

DSA8300
Digital Serial Analyzer and Modules
Service Manual



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Tektronix

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Service Manual

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Contacting Tektronix

Tektronix, Inc.
14150 SW Karl Braun Drive
P.O. Box 500
Beaverton, OR 97077
USA

For product information, sales, service, and technical support:

- In North America, call 1-800-833-9200.
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General Safety Summary

Review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it.

To avoid potential hazards, use this product only as specified.

Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures.

While using this product, you may need to access other parts of a larger system. Read the safety sections of the other component manuals for warnings and cautions related to operating the system.

To Avoid Fire or Personal Injury

Use proper power cord. Use only the power cord specified for this product and certified for the country of use.

Connect and disconnect properly. Do not connect or disconnect probes or test leads while they are connected to a voltage source.

Ground the product. This product is grounded through the grounding conductor of the power cord. To avoid electric shock, the grounding conductor must be connected to earth ground. Before making connections to the input or output terminals of the product, ensure that the product is properly grounded.

Observe all terminal ratings. To avoid fire or shock hazard, observe all ratings and markings on the product. Consult the product manual for further ratings information before making connections to the product.

The inputs are not rated for connection to mains or Category II, III, or IV circuits.

Do not apply a potential to any terminal, including the common terminal, that exceeds the maximum rating of that terminal.

Power disconnect. The power switch disconnects the product from the power source. See instructions for the location. Do not block the power switch; it must remain accessible to the user at all times.

Do not operate without covers. Do not operate this product with covers or panels removed.

Do not operate with suspected failures. If you suspect that there is damage to this product, have it inspected by qualified service personnel.

Avoid exposed circuitry. Do not touch exposed connections and components when power is present.

Use proper fuse. Use only the fuse type and rating specified for this product.

Wear eye protection. Wear eye protection if exposure to high-intensity rays or laser radiation exists.

Do not operate in wet/damp conditions.

Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.

Keep product surfaces clean and dry.

Provide proper ventilation. Refer to the manual's installation instructions for details on installing the product so it has proper ventilation.

Terms in This Manual These terms may appear in this manual:



WARNING. *Warning statements identify conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.*



CAUTION. *Caution statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.*

Symbols and Terms on the Product

These terms may appear on the product:

- DANGER indicates an injury hazard immediately accessible as you read the marking.
- WARNING indicates an injury hazard not immediately accessible as you read the marking.
- CAUTION indicates a hazard to property including the product.

The following symbol(s) may appear on the product:



Standby

Service Safety Summary

Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures. Read this *Service Safety Summary* and the *General Safety Summary* before performing any service procedures.

Do Not Service Alone. Do not perform internal service or adjustments of this product unless another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

Disconnect Power. To avoid electric shock, switch off the instrument power, then disconnect the power cord from the mains power.

Use Care When Servicing With Power On. Dangerous voltages or currents may exist in this product. Disconnect power, remove battery (if applicable), and disconnect test leads before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

To avoid electric shock, do not touch exposed connections.

Preface

This is the service manual for the DSA8300 Digital Serial Analyzer and the modules that install in the instrument (except for the 80A03 module).

NOTE. *The 80A03 instruction manual contains its own specifications and servicing information.*

Read this preface to learn how this manual is structured, what conventions it uses, and where you can find other information related to servicing this product. Read the *Introduction* following this preface for safety and other important background information needed before servicing this product.

Manual Structure

This manual is divided into sections, which are made up of related subordinate topics. These topics can be cross referenced as sections.

Be sure to read the introductions to all procedures. These introductions provide important information needed to do the service correctly, safely, and efficiently.

Manual Conventions

This manual uses certain conventions that you should become familiar with before beginning service.

Assemblies and Modules

Throughout this manual, the term *assembly* appears. An assembly is composed of electrical and mechanical assemblies, circuit cards, interconnecting cables, and a user-accessible front panel. References to an assembly are different than references to a module such as “Sampling modules,” “Phase Reference modules,” or “Accessory modules,” which are products installed in the instrument compartments.

Replaceable Parts

This manual refers to any field-replaceable assembly or mechanical part by its name or generically as a replaceable part. In general, a replaceable part is any circuit board or assembly, such as a hard disk drive, or a mechanical part, such as I/O port connectors, that is listed in the replaceable parts list.

Safety

Symbols and terms related to safety appear in the *General Safety Summary* and the *Service Safety Summary* found at the beginning of this manual.

Related Documentation

The following documents relate to the instruments this service manual supports:

- *DSA8300 Quick Start User manual*. Tektronix part number 071-2897-XX. This document also contains specification changes when using the 82A04 Phase Reference module.
- *DSA8300 Specifications and Performance Verification manual*. Tektronix part number 077-0571-XX.
- *DSA8300 Online Help*. An online document accessed from the instrument Help menu.
- *DSA8300 Programmer Guide*. An online document accessed from the instrument Help menu.
- *80E01, 80E02, 80E03, 80E04, and 80E06 Electrical Sampling Modules User manual*. Tektronix part number 071-0434-XX.
- *80E07, 80E08, 80E09, and 80E10 Electrical Sampling Remote Modules User manual*. Tektronix part number 071-2038-XX.
- *80C00 Series Optical Sampling Modules User manual*. Tektronix part number 071-0435-XX.
- *80A01 Trigger Prescale Limiting Preamplifier Module User manual*. Tektronix part number 071-0873-XX.
- *80A02 EOS/ESD Protection Module Instructions*. Tektronix part number 071-1317-XX.
- *80A03 TekConnect Probe Interface Module Instructions*. Tektronix part number 071-1298-XX.
- *80A05 Electrical Clock Recovery Module User manual*. Tektronix part number 071-1467-XX.
- *82A04 Phase Reference Module User manual*. Tektronix part number 077-0345-XX.
- *Rackmount Kit Instructions*. Tektronix part number 071-0696-XX.
- *TDR Z-Meas Application Online Help*. Ships with this product on a separate disc. Provides information about this TDR Impedance Measuring application that implements the TDR calibration procedures specified by the IPC TM-650 test method.
- *Fast NRZ Application Online Help*. Ships with this product on a separate disc. Provides information about this application that improves throughput for optical eye-pattern mask testing.

Operating Information

Operating Information



CAUTION. *Keep the bottom of the instrument clear of obstructions to allow proper cooling.*

Windows Safe Mode

If the instrument is turned off before the operating system boots, or if you've installed a third-party product with a driver that is not compatible with the instrument start-up, Windows will open in Safe mode. The touch screen will not operate; you must install the standard-accessory keyboard and mouse. Information about installing these accessories is in the *DSA8300 Quick Start User Manual*, Tektronix part number 071-2897-00.

When you have removed any barrier to Windows start-up, you can reboot. If the instrument no longer boots to Safe mode, you can remove the keyboard and mouse if desired.

Where to Find User Information



CAUTION. *Be sure to read all safety information, warnings, and cautions in the user manuals that relate to the information you use there.*

Some topics of interest when servicing the product are listed in the following table. The manuals are available at www.tektronix.com/manuals.

Location of user topics

Manual	Topic
<i>DSA8300 Quick Start User Manual</i> , Tektronix part number 071-2897-00	Environmental requirements (site considerations, operating requirements, rackmount requirements)
	Maximum configuration
	Connecting peripherals such as monitor, printer, keyboard, and mouse
	Powering the instrument on and off
	System hard drive rebuild
Your sample-module user manual. (Module manual part numbers are provided in the preface of this manual.)	Diagram of rear-panel connectors
	Installing sampling modules
	Installing probes and other accessories to the sampling modules

Location of user topics

Manual	Topic
<i>DSA8300 Specifications and Performance Verification manual</i> , Tektronix part number 077-0571-00	System diagnostics procedure
Product software install instructions, Tektronix part number 071-2050-02. Shipped with the product software disc.	System hard drive rebuild procedure
	Software release notes
	Software installation
	Operating system reinstallation

Theory of Operation

Theory of Operation

This chapter describes the electrical operation of the instrument and sampling modules.

The instrument contains many digital logic circuits. This manual refers to these circuits with standard logic symbols and terms. Unless otherwise stated, all logic functions are described using the positive-logic convention: the more positive of the two logic levels is the high (1) state, and the more negative level is the low (0) state. Signal states may also be described as "true", meaning their active state, or "false", meaning their nonactive state. The specific voltages that constitute a high or low state vary among the electronic devices.

The instrument control system is a dual Wintel/PowerPC based processor board. The platform features XGA resolution flat-panel display, transparent touch screen and user front-panel with direct access to commonly used oscilloscope functions. The instrument is also equipped with a mouse and keyboard for access to more advanced functions.

Mainframe Overview

This mainframe overview describes the basic operation of each functional circuit block as shown in the following figure:

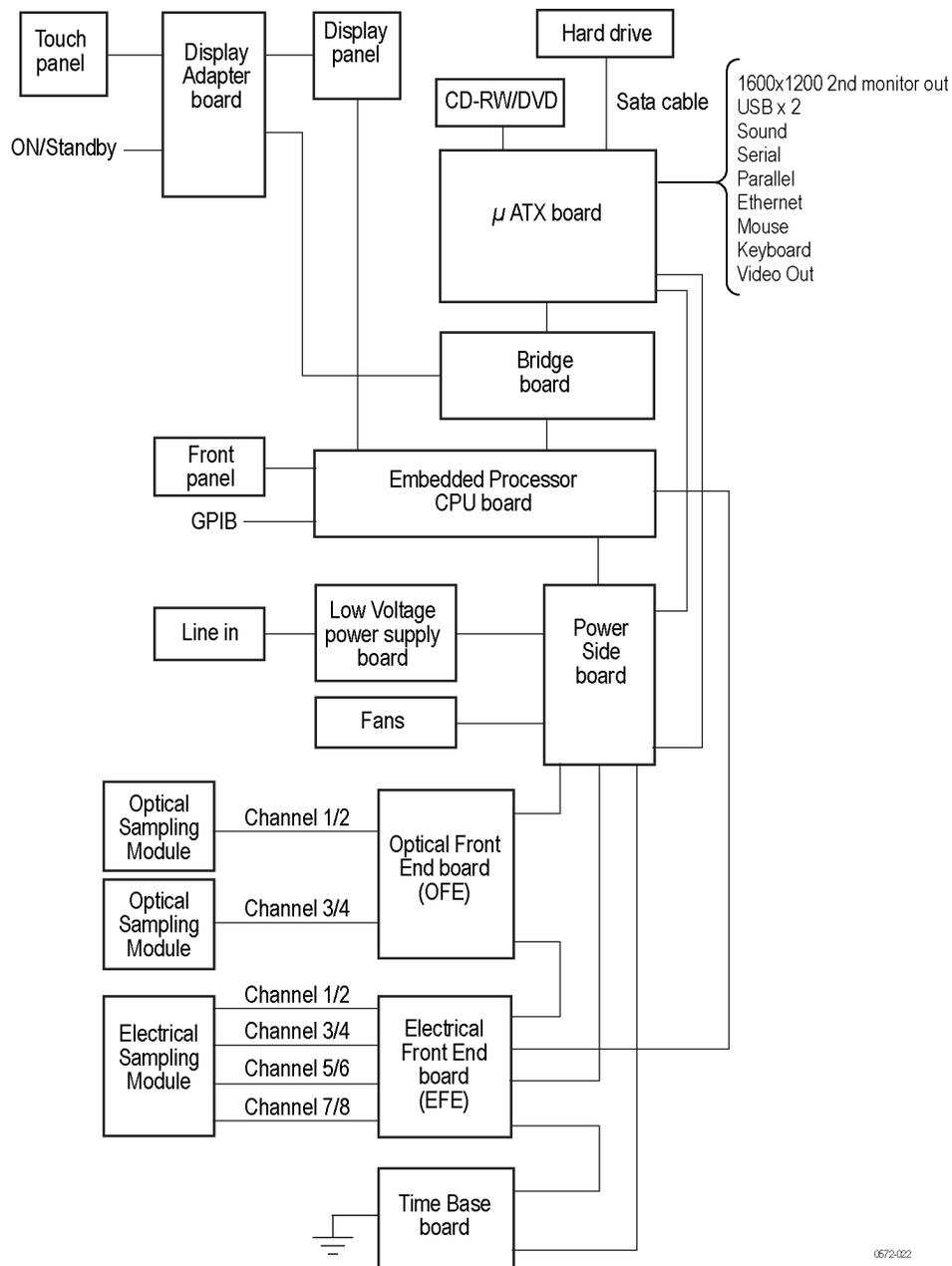


Figure 2-1: DSA8300 block diagram

Input Signal Path

A signal enters the instrument through a direct coaxial connection to the input connector on a sampling module, or a real time probe connected to the sampling module channel.

Acquisition system. The acquisition system conditions the input signals, samples them, converts them to digital signals, and controls the acquisition process under direction of the processor system.

The acquisition system includes the multi-source trigger, acquisition time base, and acquisition mode generation and control circuitry. The acquisition boards are located in the bottom compartment of the instrument and can accommodate four small slot sampling plug-ins, two large slot plug-ins and a trigger/holdoff subsystem. Up to eight vertical channels are accommodated simultaneously. Channels 1, 2, 3, and 4 can be either large or small slots. The presence of an assembly in one or both large slots displaces the small slot functionality in the corresponding small slots. The external trigger and all small slot channels feature a Tekprobe Level 2 probe power connector for additional front end signal conditioning functions like high input-impedance real-time probes, if equipped on the sampling module.

Processor system. The processor system contains a dual Wintel/PowerPC

The basic instrument configuration supports up to eight channels labeled Ch 1 through Ch 8, provides two external trigger inputs for direct and prescaled/clock triggering through built-in prescaler and is able to support four optional internal trigger sources associated with the large slot channels.

Display Panel

Color LCD display Active-matrix touch panel.

Display system. The display system sends the text and waveform information to the display panel

Touch panel. The touch panel sends information to the processor. Any changes in their settings are reported to the processor system.

Front Panel

The front panel board reads the front-panel switches and knob sensors. Any changes in their settings are reported to the Windows system. The front panel board also turns the LEDs on. One USB port is also accessible from the front panel.

Front-panel menu switches are also read by the front-panel microcontroller. The microcontroller sends any changes in menu selections to the Windows system. The ON/STBY switch is one of the menu switches. However, it is not read by the front panel board, but passes through the front panel board to the Wintel motherboard.

The CD-RW/DVD drive enables you to load software to customize your instrument for your measurement needs and to save data to a writable CD.

Rear Panel The removable hard drive contains the product software and operating system software. It also provides capability to store and access waveform data. The GPIB allows for external control of the instrument.

You can make hard copies on the GPIB and RS-232 ports. Other ports are outputs from the ATX board: DVI-I, USB (4), sound, serial, Ethernet, mouse, and keyboard.

Low Voltage Power Supply The low voltage power supply is a switching power converter with active power factor control. It supplies power to all of the circuitry in the instrument.

The principal POWER switch, located on the rear panel, controls all power to the instrument including the Low Voltage Power Supply. The ON/STBY switch, located on the front panel, also controls all of the power to the instrument except for part of the circuitry in the Low Voltage Power Supply and stand-by power on the motherboard.

The power supply sends a power fail (~PF) warning to the processor system if the power is going down.

Fans The fan assembly provides forced air cooling for the instrument.

The fans are controlled by the PPC processor.

Electrical Sampling Modules

80E01, 80E02, 80E03, 80E06, 80E07, and 80E09 Sampling Modules

The electrical sampling modules (non-TDR capable) are one- and two-channel sampling modules. Their basic features are listed in the following table. (The TDR capable sampling modules are describe later.)

Electrical sampling module features

Feature	80E01	80E02	80E03	80E06	80E07	80E09
Number of independent channels	1	2	2	1	2	2
Bandwidth	50 GHz	12.5 GHz	20 GHz	70 GHz	30 GHz	60 GHz
Selectable bandwidths	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	20 GHz, 30 GHz	40 GHz, 30 GHz, 60 GHz
Signal connectors	2.4 mm female	3.5 mm female	3.5 mm female	1.85 mm (V) female	2.92 mm (K) female	1.85 mm (V) female
Remote sampler	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	2 meter cable	2 meter cable

For the two-channel modules, a single strobe delivered from the instrument mainframe to both acquisition channels controls the timing of the strobe assertion to both channels. If channel-to-channel deskew is zero and the channel delays (if equipped) are matched, the sampling coincidence between channels is very close. Acquisition deskew function is carried out either by making separate acquisitions over individual acquisition windows or by adjusting Channel Delay (if equipped).

For the one-channel modules, an individual strobe delivered from the instrument mainframe to the acquisition channel controls the timing of the strobe assertion to the channel. Acquisition deskew function is carried out by moving the strobe timing for the channel to a unique acquisition window or by adjusting Channel Delay (if equipped).

Most electrical channels feature a Tekprobe Level 2 probe power connector for attachment of a real time probe. The control of this probe is a mainframe function.

All module calibration signals are derived from a 2.5 V precision voltage reference internal to the sampling module. Settings derived from this reference are stored in a nonvolatile EEPROM in the sampling module, although the responsibility for the execution of these settings is with the mainframe.

80E04, 80E08, and 80E10 TDR/Sampling Modules

The TDR/Sampling modules are low noise samplers, with each channel capable of generating its own Time Domain Reflectometry (TDR) step. The basic features of these modules are listed in the following table.

TDR sampling module features

Feature	80E04	80E08	80E10
Number of independent channels	2	2	2
Number of TDR channels	2	2	2
Bandwidth	20 GHz	30 GHz	50 GHz
Selectable bandwidths	N.A.	20 GHz, 30 GHz	40 GHz, 30 GHz, 50 GHz
Signal connectors	3.5 mm female	2.92 mm (K) female	1.85 mm (V) female
Remote sampler	N.A.	2 meter cable	2 meter cable

For these modules, a single strobe delivered from the instrument mainframe to both acquisition channels controls the timing of the strobe assertion to both channels. If channel-to-channel deskew is zero and the channel delays (if equipped) are matched, the sampling coincidence between channels is very close. Acquisition deskew function is carried out by making separate acquisitions over acquisition windows or by adjusting Channel Delay (if equipped).

Each electrical channel features a Tekprobe Level 2 probe power connector for attachment of a real time probe. The control of this probe is a mainframe function.

All module calibration signals are derived from a 2.5 V precision voltage reference internal to the sampling module. Settings derived from this reference are stored in a nonvolatile EEPROM in the sampling module, although the responsibility for the execution of these settings is with the mainframe.

When used in the acquisition mode (that is, with the TDR step generator turned off) each channel functions as a normal sampling input. In the TDR mode, a fast rise time step is generated internally for each channel and applied to the input signal path for that channel. The acquisition part of the TDR/sampling module remains functional for monitoring the primary step and its reflected components. The sampling module provides two self-contained TDR channels. The polarity of the output step can be selected independently for each channel. This allows differential or common mode testing of two coupled lines as well as independent testing of isolated lines.

Optical Sampling Modules

80CXX and 80CXX-CR optical modules share the same mechanical package and are built with a common circuit board. Different functionality within the modules (current and future modules) is achieved by installing different O/E modules, filters and clock recovery boards along with setting the sampler bandwidth as demanded. The key features supported in the module are:

- A one channel, low noise, adjustable bandwidth sampler allowing multiple bandwidth settings for optimizing noise versus bandwidth demands.
- An amplified or nonamplified O/E converter.
- Support for internal RF switches in the signal path with a straight-through path and three hardware-filtered reference receiver paths between the O/E converter and the sampler.
- An average optical power meter.
- Integral clock recovery option with internal coaxial connection to the mainframe trigger, front panel clock and data output (not all have data).
- Communication with the mainframe for identification, control and calibration/compensation storage.

The "system response" depends on all of the components in the signal path from the front panel to the sampler. Bandwidth and reference receiver responses are calibrated at the factory with a sub-picosecond optical impulse applied to the front panel connector or with an optical heterodyne system. This ensures that all components are included, but also means that components cannot be replaced without performing calibration.

Compensation performs a DC transfer curve characterization for each bandwidth/reference receiver setting. The curve data is stored in the module EEPROM and used to generate a look-up table in the mainframe. This data corrects for linearity, gain and offset errors in the sampler.

Reference receivers can be created in any of the following ways:

- A hardware filter inserted between the O/E and the sampler and dominates the response.
- No filter is used, but the bandwidth of the sampler is adjusted.
- The O/E bandwidth is adjusted and dominates the response.

Information about the available bandwidth and reference receiver selections, and the method used to set the bandwidth for the optical modules is in the *Optical Sampling Module* section. (See page 2-8.)

The power monitor is a second measure of the photo-diode current that is independent of the sampler signal path. Analog circuitry continuously senses the current flowing into the bias side of the photo diode. The signal is amplified by a programmable gain amplifier and input to an 8-bit AD converter. The AD converter and amplifier are controlled through the I²C interface. Compensation performs two functions in the power meter: First, two offset inputs are adjusted in the amplifier so that the signal stays in range for all of the gain settings. Next, offset is measured for all gain settings and stored so it can be subtracted from the raw measured current. Because the measurements are made through independent paths the power monitor is useful in debugging module/mainframe problems.

The main board of the module only provides power and control bits to the clock recovery board. A small fraction of the input signal is split off and applied to the clock recovery components. The type of splitter for each module is shown in the following table.

Module optical/electrical split

Module	Optical Split	Electrical Split
C01	n	
C02	n	
C03		n
C04	n	
C07		n
C07B		n
C08		n
C08B		n
C08C		n
C09	n	
C11	n	
C12		n

The recovered clock is routed in coaxial cable through the rear connector of the module to the Optical Front End board in the mainframe. The Optical Front End board has a switch that selects which modules clock is applied to the trigger. The control signal for that switch comes from the optical module.

80C01 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C01 module supports conformance testing of long wavelength (1100-1650 nm) signals at 622, 2488, and 9953 Mb/s as well as general purpose testing up to 20 GHz optical bandwidth. Bandwidth and reference receiver calibration is performed with a sub-picosecond optical impulse and a Fourier transform method.

- OC12: The electrical sampler is adjusted to approximately 7.5 GHz (-3 dB) bandwidth and signal is routed through a hardware filter designed to result in the combined system having an OC12 (STM-4) Reference Receiver response.
- OC48: The electrical sampler is adjusted to 7.5 GHz (-3 dB) bandwidth and signal is routed through a hardware filter designed to result in the combined system having an OC48 (STM-16) Reference Receiver response. These adjustments must be made at the factory.
- OC192: The electrical sampler is adjusted to give the desired response, and signal is not routed through any filter (signal is sent through the straight-through path). The sampler bandwidth and response is optimized during the calibration such that the combined system will have an OC192 (STM-64) Reference Receiver response.
- 12.5 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >12.5 GHz.
- 20 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >20 GHz.

80C02 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C02 module is optimized for testing of long-wavelength (1100-1650 nm) signals at (9.953 Gb/s) SONET OC-192 / SDH STM-64 standards. With its high optical bandwidth (>30 GHz) it is also well suited to general purpose high-performance optical component testing.

- OC192: The electrical sampler is adjusted to give the desired response, and signal is not routed through any filter (signal is sent through the straight-through path). The sampler bandwidth and response is optimized during the calibration such that the combined system will have an OC192 (STM-64) Reference Receiver response.
- 12.5 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >12.5 GHz.
- 20 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >20 GHz.
- 30 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >30 GHz.

80C03 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C03 module supports conformance testing of both short and long bandwidth (700-1650 nm) signals at 1.063, 1.250, and 2.488 Mb/s as well as general purpose testing with >2.3 GHz optical bandwidth. Its amplified optical to electrical converter design enables the user to examine very low-level optical signals.

- OC48: The electrical sampler is adjusted to approximately 12.5 GHz (-3 dB) bandwidth and signal is not routed through any filter (signal is sent through the straight-through path). The O/E converter is designed by the vendor to match the OC48 reference receiver response curve. The span adjustment provides limited adjustment of the frequency response. It is adjusted at the factory so that the combined system will have an OC48 (STM-64) Reference Receiver response. This mode is synonymous with the 2.3 GHz maximum bandwidth setting.
- FC1063: The electrical sampler is adjusted and O/E converter span voltage are the same values as in the OC48 mode. The signal is routed through a hardware filter designed to result in the combined system having an FC1063 (1.0625 Gb/s Fibre Channel) Reference Receiver response.
- GBE: The electrical sampler is adjusted and O/E converter span voltage are the same values as in the OC48 mode. The signal is routed through a hardware filter designed to result in the combined system having an GBE (1.25 Gb/s Gigabit Ethernet) Reference Receiver response.

The 80C03 module can be configured with clock recovery that supports Fibre Channel 1063 (1.063 Gb/s) and OC-48 / STM-16 (2.488 Gb/s) standards.

80C04 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C04 module is optimized for testing of long wavelength (1100-1650 nm) signals at either 9.953 Gb/s or 10.664 Gb/s. With its high optical bandwidth >28 GHz, it is also well suited to general-purpose, high-performance optical component testing.

- OC192 or 10.664 Gb/s: The electrical sampler is adjusted to give the desired response, and signal is not routed through any filter (signal is sent through the straight-through path). The sampler bandwidth and response is optimized during the calibration such that the combined system will have an OC192 (STM-64) or 10.66 Gb Reference Receiver response.
- 20 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >20 GHz.
- 30 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >28 GHz.

The 80C04 can be optionally configured with clock recovery (Opt. CR-1) that supports 9.953 Gb/s telecom standards.

80C05 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C05 module is designed to test long wavelength (1520-1580 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >40 GHz.

- OC192: There is one Reference Receiver setup selectable for 9.95328 Gb/s SONET/SDH standard.
- There is no clock recovery option available.

80C06 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C06 module is designed to test long wavelength (1520-1580 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >55 GHz.

- 55 GHz: There is only a single bandwidth selection available, no Reference Receiver setups selectable.
- There is no clock recovery option available.

80C07 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C07 module is designed to test both long and short wavelength (700-1650 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >2.3 GHz.

- Filtered rates are OC-3, OC-12; unfiltered rate is OC-48.
- There is clock recovery option available (155/622/2488 Multi-rate).

80C07B Optical Sampling Module

The 80C07B module is designed to test both long and short wavelength (700-1650 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >2.3 GHz.

- Supported standards or data filtering rates include OC-3, OC-12, OC-48, ENET2500/2GBE, GBE, FC1063, FC2125, and Infiniband.
- Clock recovery options are available (155/622/1063/1250/2125/2488/2500/2666).

80C08 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C08 module is designed to test both long and short wavelength (700-1650 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >9.0 GHz.

- 10.0 GHz: No filter is used and the sampler bandwidth is adjusted; the O/E bandwidth is adjusted and dominates the response (9.953/10.3125 Gb/s Multi-rate).
- There is clock recovery option available (9.953/10.3125 Gb/s Multi-rate).

80C08B Optical Sampling Module

The 80C08B module is designed to test both long and short wavelength (700-1650 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >9.5 GHz.

- 10.0 GHz: No filter is used and the sampler bandwidth is adjusted; the O/E bandwidth is adjusted and dominates the response (9.953/10.3125 Gb/s Multi-rate).
- Clock recovery options are available (9.953/10.3125/10.51875 Gb/s Multi-rate).

80C08C Optical Sampling Module

The 80C08C module is designed to test both long and short wavelength (700-1650 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >10 GHz.

- 10.0 GHz: No filter is used and the sampler bandwidth is adjusted; the O/E bandwidth is adjusted and dominates the response (9.953/10.3125/10.518/10.66/10.709/11.1/11.317 Gb/s).
- Clock recovery options are available (9.953/10.3125/10.518 Gb/s and Continuous-rate from 9.8 Gb/s to 12.6 Gb/s).

80C09 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C09 module is designed to test long wavelength (1100-1650 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >30 GHz.

- Supported standards or data filtering rates include OC-192 and FEC10.709.
- Clock recovery options are available (OC-192 and FEC10.709).

80C10 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C10 module is designed to test long wavelength (1310 and 1550 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >65 GHz.

- Supported standards or data filtering rates include OC-768 and FEC43.02 (G.709).
- 30 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >30 GHz.
- 65 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >65 GHz.
- There is no clock recovery option available.

80C10B Optical Sampling Module

The 80C10B module is designed to test long wavelength (1310 and 1550 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >80 GHz.

- Supported standards or data filtering rates include OC-768 and FEC43.02 (G.709).
- 30 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >30 GHz.
- 65 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >65 GHz.
- 80 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >80 GHz.
- There is no clock recovery option available.

80C11 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C11 module is designed to test long wavelength (1100-1650 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >20 GHz.

- Supported standards or data filtering rates include 9.953/10.31/10.518/10.66/10.71/11.1 Gb/s.
- Clock recovery options are available (9.953/10.66/10.71 Gb/s and Continuous-rate from 9.8 Gb/s to 12.6 Gb/s).

80C12 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C12 module is designed to test both long and short wavelength (700-1650 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >10 GHz.

- There are three Reference Receiver filters selectable that are customer specified from the following list of five rates: 1FC (FC1063) for 1.0625 Gb/s Fibre Channel, 2FC (FC2125) for 2.125 Gb/s Fibre Channel, 10GBase-X4 for 3.125 Gb/s, VSR-5 for 3.31776 Gb/s, and 4FC (FC4250) for 4.25 Gb/s Fibre Channel. Filterless, full-bandwidth settings (8.5 GHz and 9 GHz) are also available.
- In addition, this module offers the option to support 10 Gb/s optical standards as well. This option is mutually exclusive with the sub-10 Gb/s filter options. The standard reference receiver filter rates offered with the Option 10G are SONET/SDH OC-192/STM-64, 10GBase-W, 10 Gb Ethernet (9.95338 Gb/s), 10GBase-R (10.3125 Gb/s), 10G Fibre Channel (10.51875 Gb/s), G.975 FEC (10.66 Gb/s), G.709 FEC (10.71 Gb/s), 10GBE FEC (11.0957 Gb/s),

8G FibreChannel (8.5 Gb/s), 10G FibreChannel FEC (11.317 Gb/s). These filter settings require no hardware filters.

