eye masks

3 PCI Express Library Contents

The following table shows a list of the PCI Express standards supported by the DPOJET Setup Library and their default probing configurations. The Setup File Library is located in C:\TekApplications\DPOJET\PCIE\Setups

Table 12 – Setup Files and default probing configurations					
PCI-SIG Specification	Bit Rate	Setup File Name	Default Probing Configuration		
Rev1.1 Base Specification	2.5GT/s	Rev11_Tx_Base.set	Data = Math1 – Ch1-Ch2		
Transmitter and Receiver		Rev11_Rx_Base.set			
Rev1.1 CEM Specification	2.5GT/s	Rev11_Tx_ADD_CON.set	Data = Math1 - Ch1-Ch2		
Add-In Card and System		Rev11_Tx_SYSTEM.set			
Rev1.0 Cable Specification	2.5GT/s	Rev10_Tx_Cable.set Rev10_Rx_Cable.set	Data = Math1 – Ch1-Ch2		
Near End and Far End		Revio_RA_Cable.set			
Rev1.0 ExpressModule Specification	2.5GT/s	Rev10_Tx_ExpMod_ADD_CON.set	Data = Math1 – Ch1-Ch2		
Add-In Card and System		Rev10_Tx_ExpMod_SYSTEM.set			
Rev1.0 ExpressCard Specification Host and Module	2.5GT/s	Rev10_Tx_ExpressCard_Host.set Rev10_Tx_ExpressCard_Module.set	Data = Math1 – Ch1-Ch2		
Rev2.0 Base Specification	5GT/s	Rev20_Base_Tx_3.5dB.set	Data = Math1 – Ch1-Ch2		
Transmitter with 3.5dB and 6.0 dB De-Emphasis and Low Swing		Rev20_Base_Tx_6.0dB.set Rev20_Base_Tx_Low_Swing.set			
Rev2.0 CEM Specification Add-In Card with 3.5dB and 6.0dB De-Emphasis and System	5GT/s	Rev20_Tx_ADD_CON_3.5dB.set Rev20_Tx_ADD_CON_6.0dB.set Rev20_Tx_SYSTEM.set	Add-In Card: Data = Math1 – Ch1-Ch2 System: RefClk = Math1 = Ch1-Ch2 Data = Math2 = Ch3 – Ch4		
Rev 3.0 Base Specification (Draft) Transmitter Full and Half Swing	8GT/s	Rev30_Base_Tx.set Rev30_Base_Tx_Half_Swing.set	Data = Math1 – Ch1-Ch2		

Table 12 – Setup Files and default probing configurations

To change the probing configuration to use differential probes, change the Source of the Data and RefClk as appropriate in the measurement configuration menu in DPOJET. Refer to the DPOJET OLH (Online Help) for details.

4 Preparing to Take Measurements

4.1 Required Equipment

The following equipment is required to take the measurements:

- Oscilloscope Selection:
 - Rev 1.1 (2.5 GT/s) The PCI-SIG recommends a minimum of 6 GHz system BW for compliance testing. However, some silicon can have rise times in the 50ps range. Thus, Tektronix recommends DPO/DSA70000 8GHz and above for 2.5GT/s transmitter measurements.
 - Rev 2.0 (5 GT/s) DPO/DSA70000 12.5 GHz and above are recommended for 5GT/s and above and required for Base Specification transmitter measurements.
 - Rev 3.0 (8 GT/s) DPO/DSA70000 16 GHz and above are recommended for 8GT/s measurements.
- DPOJET software (Version 2.1 or above) with PCI Express Measurements (Opt. PCE) installed.
- Probes See Section 3.2 for probing options.
- Test Fixtures
 - Test Fixtures for System and Add-In card testing are available from the PCI-SIG. Rev1.1 Fixtures (CLB1, CBB1) break transmitter signals out into SMA connections. Rev 2.0 Fixtures (CLB2, CBB2) break transmitter signals out into SMP connections. These fixtures are available at: http://www.pcisig.com/specifications/ordering_information/ordering_information.
 - Test fixtures for ExpressCard testing are available from the following URL: http://www.expresscard.org/web/site/testtools.jsp

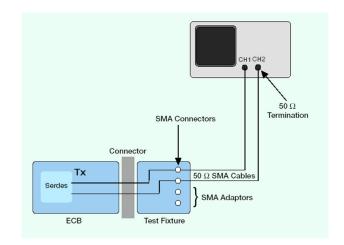
4.2 Probing Options for Transmitter Testing

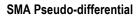
The first step is to probe the link. Use one of the following four methods to connect probes to the link.