- An electrical clock recovery output signal is provided that can be routed to the Tektronix 80A05 or 80A07 for clock recovery.

80C14 Optical Sampling Module

The 80C14 Series Optical Sampling Module is a high-performance optical module that supports high bandwidth telecom and datacom standards, including 16 GFC Fibre Channel and 14.063 Gb/s Infiniband.

- The 80C14 supports the following standards and data filtering rates: 8GFC (8.500 Gb/s), OC-192/STM-64 (9.953 Gb/s), 10GBase-W (9.953 Gb/s), 10GBase-R (10.31 Gb/s), 40GBase-R4 (10.31 Gb/s), 100GBase-SR10 (10.31 Gb/s), 10GFC (10.52 Gb/s), ITU-T G.975 FEC (10.664 Gb/s), ITU-T G.709 (10.709 Gb/s), 10 GbE FEC (11.1 Gb/s), 10GFC FEC (11.3 Gb/s), Super FEC (12.5 Gb/s), 16GFC (14.025 Gb/s), 14G Infiniband FDR (14.0625 Gb/s).
- Clock recovery is supported with the use of the CR175A or CR286A Clock Recovery instrument (purchased separately).

80C25GBE Optical Sampling Module

The 80C25GBE module is designed to test long wavelength (1310 and 1550 nm) signals. This module is intended to be used as a test and measurement tool for high bandwidth telecommunications with its high optical bandwidth >65 GHz.

- Supported standards or data filtering rates include 25.781 Gb/s 100GBase-xR4 and 27.739 Gb/s 100GBase-xR4 FEC.
- 65 GHz: The sampler bandwidth and response is set during the calibration such that the combined system will have an Optical Bandwidth (-6 dB) >65 GHz.
- There is no clock recovery option available.

80A01 Trigger Prescale Preamplifier Module

The 80A01 module is designed to increase the sensitivity of the prescale trigger input of the DSA8300 to ≤ 200 mV_{p-p}.

The major function block of the module is a high sensitivity, high gain RF amplifier. The input and output to this amplifier are routed to two identical SMA, female connectors, labeled Input and Output at the module front panel.

The module receives power from the main instrument through a single connector at the rear of the module. The power LED indicates the module is receiving power through the interface connector.

80A02 EOS/ESD Protection Module

The 80A02 EOS/ESD (Electrical Over Stress/Electro-Static Discharge) protection module works with any DSA8300 instrument and provides static electricity damage protection to vulnerable sampling head input stages and/or other sensitive elements.

The 80A02 EOS/ESD module has a 26 GHz bandwidth, making it possible to provide static protection to a sensitive single input channel of a sampling oscilloscope with very minimal speed degradation.

The 80A02 EOS/ESD module is designed to work with either the Tektronix P8018 probe for manual test station static protection as well as automated test stations.

80A05 Electrical Clock Recovery Module

The electrical clock recovery module is capable of performing clock recovery on the input signal (signal input must meet data rate and format requirements), and provides this signal as a trigger source to the DSA8300.

Front panel connectors provide a replica of the recovered clock signal.

The module uses one of two separate clock recovery circuits dependant on the specified data rate. The single-ended or complementary input signals are split with a 1:2 divider and routed to the two circuits.

The low bandwidth circuit recovers clock and data from input data in the 50 Mb/s to 2.7 Gb/s range. The recovered clock from this circuit is routed directly to the front panel and internal trigger.

The high bandwidth circuit recovers clock and data from input data in the 2.7 Gb/s to 12.6 Gb/s range. The recovered clock to the front panel and internal trigger signals are always clock/16.

With option 10G, the 10G recovered clock is also routed to the front panel.

There is one front panel indicator LED - Clock Recovery Enable. It indicates the clock recovery circuitry is on and programmed to the requested bit rate.

82A04 Phase Reference Module

The 82A04 Phase Reference Module is designed to decrease horizontal position uncertainty with data signals, when a reference clock signal synchronized to the data signal, is available. It consumes a small slot, and displaces operation of both channels in that slot.

The Phase Correction modes available are free run, where the module provides unit circle location information for the phase of the data sample, and triggered, where the module, in conjunction with the trigger signal, provides both base positioning, and refined positioning, for the data sample.

The input is precision 1.85 mm. Phase correction works over the range of 2.5 GHz - 25 GHz (82A04), or 2.5 GHz - 60 GHz (82A04-60G). The LED indicates the module is being utilized for phase correction.

Adjustment Procedures

Adjustment Procedures

This section contains an adjustment procedure for your instrument. The purpose of this procedure is to return the instrument conformance to its specifications.

Adjustment interval. The voltage and timing references inside the instrument are very stable over time and should not need routine adjustment. The only time you should perform the *Adjustment Procedures* is if the instrument fails any of the mainframe performance verification checks provided in the *DSA8300 Specifications and Performance Verification* manual.

Adjustment environment. The instrument must be adjusted in a 20°C to 30 °C ambient temperature environment. The instrument and signal source must warm up at least 20 minutes in this environment before you begin the adjustment procedure.

Required Equipment

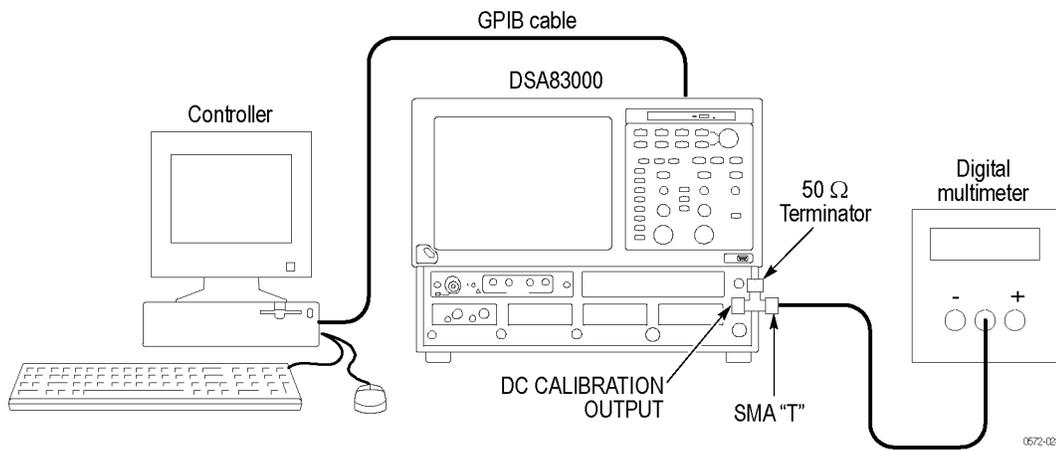
The adjustment procedure requires the specific test equipment and materials listed in the following table.

Category	Specific equipment required	Quantity
Signal source	Signal generator 50 MHz to 1 GHz, ≤ 1 ppm frequency accuracy	1 ea
Frequency counter	Frequency resolution 12 digits	1 ea
Meter	Digital Multimeter, with 6.5 plus digits	1 ea
Instrument controller (only one of these configurations required)	PC-compatible computer with National Instruments GPIB Controller card and software, running Windows 95/98 or NT	1 ea
	National Instruments USB GPIB Controller card for Windows 98 and National Instruments NI-488.2 for Windows software (to install in the instrument)	1 ea
Divider	Power, 50 Ω , SMA "T" male Tektronix 015-0565-00	1 ea
Adapter	SMA "T", male to 2 SMA female Tektronix part number 015-1016-00	1 ea
Adapter	SMA male to BNC female, Tektronix part number 015-0554-00	1 ea
Adapter	BNC to dual banana plug, Tektronix part number 103-0095-00	1 ea
Coaxial cables	50 Ω , male-to-male SMA connectors	3 ea
GPIB cables	GPIB cable, 1 m min length, Tektronix part number 002-0991-01	1 ea

¹ Depending on other USB devices attached to the instrument, a USB hub may also be required. Consult your National Instruments documentation for more information.

Equipment Hookup

1. Connect the equipment as shown in the following figure:



2. Set the National Instruments GPIB Interface command software to allow GPIB communications between the PC controller and DSA8300, device under test (DUT).
3. Allow the test equipment and DUT to warm up for at least 20 minutes before starting the adjustment procedures.

Main Instrument Adjustments

DC Calibrator Adjust

1. Use the equipment connection shown in the preceding figure. Make sure that the equipment has warmed up for at least 20 minutes.
2. Run the compensation routine.
3. Verify communication between the controller and DUT by entering the following GPIB command: `*IDN`
The instrument should respond with Tektronix and Firmware Version.
4. Turn off the instrument cal constant protection by entering the following GPIB command: `SYST:PROT OFF`
5. Set the instrument DC calibrator offset cal constant to 0 by entering the following GPIB command: `CALCOMP:DOUBLE "DcCalOffsetAdj",0.0`
6. Wait 8 seconds, and then set the instrument DC calibrator Lsb cal constant to 1.0 by entering the following GPIB command: `CALCOMP:DOUBLE "DcCalLsbAdj",1.0`
7. Wait 8 seconds, and then set the instrument DC calibrator output to 0 Volts by entering the following GPIB command: `CALIBRATE:DCCALIBRATOR 0.0`
8. Record the DMM reading.

9. Set the instrument DC calibrator offset cal constant to $-1 * \text{DMM reading}$ by entering the following GPIB command: `CALCOMP:DOUBLE "DcCalOffsetAdj",(-1.0 * the DMM reading)`
Example: `CALCOMP:DOUBLE "DcCalOffsetAdj", 3.2e-4`
10. Set the instrument calibrator to 1.0 V by entering the following GPIB command: `CALIBRATE:DCCALIBRATOR 1.0`
11. Record the DMM reading (*reading1*).
12. Set the instrument calibrator to -1.0 V by entering the following GPIB command: `CALIBRATE:DCCALIBRATOR -1.0`
13. Record the DMM reading (*reading2*).
14. Calculate the cal constant using the following equation: $(-1.0 * \text{Reading2} + \text{Reading1}) \div 2$.
15. Set the instrument calibrator Lsb cal constant by entering the following GPIB command: `CALCOMP:DOUBLE "DcCalLsbAdj", (cal constant calculated in previous step)`
16. Wait 8 seconds, and then save the DC adjustments by entering the following GPIB command: `CAL:SAVE:FACT:MAIN`
17. Update the mainframe calibration time/date/temperature stamp by entering the following GPIB command: `CAL:UPDATEINFO:MAIN`
18. Turn on the instrument cal constant protection by entering the following command: `SYST:PROT ON`

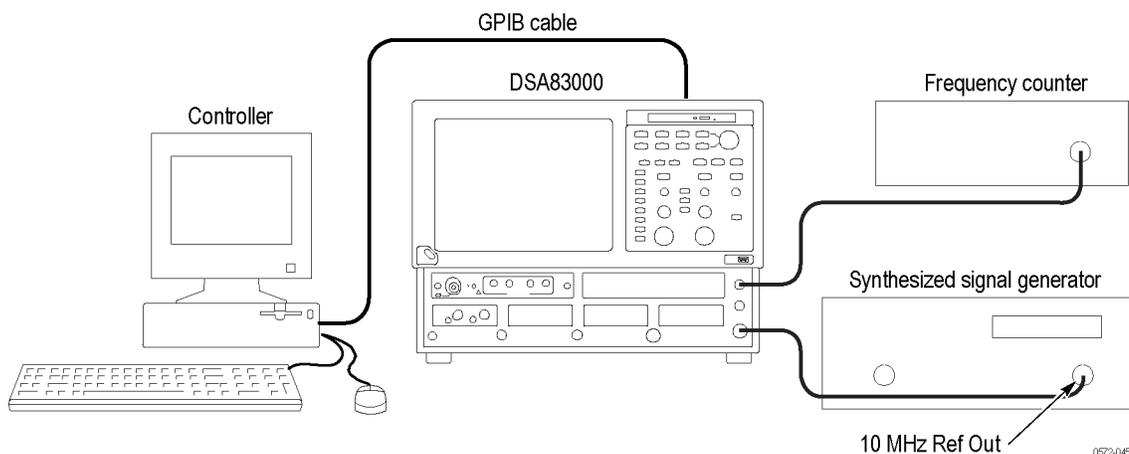
DC Calibrator Adjust Verification

To verify that the DC calibration adjustment was successful, complete the following:

1. Set the instrument DC calibrator to -1.0 V by entering the following GPIB command: `CALIBRATE:DCCALIBRATOR -1.0`
2. Verify that the DMM reads $-1.0 \text{ V} \pm 1 \text{ mV}$
3. Set the instrument DC calibrator to 1.0 V by entering the following GPIB command: `CALIBRATE:DCCALIBRATOR 1.0`
4. Verify that the DMM reads $1.0 \text{ V} \pm 1 \text{ mV}$
5. Set the instrument DC calibrator to 0.0 V by entering the following GPIB command: `CALIBRATE:DCCALIBRATOR 0.0`
6. Verify that the DMM reads $0.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ mV}$

Internal 10 MHz Adjust

Connect the DSA8300 to a signal generator and frequency counter as shown in the following figure:



1. Set the signal generator as follows
 - Frequency to 1 GHz
 - Amplitude to 1.0 V peak to peak
 - Output to on
2. Set the frequency counter as follows:
 - Frequency to 200 kHz
 - Number of digits to 9
3. Set the DSA8300 as follows:
 - Trigger source to TDR
 - Clock rate to 200 kHz
 - TDR Trigger mode to External (select Advance Trigger mode, and then select External Trigger for TDR mode)
4. Enter the following GPIB command to turn the instrument cal constant protection off: "SYST:PROT OFF"
5. Set the calibration value to the default by entering the following GPIB command: "CALCOMP:DOUBLE "Internal10MHzRefFreq", 10e6"
6. Measure the TDR Clock Out frequency (Reading 1).
7. Set the DSA8300 trigger mode to Internal.
8. Measure the TDR Clock Out frequency (Reading 2).
9. Enter the following GPIB command: "CALComp:DOUBLE "Internal10MHzRefFreq", (Reading2/Reading1 * 10M)"

10. Measure the TDR Clock Out frequency. (Recheck)
11. Verify that the 10 MHz measurement is within 2 kHz.
12. Save the mainframe factory calibration constants by entering the following GPIB command: "CAL:SAV:FACTORY:MAIN"
13. Update the mainframe calibration time/date/temperature stamp by entering the following GPIB command: "CAL"UPDATEINFO:MAIN"
14. Enter the following GPIB command to turn the instrument cal constant protection on: SYST:PROT ON

End of Procedure

Maintenance

Maintenance

This section contains the information needed to do periodic and corrective maintenance on the mainframe, electrical modules, and optical modules, as well as repackaging instructions for returning the products to Tektronix for service.

Preventing ESD

Before servicing this product, read the *General Safety Summary* and *Service Safety Summary* at the front of the manual, and familiarize yourself with the following electrostatic discharge (ESD) information.



CAUTION. *Electrostatic discharge can damage any semiconductor component in this instrument.*

When performing any service that requires internal access to the instrument, adhere to the following precautions to avoid damaging internal assemblies and their components due to electrostatic discharge:

1. Minimize handling of static-sensitive circuit boards and components.
2. Transport and store static-sensitive assemblies in their static protected containers or on a metal rail. Label any package that contains static-sensitive boards.
3. Discharge the static voltage from your body by wearing a grounded antistatic wrist strap while handling these assemblies. Service static-sensitive assemblies only at a static-free work station.
4. Do not place anything capable of generating or holding a static charge on the work station surface.
5. Handle circuit boards by the edges when possible.
6. Do not slide the circuit boards over any surface.
7. Avoid handling circuit boards in areas that have a floor or work-surface covering capable of generating a static charge.

Inspection and Cleaning

Inspection and cleaning are done as preventive maintenance. Preventive maintenance, when done regularly, may prevent instrument malfunction and enhance its reliability.

Preventive maintenance consists of visually inspecting and cleaning the instrument and using general care when operating it.

How often to do maintenance depends on the severity of the environment in which the instrument is used. A proper time to perform preventive maintenance is just before instrument adjustment.

General Care The cabinet helps keep dust out of the instrument and should normally be in place when operating the instrument.



WARNING. *To avoid personal injury due to electric shock, power off the instrument and disconnect it from line voltage before performing any procedure that follows.*

Flat Panel Display Cleaning The mainframe display is a soft plastic display and must be treated with care during cleaning.



CAUTION. *Improper cleaning agents or methods can damage the flat panel display.*

To avoid damage, do not use abrasive cleaners or commercial glass cleaners to clean the display surface.

Do not spray liquids directly on the display surface.

Do not scrub the display with excessive force.

Clean the flat-panel display surface by gently rubbing the display with a clean-room wipe (such as WypAll Medium Duty Wipes, #05701, available from Kimberly-Clark Corporation).

If the display is very dirty, moisten the wipe with distilled water or a 75% isopropyl alcohol solution and gently rub the display surface. Avoid using excess force or you may damage the plastic display surface.

Exterior Cleaning



CAUTION. *To prevent getting moisture inside the instrument during external cleaning, use only enough liquid to dampen the cloth or applicator.*

Do not use chemical cleaning agents that might damage the plastics used in this instrument. Use only deionized water when cleaning the menu buttons or front-panel buttons. Use a 75% isopropyl alcohol solution as a cleaner and rinse with deionized water. Before using any other type of cleaner, consult your Tektronix Service Center or representative.

Clean the exterior surfaces of the chassis with a dry lint-free cloth or a soft-bristle brush. If any dirt remains, use a cloth or swab dipped in a 75% isopropyl alcohol solution. Use a swab to clean narrow spaces around controls and connectors. Do not use abrasive compounds on any part of the chassis that might damage the chassis.

Clean the On/Standby switch using a dampened cleaning towel. Do not spray or wet the switch directly.

Exterior Inspection

Use the following table to inspect the outside of the instrument for damage or missing parts. Immediately repair defects that could cause personal injury or lead to further damage to the instrument.

External inspection checklist

Item	Inspect for	Repair action
Cabinet, front panel, and cover	Cracks, scratches, deformations, damaged hardware.	Repair or replace defective assembly.
Front-panel knobs	Missing, damaged, or loose knobs.	Repair or replace missing or defective knobs.
Connectors	Broken shells, cracked insulation, and deformed contacts. Dirt in connectors.	Repair or replace defective assemblies. Clear or wash out dirt.
80C0X male fiber connections	Lint or dust on all male fiber connections.	Clean all male fiber connections with a lint-free cleaning cloth.
Carrying handle and cabinet feet	Correct operation.	Repair or replace defective assembly.
Accessories	Missing items or parts of items, bent pins, broken or frayed cables, and damaged connectors.	Repair or replace damaged or missing items, frayed cables, and defective assemblies.

Interior Inspection

To access the inside of the instrument for inspection and cleaning, refer to the removal and installation procedures. (See page 4-5, *Removal and Installation*.)

Inspect the internal portions of the instrument for damage and wear, as shown in the following table. Repair defects immediately.



CAUTION. *To prevent damage from electrical arcing, make sure that the circuit boards and components are dry before applying power to the instrument.*

NOTE. *If you repair or replace any circuit board, check to see if it is necessary to adjust the instrument. (See Table 4-4 on page 4-58.)*

Internal inspection checklist

Item	Inspect for	Repair action
Circuit boards	Loose, broken, or corroded solder connections. Burned circuit boards. Burned, broken, or cracked circuit-run plating.	Remove and replace damaged circuit board.
Resistors	Burned, cracked, broken, blistered condition.	Remove and replace damaged circuit board.
Capacitors	Damaged or leaking cases. Corroded solder on leads or terminals.	Remove and replace damaged circuit board.
Wiring and cables	Loose plugs or connectors. Burned, broken, or frayed wiring.	Firmly seat connectors. Repair or replace modules with defective wires or cables.
Chassis	Dents, deformations, and damaged hardware.	Straighten, repair, or replace defective hardware.

Interior Cleaning

1. Blow off dust with dry, low-pressure, deionized air (approximately 9 psi).
2. Remove any remaining dust with a lint-free cloth dampened in isopropyl alcohol (75% solution) and rinse with warm deionized water. (A cotton-tipped applicator is useful for cleaning in narrow spaces and on circuit boards.)

NOTE. *If, after performing steps 1 and 2, an assembly is clean upon inspection, skip the remaining steps.*

3. Gain access to the parts to be cleaned by removing easily accessible shields and panels. (See page 4-5, *Removal and Installation*.)
4. Spray wash dirty parts with the isopropyl alcohol and wait 60 seconds for the majority of the alcohol to evaporate.
5. Use hot (120 °F to 140 °F) deionized water to thoroughly rinse them.
6. Dry all parts with low-pressure, deionized air.
7. Dry all components and assemblies in an oven or drying compartment using low-temperature (125 °F to 150 °F) circulating air.

Lubrication

There is no periodic lubrication required for this instrument.

Removal and Installation



WARNING. Before performing any procedure in this section, disconnect the power cord from the line voltage source. Failure to do so could cause serious injury or death.

Only Qualified personnel should perform service procedures. Before performing this procedure, read the General and Service Safety summaries at the beginning of this manual. To prevent possible injury to service personnel or damage to electrical components, read Preventing ESD. (See page 4-1.)

NOTE. Read the cleaning procedure before disassembling the instrument for cleaning.

If you replace any circuit board, check to see if it is necessary to adjust the instrument. (See Table 4-4 on page 4-58.)

Required Equipment

Most assemblies in this instrument can be removed with a screwdriver handle mounted with a size T-15, Torx® screwdriver tip. Use this tool whenever a procedure step instructs you to remove or install a screw unless a different size screwdriver is specified in that step.

Table 4-1: Required equipment for Removal and Replacement

Item No.	Name	Description	Part number
1	Screwdriver handle	Accepts Torx®-driver bits	General Tool: 620-440
2	Screwdriver handle, extended length, 10.5 to 12 inches	Accepts Torx®-driver bits and 3/16 socket tip. Used for removing the T-10 screws and 3/16 inch hex posts from the electrical and optical module slots.	Standard tool or Xcelite 99X10 V N/S#48706
3	T-10 Torx tip	Torx®-driver bit for T-10 size screw heads, used for removing the electrical or optical module chassis.	General Tool: 640-235
4	T-15 Torx tip	Used for removing most the screws. Torx®-driver bit for T-15 size screw heads.	General Tool: 640-247
5	T-20 Torx tip	Used for removing the handle hardware. Torx®-driver bit for T-20 size screw heads.	General Tool: 640-250
6	3/16 inch socket tip	Used for removing the 3/16 inch hex posts from the electrical and optical module slots.	Standard tool
7	1/8 inch flat-bladed screwdriver	Screwdriver for unlocking cable connectors.	Standard tool
8	#0 phillips screwdriver	Screwdriver for removing small phillips screws, CD and hard drive.	Standard tool
9	Angle-Tip Tweezers	Used to remove front panel knobs.	Standard tool
10	3/16 inch open-end wrench	Used to remove the rear panel nut posts.	Standard tool

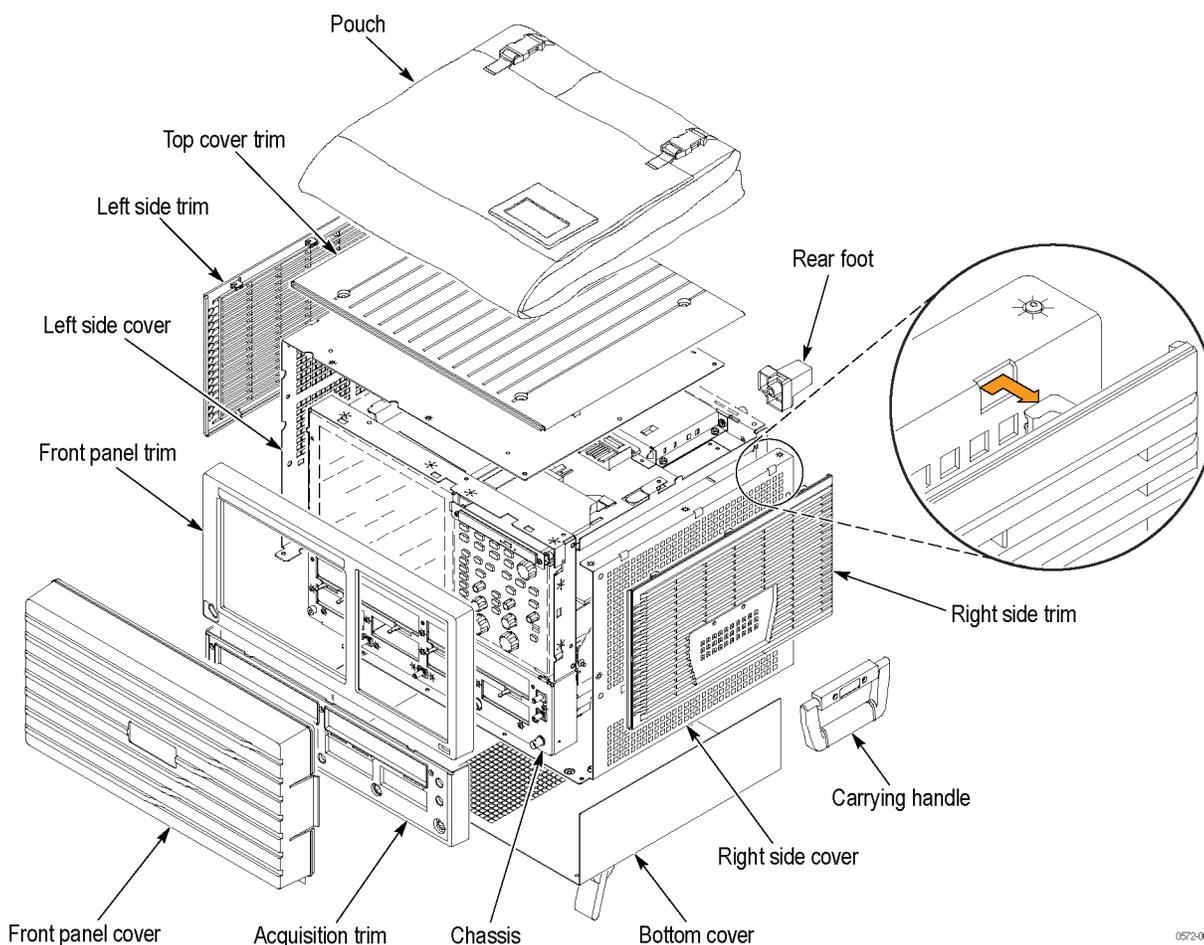
Table 4-1: Required equipment for Removal and Replacement (cont.)

Item No.	Name	Description	Part number
11	5/16 inch open-end wrench	Used to remove the rear panel nut posts.	Standard tool
12	Coaxial cable connector tool	Used to remove coaxial connectors from d-subminiature connector housings.	Amp: 58095-1

External Assemblies



WARNING. Before performing any procedure in this section, disconnect the power cord from the line voltage source. Failure to do so could cause serious injury or death.



0572-009

Figure 4-1: External assemblies

Line Fuses and AC Power Cord

You will need a flat-bladed screwdriver.



CAUTION. *Power off the instrument before servicing the line fuses or power cord. Power off the instrument using the Windows shut down procedure, and then turn off the power switch located on the rear of the instrument (or remove the power cord). Powering down the instrument without using the Windows shut down procedure can corrupt the software on the hard disk.*

1. Power off the instrument using the Windows shut-down process, and then push the rear panel power switch or disconnect the AC power cord, to remove power from the mainframe.
2. Place the bottom of the instrument on the work surface, with the rear facing you. Locate the two line fuse caps and the AC power cord near the center of the rear panel.
3. *To remove line fuses:* Remove both fuse caps by turning them counterclockwise using a flat-bladed screwdriver, and remove the line fuses. Reverse the procedure to reinstall.
4. *To remove line cord:* Disconnect the AC power cord from the rear-panel connector to remove the AC power source.

Front-Panel Knobs

You will need angled-tip tweezers.

NOTE. *If you are not removing the front panel, you do not need to remove the front-panel knobs; you can proceed to trim removal.*

1. *To remove a knob:*
 - a. Hold the knob that you want to remove and pull it straight out from the front panel about 1/4 inch to create some clearance between the base of the knob and the front panel.
 - b. Insert the angled-tip tweezers between the knob and front panel and use them to remove the knob. (See Figure 4-2 on page 4-8.)
 - c. For replacement knob part numbers, refer to the exploded view and replaceable parts table. (See Figure 5-3 on page 5-9.)

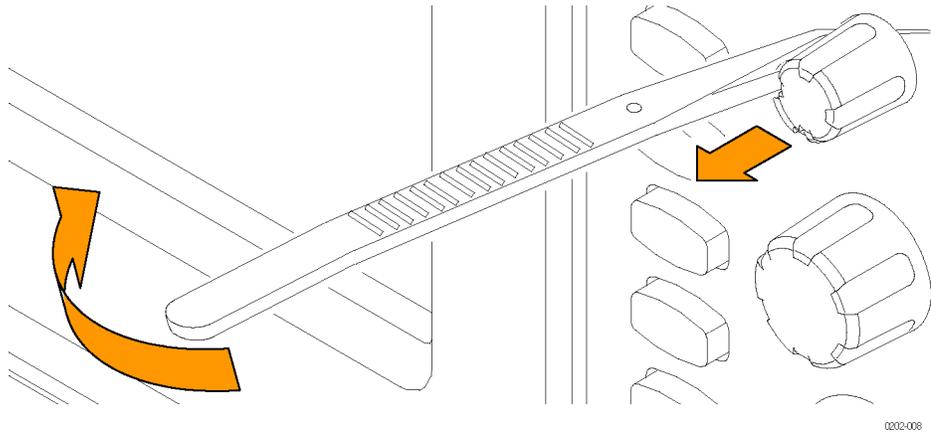


Figure 4-2: Knob removal



CAUTION. *To prevent damage to the encoders located on the circuit board, apply pressure to the backs of the encoders while pushing the knob on the shaft.*

3. *To reinstall a knob:*
 - a. Align the knob to the shaft.
 - b. While applying pressure to the back of the encoder, push the knob in until it snaps.

Trim and Carrying Handle

You will need a T-15 Torx driver and a T-20 Torx driver.

1. *To remove the top cover trim:*
 - a. Remove the accessory pouch; it snaps off. (See Figure 4-1 on page 4-6.)
 - b. Remove the four T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the top cover trim to the instrument. The T-15 Torx drive screws also attach the snap studs to the top cover. (See Figure 5-1 on page 5-5.)
 - c. Hold the back of the top cover trim and swing it upward and toward you to release it from the front panel trim.
 - d. Pull the front cover trim away from you and remove it from the instrument.
2. *To remove the carrying handle and the right and left side trim panels:*
 - a. Remove the two T-20 Torx drive screws that attach the handle to the instrument. Remove the handle from the instrument.
 - b. Slide the side trim panels toward the rear of the instrument allowing the tabs to clear the cover openings, then pull out to remove the panels from the instrument.
3. *To remove the front panel trim:*
 - a. Hold the trim ring by its top edge and pull toward you to detach the three plastic snaps. (Alternatively, you can use a flat-bladed screwdriver or other small prying tool to help you detach the snaps.)
 - b. Swing the bottom of the ring up and off the front panel.
4. *To remove the acquisition trim:*
 - a. Remove the six T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the acquisition trim to the instrument. (See Figure 5-1 on page 5-5.)
 - b. Remove the knobs from the electrical and optical ejector levers (hold the knobs with your fingers and pull straight out). (See Figure 4-19.)
 - c. Remove the acquisition trim from the instrument.



CAUTION. *Over-tightening the handle screws may cause the handle to break off from the cabinet. Use a torque wrench to tighten the screws to 8-10 in.lb.*

5. *To reinstall the covers and handle:* Reverse the steps. Use a torque wrench to tighten the handle screws to 8–10 in. lb.

Bottom Cover You will need a T-15 Torx driver.

1. *To remove the bottom cover:* (See Figure 4-1 on page 4-6.)
 - a. Place the top of the instrument on the work surface, with the bottom facing you.
 - b. Remove the five T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the bottom cover to the instrument. (See Figure 5-1 on page 5-5.)
 - c. Remove the bottom cover from the instrument.
2. *To reinstall the bottom cover:* Reverse the steps.

Left and Right Covers You will need a T-15 Torx driver.

1. *To access the covers, remove these assemblies:*
 - Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
 - Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
2. *Remove the left and right covers as follows:*

NOTE. *All mounting screw holes are indicated by a star etched around the mounting hole.*

- a. Place the rear of the instrument on the work surface, with the front facing you.
- b. Remove the thirteen T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the covers to the top and both sides of the chassis. (See Figure 5-1 on page 5-5.)
- c. Remove the nine T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the covers to the bottom of the chassis.
- d. Pull the bottom-right cover down and slide to the right to remove from the instrument.
- e. Pull the top-left cover upward and slide to the left to remove from the instrument.

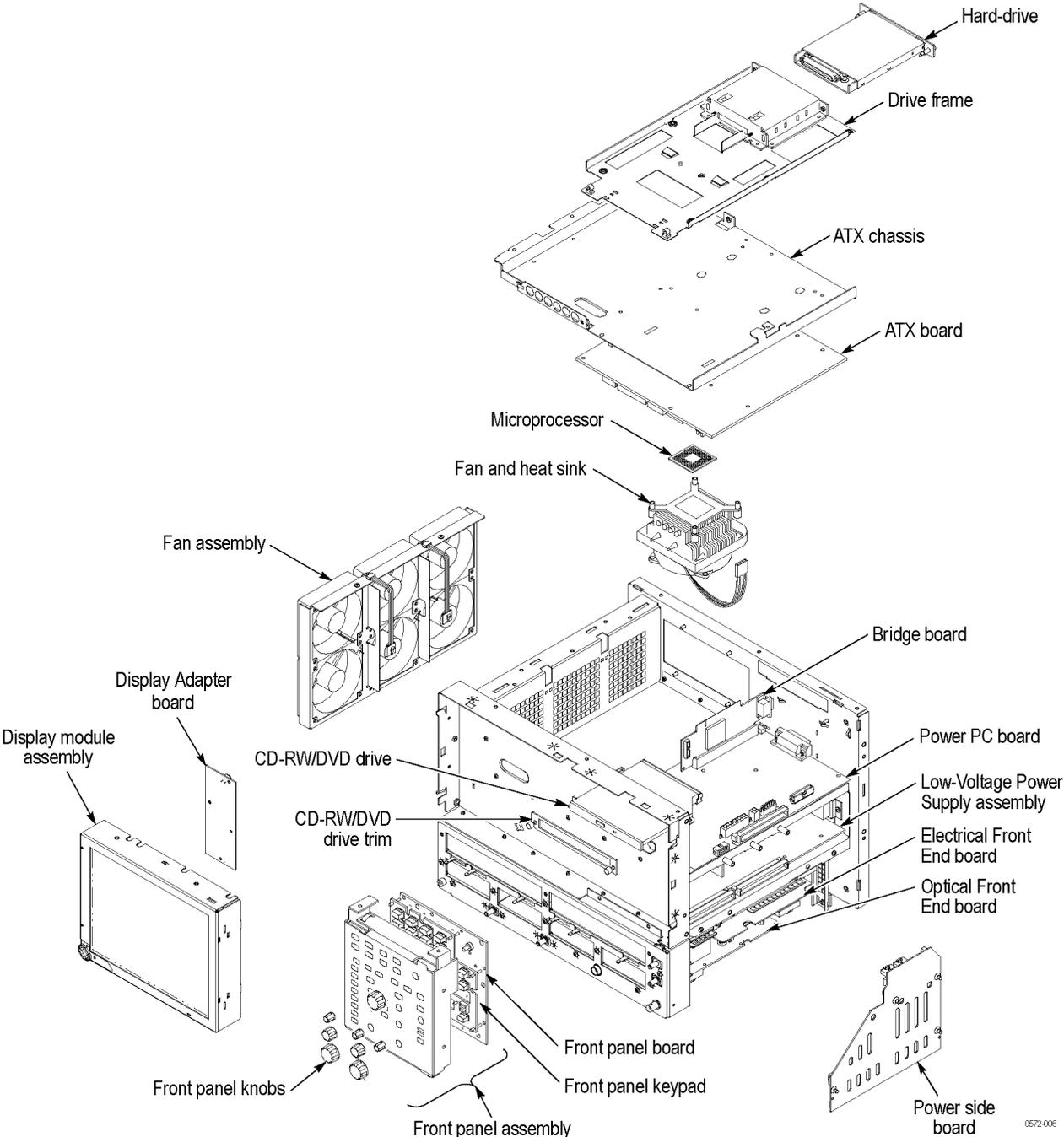


CAUTION. *Be careful not to bind or snag the covers on the internal cabling of the instrument as you remove or install the covers.*

3. *To reinstall the left and right covers:* Reverse the steps.

Internal Assemblies

Before removing internal assemblies, you must remove the external assemblies. (See page 4-6, *External Assemblies*.)



0572-006

Figure 4-3: Internal assemblies

Front-Panel Assembly

You will need a flat-bladed screwdriver to hold up the metal tab that holds the USB port in place, and a 1/8 inch flat-bladed screwdriver.

1. *To access the assembly, remove these assemblies:*
 - Front-Panel trim (See page 4-9.)
 - CD-RW/DVD drive and trim (See page 4-22.)
2. *To remove the Front-Panel assembly:* (See Figure 4-3 on page 4-11.)
 - a. Place the bottom of the instrument on the work surface, with the front panel facing you.
 - b. Remove the six T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the Front-Panel assembly to the front chassis. (See Figure 5-3 on page 5-9.)
 - c. Hold the bottom of the Front-Panel assembly and pull it toward you until it catches.
 - d. From the side, insert the tip of a flat-blade screwdriver directly above the USB port and below the Front-Panel assembly. There is a piece of flexible metal there that keeps the front panel from slipping over the USB port.
 - e. Push up on the flexible piece of metal as you pull the Front-Panel assembly forward and away from the instrument.
 - f. Use the 1/8 inch flat-bladed screwdriver to carefully lift up the J1 cable connector lock. Pull up on the J1 flex cable to disconnect it from the display module assembly. (See Figure 4-4 on page 4-13.) Note the position of the pin 1 index mark on the connector and the black stripe on the cable for later reassembly.
 - g. Pull the Front-Panel assembly forward and remove it from the instrument.
3. *To reinstall the Front-Panel assembly:* Reverse the steps.

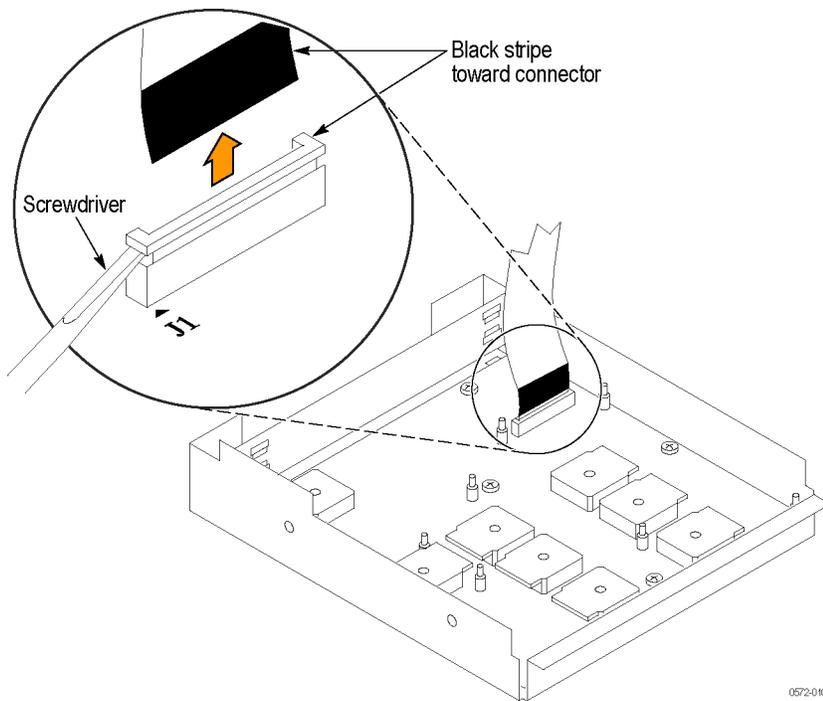


Figure 4-4: J1 flex cable connector removal

Front Panel Board You will need a small flat-bladed screwdriver for prying, and a T-15 Torx driver.

1. *To access the board, remove these assemblies:*
 - Front-Panel knobs (See page 4-8.)
 - Front-Panel trim (See page 4-9.)
 - CD-RW/DVD drive and trim (See page 4-22.)
 - Front-Panel assembly (See page 4-12.)
2. *To remove the Front Panel circuit board:* (See Figure 4-3 on page 4-11.) (See Figure 5-3 on page 5-9.)
 - a. Remove the eight T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the Front-Panel board to the Front-Panel assembly.
 - b. Pry the board up off the alignment studs. Place a flat bladed screwdriver in the pry point access holes to pry the board up from the assembly.
 - c. Remove the board from the assembly.
3. *To reinstall the Front-Panel board:* Reverse the steps. Verify that the plastic bezel is flush against the sheet metal. If it is not, the board might not be seated properly over the plastic posts.

Front Panel Keypad

You will need a pair of tweezers or equivalent tool.

1. *To access the assembly, remove these assemblies:*
 - Front-Panel knobs (See page 4-8.)
 - Front-Panel trim (See page 4-9.)
 - CD-RW/DVD drive and trim (See page 4-22.)
 - Front-Panel assembly (See page 4-12.)
 - Front-Panel board (See page 4-13.)



CAUTION. *When removing or installing the keypad, make sure you do not touch the switch contact with your fingers. The oils in your fingers will degrade or damage the switch contacts. To help prevent damage to the keypad use cotton gloves when removing or installing the keyboard pad.*

2. *To remove the Front Panel keypad:*
 - a. Use the tweezers to pull on each of the keypad support guides and separate the keypad from the Front-Panel board.
 - b. Remove the keypad from the Front-Panel board. (See Figure 5-3 on page 5-9.)
3. *To reinstall the front panel keypad:* Reverse the steps. Make sure that the keypad is properly aligned on the Front-Panel board and that the ribbon cable is routed correctly when installing the Front-Panel in the chassis. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

Display Assembly

You will need a T-15 Torx driver.

NOTE. *You can replace the entire **Display assembly**. You can also replace the **Display Adapter circuit board** individually (it is also a part of the Display assembly).*

Other components that make up the Display assembly (such as the LCD display and the Standby/On switch flex circuit) cannot be individually ordered or replaced. If there is a problem with one of these components, return the instrument to Tektronix for repair. See the Contacting Tektronix information at the front of this manual.

1. *To access the assembly, remove these assemblies:*
 - Front-Panel trim (See page 4-9.)
 - Top trim (See page 4-9.)
2. *To remove the Display assembly:* (See Figure 4-5 on page 4-16.)
 - a. Place the bottom of the instrument on the work surface, with the front panel facing you.
 - b. Remove the four T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the Display assembly to the chassis.
 - c. Hold the top and bottom edges of the Display assembly and pull forward far enough to allow access to the ribbon cable connector.
 - d. Disconnect the J2 and J3 ribbon cables from the Display assembly.



CAUTION. *Do not set the Display assembly on a work surface. Sliding the instrument over the edge of the work surface could break off the Standby/On switch assembly.*

- e. Remove the Display assembly from the instrument.
- f. *To reinstall the Display assembly:* Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)
- g. *To reinstall the Display assembly:* Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

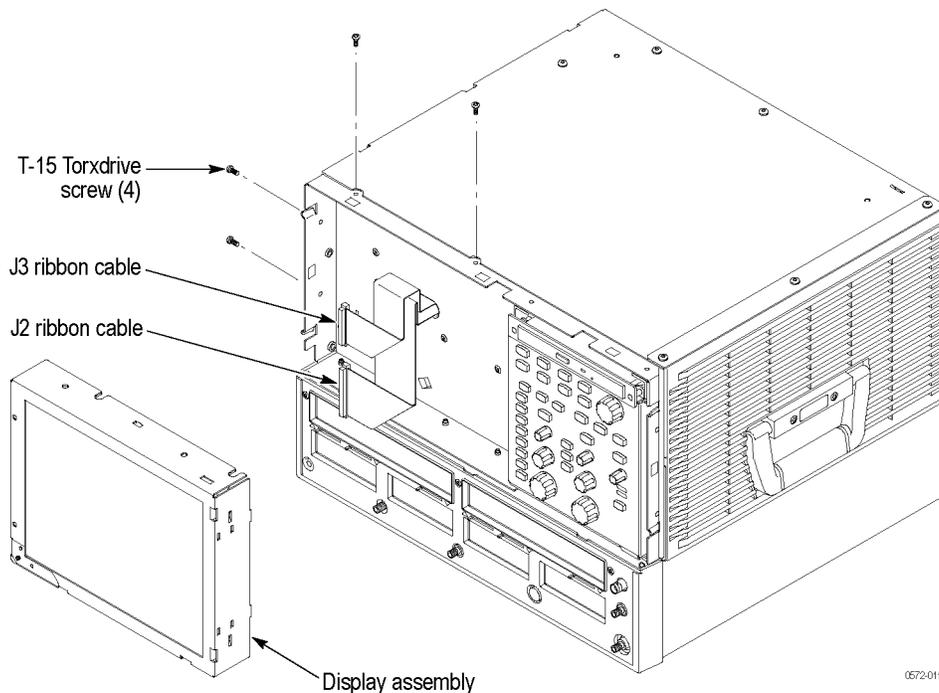
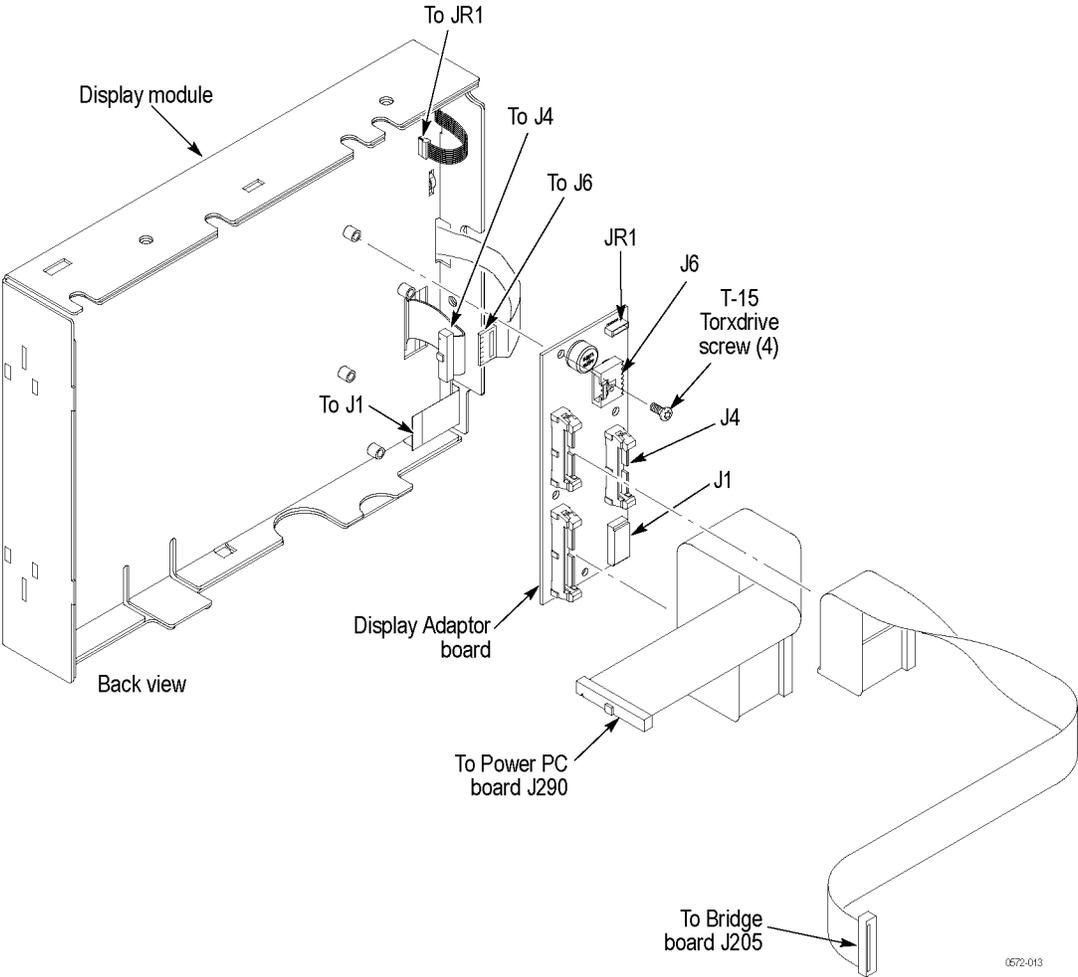


Figure 4-5: Display assembly removal

Display Adapter Board

You will need a T-15 Torx driver.

1. *To access the board, remove these assemblies:*
 - Display assembly (See page 4-14.)
2. *To remove the Display Adapter Board from the Display assembly:*
 - a. Disconnect the cables from the Display Adapter board. (See Figure 4-6.)
 - b. Remove the four T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the Display Adapter board to the Display assembly. (See Figure 5-3.)
 - c. Remove the Display Adapter board from the Display assembly.
3. *To reinstall the Display Adapter board:* Reverse the steps. (See Figure 4-7.)



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Figure 4-6: Display adaptor board removal

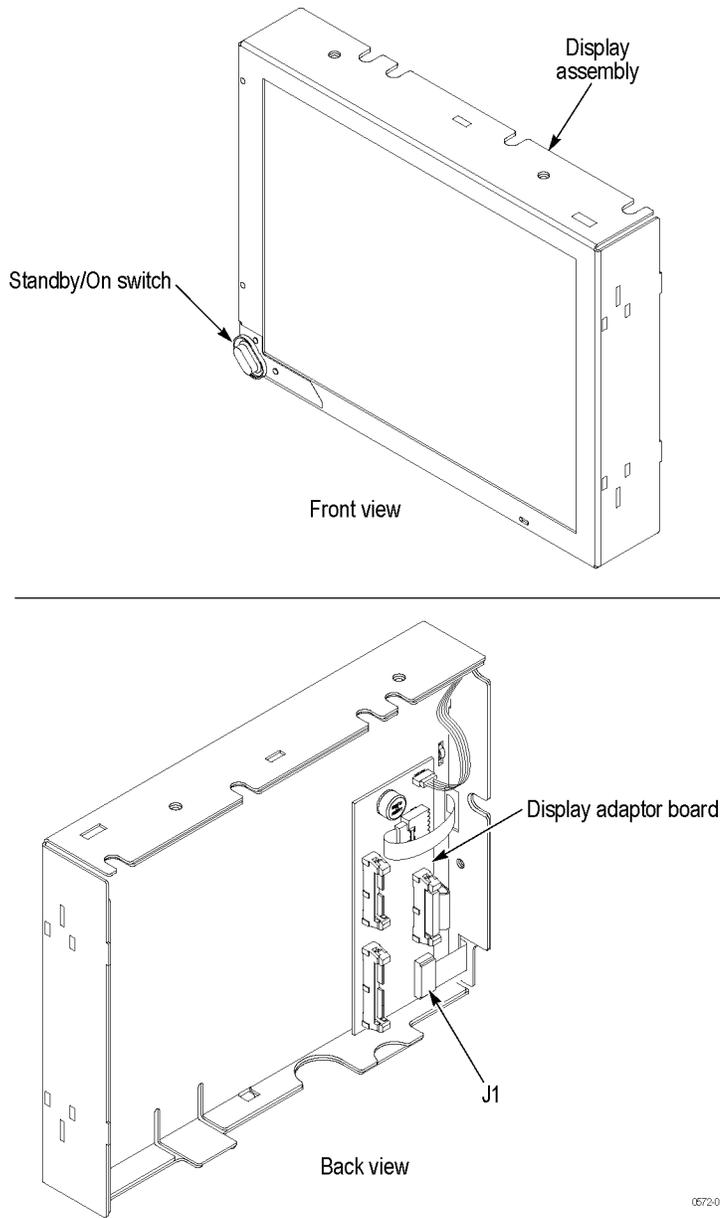


Figure 4-7: Display adaptor board replacement

Standby/On Switch Flex Circuit

The Standby/On switch flex circuit is a part of the Display assembly, and is not individually customer-replaceable. If this component must be replaced, you must return the instrument to Tektronix for repair. See the Contacting Tektronix information at the front of this manual. For reference, refer to the exploded view. (See Figure 5-3.)

USB Assembly You will need a T-15 Torx driver.

1. *To remove the USB assembly:* (See Figure 4-8 on page 4-19.)
 - a. Place the bottom of the instrument on the work surface, with the front panel facing you.
 - b. Detach the J1 cable.
 - c. Remove the T-15 Torx drive screw.
 - d. Pull the USB assembly toward you to detach it from the instrument.
2. *To reinstall the USB assembly:* Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

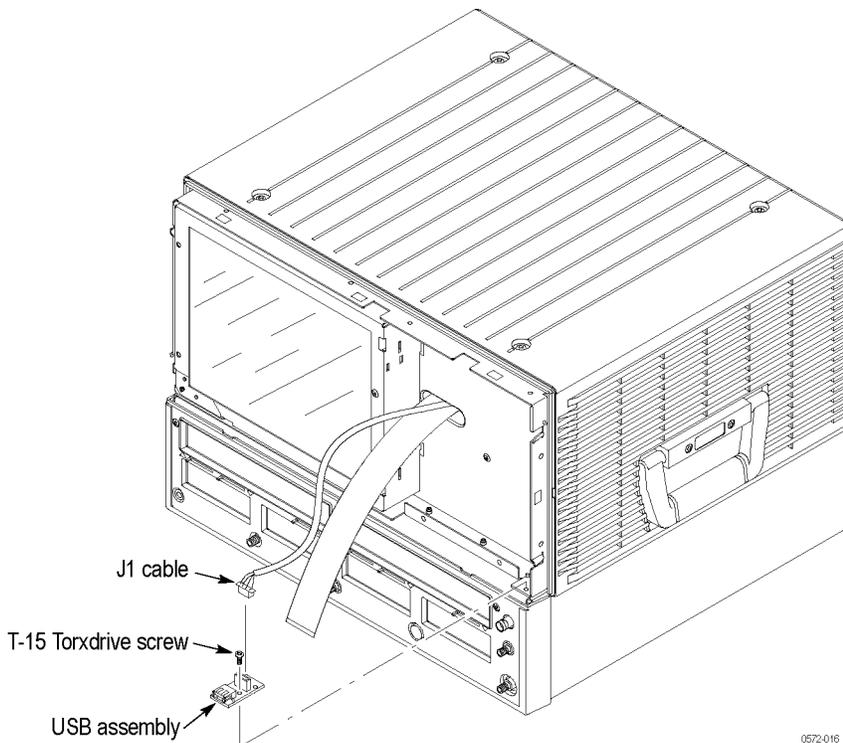


Figure 4-8: USB assembly removal

Hard Disk Drive You will need a #0 Phillips screwdriver.



CAUTION. *Do not remove the replaceable hard disk drive when the mainframe is powered on; if you do so, damage can occur to the drive and mainframe. Power off the instrument and then turn off the power switch located on the rear of the instrument (or remove the power cord).*

2. *To remove the hard disk drive assembly:*
 - a. Verify that the chassis is powered down.
 - b. Place the bottom of the instrument on the work surface, with the rear panel facing you.
 - c. Locate the hard disk drive assembly on the rear panel of the instrument. (See Figure 4-3 on page 4-11.)
 - d. Remove the two thumbscrews from the front of the hard disk drive assembly.
 - e. Hold the hard disk drive assembly and slide it out of the instrument.
3. *To remove the hard disk drive from the assembly:* (See Figure 4-9 on page 4-21.)
 - a. Remove the four #0 Phillips screws that fasten the hard disk drive to the cartridge.
 - b. Carefully remove the hard disk drive from the cartridge.
4. *To reinstall the hard disk drive:*
 - a. Verify that the chassis is powered down.
 - b. Install the hard disk drive into the cartridge.
 - c. Slide the assembly into the instrument.
 - d. Install the two thumbscrews to attach the assembly to the instrument.

Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

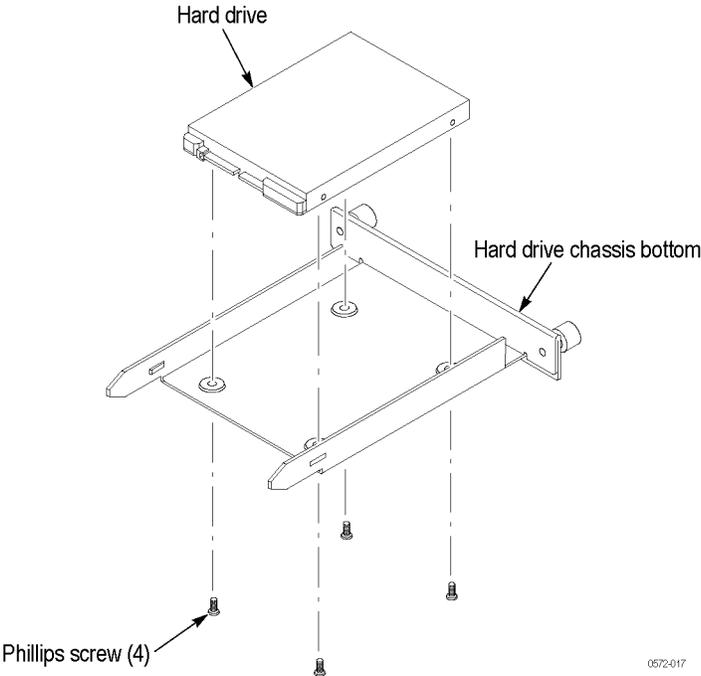


Figure 4-9: Hard disk drive removal

CD-RW/DVD Drive Assembly

You will need a #0 Phillips screwdriver.

1. *To access the assembly, remove these assemblies:*
 - Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
 - Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
 - Left and right covers (See page 4-10.)
2. *To remove the CD-RW/DVD disk drive assembly:* (See Figure 4-3 on page 4-11.) (See Figure 4-10 on page 4-22.)
 - a. Place the instrument bottom on the work surface, with the front panel facing you.
 - b. Remove the two Phillips screws that hold the CD-RW/DVD drive trim to the mounting frame and remove the trim.
 - c. Place one thumb on each side of the front of the CD-RW/DVD drive and your forefingers on the back of the drive.
 - d. Pull the drive straight toward you until the drive detaches from the CD/HD interface board.