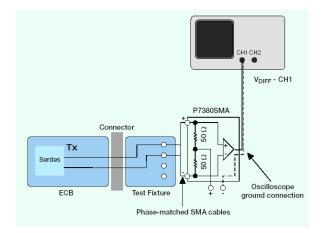
SMA Input Connection

- **Two TCA-SMA inputs using** A. SMA cables (Ch1) and (Ch2) The differential signal is created from the math waveform (Math1 =Ch1-Ch2). The Common mode AC measurement is also available in this configuration from the common mode waveform (Ch1+Ch3)/2. This probing technique requires breaking the link and terminating into a 50 Ω /side termination of the oscilloscope. While in this mode, the PCI Express SerDes will transmit the compliance test pattern. Ch-Ch de-skew is required using this technique because two channels are used. This configuration does not compensate for cable loss in the SMA cables. The measurement reference plane is at the input of the TCA-SMA connectors on the oscilloscope.
- **B.** One P7300SMA series differential active probe (Ch1)

The differential signal is measured across the termination resistors inside the P7300SMA series probe. This probing technique requires breaking the link. While in this mode, the PCI Express SerDes will transmit the compliance test pattern. Matched cables are provided with the probe to avoid introducing deskew into the system. Only one channel of the oscilloscope is used. The P7300SMA provides a calibrated system at the Test Fixture attachment point, eliminating the need to compensate for cable loss associated with the probe configuration A.







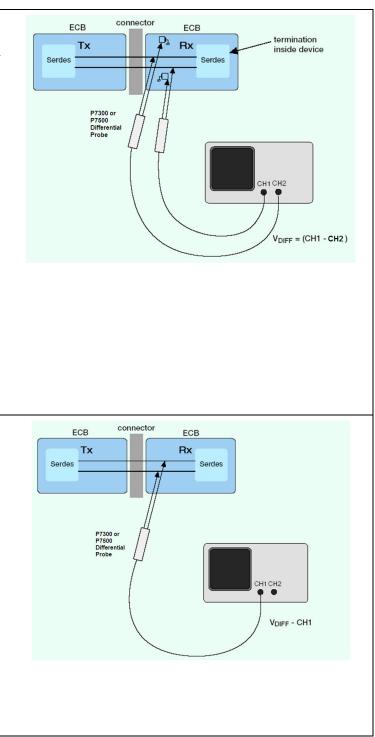
SMA Input Differential Probe

ECB pad connection

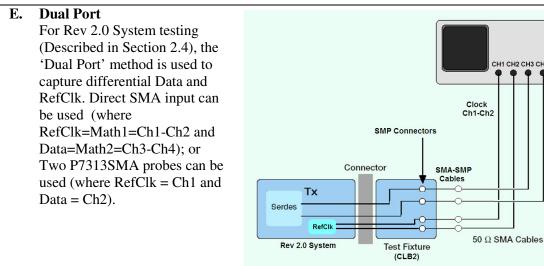
C. Two active probes (Ch1) and (Ch2)

The differential signal is created from the math waveform (Math1 = Ch1-Ch2). The Common mode AC/DC measurements are available in this configuration from the common mode waveform (Ch1+Ch3)/2. This probing technique can be used for either a live link that is transmitting data, or a link that has terminated into a "dummy load." In both cases, the singleended signals should be probed as close as possible to the termination resistors on both sides with the shortest ground connection possible. Ch-Ch deskew is required using this technique because two channels are used.