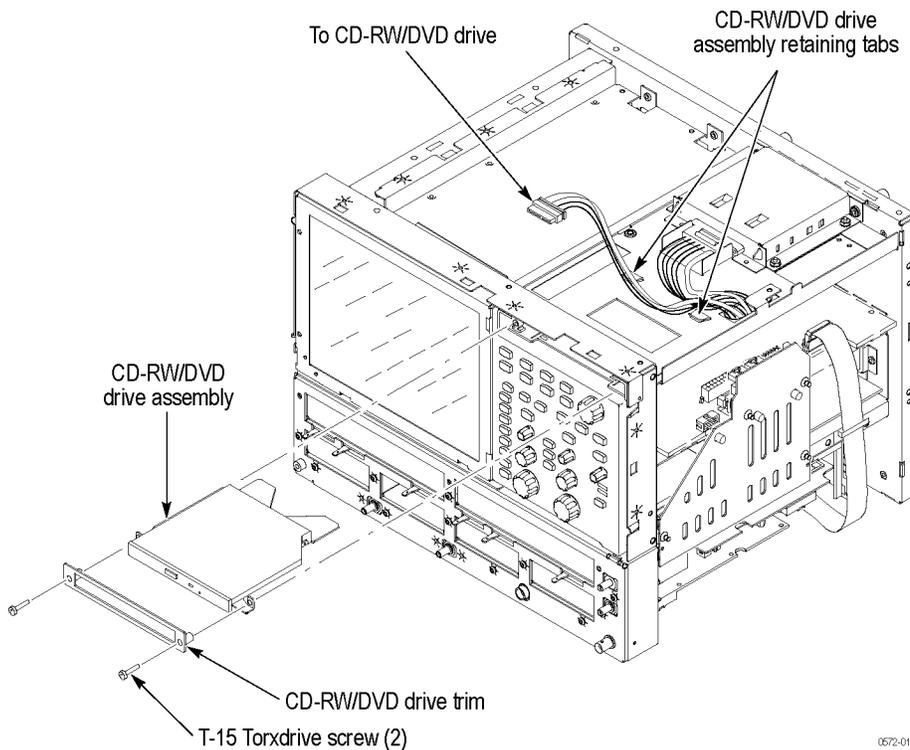


Figure 4-10: CD-RW/DVD assembly removal

3. *To remove the CD-RW/DVD drive from the cartridge:* (See Figure 4-11 on page 4-23.)
 - a. Remove the four small Phillips screws that fasten the CD-RW/DVD drive to the mounting frame.
 - b. Remove the drive from the mounting frame.
4. Detach the interface circuit board from the CD-RW/DVD drive.
5. *To reinstall the assembly:* Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

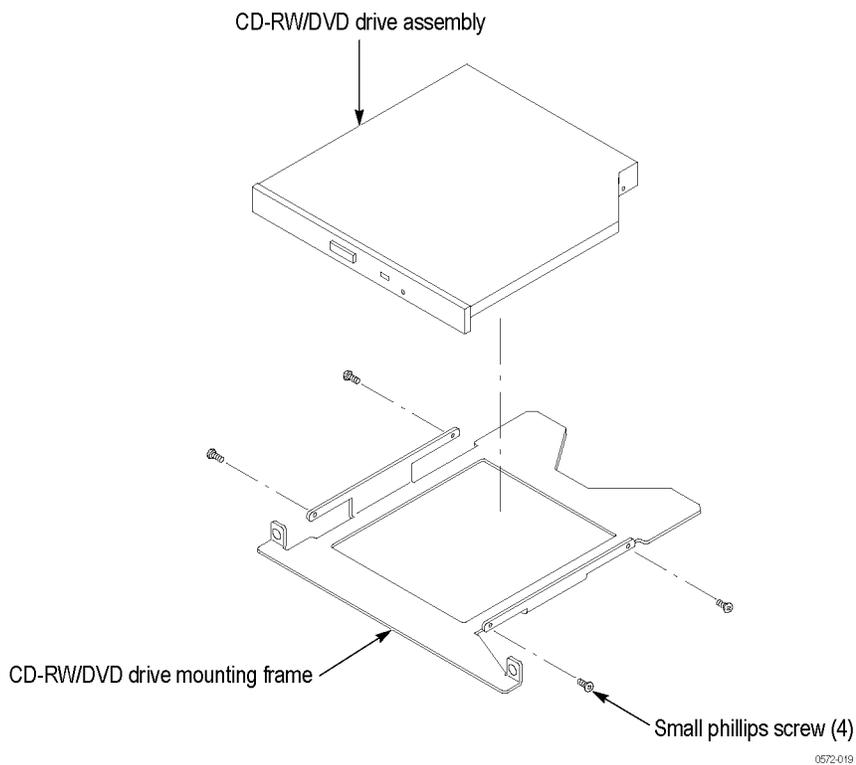
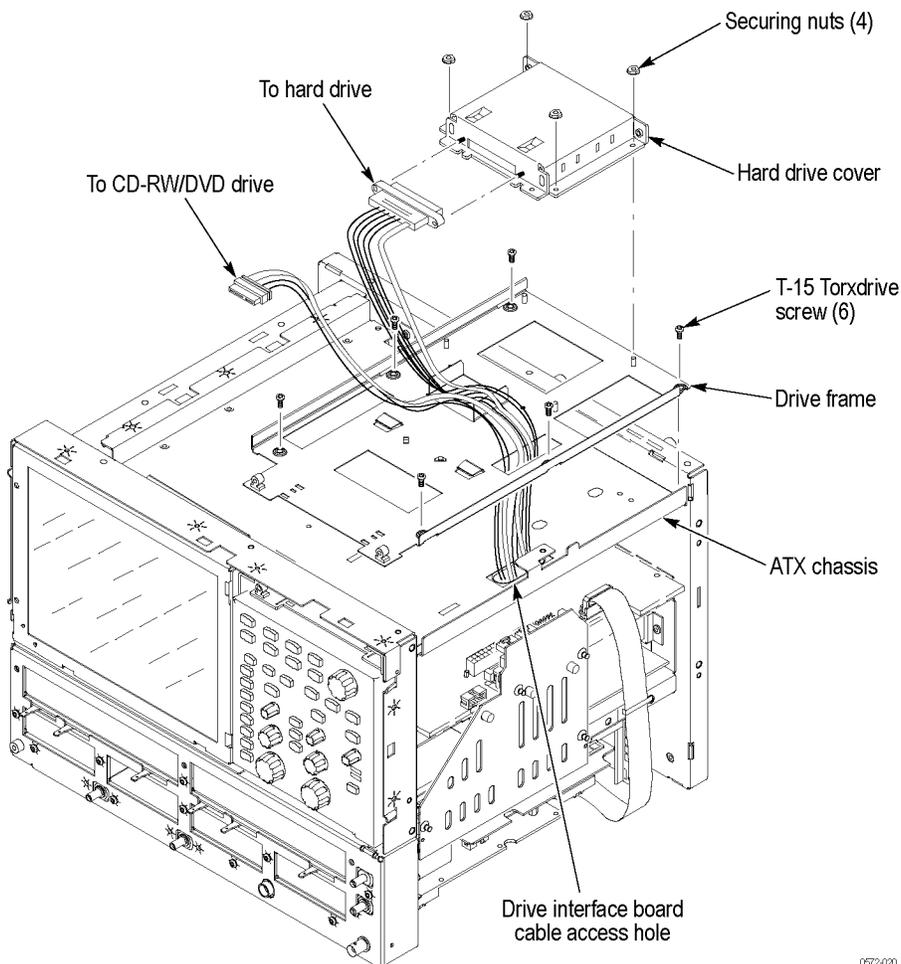


Figure 4-11: CD-RW/DVD drive removal

CD-RW/DVD and Hard Disk Drive Mounting Frame

1. *To access the frame, remove these assemblies:*
 - Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
 - Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
 - Left and right covers (See page 4-10.)
 - CD-RW/DVD (See page 4-22.)
 - Hard drive (See page 4-20.)
2. *To remove the mounting frame:*
 - a. Place the instrument bottom on the work surface, so that you can access the mounting drive frame. (See Figure 4-12.)
 - b. Remove the six T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the mounting frame to the ATX chassis.
 - c. Remove the CDD/HDD drive cable from the hard drive.
 - d. Remove the CD-RW/DVD drive cable from the CD-RW/DVD drive.
 - e. Hold both far side corners of the drive frame; lift up and toward the rear of the instrument simultaneously.
 - f. Gently shift the frame from side to side as you pull it to the rear until you can remove it completely.
3. *To reinstall the mounting frame:* Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)



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Figure 4-12: Hard drive and CD-RW/DVD drive mounting frame removal

ATX Assembly

You will need a T-15 Torx driver.

You can remove and reinstall the ATX assembly if necessary to gain access to mechanical parts that are replaceable. However, the ATX circuit board is not customer-replaceable and cannot be ordered from Tektronix.

NOTE. *If this circuit board or chassis must be replaced, you must return the product to Tektronix for repair and calibration. See the Contacting Tektronix information at the front of this manual.*

- 1.** *To access the assembly, remove these assemblies:*
 - Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
 - Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
 - Left and right covers (See page 4-10.)
 - CD-RW/DVD and hard drive mounting frame (See page 4-24.)
- 2.** *To remove the ATX Assembly:* (See Figure 4-13.)
 - a.** Place the instrument bottom on the work surface, with the side panel facing you.
 - b.** Remove the three T-15 Torx drive screws that attach ATX assembly to the chassis.
 - c.** Remove the six T-15 Torx drive screws that attach ATX assembly to the rear chassis.
 - d.** Hold the front edge of the ATX assembly and pull up on the assembly to disconnect the Riser Adapter from the edge connector of the PC Processor board.
 - e.** Detach the cable from the USB56 connector on the ATX board.
 - f.** Detach the cables from the following connectors on the Microprocessor board: J183, J180, J410, and J510.
 - g.** Remove the ATX assembly from the instrument.
 - h.** To reinstall the ATX assembly, reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

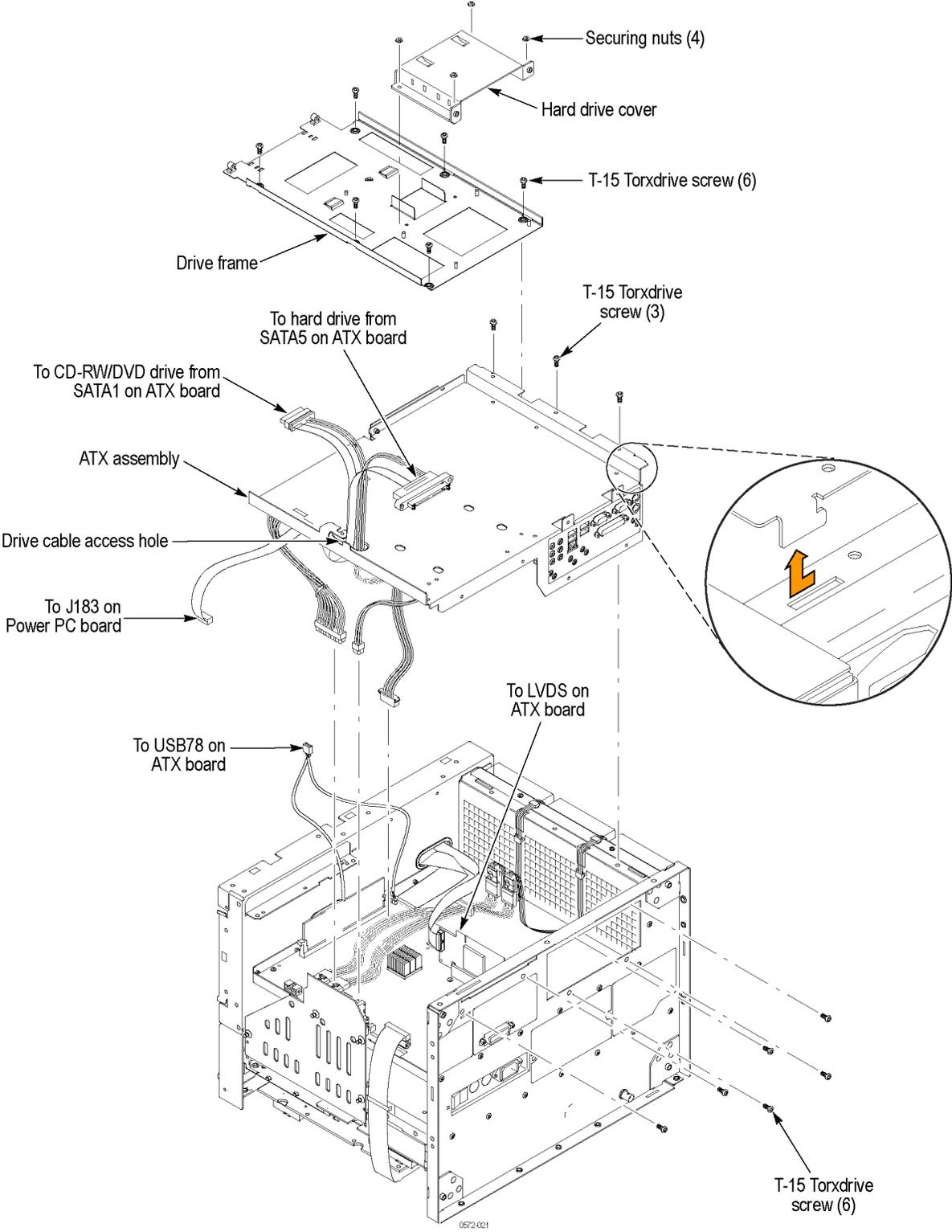


Figure 4-13: ATX assembly removal

Power PC Board

You will need a T-15 Torx driver and a 3/16 inch nut driver.

1. *To access the Power PC board, remove these assemblies:*
 - Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
 - Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
 - Left and Right covers (See page 4-10.)
 - CD-RW/DVD and Hard Drive mounting frame (See page 4-24.)
 - ATX Assembly (See page 4-25.)
 - Power Side board (See Figure 5-3.)
2. *To remove the Power PC board:* (See Figure 4-14.)
 - a. Set the instrument with the bottom down on the work surface and the top panel facing you.
 - b. Disconnect the ribbon cables from the Power PC board.
 - c. Remove the ten T-15 Torx drive screws securing the Power PC board to the chassis support.
 - d. Remove the two 3/16 inch securing nuts that attach the GPIB connector to the rear of the support bracket.
 - e. Remove the two 3/16 inch securing nuts that attach the Video out connector to the rear of the support bracket.
 - f. Lift the Power PC board out of the instrument.
3. *To reinstall the Power PC board:* Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

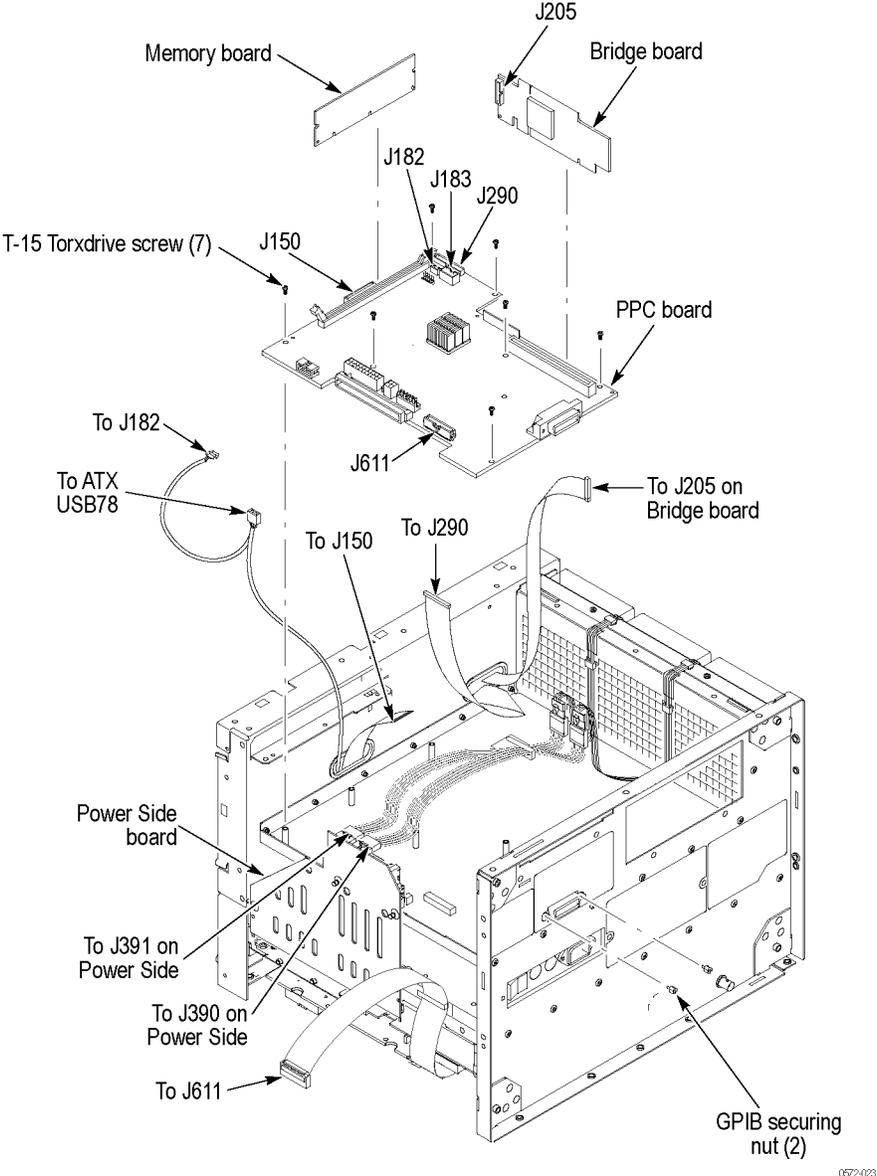


Figure 4-14: Power PC board removal

Power Side Board

1. *To access the Power Side board, remove these assemblies:*
 - Right side trim (See page 4-9.)
 - Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
 - Right cover (See page 4-10.)
2. *To remove the Power Side board:*
 - a. Set the instrument with the bottom down on the work surface and the right side facing you.
 - b. Pull the Side Power board out far enough so that you can reach the cables on the inside-facing front side of the board. Pull the board straight out, disconnecting it carefully from the Low-Voltage Power Supply and the Power PC board. (See Figure 5-3 on page 5-9.)
 - c. Disconnect all of the cables from the Power Side board.
 - d. Remove the Side Power board completely from the instrument.
3. *To replace the Power Side board:* Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.) Be careful to align the connectors on the Side Power board with the connectors on the Low-Voltage board and the Power PC board.

NOTE. *Make sure that the connectors on J11, J12, and J13 are fully seated and that the latches are engaged.*

Reconnect the Power Side board to the Power PC board and the Low-Voltage Power supply carefully, making sure that all of the pins match up with the connectors and are fully seated.

Bridge Board

1. *To access the Bridge board, remove these assemblies:*
 - Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
 - Left cover (See page 4-10.)
 - CD-RW/DVD and Hard Drive mounting frame (See page 4-24.)
2. *To remove the Bridge board:* (See Figure 4-15 on page 4-32.)
 - a. Set the instrument with the bottom down on the work surface.
 - b. Disconnect the cables from the Bridge board.
 - c. Lift the Bridge board up and out from the chassis.
3. *To reinstall the Bridge board:* Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.) Make sure that the cables are fully seated.

Fan Assembly You will need a T15 Torx driver.

1. *To access the fan assembly, remove these assemblies:*
 - Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
 - Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
 - Left cover (See page 4-10.)
2. *To remove the fan assembly:* (See Figure 4-15 on page 4-32.)



CAUTION. *Be careful when handling the fan assembly; the fan blades can be damaged easily.*

- a. Set the instrument with the bottom down on the work surface.
 - b. Disconnect the left and right fan cables from the left and right extender cables.
 - c. Remove the two T-15 Torx drive screws that attach the fan assembly to the top main chassis.
 - d. Lift the fan assembly up and out from the chassis.
3. *To reinstall the fan assembly:* Reverse the steps. Be sure to connect the cable marked “Left” to the cable extender matched with J391. Connect the cable marked “Right” to the cable extender matched with J390. Refer to the cable connections table for more information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

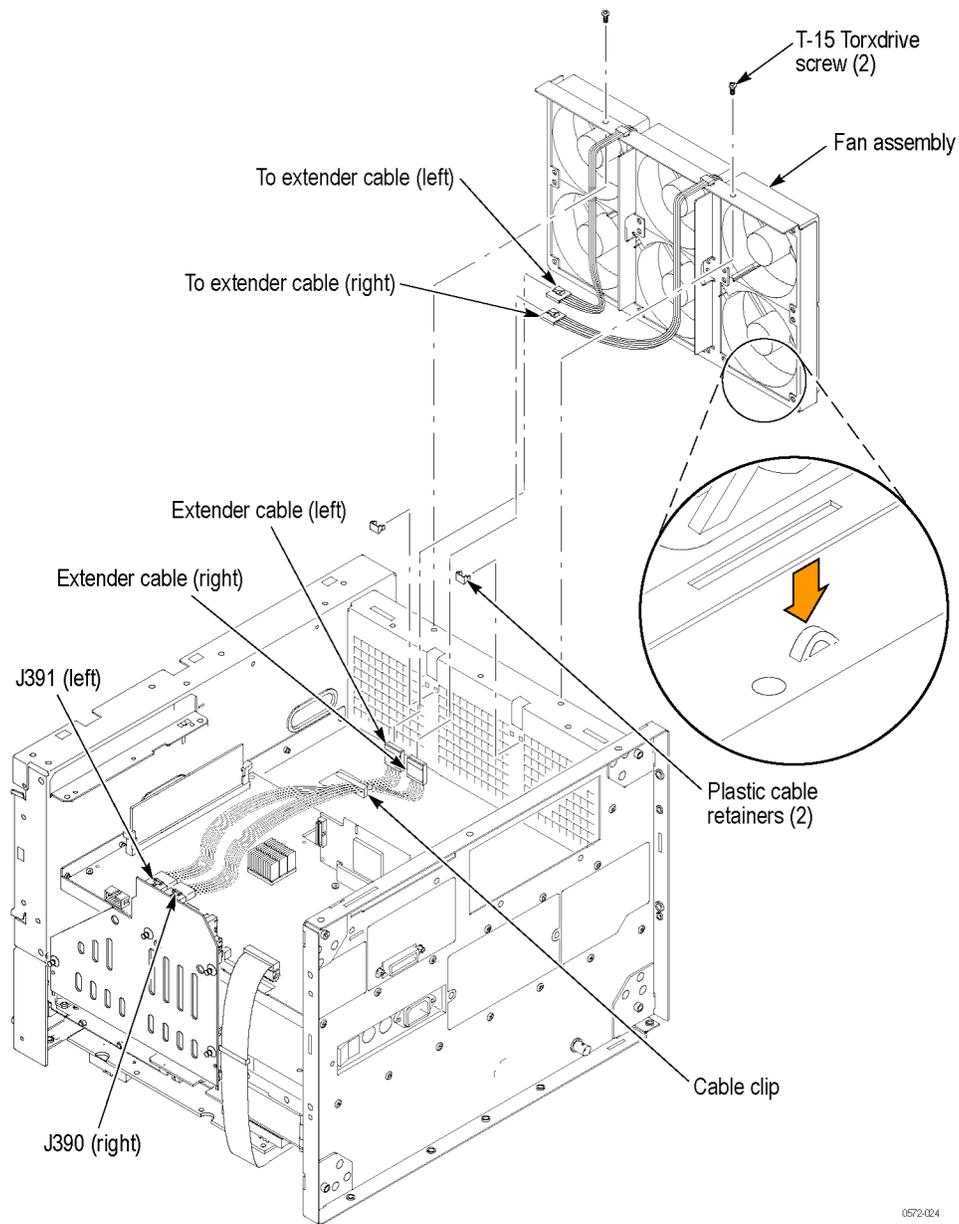


Figure 4-15: Fan assembly removal

Low-Voltage Power Supply

You will need a T-15 Torx driver.

NOTE. See also *Checking the Power Supply Voltages in the Troubleshooting section.* (See page 4-55, *Checking the Power Supply Voltages.*)

1. To access the Low-Voltage Power Supply, remove these assemblies:

- Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
- Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
- Left and Right covers (See page 4-10.)
- Power Side board (See page 4-30.)
- Disconnect the cable (Tektronix part number 174-4241-01) from J01 on the Electrical Front-End board, allowing the clip that holds the cable to remain in place.



CAUTION. Do not remove the clip that holds the cable in place. To do so can cause EMI issues.

2. Remove the low-voltage power supply as follows:

- a. Set the instrument with the bottom on the work surface and the right side facing you.
- b. Disconnect J611 ribbon cable connector from the PC Processor board. (See Figure 5-4.)
- c. Remove the two T-15 Torx drive screws securing the low-voltage power supply to the right-side chassis support.
- d. Remove the three T-15 Torx drive screws securing the low-voltage power supply to rear chassis.
- e. Hold the low-voltage power supply and carefully slide the assembly out of the mainframe.

3. To reinstall the power supply: Reverse the steps. Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

Acquisition System

The Acquisition system consists of the Time Base circuit board and bracket, the Electrical Front-End circuit board and chassis, and the Optical Front-End circuit board and chassis. The circuit boards are not customer replaceable.

If any of these circuit boards must be replaced, return the instrument to Tektronix for repair. However, you can remove the assemblies temporarily, to gain access to cables or mechanical parts that are customer-replaceable. Refer to the Replaceable Parts list to find part numbers of replaceable parts.

Removing a circuit board assembly to gain access to mechanical parts and then reinstalling the same circuit board assembly should not affect the board calibration if you are careful not to loosen or damage any parts.



CAUTION. Use care not to loosen or damage any parts. This could disrupt instrument operation and calibration.

Before removing the assembly, be sure that this will not affect your product warranty.

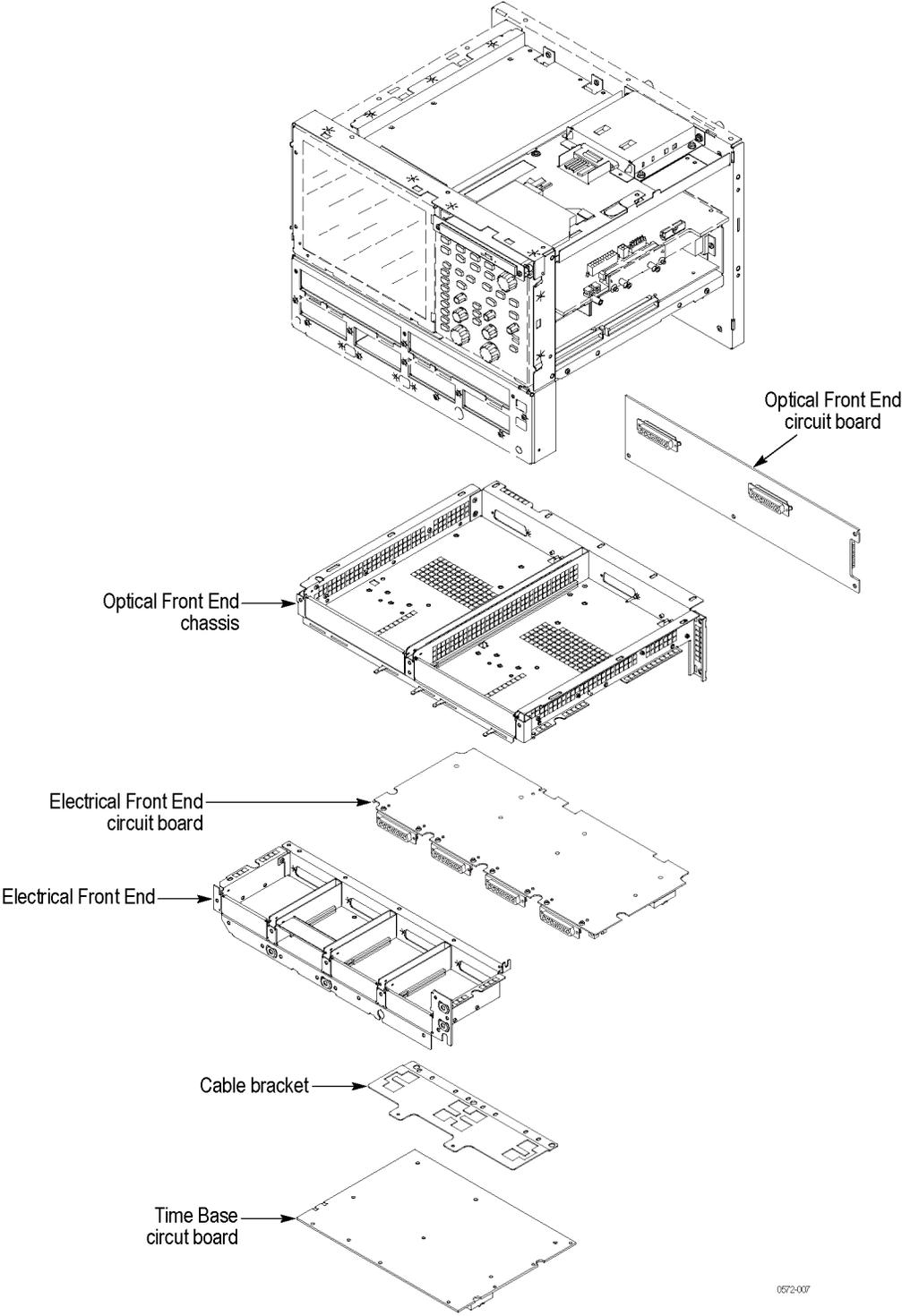


Figure 4-16: Acquisition System



CAUTION. Make sure you reinstall the Torx drive screw and threaded posts in the correct position. The 3/16 inch hex threaded posts have etched lines around their mounting holes. Interchanging the threaded posts with the Torx drive screws could cause damage to your module connector. (See Figure 4-17.)

Do not interchange the small and large sampling module threaded posts. The large slot sampling module threaded posts are single threaded posts and the small slot sampling module posts are double threaded posts. Installing the double threaded posts into the large module slot could damage the large module connector.

One of the nine T-10 Torx screws secures a 5/16 inch hex nut and grounding lug to the inside chassis. When removing the top right T-10 Torx drive screw, make sure this ground nut is retained for later reassembly.

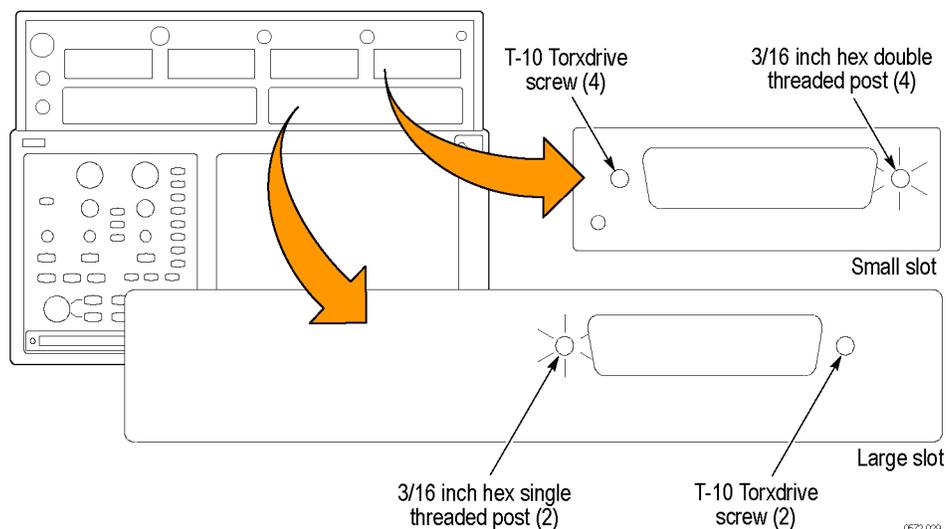


Figure 4-17: T-10 screws and threaded posts

Time Base circuit board. You will need a T-15 Torx driver and a 5/16 nut driver.

The Time Base circuit board is not customer-replaceable and cannot be ordered from Tektronix. (See page 4-34, *Acquisition System*.)

1. *To access the Time Base circuit board, remove these assemblies:*
 - Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
 - Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
 - Left and Right covers (See page 4-10.)
2. *To remove the Time Base circuit board:* (See Figure 4-16 on page 4-35.)
 - a. Set the instrument with the top down on the work surface and the instrument bottom facing you.
 - b. Read all of the instructions and cautions in the *Acquisition System* section. (See page 4-34, *Acquisition System*.)
 - c. Remove parts as necessary to access the cable or mechanical part that you are going to replace.
 - (See Figure 5-6 on page 5-15.)
 - (See Figure 5-7 on page 5-16.)
 - (See Figure 5-8 on page 5-17.)
 - (See Figure 5-9 on page 5-18.)
3. *To reinstall the Time Base assembly:* Reverse the steps. Be sure to connect the front-panel screws properly. (See Figure 4-17.) Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

Electrical Front-End assembly. You will need 1/4" and 5/16" socket drivers, and a T-15 driver. You will also need a coaxial cable connector tool, item 12 in the Required Equipment table, to disconnect the coaxial cables from the d-sub connectors on the Electrical Front-End circuit board. (See Table 4-1.)

This circuit board and chassis are not customer-replaceable and cannot be ordered from Tektronix. (See page 4-34, *Acquisition System*.)

1. *To access the Electrical Front-End Assembly, remove these assemblies:*

- Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
- Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
- Left and Right covers (See page 4-10.)
- Time Base circuit board (See page 4-37.)
- Disconnect the cable (Tektronix part number 174-4241-01) from J01 on the Electrical Front-End board, allowing the clip that holds the cable to remain in place.



CAUTION. *Do not remove the clip that holds the cable in place. To do so can cause EMI issues.*

2. *To remove the Electrical Front-End assembly:*

- a. Set the instrument with the top down on the work surface and the front facing you.
- b. Read all of the instructions and cautions in the *Acquisition System* section. (See page 4-34, *Acquisition System*.)
- c. Remove parts as necessary to access the cable or mechanical part that you are going to replace. (See Figure 5-6 on page 5-15.) (See Figure 5-8 on page 5-17.)

3. *To reinstall the Electrical Front-End assembly:* Reverse the steps. Be sure to connect the front-panel screws properly. (See Figure 4-17.) Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

Optical Front-End assembly. You will need a T-15 driver. You will also need a coaxial cable connector tool, item 12 in the Required Equipment table, to disconnect the coaxial cables from the d-sub connectors on the Electrical Front-End circuit board. (See Table 4-1.)

This circuit board and chassis are not customer-replaceable and cannot be ordered from Tektronix. (See page 4-34, *Acquisition System*.)

1. *To access the Optical Front-End assembly, remove these assemblies:*

- Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
- Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
- Left and Right covers (See page 4-10.)
- Time Base assembly (See page 4-37.)
- Electrical Front-End assembly (See page 4-38.)
- Disconnect the cable (Tektronix part number 174-4241-01) from J01 on the Electrical Front-End board, allowing the clip that holds the cable to remain in place.



CAUTION. Do not remove the clip that holds the cable in place. To do so can cause EMI issues.

2. *To remove the Optical Front-End assembly:*

- a. Place the instrument upside-down on the work surface, with the rear of the instrument facing you.
- b. Read all of the instructions and cautions in the *Acquisition System* section. (See page 4-34, *Acquisition System*.)
- c. Remove parts as needed to access the cable or mechanical assembly that you want to replace. (See Figure 5-6 on page 5-15.) (See Figure 5-9 on page 5-18.)

3. *To replace the Optical Front-End assembly:* Reverse the steps. Be sure to connect the front-panel screws properly. (See Figure 4-17.) Refer to the cable connections table for information about where to connect cables. (See Table 5-1.)

Module Slot Doors You will need angled-tip tweezers.

NOTE. *Before you proceed, please see the information about removing the Electrical Front-End, Optical Front-End, and Time Base parts. (See page 4-38.) (See page 4-39.) (See page 4-37.)*

1. *To access the module slot doors, remove these assemblies:*

- Trim (all) (See page 4-9.)
- Bottom cover (See page 4-10.)
- Left and Right covers (See page 4-10.)
- Power Side board (See Figure 5-3.)
- Time Base assembly (See page 4-37.)
- Electrical Front-End assembly (See page 4-38.)
- Optical Front-End assembly (See page 4-39.)

2. *To remove the module doors:*

- a.** Place the Optical Front-End chassis on the work surface so that you are looking into the chassis. (See Figure 4-18.)
- b.** Use the angled-tip tweezers to push in on one of the module door spring arms so that the spring will disconnect from the chassis.
- c.** Repeat with the other spring arm, and remove the module door from the chassis.

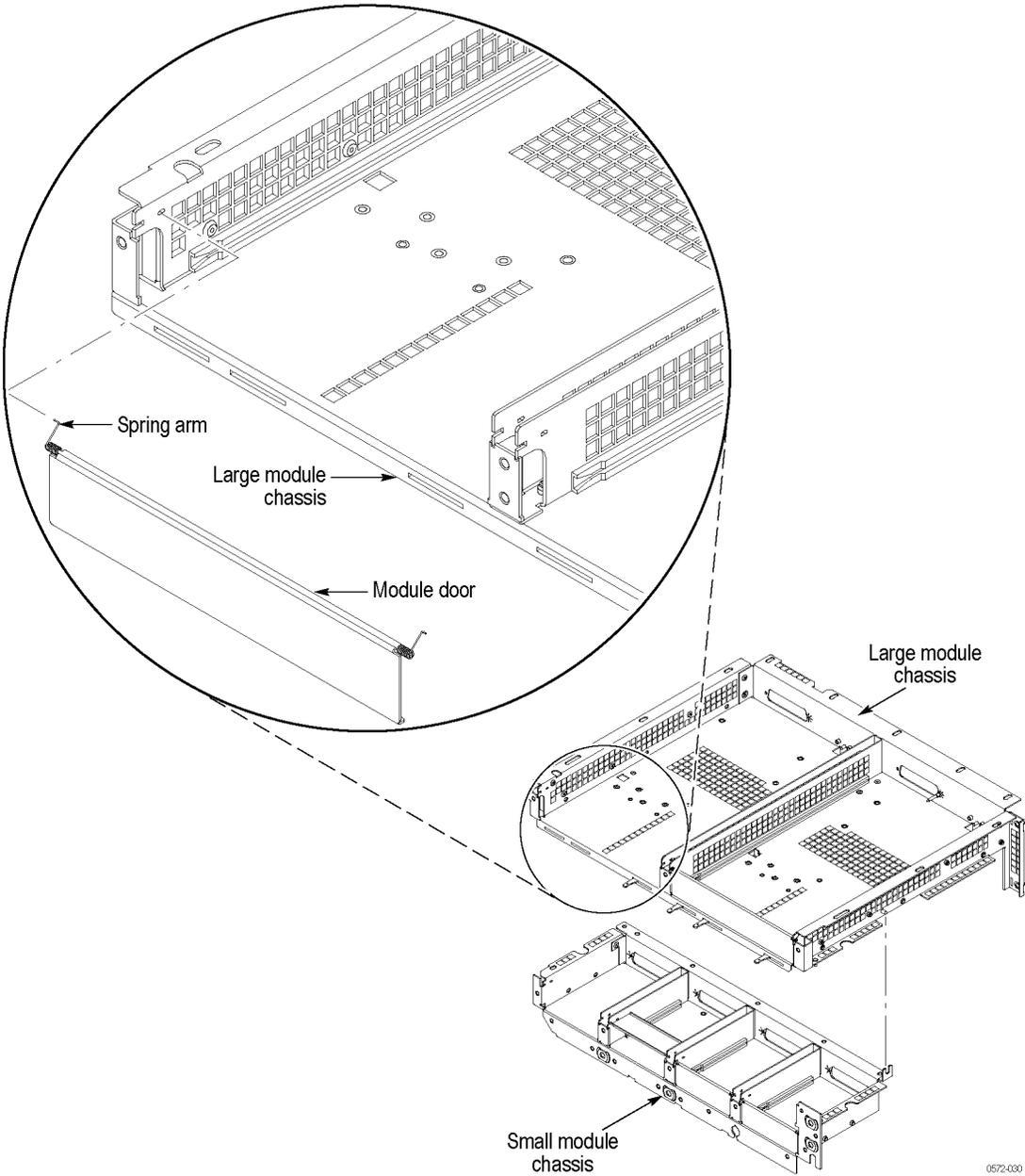


Figure 4-18: Module slot door removal

3. *To remove the module ejector levers:*
 - a. Set the optical chassis so the module ejector levers are facing you.
 - b. Remove both T-10 Torx drive screws that attach the ejector lever to the optical chassis. (See Figure 4-19.)
 - c. Remove both brass washers, ejector lever and ejector spring.
4. *Reinstall the ejector levers and module slot doors as follows:*
 - a. Place the ejector spring over the PEM nut standoffs (pivot and slider). One spring arm is positioned next to the ejector lever spring tab. The other spring arm is positioned to the left-side of the stud post.
 - b. Place the ejector lever over the ejector spring and PEM nut standoffs (pivot and slider).

NOTE. *Make sure the ejector lever is positioned correctly. The ejector lever has a dimple protruding to accommodate the snap-on handle. When installing the ejector lever this dimple must be facing up from the optical chassis. (See Figure 4-19.)*

- c. Place brass shoulder washers over both pivot and slider mounting positions.
- d. Install both T-10 and Torx drive screws to attach the pivot and slider mounting positions.
- e. Move the left spring arm to the right-side of the stud post. The right spring arm must be on the left of the lever tab. (See Figure 4-20 on page 4-44.)

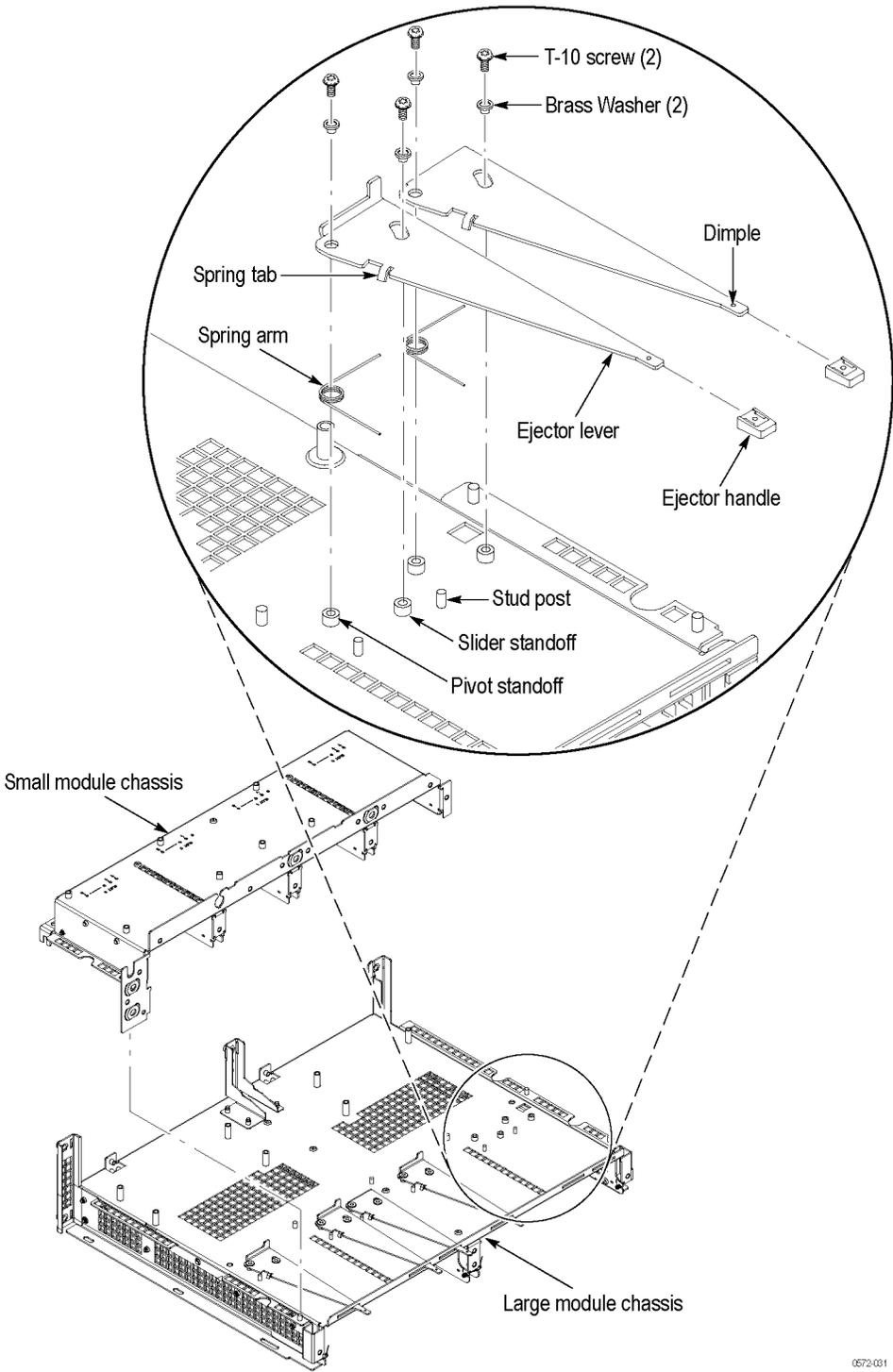
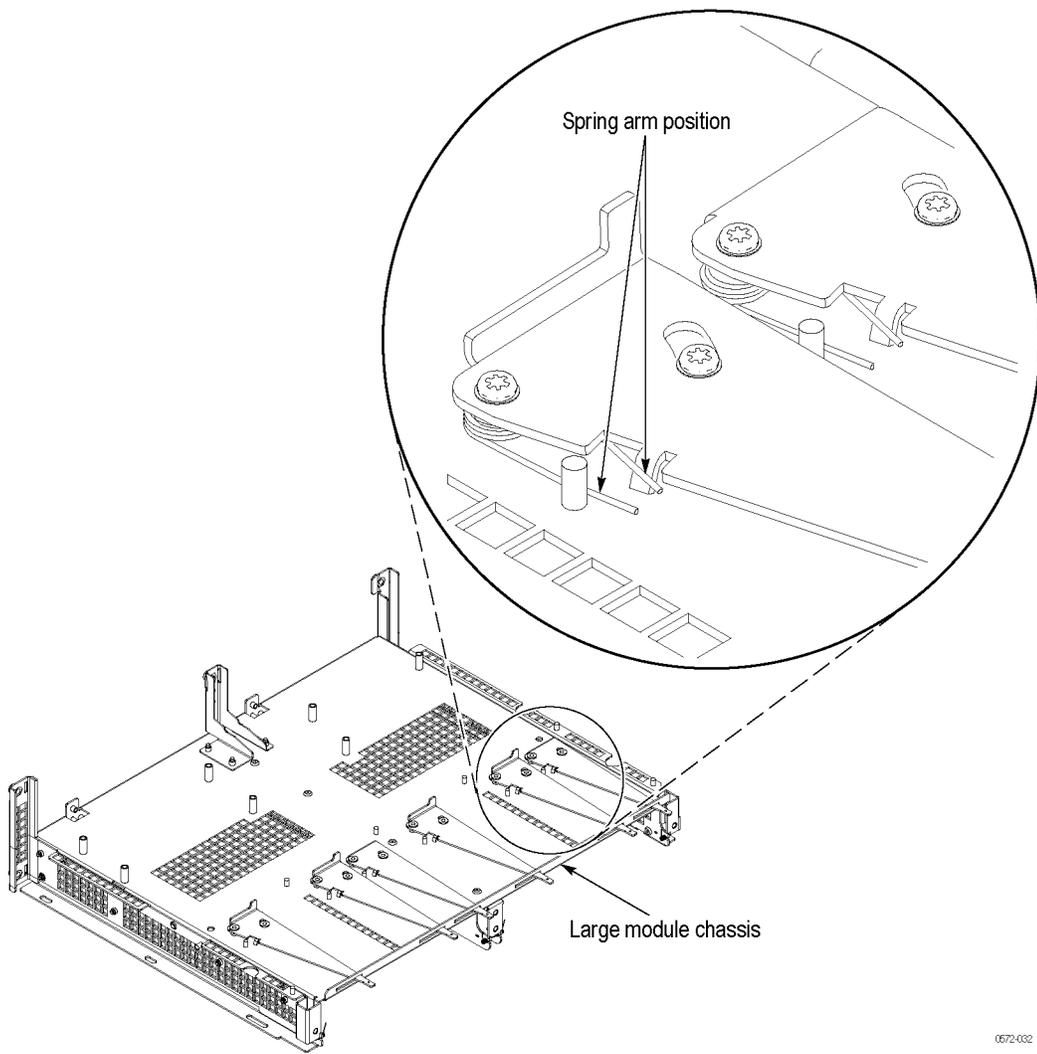


Figure 4-19: Module ejector handles removal



0572-002

Figure 4-20: Spring arm position

Electrical Sampling Modules

Do not attempt component-level repair of any sampling modules.

If your electrical sampling module requires repair or replacement, remove the module cover and keep the cover and the attaching hardware. Return the sampling module chassis to Tektronix for service.

The 80E07, 80E08, 80E09, and 80E10 Electrical Remote Sampling modules are exceptions: for these modules, return the entire module assembly to a Tektronix service center without removing the cover.

You can exchange the sampling module at your local Tektronix service center or through the central Tektronix exchange in Beaverton, Oregon. See the *Contacting Tektronix* information at the front of this manual.

When the repaired or replacement module chassis is returned to you, install your cover on the new chassis, using the following instructions.

Removing the Cover

NOTE. *The 80E07, 80E08, 80E09, and 80E10 Electrical Remote Sampling modules should not be disassembled. Return the entire module assembly.*



CAUTION. *Static discharge can damage any semiconductor in the instrument or sampling module. Wear wrist and foot grounding straps while handling sampling modules. Make sure that service is performed only in a static-free work station by a qualified service technician. Minimize handling of static-sensitive components.*

1. Set the sampling module with the left side down on the work surface and the right side facing you. Refer to the exploded views in the next section, if necessary, for details of specific electrical modules.
2. *Remove the cover:* (See Figure 4-21.)
 - a. Remove the screws that attach the front panel to the cover. Remove the front panel.
 - b. Remove the screws that attach the cover to the chassis and slide the chassis out toward the rear of the cover.

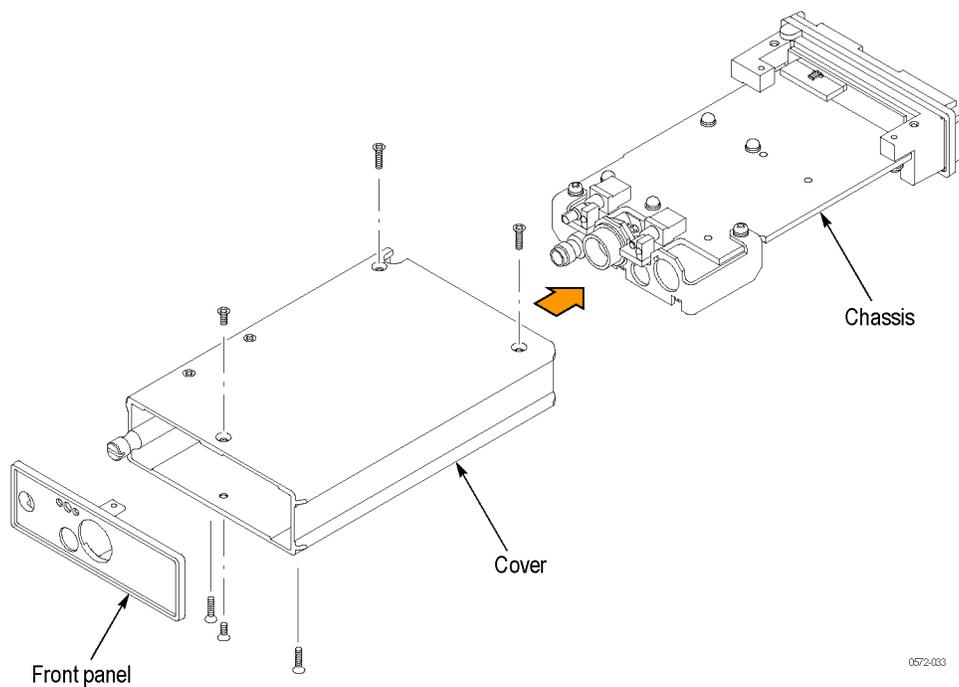


Figure 4-21: Sample of electrical module hardware removal

Replacing the Chassis



CAUTION. Transport the sampling module chassis with terminations on the inputs.

Transport the sampling module chassis in the original container and store the sampling modules on a metal or conductive surface.

When handling the exposed chassis sampling module only, do not touch any exposed component on the circuit board. Hold the exposed module by the edges of the circuit board or the rear or front housings.

1. Reinstall the chassis into the cover by reversing the removal procedure. (See page 4-45, *Removing the Cover.*)



WARNING. Do not install or remove any sampling modules while the instrument is powered on. Electrical shock may occur. Always power the instrument down before attempting to remove or insert any sampling module to avoid potential injury from shock.

2. Install the electrical sampling module into one of the instrument small module compartments.

3. Connect one end of a GPIB cable to the GPIB port of the instrument. Connect the other end of the cable to the GPIB port of a PC.



CAUTION. For the next step, make sure that you do not have any user interface dialogs active. Dialogs such as Compensation, System properties will prevent the instrument from responding to GPIB commands.

5. Enter the following GPIB commands to program the serial number (printed on the sampling module cover) into the replacement sampling module chassis:

- a. `SYSTem:PROTect OFF`

- b. `SYSTem:PROPerties:CH(1-8):SERialnum <serialNum_string>`

Example: `SYST:PROP:CH3:SER "B010123"`

NOTE. For a 2-channel sampling module, either channel can be specified in step b. For an 80E01 sampling module, use only the lower numbered channel number, such as CH1 or CH3.

- c. `SYSTem:PROTect ON`

6. Verify the serial number change: Pull down the **Utility** menu, and then select **System Properties, Sampling Modules**. Click the channel you want to verify, such as **C3** or **C4**. This display will confirm the sampling module serial number.
7. Run compensation from the Utilities menu to verify that the instrument meets its accuracy specifications.

Optical Sampling Modules

When an optical module requires repair or replacement, return the entire module to Tektronix. Do not remove the cover to reuse the serial number as with electrical sampling modules.

80A00 and 82A00 Series Modules

1. Set the module with the left side down on the work surface and the right side facing you.



CAUTION. *Static discharge can damage any semiconductor in the instrument or sampling module. To prevent damage from static discharge wear wrist and foot grounding straps while handling the module chassis. Make sure that service is performed in a static-free work station by a qualified service technician. Minimize handling of static-sensitive components.*

2. *To remove the front panel:* (See Figure 4-22.)
 - a. Remove two coaxial terminators on the front panel connectors.
 - b. Remove two screws that attach the front panel to the cover. Remove the front panel.
3. *To remove the cover:* (See Figure 4-22 on page 4-49.)
 - a. Remove the six screws that attach the cover to the chassis.
 - b. Slide the chassis out toward the rear of the cover.

4. *To remove the lock-down shaft and bracket:* (See Figure 4-22 on page 4-49.)
 - a. Remove the two screws that attach the bracket to its mount. Remove the bracket.
 - b. Lift out the lock-down shaft.
5. *To reassemble the module:* Perform steps 2 through 4 in reverse to reassemble the module, considering the following sub-steps as they apply:
 - a. If installing a replacement front panel, perform the following steps before installing the front panel:
 - Remove the backing from the front panel label.
 - Align the holes and attach the label to the new front panel.
 - b. If installing a replacement cover, perform the following steps before replacing the cover:
 - Remove the backing from the antistatic label.
 - Install the antistatic label to the replacement cover.

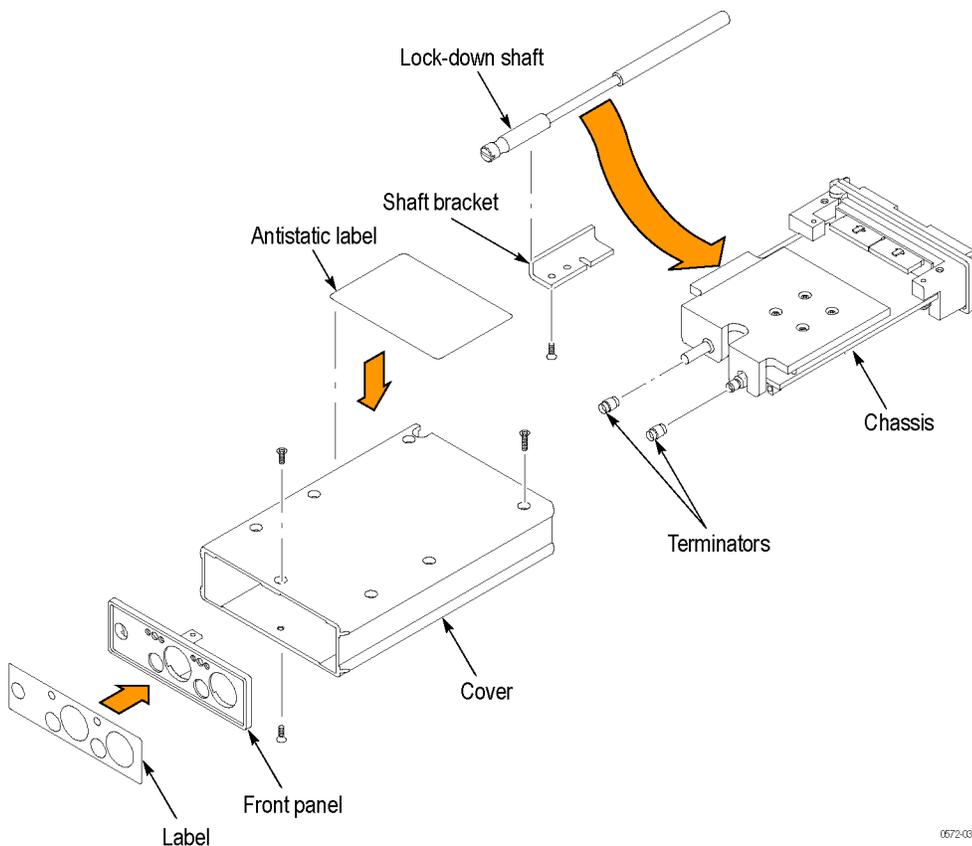


Figure 4-22: 80A00 and 82A00 series parts removal (80A01 shown)

Troubleshooting

This section contains information and procedures designed to help you isolate faulty modules in the instrument. If an assembly must be replaced, follow the removal instructions. (See page 4-5, *Removal and Installation*.)

Required Equipment

You will need a digital voltmeter to check power supply voltages. (See page 4-55.)

Testing might also be required to correct some faults. In this case, you need the test equipment listed in the *Adjustment Procedures* in this manual.

Check for Common Problems

Use the following table to quickly isolate possible failures.

Table 4-2: Possible causes of instrument failure

Failure symptom	Possible cause(s) / solutions
Mainframe will not power on	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Power cord not plugged in. ■ Failed fuse. ■ Faulty power supply. ■ Faulty modules. ■ Main power switch (rear panel) not on. ■ Front panel power switch not on. ■ Monitor not connected properly.
Front panel light comes on (mainframe powers on), but one or more fans will not operate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Faulty fan cable. ■ Defective fan assembly. ■ Faulty power supply.
Mainframe powers on but no signal displayed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Wrong channel is selected; select correct channel from front-panel channel selector or vertical setup menu. ■ Module not fully installed in the slot. ■ Signal cable not connected properly. ■ Wrong trigger input; check trigger cable connection to either direct or prescale trigger input and make sure that the corresponding trigger source is selected in the Trigger Setup menu.

Table 4-2: Possible causes of instrument failure (cont.)