One P7300 or P7500 series D. **Differential probe (Ch1)** The differential signal is measured directly across the termination resistors. This probing technique can be used for either a live link that is transmitting data, or a link that is terminated into a "dummy load." In both cases, the signals should be probed as close as possible to the termination resistors. De-skew is not necessary because a single channel of the oscilloscope is used. If using a P7500 Tri-Mode Probe, common mode voltage measurements can be made directly with the probe.



Dual Port Connection



СН1 СН2 СН3 СН4 •

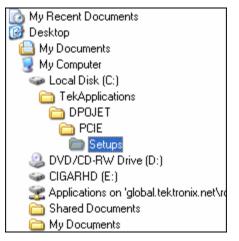
Data Ch3-Ch4

4.3 Running the Test

The following is a step-by-step procedure on how to run a test in the DPOJET PCI Express Setup Library. Refer to Table 12 for default probing configurations for each Setup.

From the DPO/DSA Analysis Menu, Select PCI Express. Allow DPOJET to load.

1. From the File Menu, Select Recall Setup and navigate to the DPOJET PCIE Setup Library



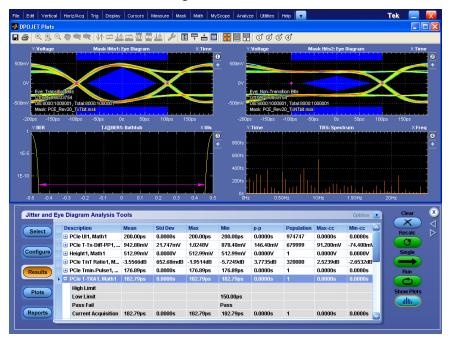
2. Recall the desired file from the Setup Library

Recall			×
Recall What:	Look in: Oscilloscope Memory	,	X
Waveform	E Factory	© € Factory (In Factory D © 7 Factory	efaults
	📖 4 Factory 👰	©i≋ Factory ©i≋ Factory	
	S Factory	10 Factory	
Setup	Look in: 📄 Setups		< 💣 🎟 •
	😰 Rev11_Tx_Base	🚇 Rev20_Base_Tx_6.0dB	🚇 Rev20_T:
	Rev11_Tx_SYSTEM Rev20_Base_Rx	Rev20_Base_Tx_Low_Swing Rev20_Tx_ADD_CON_3.5df	
User Mask	Rev20_Base_Tx_3.5dB	Pev20_Tx_ADD_CON_6.0df	3
	<	ш	>
	File name: Rev20_Base	_Tx_3.5dB	Recall
	Files of type: Setup files (*.	set) 💌	Cancel
	Don't recall deskew value	s. Keep existing deskew settings.	
			<u>H</u> elp

3. Press the 'Single' button on the instrument front panel. The screen should look similar to the following image. Adjust Vertical Scale to take full advantage of the A/D range of the oscilloscope enter channel De-Skew values as needed. The Horizontal Scale is set to capture 1 Million UI (10⁶ bits) as required by the specifications.



4. Press the Single Button in DPOJET (Jitter and Eye Analysis Tools) Menu. The end result should look similar to the following screenshot. Pass/Fail results are viewed by expanding the measurement results using the '+' icon next to each measurement.



5 Parameter Definitions and Method of implementation

The DPOJET PCI Express Setup Library combines measurements native to the standard DPOJET package with with unique measurements offered in the **Standards** >> **PCI Express 2.0** tab of the DPOJET Measurement Select menu. PCI Express specific measurements require Opt. PCE is enabled and Version 2.1 or above of DPOJET is installed on the oscilloscope.

Measurements selected in the setup file are dependent on the specification that is designed to test. Refer to Table 2 thru Table 11 for the clock recovery method and measurements for each measurement in the setup file. Refer to the DPOJET OLH (Online Help) for measurement algorithms and setup parameters for measurements native to DPOJET.

The algorithm and setup parameters of the PCI Express specific measurements are described in the following sections.

5.1 UI (Unit Interval) MOI

Definition:

UI (Unit Interval) is defined in the base specification Rev2.0. This measurement is done using the PCIe–UI. The Result panel would display the Unit interval values

Test Definition Notes from the Specification:

The specified UI is equivalent to a tolerance of ± 300 ppm for each Refclk source. Period does not account for SSC induced variations.

Limits:

Refer to Table 2 thru Table 11 for specified limits on the UI measurement.

Test Procedure:

Ensure that *PCIe UI* is selected in the Jitter and Eye diagram Analysis Tools >> Select menu.

Set the following parameters

Horizontal Record length to at least 500K.

Configure >> Edges >> Auto

Configure >> Filter >> Low pass - 198kHz

Configure >> Global >> off

Measurement Algorithm:

The Unit interval measurement calculates the duration of a cycle as defined by a start and a stop edge. Edges are defined by polarity, threshold, and hysteresis. The application calculates clock period measurement using the following equation:

$$P_n^{Clock} = T_{n+1} - T_n$$

Where: P^{Clock} is the clock period. T is the VRefMid crossing time for the selected polarity.

5.2 TX Differential Pk-Pk Output Voltage MOI

Definition:

 $V_{TX-DIFF_{p-p}}$ (Differential Output Pk-Pk Voltage) is defined in the base specification Rev 2.0. This measurement is done using PCIe T-Tx-Diff-PP. The Result panel would display the Mean, Maximum and Minimum differential output pk-pk voltage.

Test Definition Notes from the Specification:

 $V_{TX-DIFF_{P-P}} = 2*|V_{TX-D+} - V_{TX-D-}|$

Measured on individual bits, first bit from a sequence in which all bits have same polarity, over specified number of UIs. The voltage measurement is referenced to the centre of each UI.

Limits:

Refer to Table 2 thru Table 11 for specified limits on the $V_{TX-DIFF_{p-p}}$ measurement

Test Procedure:

Ensure that *PCIe T-Tx-Diff-PP* is selected in the **Jitter and Eye diagram Analysis Tools >> Select** menu.

Select **Configure** >> **Clock Recovery**. Configure the Clock Recovery to be consistent with the Clock Recovery method shown in Tables 2-11.

Measurement Algorithm:

Differential Peak Voltage Measurement: The Differential Peak Voltage measurement returns two times the larger of the Min or Max statistic of the differential voltage waveform.

$$V_{DIFF-PK} = 2 * Max(Max(v_{DIFF}(i)); Min(v_{DIFF}(i)))$$

Where:

i is the index of all waveform values

 V_{DIFF} is the differential voltage signal

5.3 TX De-Emphasis Ratio

Definition:

 $V_{TX-DE-RATIO}$ (De-Emphasized Differential Output Voltage (Ratio)) is defined in the base specification. This measurement uses PCIe T/nT ratio measurement.

Test Definition Notes from the Specification:

This is the ratio of the $V_{TX-DIFFp-p}$ of the second and the following bits after a transition divided by the $V_{TX-DIFFp-p}$ of the first bit after a transition.

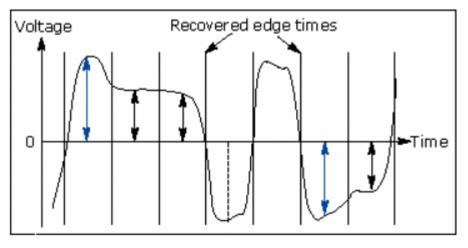
Limits:

Refer to Table 2 thru Table 11 for specified limits on the $V_{TX-DIFF_{p-p}}$ measurement

Measurement Algorithm:

The De-emphasis Ratio measurement reports the amplitude ratio between transition and non-transition bits.

The measurement calculates the ratios of all non-transition eye voltages (2nd and subsequent eye voltages after one edge but before the next) to their nearest preceding transition eye voltage (1st eye voltage succeeding an edge). In the accompanying diagram, it is the ratio of the Black voltages to the Blue voltages. The results are given in dB.