Failure symptom	Possible cause(s) / solutions
Controller appears "dead"; power light comes on, but monitor screen(s) is (are) blank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ SO DIMMs incorrectly installed or missing. ■ Defective ATX board.
Flat LCD panel display blank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Check for a defective cable from Front-Panel board to Bridge board. ■ Check for a defective cable from Power PC board to Front-Panel board. <p>If an external monitor is plugged in to the DVI-I rear-panel output connector, check for a display on the external monitor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ If there is no display, verify that the monitor is powered on. If the monitor is powered on, the ATX circuit board assembly might need to be replaced. ■ If there is a display, the LCD assembly or the Power PC assembly might need to be replaced.
Front panel LEDs do not light	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Replace the Front-Panel board.
Hard disk drive related symptoms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Defective hard disk drive. ■ Replaceable hard disk drive not installed. ■ Power supply failure. ■ Replaceable hard disk drive or optionally field installed fixed hard disk drive not configured as bootable (slave) master hard disk drive. ■ Faulty benchtop controller.
CD-RW/DVD related symptoms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Defective CD-RW/DVD. ■ Defective CD-RW/DVD drive cable.
Diagnostic errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remove all electrical and optical modules from the instrument, then run diagnostics again. If the instrument passes diagnostics, check for the electrical and optical module that is causing the failures. Then run diagnostics again. ■ If the instrument fails the diagnostics without the installed modules, replace the Time Base assembly, and then run diagnostics again.
Compensation errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Verify that each module is completely installed in the slot. ■ Remove all electrical and optical modules from the instrument, and then run compensation again. If the instrument passes compensation, check for the electrical and optical module that is causing the failure. ■ If the instrument still fails compensation, replace the Time Base assembly.
Modules not recognized	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Module firmware incompatible with mainframe software version. ■ Faulty module. Refer to appropriate module service manual for further troubleshooting information. ■ Module not fully installed in the slot.

Table 4-2: Possible causes of instrument failure (cont.)

Failure symptom	Possible cause(s) / solutions
80C0X modules have no signals displayed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Module not fully installed in the slot. ■ Wrong channel is selected, Waveform Selector and Setup menus. ■ Signal cable not connected properly. ■ Replace optical cables. ■ Replace optical module or Time Base assembly.
80C0X modules; poor noise performance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Male fiber-fiber connections need to be cleaned.
80C0X modules; frequency response exhibits a steep negative "droop" in its plot.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bad internal O/E RF amplifier de-coupling. Check tightness of all rigid cable interconnects.
BIOS error messages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Refer to the BIOS error message table. (See Table 4-3.)
Instrument locks up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Power off the instrument, and then restart. ■ Replace the ATX assembly. ■ Replace the Power PC circuit board assembly.

Isolating Failures to the 80E0X/80C0X Modules or the Mainframe

To determine if the sampling module or the mainframe failed, proceed as follows:

1. Perform the module compensation.
2. Perform the measurement procedures you require to make your test.
3. If the instrument fails to complete the measurement, remove the sampling module and install it in another slot.
4. Repeat steps 1 and 2, and then take the following action:
 - If the instrument successfully completes the measurement, there is a good chance that the mainframe channel has failed. Perform other mainframe diagnostics in this section.
 - If the instrument fails to complete the measurement, there is a good chance the sampling module has failed. Return the module to Tektronix for repair.

Isolating to a Board If Power Will Not Come Up

If the mains power is on, a red light is visible through the right side of the instrument.

If the on/standby pin (TP6 on the Power Side board) is low, the instrument determines that power is on.

If the instrument determines that power is on, a red light means that there is an over-current condition.

Remove boards one at a time to locate a fault. the Display Adapter board, the CD-RW/DVD assembly, the Time Base board, the Optical Front-End board, the Electrical Front-End board, The Power Side board, the ATX board, and the Bridge board. (See Figure 4-3 on page 4-11.)

If you remove the ATX board, you must jumper the debug power-on pin. This pin, J401 is on the front of the Power Side board (which faces to the inside of the instrument). Locate the “Force Power” label on the back of the board (which faces you), and then reach around the edge of the board to jumper the pins. (See Figure 4-23.)

The Power PC board and the Power Side board are required for power to come up.

If removing the boards did not find the problem, replace the Low Voltage Power Supply board.

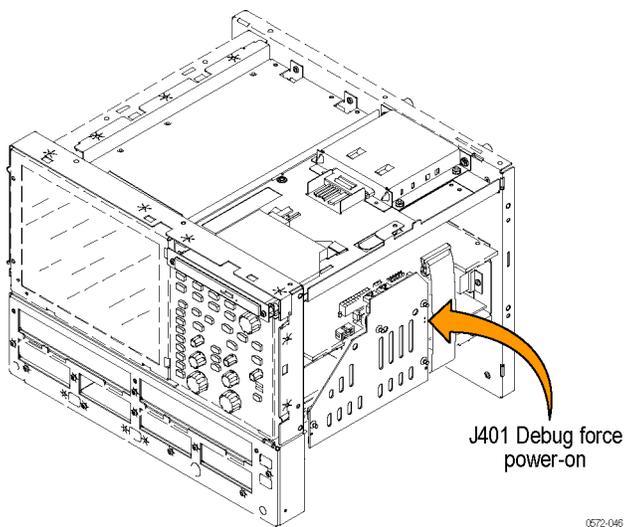


Figure 4-23: Location of debug pins

Checking the Power Supply Voltages

You will need a digital voltmeter to check power supply voltages.

1. Power off the mainframe and remove any modules installed in it.
2. Power on the instrument.
3. Connect the reference lead of a digital voltmeter to chassis ground, such as the top of the power supply.
4. Attach a 0.025 inch square pin to the probe tip of the other lead and insert it into a pin on one of the connectors. The voltages at the pins are labeled on the back of the Power Side board, and are listed in the following table:

Power supply voltages

Power Side board connector	Voltage (labeled on back of board)
via	Ground
via	+ 12 VD
via	+ 5 VD
via	+ 3.3 VD
via	+ 5 SB
via	On/STBY
P2 (A24, B24, C24)	+5 VA
P2 (A17, B17, C17)	-5 VA
P2 (A15, B15, C15)	+15 VA
P2 (A13, B13, C13)	-15 VA

5. Measure the power supply voltages with the voltmeter and compare each reading to the values listed in the table. If the voltages are within about 5% of the nominal voltages, your power supply is functional. For more information about the power supply, refer to the description of the low voltage power supply. (See page 2-4.)

If the Instrument Will Not Boot

If there is a display on the DVI-I port, but not on the LCD, replace the display assembly (LCD, lamps, and cable).

If there is no display, make sure that the display is turned on. At boot time and while using an external monitor connected to the ATX external video port, press F2 to enter the BIOS setup. Select the Chipset menu, and then the North Bridge Configuration menu. Select Video Function Configuration and verify that the Boot Display Device is set to [CRT+LVDS].

If the display is configured correctly in the BIOS, and there is still no display, the Display Adapter board may be bad.

Booting into Windows

If the instrument will not boot, insert the OS Restore DVD and select the Repair option. After it finishes, remove the DVD and reboot.

If the instrument still will not boot, contact your nearest Tektronix Service Center. For contact information, see *Contacting Tektronix* at the front of this manual.

PPC and ATX PC Diagnostics

The primary diagnostics for the instrument are the power-on diagnostics and the instrument diagnostics, as described in the following paragraphs.

Power-On Diagnostics

The power-on diagnostics check the basic functionality of the instrument at every power on. If any failures occur at power on, the screen displays the calibration and diagnostics property page.

The power-on tests verify that hardware is installed and can be accessed by the software. The tests provide limited diagnostic information. They do not provide any performance information.

The power on tests check the generic hardware including the keyboard, mouse, memory, CPU, and associated peripherals. The interrupt lines and trigger lines are also checked.

Instrument Diagnostics

The instrument diagnostics provide more extensive tests than the power-on diagnostics. The instrument executes a set of internal diagnostics at every power-up. The results can be viewed from the Utilities > Diagnostics dialog.

BIOS Beep Codes

When the ATX board powers on, several BIOS checkpoints generate an audible ‘beep’ code on failure, using the standard PC speaker.

Table 4-3: BIOS beep codes

Number of beeps	Error message	Troubleshooting
1	Memory refresh timer error	Reseat the memory, or replace with known good modules.
2	Parity error	Reseat the memory, or replace with known good modules.
3	Main memory read/write test error	Reseat the memory, or replace with known good modules.
4	Motherboard timer not operational	Fatal error indicating a serious problem with the system. Contact your Tektronix field office.
5	Processor error	Fatal error indicating a serious problem with the system. Contact your Tektronix field office.
6	Keyboard controller BAT test error	Fatal error indicating a serious problem with the system. Contact your Tektronix field office.
7	General exception error	Fatal error indicating a serious problem with the system. Contact your Tektronix field office.
8	Display memory error	If the system video adapter is an add-in card, replace or reseat the video adapter. If the video adapter is an integrated part of the system board, the board might be faulty.
9	ROM checksum error	Fatal error indicating a serious problem with the system. Contact your Tektronix field office.
10	CMOS shutdown register read/write error	Fatal error indicating a serious problem with the system. Contact your Tektronix field office.
11	Cache memory bad	Fatal error indicating a serious problem with the system. Contact your Tektronix field office.

Firmware Updates

To update the firmware, install the firmware disc in your instrument and follow the displayed instructions.

To order a firmware update, contact your Tektronix service center.

After Repair

After removal and replacement of an assembly due to electrical failure, you must perform an adjustment or software update as indicated in the following table.

Table 4-4: Action required for assembly replaced

Action required for assembly replaced		
Assembly replaced	Adjustment required	Software update required
Front panel assembly	No	None
Time Base board	Yes	None
Optical Front-End board	Yes	None
Electrical Front-End board	Yes	None
Power PC board	Yes	Boot ROM and authorization code
ATX processor assembly	No	Windows, instrument application
Display panel or display system	No	None
Low Voltage Power supply	No	None
Fans	No	None

Installing the Instrument Model and Serial Number

If you have replaced the Power PC board in the instrument, you must reload the instrument model and serial number. If you have installed an exchange sampling head, you must reload the correct sampler serial number.

1. *Install a model or serial number into the instrument as follows:*



CAUTION. *Make sure that the unique identifier does not end in all zeros before generating or setting the key.*

- a. Connect a PC with a GPIB interface to the GPIB interface of the instrument.
- b. Enter the following GPIB commands to install a new instrument model number:

```
SYST:PROT OFF
```

```
SYST:PROP:MAI:MODE "DSA8300"
```

```
SYST:PROT ON
```

NOTE. *These commands take effect immediately.*

- c. Enter the following GPIB commands to install a new instrument serial number:

```
SYST:PROT OFF
```

```
SYST:PROP:MAI:SER <serial number string>, for example,  
"B010100"
```

```
SYST:PROT ON
```

2. *To verify that the commands took effect, check the mainframe properties: Utilities>System Properties.*

Repackaging Instructions

This section contains the information needed to repack the portable mainframe for shipment or storage.

Packaging

When repacking the instrument or sampling modules for shipment, use the original packaging. If the packaging is unavailable or unfit for use, contact your local Tektronix representative to obtain new packaging. Refer to *Contacting Tektronix* at the front of this manual for the address, email address, and phone number.

Seal the shipping carton with an industrial stapler or strapping tape.

Shipping to the Service Center

1. Contact the Service Center to get an RMA (return material authorization) number and any return or shipping information you may need.
2. If the instrument is being shipped to a Tektronix Service Center, enclose the following information:
 - The RMA number
 - The owner's address
 - Name and phone number of a contact person
 - Type and serial number of the instrument
 - Reason for returning
 - A complete description of the service required
3. Mark the address of the Tektronix Service Center and the return address on the shipping carton in two prominent locations.

Replaceable Parts List

Replaceable Parts List

This section contains a list of the replaceable assemblies for the instrument. Use this list to identify and order replacement parts.

Parts Ordering Information

Replacement parts are available through your local Tektronix field office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements. Therefore, when ordering parts, it is important to include the following information in your order:

- Part number
- Instrument type or model number
- Instrument serial number
- Instrument modification number, if applicable

If you order a part that has been replaced with a different or improved part, your local Tektronix field office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Module Servicing

Modules can be serviced by selecting one of the following three options. Contact your local Tektronix service center or representative for repair assistance.

Module exchange. In some cases you may exchange your module for a remanufactured module

These modules cost significantly less than new modules and meet the same factory specifications. For more information about the module exchange program, contact Tektronix. See the *Contacting Tektronix* information at the front of this manual.

Module repair and return. You may ship your module to us for repair, after which we will return it to you.

New modules. You may purchase replacement modules in the same way as other replacement parts.

Using the Replaceable Parts List

This section contains a list of the mechanical and/or electrical components that are replaceable for the instrument. Use this list to identify and order replacement parts.

The following table describes each column in the parts list:

Parts list column descriptions

Column	Column name	Description
1	Figure & Index Number	The figure and index numbers indicate where each component listed in the table can be viewed. For example, 5-1-1 indicates item 1 on figure 5-1.
2	Tektronix Part Number	Use this part number when ordering replacement parts from Tektronix.
3 and 4	Serial Number	Column three indicates the serial number at which the part was first effective. Column four indicates the serial number at which the part was discontinued. No entries indicates the part is good for all serial numbers.
5	Qty	This indicates the quantity of parts used.
6	Name & Description	An item name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an item name may sometimes appear as incomplete. Use the U.S. Federal Catalog handbook H6-1 for further item name identification.

Abbreviations Abbreviations conform to American National Standard ANSI Y1.1-1972.

Exploded Views The index numbers in the following tables correspond to the index numbers in the exploded view illustrations.

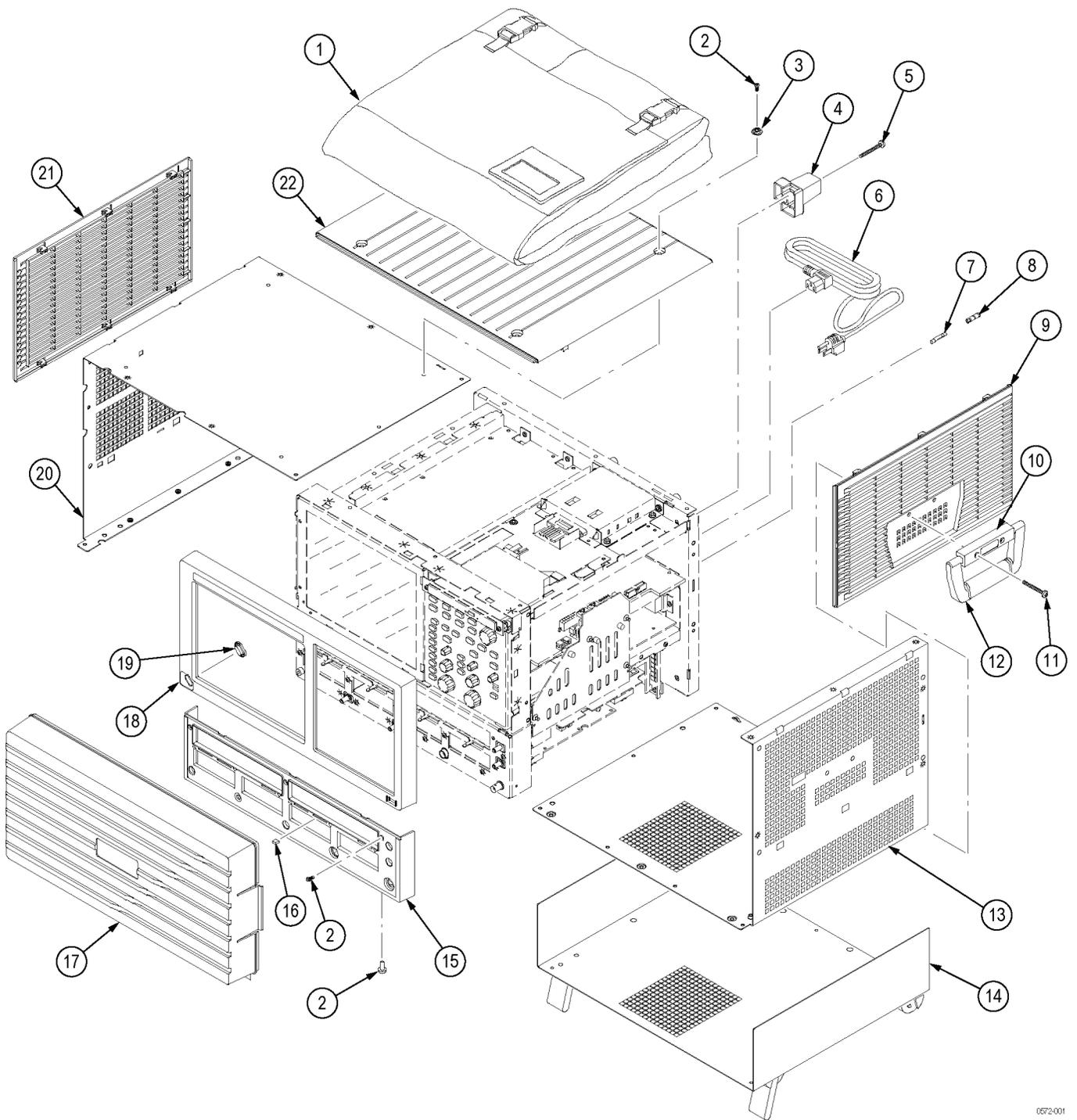
Cable Connections Cable connections are shown in the exploded views, where possible. For additional details about cable connections, refer to the table of cable connections. (See Table 5-1 on page 5-3.)

Table 5-1: Mainframe cable connections

From	To	Cable	Illustrations
ATX SATA1	CD-RW/DVD DRIVE	174-5650-00	(See Figure 5-2.) Item 12
ATX SATA5	HARD DRIVE	174-5349-00	(See Figure 5-2.) Item 13
BRIDGE J1	ATX LVDS	174-5629-00	(See Figure 4-14.) (See Figure 5-4.) Item 10
BRIDGE J205	DISPLAY ADAPTER J3	174-4793-00	(See Figure 4-14.) Item 25
DISPLAY ADAPTER J2	POWER PC J290	174-5087-00	(See Figure 4-6.)
DISPLAY ADAPTER JR1	POWER PC J290	174-5807-00	(See Figure 4-6.)
FRONT PANEL J1	POWER PC J150	174-4321-00	(See Figure 4-4.)
EDGE TRIGGER	TIME BASE J8	174-5800-00	(See Figure 5-6.) Item 20
ELECTRICAL FRONT END	TIME BASE	174-4882-00 174-4137-00	(See Figure 5-9.) Item 1 (See Figure 5-8.) Item 2
ELECTRICAL FRONT END J02	OPTICAL FRONT END J02	174-5654-00	(See Figure 5-6.) Item 6
ELECTRICAL FRONT END J05	TGR PWR	174-5815-00	(See Figure 5-6.) Item 13
ELECTRICAL FRONT END J41	INT CLK	174-5659-00	(See Figure 5-6.) Item 10
OPTICAL FRONT END	TIME BASE	174-4882-00 174-4137-00	(See Figure 5-9.) Item 1 (See Figure 5-8.) Item 2
POWER PC J611	ELECTRICAL FRONT END J01	174-4241-01	(See Figure 5-3.)
FRONT PANEL J1	POWER PC J150	174-4321-00	(See Figure 5-3.)
GATED TRIG	TIME BASE J11	174-4348-00	(See Figure 5-6.) Item 17
POWER PC J182	ATX USB78	174-4808-00	(See Figure 5-4.) Item 5
POWER PC J183	ATX F PANEL	174-4807-00	(See Figure 5-4.) Item 4
POWER SIDE J10	ATX P4 PWR	174-4798-00	(See Figure 5-3.)
POWER SIDE J11	TIME BASE J1	174-5624-00	(See Figure 5-3.) Item 10
POWER SIDE J12	ELECTRICAL FRONT END J06	174-5624-00	(See Figure 5-3.) Item 10
POWER SIDE J13	OPTICAL FRONT END J01	174-5625-00	(See Figure 5-3.) Item 9
POWER SIDE BOARD J391 (L) & J390 (R)	FAN	174-5824-00	(See Figure 5-3.) Item 26 (See Figure 4-13.)
POWER SIDE J410	ATX PWR	174-4797-00	(See Figure 5-4.) Item 10
POWER SIDE J612	CD-RW/DVD	174-5650-00	(See Figure 5-2.) Item 12
POWER SIDE J613	HARD DRIVE	174-5349-00	(See Figure 5-2.) Item 13
TIME BASE J5	ELECTRICAL FRONT END J03	174-5818-00	(See Figure 5-6.) Item 16
TIME BASE J43	TIME BASE J46	174-5823-00	(See Figure 5-7.)
TIME BASE J44	TIME BASE J45	174-5822-00	(See Figure 5-7.)
USB J1	ATX USB78	174-4808-00	(See Figure 5-4.) Item 5
USER CLK	TIME BASE J30	174-5800-00	(See Figure 5-6.) Item 20

Table 5-2: External replaceable parts

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discount'd	Qty	Name & description
5-1- 1	016-1441-01			1	ACCESSORY POUCH: BLACK CORDURA
-2	211-1050-00			12	SCREW, MACHINE: 6-32 X 0.312 L, PNH, STL CAD, T15
-3	355-0298-00			4	STUD, SNAP: 0.570 DIA, 0.165 THK, STAINLESS
-4	348-1648-00			4	FOOT: REAR W/CORD WRAP, THERMOPLASTIC
-5	211-0935-00			4	SCREW, MACHINE; 6-32 X 0.50, PNH, T-15 TORX, STEEL, ZINC FINISH
-6	161-0104-00			1	CA ASSY, PWR: 3,18 AWG, 92 L, SVT, (STANDARD ACCESSORY)
-7	159-0046-00			2	FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 3AG, 8A, 250 V, 15SEC, CER
	159-0381-00			2	FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 5 X 20 MM, 6.3A, 250 V, FAST BLOW, HIGH BREAKING CAPACITY
-8	200-2264-00			2	CAP, FUSEHOLDER: 3AG FUSES (AMERICAN)
	200-2265-00			2	CAP, FUSEHOLDER: 5 X 20MM FUSES (EUROPEAN)
-9	200-4522-00			1	RIGHT SIDE TRIM, BLUE
-10	407-4887-00			1	BRACKET; HANDLE BASE, PC/ABS ALLOY, BLUE
-11	212-0232-00			2	SCREW, MACHINE: 8-32 X 1.125L, PNH, STL, BLACK OXIDE, T-20
-12	367-0528-00			1	HANDLE, CARRYING: POLYPROPYLENE VINYL GRIP SECTION
-13	200-5117-00			1	RIGHT SIDE COVER, ALUMINUM
-14	200-5116-00			1	BOTTOM COVER, INCLUDING FEET
-15	101-0167-00			1	ACQUISITION TRIM
-16	200-4519-00			1	FRONT PANEL COVER
-17	101-0168-00			1	FRONT PANEL TRIM RING
-18	260-2719-00			1	SWITCH, KEYPAD: ELASTOMERIC, FRONT PANEL, ON/OFF
-19	200-4555-00			1	LEFT SIDE COVER, ALUMINUM
-20	200-4521-00			1	LEFT SIDE TRIM, BLUE
-21	200-4520-00			1	TOP TRIM, BLUE

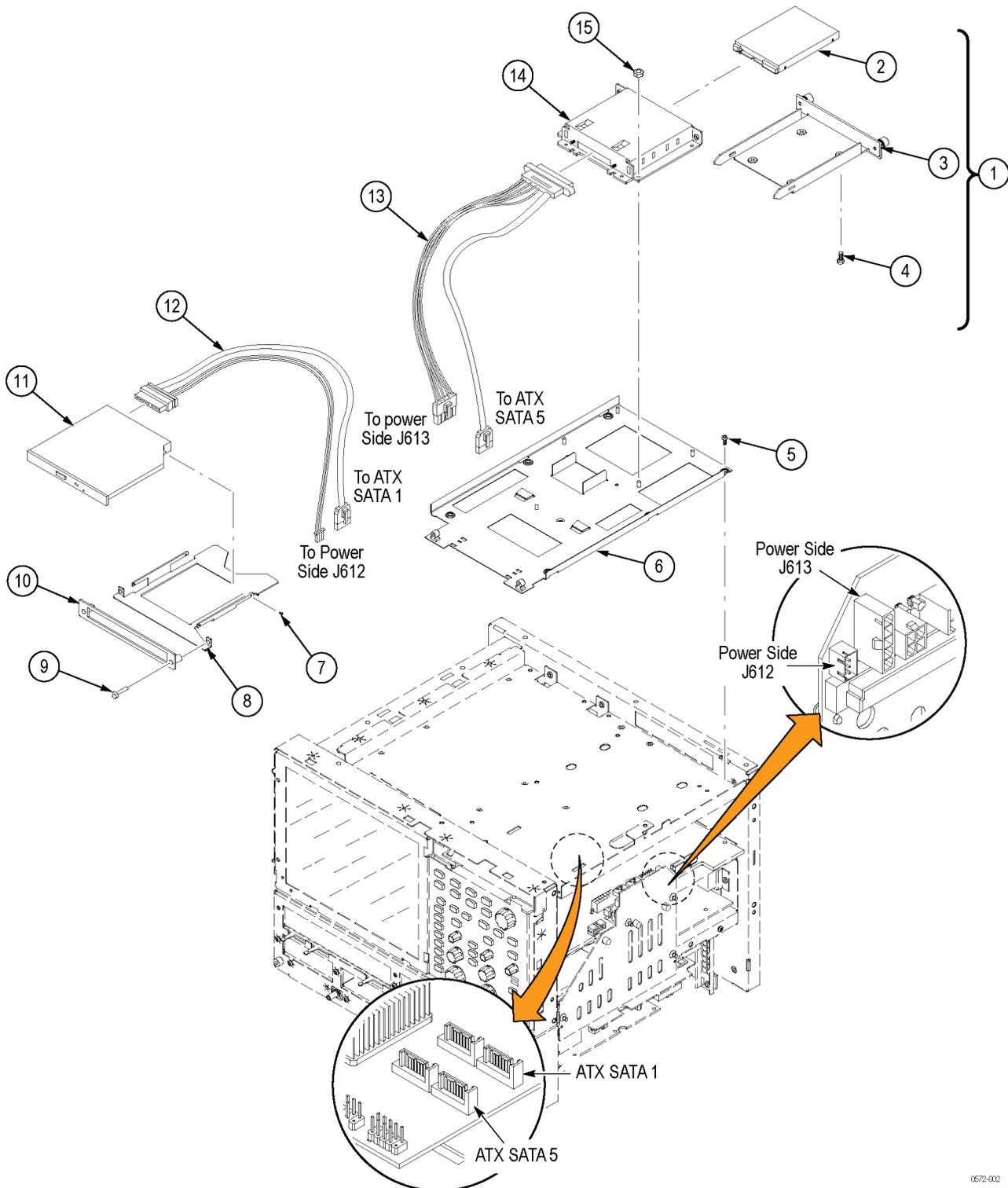


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Figure 5-1: External parts

Table 5-3: Drives replaceable parts

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-2- 1	065-0890-00			1	HARD DRIVE ASSEMBLY KIT: INCLUDES ITEMS 2, 3, and 4
-2	650-5395-00			1	DRIVE ASSEMBLY: HARD DRIVE, PROGRAMMED 1197673XX
-3	407-5555-00			1	BRACKET; REMOVABLE HD BOTTOM
-4	211-1081-00			4	SCREW, MACHINE; M3 X 0.5 X 3.5MM, FLAT WAFER HD W/SERRATIONS STRESS RELIEVED, PHL, ZINC PLATED STEEL
-5	211-1050-00			2	SCREW,MACHINE; 6-32 X 0.312 L,PNH,STL CAD PLT,T15
-6	441-2636-00			1	CHASSIS; DRIVE FRAME BOTTOM
-7	211-0950-00			2	SCREW,MACHINE; M2X.4X3L,PHL, PNH, STL NI PL
-8	407-5288-00			1	BRACKET,DVD-CD/RW;SATA ADAPTER FOR SLIMLINE
-9	211-0738-00			2	SCREW,MACHINE; 6-32 X 0.625,PNH,STL BLK ZI,TORX
-10	200-5079-00			1	COVER; CD
-11	065-0807-01			1	DISK DRIVE;OPTICAL, CD-RW/DVD R/RW, 16.7 MB/SEC, 650MEG/8.5GIG, SATA/ATAPI
-12	174-5650-00			1	CA ASSY, SATA-DVD, DATA AND POWER;
-13	174-5349-00			1	CA ASSY; SATA COMBO, HARD DRIVE CABLE WITH LATCH;
-14	441-2550-00			1	CHASSIS; DRIVE FRAME CHASSIS TOP
-15	210-0457-00			4	NUT, PL, ASSEM WA; 6-32 X 0.312, W/LOCKWASHER, STEEL, ZINC FINISH