The application calculates the T/nT Ratio using the following equations:

$$TnT(m) = dB\left(\frac{v_{EYE-HI-NTRAN}(m)}{v_{EYE-HI-TRAN}(n)}\right)$$

following a rising edge.

$$TnT(m) = dB\left(\frac{v_{EYE-LO-NTRAN}(m)}{v_{EYE-LO-TRAN}(n)}\right).$$

following a falling edge. Where: $v_{EYE-HI-TRAN}$ is the High voltage at the interpolated midpoint of the first unit interval following a positive transition.

 $v_{EYE-LO-TRAN}$ is the Low voltage at the interpolated midpoint of the first unit interval following a negative transition.

 $v_{EYE-HI-NTRAN}$ is the High voltage at the interpolated midpoint of all unit intervals except the first following a positive transition.

 $v_{EYE-LO-NTRAN}$ is the Low voltage at the interpolated midpoint of all unit intervals except the first following a negative transition.

m is the index for all non-transition UIs.

n is the index for the nearest transition UI preceding the UI specified by *m*.

In a time trend plot of the measurement results, there is one measurement for each non-transition bit in the waveform (that is the black arrows in the diagram).

NOTE. PCIe T/nT Ratio measurement uses Brick Wall filter.

5.4 TX Minimum Pulse Width MOI

Definition:

 $T_{MIN-PULSE}$ (Instantaneous lone pulse width measurement) is defined in the base specification Rev2.0. This measurement is done using the PCIe Tmin-Pulse. The Result panel would display the minimum pulse width results.

Test Definition Notes from the Specification:

 $T_{MIN-PULSE}$ (Instantaneous lone pulse width measurement) is measured from transition center to the next transition center, and that the transition centers will not always occur at the differential zero crossing point. In particular, transitions from a de-emphasized level to a full level will have a center point offset from the differential zero crossing.

Limits:

Refer to Table 2 thru Table 11 for specified limits on the T_{MIN-PULSE} measurement

Test Procedure:

Ensure that *PCIe Tmin-Pulse* is selected in the Jitter and Eye diagram Analysis Tools >> Select menu.

Set the following parameters

Select **Configure** >> **Clock Recovery.** Configure the Clock Recovery to be consistent with the Clock Recovery method shown in Tables 2-11.

Configure >> General >>Off

Configure >> Global >> Off

Measurement Algorithm:

Tmin-Pulse (minimum single pulse width $T_{Min-Pulse}$) is measured from one transition center to the next.

The application calculates $T_{Min-Pulse}$ using the following equation:

$$T_{Min-Pulse} = (T_{n+1} - T_n)$$

Where:

TMin-Pulse is the minimum pulse width

T is the transition center

5.5 TX Rise/Fall Time Mismatch MOI

Definition:

 $T_{RF-MISMATCH}$ (Rise time, Fall time mismatch) is defined in the base specification. This measurement is done using PCIe T-RF-Mismch. The Result panel would display the Mean , Maximum and Minimum Rise time, Fall time mismatch values.

Limits:

Refer to Table 2 thru Table 11 for $T_{RF-MISMATCH}$ measurement.

Test Procedure:

Ensure that *PCIe T-RF-Mismch* is selected in **Jitter and Eye diagram Analysis Tools >> Select menu** is selected.

Set the following parameters

Select **Configure** >> **Clock Recovery.** Configure the Clock Recovery to be consistent with the Clock Recovery method shown in Tables 2-11.

Configure >> Filter >> No filter

Configure >> General >>Off

Configure >> Global >> Population

Measurement Algorithm:

PCIe T-RF-Mismch (Rise and Fall Time mismatch measurement) is the mismatch between Rise time (TRise) and Fall time(TFall). The application calculates this measurement using the following equation:

$$T_n^{\textit{Mismatch}} = abs(T_n^{\textit{Rise}} - T_n^{\textit{Fall}})$$

Where:

T^{Mismatch} is the rise and fall time mismatch

T^{Rise} is the rise time

T^{Fall} is the fall time

5.6 Minimum TX Eye Width MOI

Definition:

 T_{TX-EYE} (Minimum TX Eye Width) is defined in the base specification. See Section 4.7.2 of PCI EXPRESS CARD ELECTROMECHANICAL SPECIFICATION, REV. 2.0 for the Gen2 definition for both 3.5dB and 6dB De-emphasis. The eye diagrams defined in this section represent the compliance eye diagrams that must be met for both the add-in card and a system board interfacing with such an add-in card. A sample size of 106 UI is assumed for the measurement.