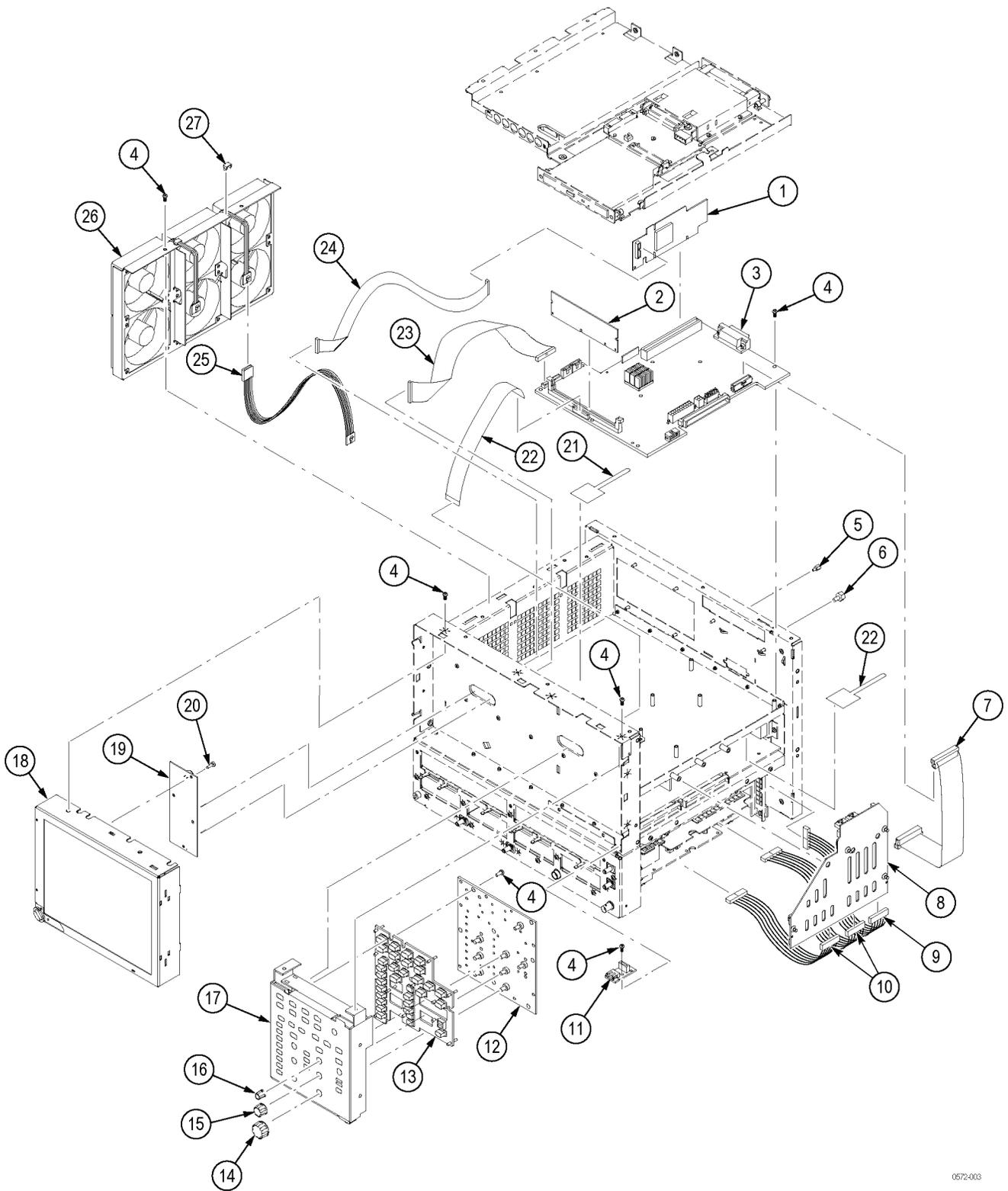


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Figure 5-2: Drives

Table 5-4: Front panel and processors replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-3- 1	679-6477-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY: BRIDGE
-2	156-9484-00			1	IC, MEMORY; CMOS, SDRAM; 64MEG X 64, 512MEG, SYNC, UNBUFFERED, 3.3 V
-3	878-0567-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY; POWER PC
-4	211-1050-00			20	SCREW, MACHINE: 6-32 X 0.312 L, PNH, STL CAD, T15
-5	214-3903-00			2	JACKSCREW ; 4-40 X 0.312 LONG, 0.188 H HEX HEAD STAND OFF, 4-40 INT THD, X 0.312 THD
-6	213-1061-00			2	JACKSCREW; 6-32 X 0.320 EXT THD, M3.5 X 0.6-6 INT THD X 0.215L, GPIB, BLACK OXIDE
-7	174-4241-01			1	CA, ASSY: RIBBON, BUS, IDC, 32 AWG, 17.00L, 60POS
-8	878-0247-00			1	CKT BD SUBASSY: POWER SIDE
-9	174-5625-00			1	CABLE, POWER, 24 CONDUCTOR, 8 IN
-10	174-5624-00			2	CABLE, POWER, 24 CONDUCTOR, 5 IN
-11	679-5660-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY: USB
-12	679-6297-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY: FRONT PANEL
-13	260-2724-01			1	SWITCH, KEYPAD: ELASTOMERIC, FRONT PANEL
-14	366-0770-00			3	KNOB, CAP: 0.925 DIA
-15	366-0771-00			2	KNOB, CAP; SILVER GRAY, 0.650 DIA X 0.520 H
-16	366-0772-00			3	KNOB, CAP: SIVER GRAY, 0.425 DIA X 0.520 H
-17	333-4642-00			1	FRONT PANEL BRACKET
-18	650-5304-00			1	LCD MODULE ASSEMBLY (INCLUDES DISPLAY ADAPTER BOARD, WHICH IS ALSO AVAILABLE SEPARATELY AS ITEM 19)
-19	878-0414-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY: DISPLAY ADAPTER BOARD (ALSO PART OF ITEM 18).
-20	211-0504-00			2	SCREW, MACHINE; 2-56 X 0.125, PNH, STL CRM PL, POZ
-21	343-0549-00			2	STRAP, TIEDOWN; 0.098 W X 4.0 L, ZYTEL
-22	174-4321-00			1	CA ASSY; FLAT FLEX, 26POS, 10.440L
-23	174-5807-00			1	CA ASSY; DISPLAY ADAPTER
-24	174-4793-00			1	CA ASSY; BRIDGE
-25	174-5824-00			2	CA ASSY: FAN EXTENDER, 6 POS, LATCHING
-26	437-0486-01			1	ASSY, FAN: SIX FANS
-27	343-1681-00			2	CABLE, CLAMP: FLAT, NYLON

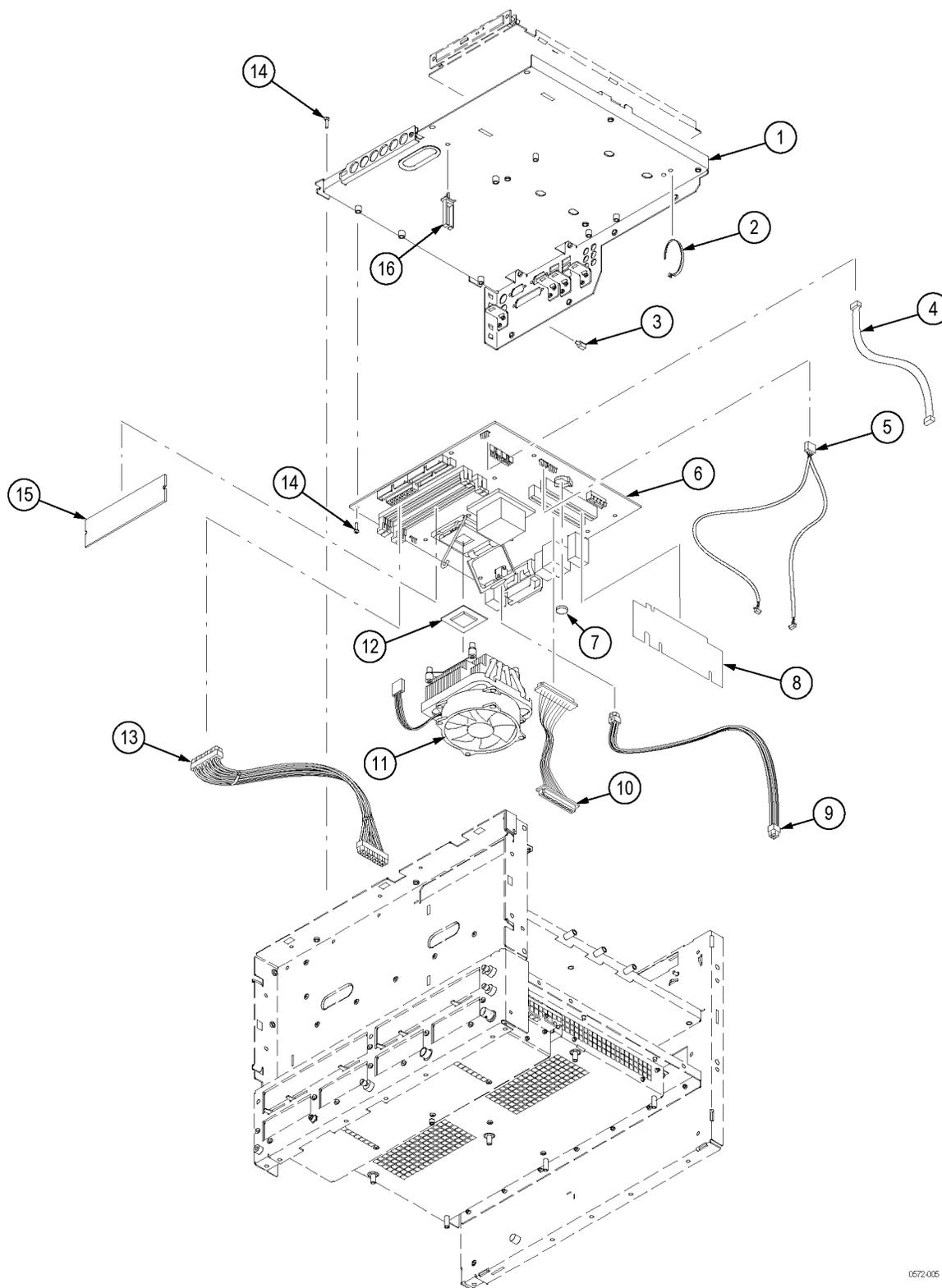


0572-003

Figure 5-3: Front panel and processors

Table 5-5: ATX assembly replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-4- 1	441-2587-00			1	CHASSIS, ASSEMBLY, ATX, FINISHED
-2	343-0549-00			1	STRAP,TIEDOWN; 0.098 W X 4.0 L,ZYTEL
-3	214-3903-00			6	SCREW, JACK: 4-40 X 0.312 LONG, 0.188 H HEX HEAD STANDOFF, 4-40 INT THD, X 0.312 THD
-4	174-4807-00			1	CA ASSY: ATX USB; BETWEEN PPC J183 & ATX F PANEL
-5	174-4808-00			1	CA ASSY: USB 2.0, DUAL HEAD, 16.0 L;
-6	-----			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY: ADVANTECH COMPUTER BOARD. Contact Tektronix if replacement is needed.
-7	-----			1	BATTERY,DRY; 3.0 V,LITHIUM MANGANESE DIOXIDE,COINCELL,CR2032
-8	679-6477-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY: BRIDGE
-9	174-4798-00			1	CA ASSY; 4 PIN P4 POWER
-10	174-4348-00			1	CA ASSY, RF; COAXIAL,50 OHM
-11	119-7333-00			1	P4 LGA775 FAN-SINK-BRACKET FROM AVC. SAFETY CONTROLLED
-12	-----			1	PROCESSOR; INTEL CORE 2 DUO, 3.0 GHZ, W/O FAN & HEATSINK. Contact Tektronix if replacement is needed
-13	174-4797-00			1	CA ASSY; 20 PIN ATX POWER
-14	211-1050-00			8	SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 X 0.312 L, PNH, STL, ZINC FINISH, T15
-15	167-1493-00			1	IC, MEMORY: 256MBIT X 64, 2GB DDR2 1.8 V, 6-6-6, 800 MT/S; MT16HTF25664AY-800, DIMM240, PC6400
-16	343-1683-00			1	CLAMP, VERTICAL WIRE SADDLE, NYLON 6/6, SNAPS INTO .185 DIA HOLE, 0.74 MAX CABLE DIAMETER



0572-005

Figure 5-4: ATX assembly

Table 5-6: Power supply replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discontinued	Qty	Name & description
5-5-1	441-2590-00			1	CHASSIS ASSEMBLY: MAIN
-2	119-5806-07			1	POWER SUPPLY; CUSTOM, AC-DC; 375W
-3	211-1050-00			8	SCREW, MACH: 6-32 X 0.312 L, PNH, T15
-4	131-8257-00			1	CONN, PANEL MOUNT; BNC TO MCX
-5	131-0850-00			2	CONN, JACK, RF; SMA, FEED THRU; DUAL FEMALE, STR, 50 OHM, 0.25 MTG W/ 0.375 HEX, 0.59 X 0.24 MLG
-6	210-0457-00			1	NUT, PL, ASSEM WA: 6-32 X 0.312, W/LCKWSHR
-7	210-0465-00			1	NUT, PLAIN, HEX: 0.25-32 X 0.375
-8	650-4086-00			1	CA ASSEMBLY: ELECT, ANTI STATIC
-9	210-1443-00			1	WASHER, FLAT: 0.25 ID X 0.375 OD X 0.265
-10	136-0140-00			1	JACK, TIP: BANANA, CHARCOAL GRAY

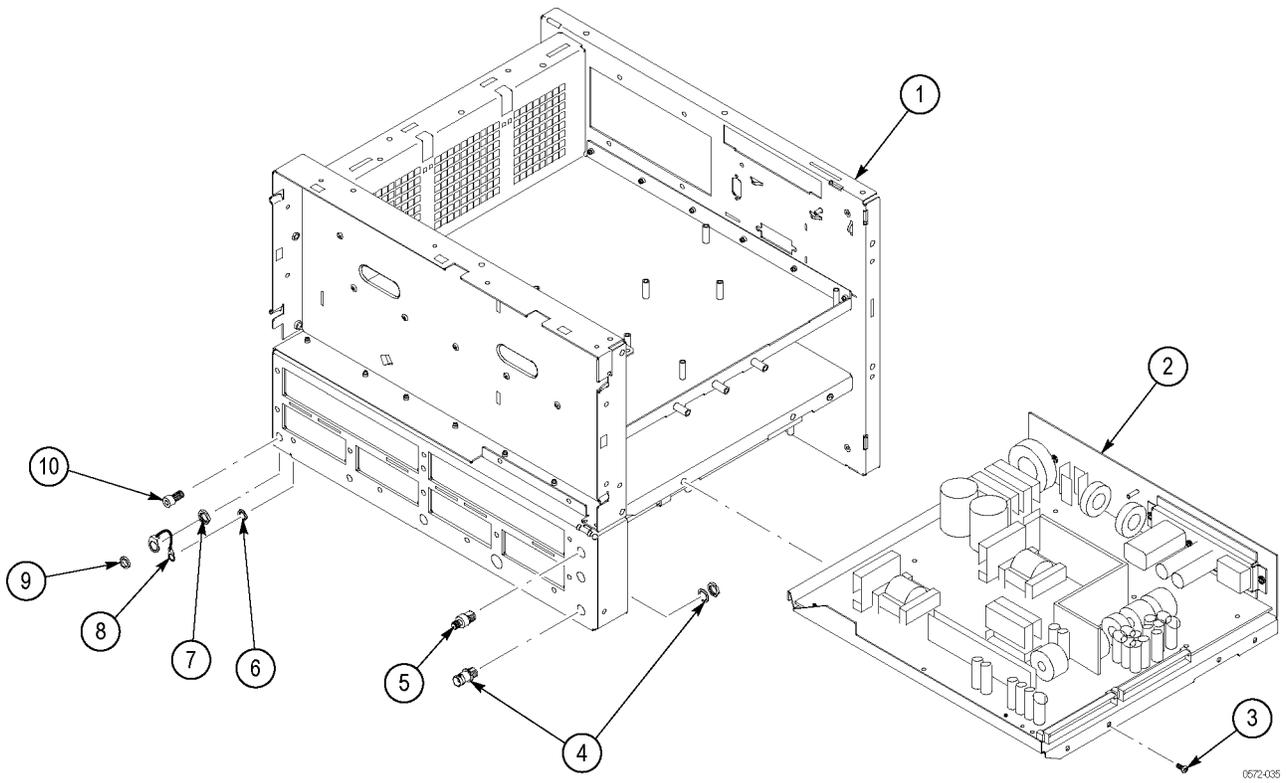


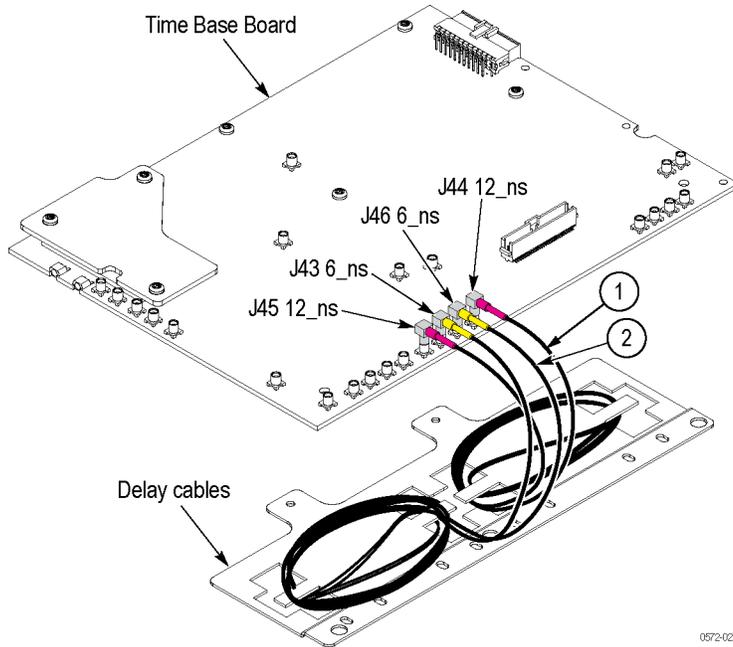
Figure 5-5: Power supply

Table 5-7: Acquisition system replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discount'd	Qty	Name & description
5-6- 1	441-2574-00			1	CHASSIS ASSY: OPTICAL FRONT END
-2	355-0308-00			2	STUD, SHOULDERED (GROUND)
-3	211-0373-00			18	SCREW,MACHINE: 4-40 X 0.250, PNH, STL, T10
-4	211-1050-00			21	SCREW, MACHINE: 6-32 X 0.312 L, PNH, T15
-5	878-0303-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY: OPTICAL FRONT END
-6	174-5654-00			4	CA ASSY, SP: RIBBON, BUS
-7	210-0457-00			20	NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:6-32 X 0.312,W/LCKWSHR
-8	211-0935-00			4	SCREW, MACHINE; 6-32 X 0.50, PNH, T-15 TORX
-9	878-0268-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY: ELECTRICAL FRONT END
-10	174-5659-00			2	CA ASSY, COAX (STR SMA TO R/A MCX PLUG)
-11	129-1516-00			3	SPACER, POST:ECB-1.077,0.250 HEX 12L 14
-12	162-0939-00			6	SLEEVE, POLYCARBONATE
-13	174-5815-00			1	CA ASSY, SP, ELECTRICAL
-14	344-0651-00			1	BRACKET: CABLE HARNESS TIME DELAY
-15	878-0267-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY, TIME BASE
-16	174-5818-00			1	CA ASSY, RIBBON 60 POS 4.5 LONG
-17	174-4348-00			1	CA ASSY, RF; COAXIAL, 50 OHM, MCX RTANG PLUG 50 OHM TO MCX RTANG PLUG 50 OHM
-18	214-5236-00			1	COVER, THERMAL PAD
-19	342-1207-00			1	PAD, THERMAL .100 THK 3 W/MK
-20	174-5800-00			2	CA ASSEMBLY, COAX: STR SMA JACK TO STR SMP PLUG
-21	129-1610-00			2	SPACER, POST; 1/4 STANDOFF, 1/4 HEX, 6- 32 MALE-FEMALE .937 LONG
-22	441-2573-01			1	CHASSIS ASSEMBLY: ELECTRICAL FRONT END
-23	214-4893-00			6	SPRING, TORSION: DOOR, RIGHT, 0.018 DIA
-24	200-4560-00			4	COVER; ELECTRICAL SLOT, 0.031
-25	214-4892-00			6	SPRING, TORSION: DOOR, LEFT, 0.018 DIA
-26	355-0259-00			4	STUD, LOCKING: 0.850 X 0.188 HEX, SST
-27	105-1132-00			4	LEVER, EJECT: 0.048 THK SST, ELECT HEAD
-28	366-0815-00			6	KNOB: EJECTOR LEVER, PC/ABS, SILVER GRAY
-29	105-1131-00			2	LEVER, EJECT; 0.048 THK SST, OPT MOD
-30	211-0373-00			18	SCREW, MACHINE; 4-40 X 0.250, PNH, T10
-31	210-0185-00			12	WASHER, SHLDR; 0.250 OD X 0.115 ID X 0.093
-32	214-4891-00			6	SPRING, TORSION: EJECT, 0.024 DIA
-33	200-4561-00			2	COVER: 0.036 SST, OPT SLOT, 0.031 SST

Table 5-8: Time Base delay cables replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-7- 1	174-5823-00			2	CA ASSY: RF, MCX TO MCX, 2 METERS, TIME BASE DELAY CABLE
-2	174-5822-00			2	CA ASSY: RF, MCX TO MCX, 1 METER, TIME BASE DELAY CABLE

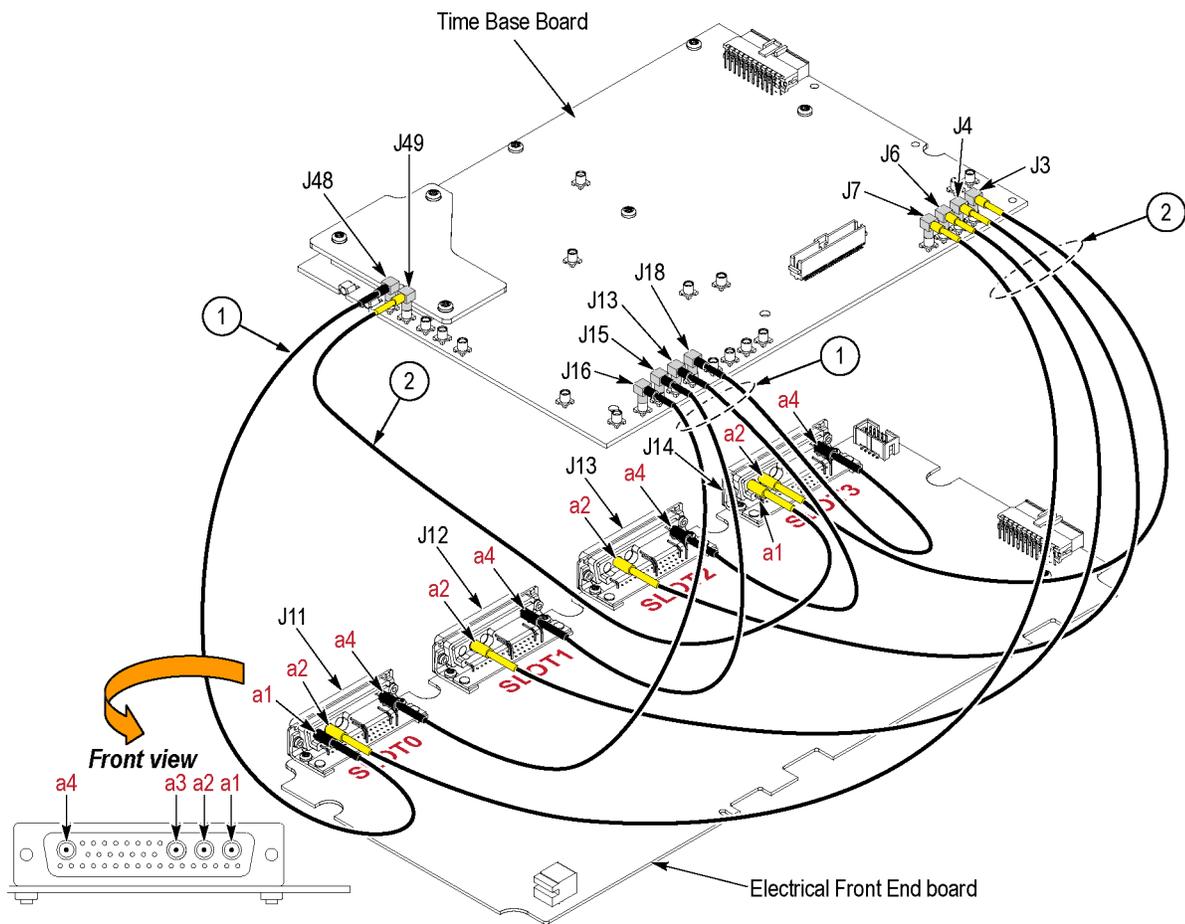


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Figure 5-7: Time base delay cables

Table 5-9: Electrical Front End cables replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-8- 1	174-4882-00			5	CA ASSY, RF; D-SUB TO MCX-STROBE, 9.700 L
-2	174-4137-00			5	CA ASSY, RF; COAXIAL, 15.0L, 50 OHM, D-SUB



0572-025

Figure 5-8: Electrical front end cables

Table 5-10: Optical Front End cables replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-9- 1	174-4882-00			2	CA ASSY, RF; D-SUB TO MCX-STROBE, 9.700 L
-2	174-4137-00			2	CA ASSY, RF; COAXIAL, 15.0L, 50 OHM, D-SUB

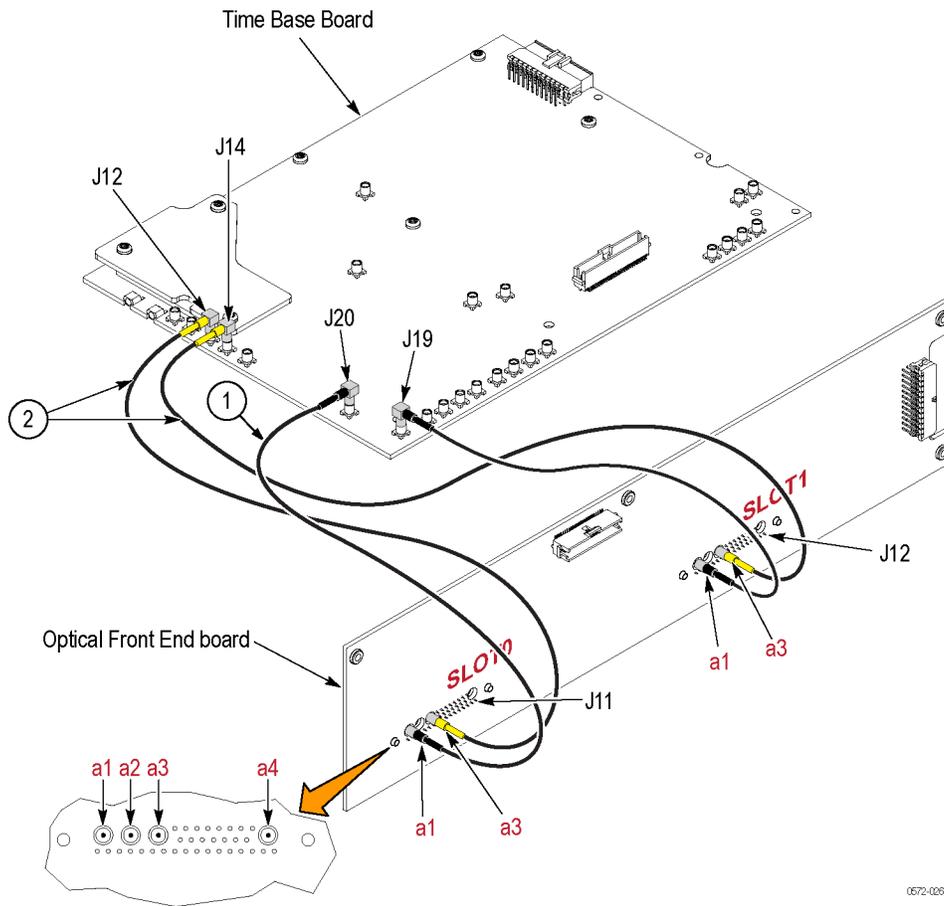
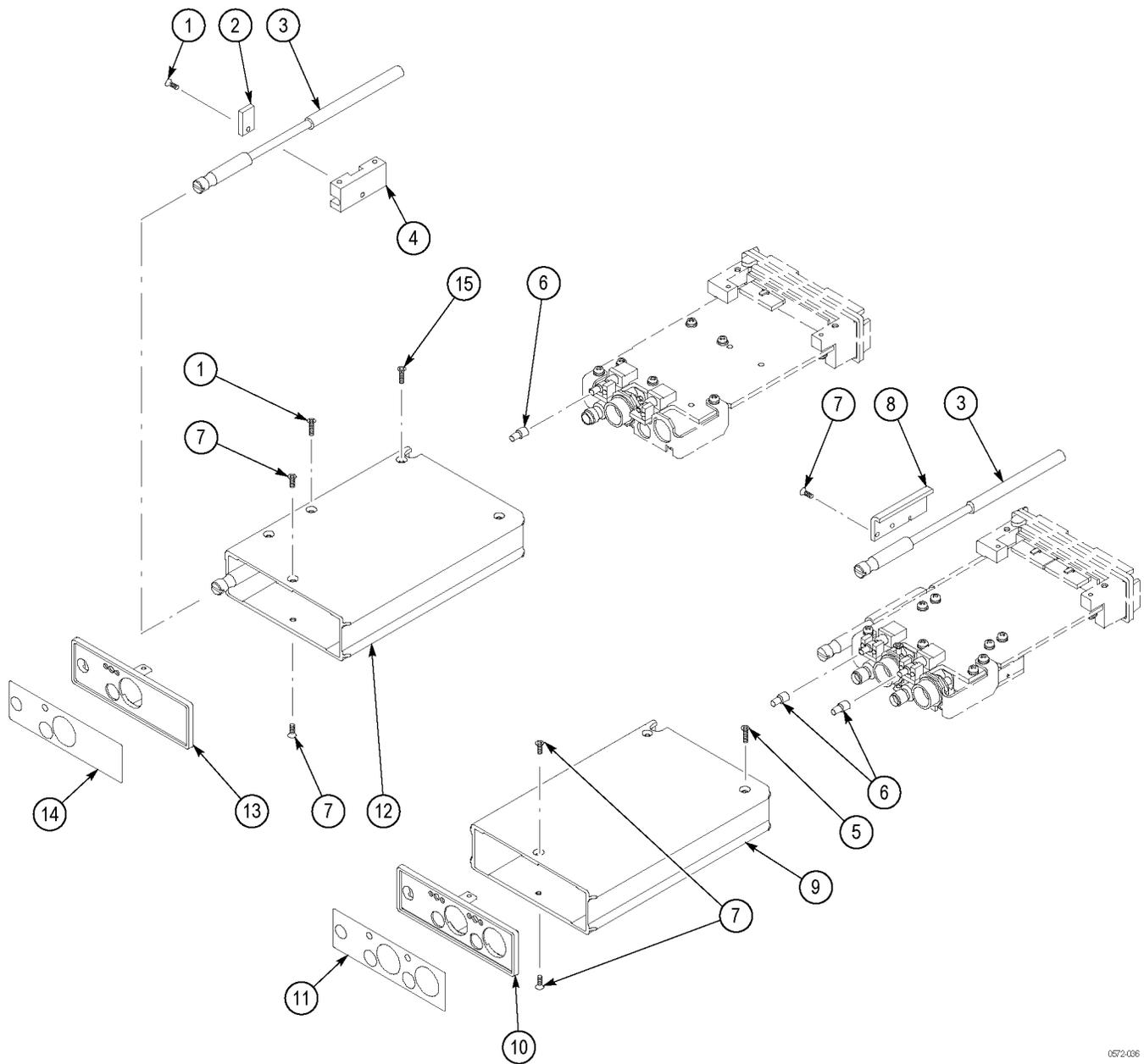


Figure 5-9: Optical front end cables

Table 5-11: 80E01, 80E02, 80E03, and 80E04 modules replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discontinued	Qty	Name & description
5-10- 1	211-0088-00			3	SCREW,MACHINE:2-56 X 0.281,FLH,82 DEG,STL BK OXD,POZ
-2	386-7293-00			1	PLATE, FRICTION
-3	384-1838-00			1	SHAFT; SCREW LOCKDOWN, 303 SST, R05HDSCR
-4	391-0239-00			1	LOCK SCREW: MOUNTING BLOCK
-5	211-0088-00			4	SCREW,MACHINE:2-56 X 0.281,FLH,82 DEG,STL BK OXD,POZ
-6	366-0804-00			1	KNOB:PUSH BUTTON, 0.11 OD, 0.33L, DELRIN, GRAY, 80E01
	366-0804-00			2	KNOB:PUSH BUTTON, 0.11 OD, 0.33L, DELRIN, GRAY, 80E02, 80E03, 80E04
-7	211-0087-00			2	SCREW,MACHINE:2-56 X 0.188,FLH,82 DEG SST,POZ
-8	214-4081-00			1	MTG,SCR LOCKDWN:ALUMINUM
-9	380-1132-00			1	HOUSING:SAMPLING HEAD,AL, 80E02
-10	333-4340-00			1	PANEL,FRONT:ALUMINUM,CHROMATE,W/TEK SILVERGRAY
-11	335-0151-00			1	MARKER,IDENT:LABEL,0.010 POLY,W/ADHESIVE,80E02
	335-0152-00			1	MARKER,IDENT:LABEL, 0.010 POLY,W/ADHESIVE,80E03
	335-0153-00			1	MARKER,IDENT:LABEL,0.010 POLY,W/ADHESIVE,80E04
-12	380-1138-00			1	HOUSING:ALUMINUM,SAMPLING HEAD 80E01
-13	333-4371-00			1	PANEL,FRONT:ALUMINUM,CHROMATE,W/TEK SILVERGRAY
-14	335-0339-00			1	MARKER,IDENT:LABEL,0.010 POLY,W/ADHESIVE, 80E01



0672-036

Figure 5-10: 80E01, 80E02, 80E03, and 80E04 modules

Table 5-12: 80E05 module replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-11-1	200-4568-00			1	COVER: OPTICAL MODULE, 0.050 AL
-2	335-0370-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: ANTI-STATIC LABEL
-3	211-0373-00			12	SCREW, MACHINE: 4-40 X 0.250, PNH, STL CD PLT,T10
				13	SCREW, MACHINE: 4-40 X 0.250, PNH, STL CD PLT, T10 (OPTION 10G)
-4	105-1115-00			2	LATCH: ADJUSTABLE GRIP
-5	011-0176-00			5	TERM, RF; SMA, PLUG, STR, SST
				6	TERM,RF; SMA, PLUG, STR, SST (OPTION 10G)

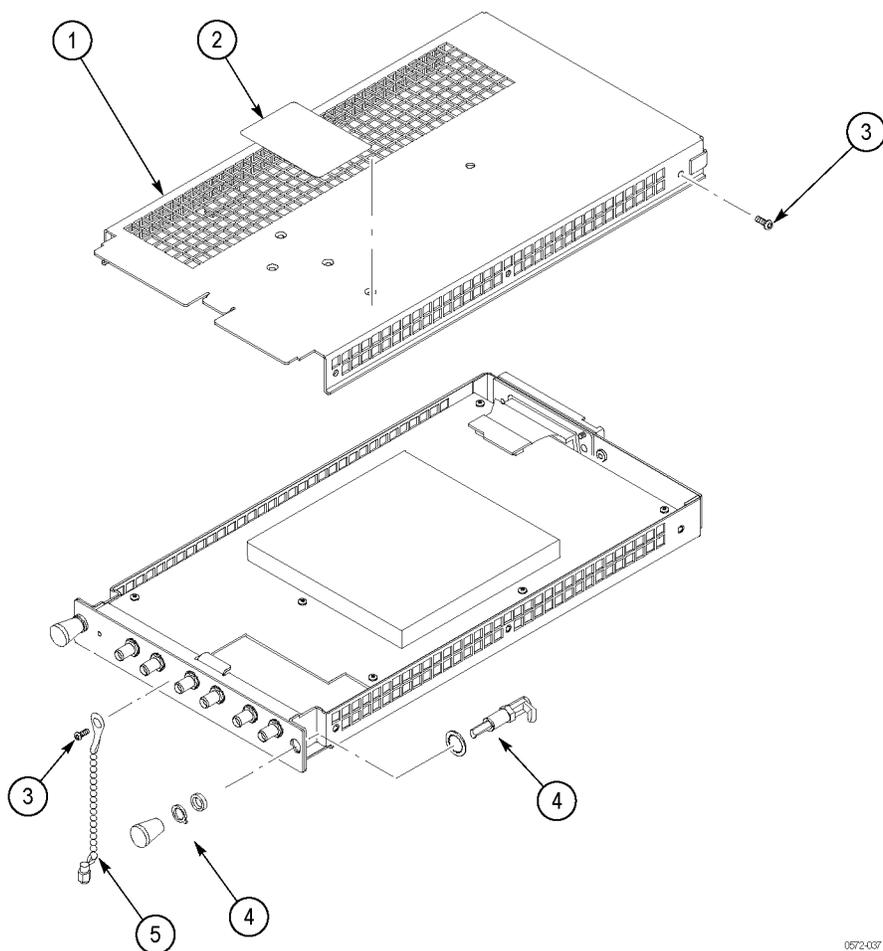


Figure 5-11: 80E05 module (Option 10G shown)

Table 5-13: 80E06 module replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discontinued	Qty	Name & description
5-12- 1	380-1159-00			1	HOUSING: SAMPLING HEAD, ALUMINUM, 80E06, SAFETY CONTROLLED
-2	211-0087-00			2	SCREW, MACHINE: 2-56 X 0.188, FLH, 82 DEG SST, POZ
-3	-----			1	PANEL, FRONT: NSD HEADS, BLANK, 386-5603-00, 80E06
-4	335-0863-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: SAMPLING HEAD, 2.760 X 0.810, 0.010 POLY, W/ADHESIVE, 80E06, SAFETY CONTROLLED
-5	211-0088-00			4	SCREW, MACHINE: 2-56 X 0.281, FLH, 82 DEG, STL BK OXD, POZ

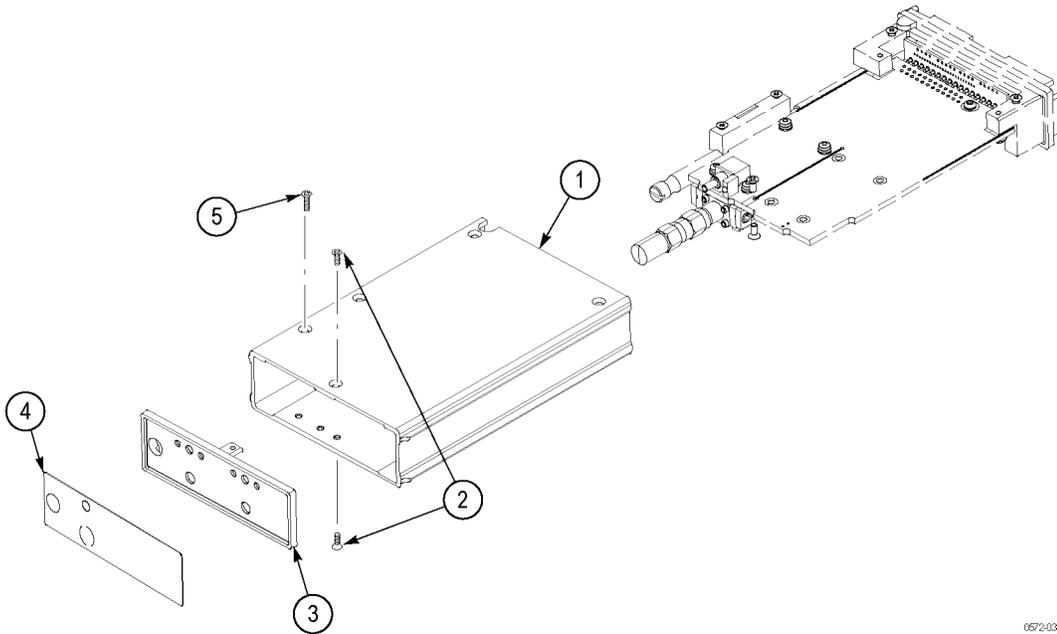


Figure 5-12: 80E06 module

Table 5-14: 80E07, 80E08, 80E09, and 80E10 modules replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-13-1	011-0176-00			2	TERM, RF; SMA, PLUG, STR, SST, W/BEAD CHAIN
-2	011-0157-00			2	ADAPTER, RF, PRCN; 2.4MM OR 1.85 MM MALE TO 2.92 MM FEMALE (80E08 AND 80E10 ONLY)

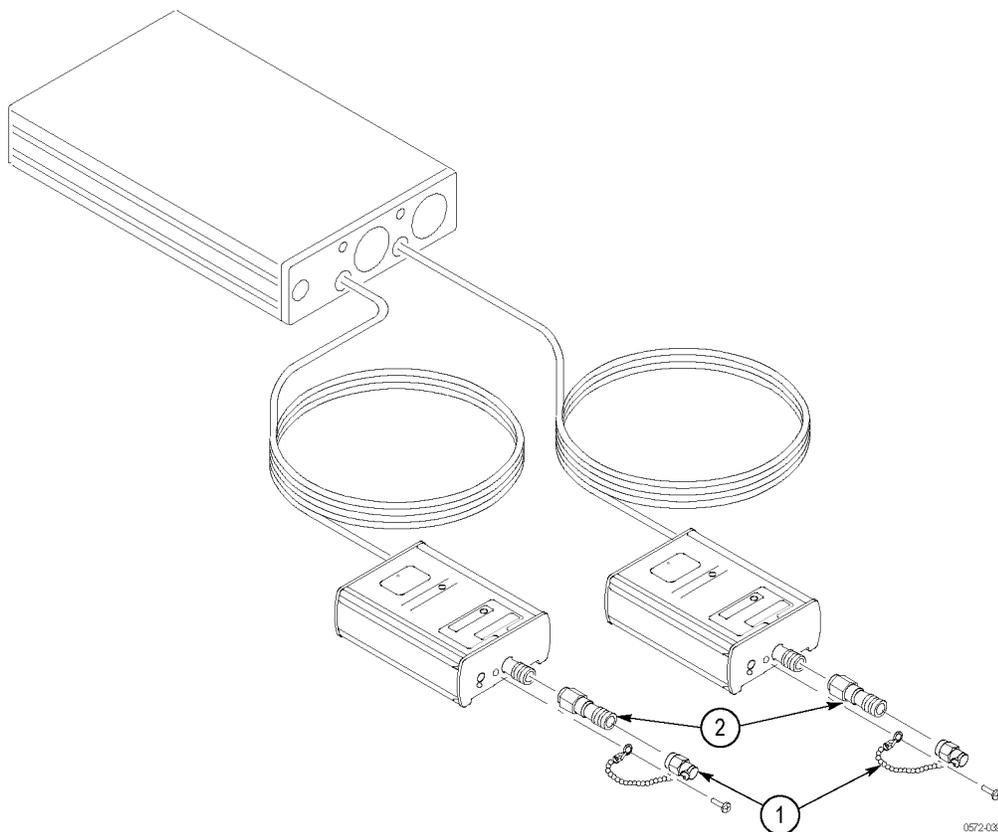


Figure 5-13: 80E07, 80E08, 80E09, and 80E10 modules

Table 5-15: Optical modules replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-14-1	200-4568-00			1	COVER: OPTICAL MODULE, 0.050 AL
-2	335-0370-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: ANTI-STATIC LABEL, 0.005 POLY
-3	211-0373-00			7	SCREW, MACHINE 4-40 X 0.250, PNH, STL CD PLT, T10
-4	105-1115-00			2	LATCH: ADJUSTABLE GRIP, 16-10-511-16
-5	200-4104-00			1	CAP, DUST: ELAY M75-M80 SHORE, BLACK MATT TEXTURED

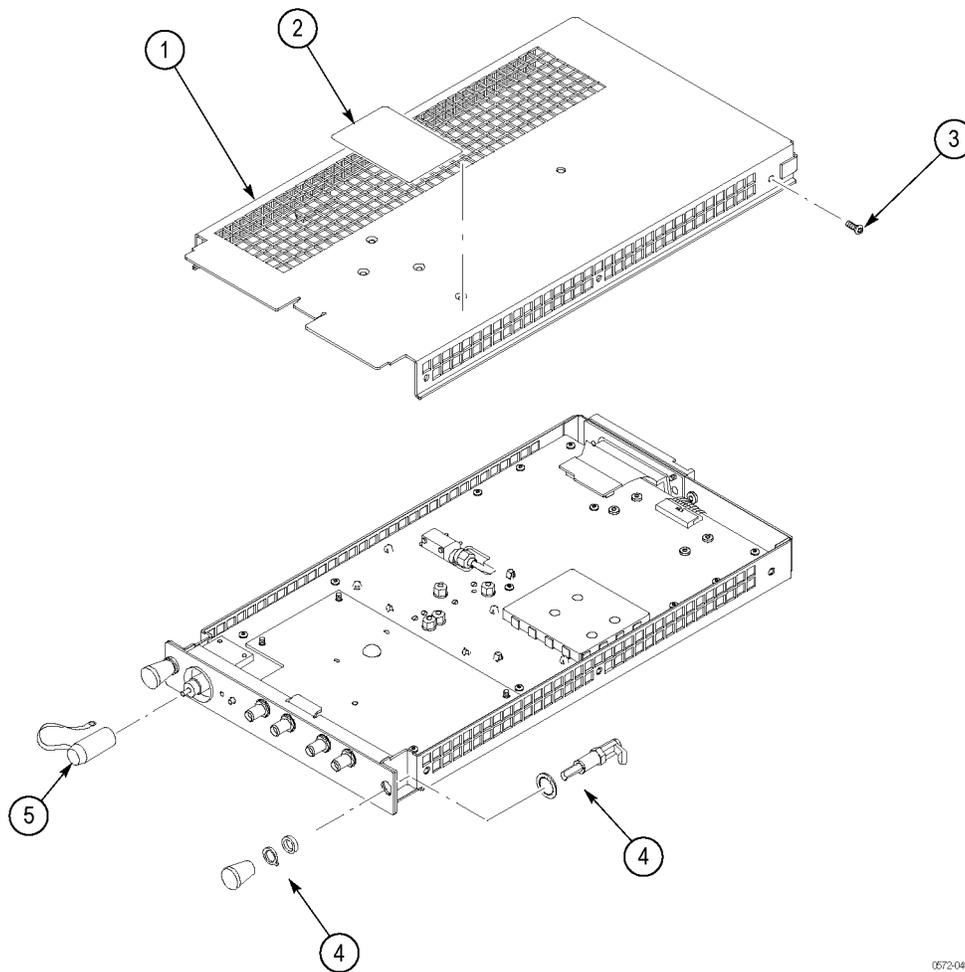
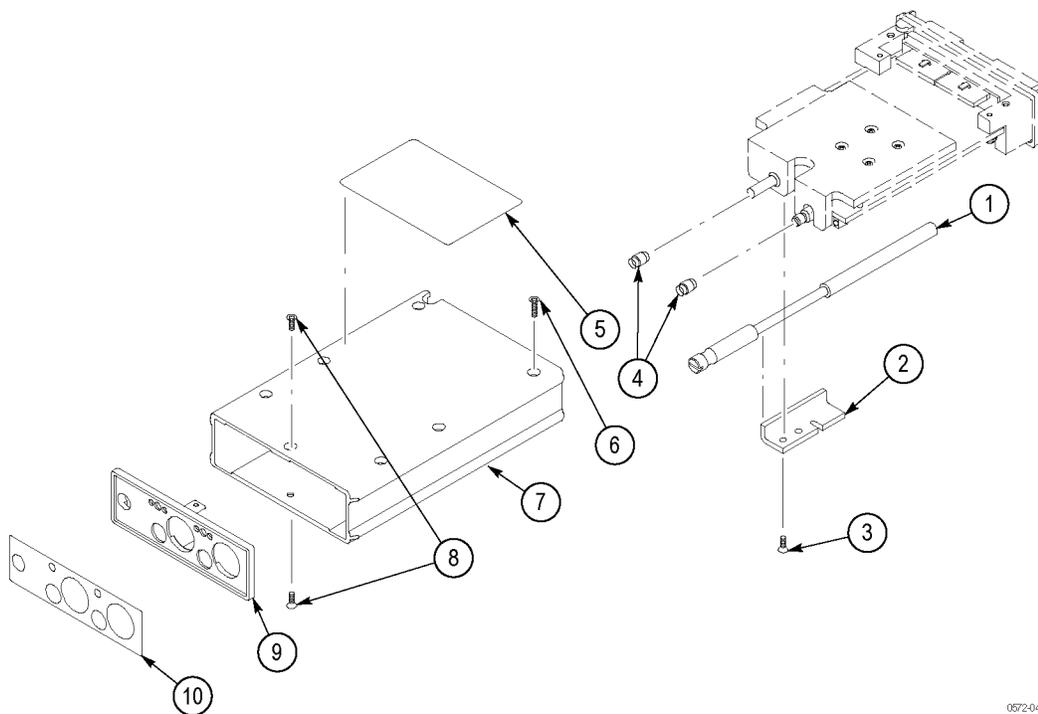


Figure 5-14: Optical modules

0572-040

Table 5-16: 80A01 module replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-15-1	384-1838-00			1	SHAFT: SCREW LOCKDOWN, 303 SST R05HDSCR
-2	214-4081-00			1	LOCKDOWN: SCREW MOUNT, 0.080 AL
-3	211-3008-00			2	SCREW, MACHINE: 2-56 X 0.281, PNH, SST, PASS, POZI DR
-4	015-1022-01			1	TERMINATOR: COAXIAL, 50 OHM, 0.5W, SMA
-5	335-0370-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: ANTI-STATIC LABEL, 0.005 POLY
-6	211-0088-00			8	SCREW, MACHINE: 2-56 X 0.281, FLH, 82 DEG, STL BK OXD, POZ
-7	380-1151-00			1	HOUSING: SAMPLING MODULE, TRIGGER PRESCALE LIMITING PREAMP
-8	211-0087-00			2	SCREW, MACHINE: 2-56 X 0.188, FLH, 82 DEG SST, POZ
-9	333-4392-00			1	PANEL, FRONT: TRIGGER PRESCALE LIMITING PREAMP, AL ALLOY
-10	335-0485-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: LABEL, MKD 80A01 PRESCALE MODULE, 2.760 X .810, LEXAN

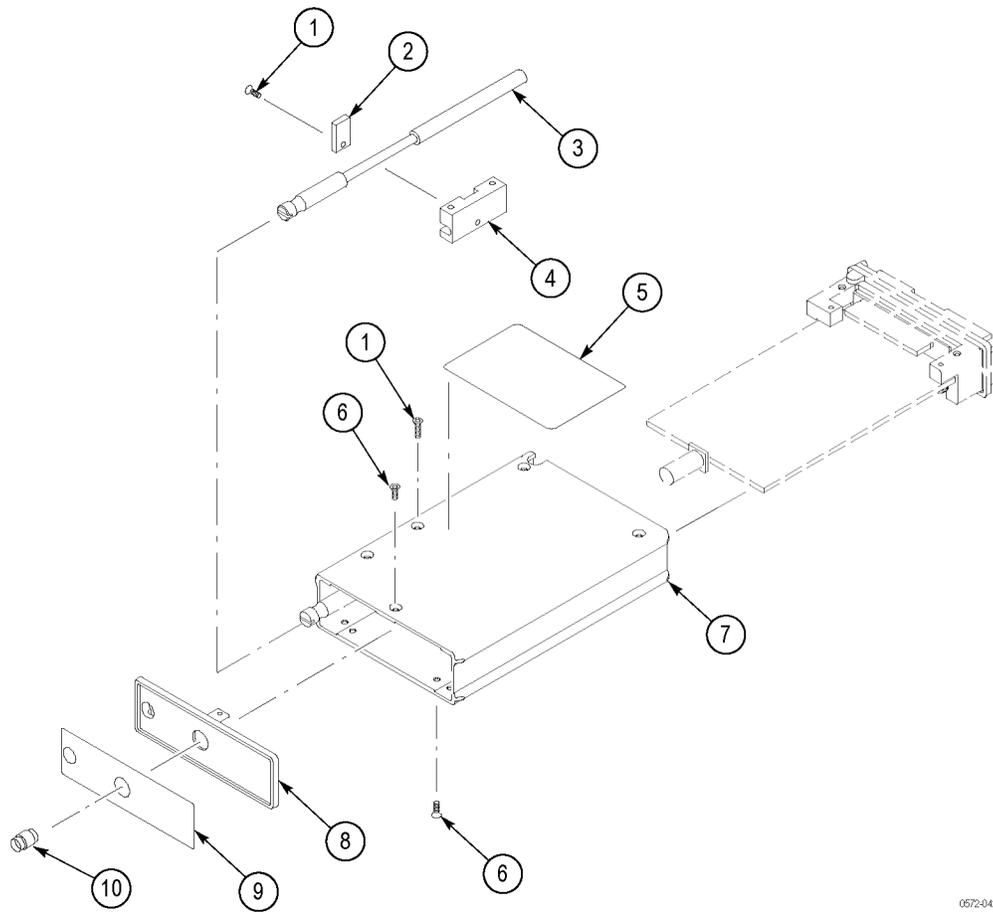


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Figure 5-15: 80A01 module

Table 5-17: 80A04 module replaceable parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discont'd	Qty	Name & description
5-16-1	211-0088-00			8	SCREW, MACH:2-56 X 0.281, FLH, POZ
-2	386-7293-00			1	PLATE, FRICTION
-3	384-1838-00			1	SHAFT; SCREW LOCKDOWN, 303 SST, R05HDSR
-4	391-0239-00			1	LOCK SCREW: MOUNTING BLOCK
-5	335-0370-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: ANTI-STATIC LABEL
-6	211-0087-00			3	SCREW, MACH: 2-56 X 0.188, FLH, POZ
-7	380-1171-00			1	HOUSING: SAMPLING HEAD, ALUMINUM
-8	333-4476-00			1	PANEL, FRONT: PHASE REF MODULE
-9	335-1036-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: LABEL, 82A04 MODULE
-10	015-1022-01			1	TERMINATOR: COAXIAL, 50 OHM, 0.5W, SMA

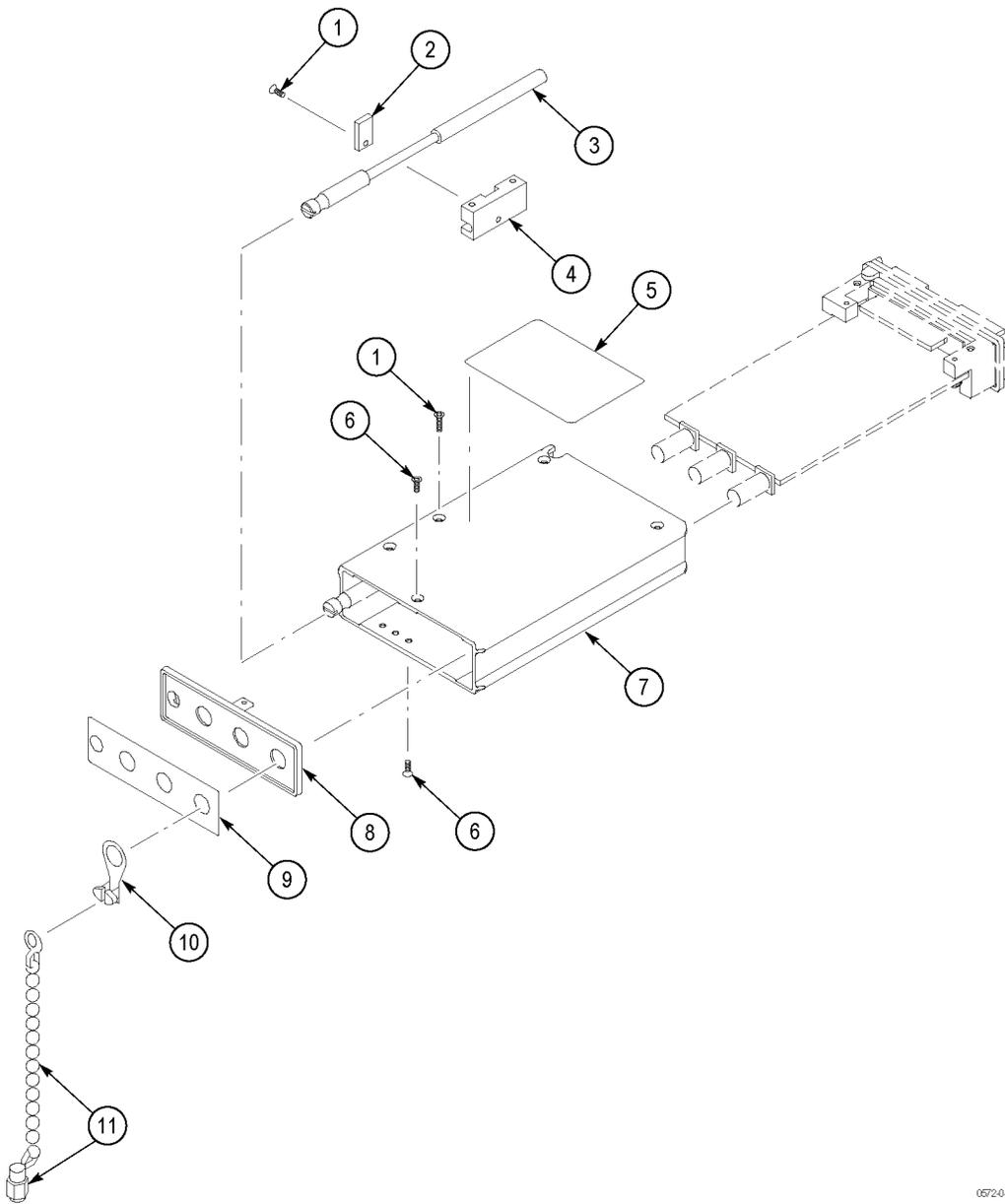


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Figure 5-16: 82A04 module

Table 5-18: 80A06 module parts list

Fig. & index number	Tektronix part number	Serial number effective	Serial number discount'd	Qty	Name & description
5-17-1	211-0088-00			6	SCREW,MACHINE:2-56 X 0.281,FLH,82 DEG,STL BK OXD,POZ
-2	386-7293-00			1	PLATE, FRICTION
-3	384-1838-00			1	SHAFT; SCREW LOCKDOWN, 303 SST, R05HDSCR
-4	391-0239-00			1	LOCK SCREW:MOUNTING BLOCK
-5	335-0370-00			1	MARKER,IDENT: ANTI-STATIC LABEL,0.005 POLY
-6	211-0087-00			2	SCREW,MACHINE:2-56 X 0.188,FLH,82 DEG SST,POZ
-7	380-1159-00			1	HOUSING:SAMPLING HEAD,ALUMINUM, SAFETY CONTROLLED
-8	-----			1	PANEL,FRONT:PATTERN TRIGGER
-9	335-1317-00			1	MARKER,IDENT:LABEL,MKD 80A06 PATTERN TRIGGER MODULE,2.760 X .810,LEXAN,
-10	-----			3	CLIP, SMA CONNECTOR FOR TERMINATION W/CHAIN, POLYPROPYLENE, SILVER GRAY
-11	011-0176-00			3	TERM,RF; SMA,PLUG,STR,SST,W/BEAD CHAIN



0572-043

Figure 5-17: 80A06 module