 T_{TX-EYE} is defined to be the Jitter Eye Opening.

Test Definition Notes from the Specification:

- The maximum Transmitter jitter can be derived as $T_{TXMAX-JITTER} = 1 - T_{TX-EYE}$

- Specified at the measurement point into a timing and voltage compliance test load as shown in the base specification and measured over the specified number of UIs. Also refer to the transmitter compliance eye diagram shown in the base specification.

Limits:

Refer to Table 2 thru Table 11 on the T_{TX-EYE} measurement.

Test Procedure:

Ensure that the measurement *PCI T-TXA* is selected in the **Jitter and Eye diagram Analysis Tools** >> **Select menu.**

Configure the measurement by setting the following parameters.

Select **Configure** >> **Clock Recovery.** Configure the Clock Recovery to be consistent with the Clock Recovery method shown in Tables 2-11.

Configure >> General >> off.

Measurement Algorithm:

The *measured* minimum horizontal eye opening at the zero reference level as shown in the eye diagram below.

$$T_{EYE-WIDTH} = UI_{AVG} - TIE_{Pk-Pk}$$

Where:

 UI_{AVG} is the average UI

 TIE_{Pk-Pk} is the Peak-Peak TIE

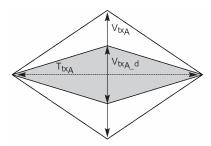


Figure 10: Add-in Card Transmitter Path Compliance Eye Diagram

Where T_{txA} is the Eye width, V_{txA} is the full scale peak to peak voltage and V_{txA_d} is the De-emphasized peak to peak voltage.

Jitter and I	Eye Diagram Anal	lysis Tools			Clear X
Select	Measurement PCie T-TXA1	Source(s) Ref2	Clock Recovery	Method Apply to All Constant Clock – Mean V Apply	Recalc
Configure			General Global	Auto Calc	Single
Results			Giobal	First	Run
Plots			_	Every Acg	
Reports			-	Advanced	
					¢

Figure 11: Configure Panel

5.7 TX Median-to-Max Jitter MOI

Definition:

 $T_{TX-EYEMEDIAN-to-MAXJITTER}$ (maximum time between the jitter median and maximum deviation from the median.).A step response Band pass filter is being used to remove the low frequency jitter as specified in Rev2.0 of the base specification.

Limits:

Refer to Table 2 thru Table 11 for $T_{TX-EYEMEDIAN-to-MAXJITTER}$ measurement.

Test Procedure:

Ensure that *PCIe Med-Mx Jitter* is selected in **Jitter and Eye diagram Analysis Tools** >> **Select menu** is selected.

Set the following parameters

Configure >> Edges >> Signal Type >> Auto

Select **Configure** >> **Clock Recovery.** Configure the Clock Recovery to be consistent with the Clock Recovery method shown in Tables 2-11.

Configure >> Filter >> Brick Wall Filter

Configure >> General >>Off

Measurement Algorithm:

The measured time difference between a data edge and a recovered clock edge.

 $tie(n) = t_{R-DAT}(n) - t_{DAT}(n)$

Where:

 t_{DAT} is the original data edge

 t_{R-DAT} is the recovered data edge (for example, the recovered clock edge corresponding to the UI boundary of t_{DAT})

n is the index of all edges in the waveform

 $Med_Tie = median (tie (n))$

Where:

Med_Tie is the Median of the tie measured.

 $T_{Tx-EYEMEDIAN-to MAXJitter} = Abs (Med_Tie - Maximum deviation of tie (n) from the Med_Tie)$