

WFM2200
SD/HD/3G SDI Waveform Monitor & Generator
Specifications and Performance Verification
Technical Reference



077-0662-00

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This document applies to firmware version 1.0 and above.

Warning

The servicing instructions are for use by qualified personnel only. To avoid personal injury, do not perform any servicing unless you are qualified to do so. Refer to all safety summaries prior to performing service.

www.tektronix.com

077-0662-00

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General Safety Summary

Review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it.

To avoid potential hazards, use this product only as specified.

Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures.

To Avoid Fire or Personal Injury

Use proper power cord. Use only the power cord specified for this product and certified for the country of use.

Observe all terminal ratings. To avoid fire or shock hazard, observe all ratings and markings on the product. Consult the product manual for further ratings information before making connections to the product.

Do not apply a potential to any terminal, including the common terminal, that exceeds the maximum rating of that terminal.

Power disconnect. The power cord disconnects the product from the power source. Do not block the power cord; it must remain accessible to the user at all times.

Do not operate without covers. Do not operate this product with covers or panels removed.

Do not operate with suspected failures. If you suspect that there is damage to this product, have it inspected by qualified service personnel.

Avoid exposed circuitry. Do not touch exposed connections and components when power is present.

Replace batteries properly. Replace batteries only with the specified type and rating.

Recharge batteries properly. Recharge batteries for the recommended charge cycle only.

Use proper AC adapter. Use only the AC adapter specified for this product.

Do not operate in wet/damp conditions.

Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.

Keep product surfaces clean and dry.

Provide proper ventilation. Refer to the manual's installation instructions for details on installing the product so it has proper ventilation.

Terms in This Manual These terms may appear in this manual:



WARNING. *Warning statements identify conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.*



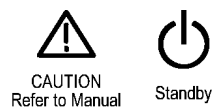
CAUTION. *Caution statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.*

Symbols and Terms on the Product

These terms may appear on the product:

- DANGER indicates an injury hazard immediately accessible as you read the marking.
- WARNING indicates an injury hazard not immediately accessible as you read the marking.
- CAUTION indicates a hazard to property including the product.

The following symbol(s) may appear on the product:



Preface

This reference document provides technical information about using the Tektronix WFM2200 SD/HD/3G SDI Waveform Monitor & Generator.

Related user documents

The following table lists some of the documentation that is available for this product and lists where you can locate the document.

Table i: Product documentation

| Item | Purpose | Location |
|---|---|---|
| Installation and Safety Instructions | Provides safety and compliance information with hardware installation instructions and associated safety warnings. This manual is available in English, Japanese, and Simplified Chinese. | Printed manual and also available at www.tektronix.com/manuals |
| User Manual | Provides operation and application information. This manual is available in English. | Available at www.tektronix.com/manuals |
| Online Help | In-depth instrument operation and UI help. | On the instrument |
| Specifications and Performance Verification Technical Reference (this manual) | Specifications and procedures for checking instrument performance. | Available at www.tektronix.com/manuals |
| Declassification and Security Instructions | Provides information for sanitizing the product. | Available at www.tektronix.com/manuals |
| Release Notes | Provides information about the key features and known limitations of a specific software version release. | Available at www.tektronix.com/manuals |
| WFM200BA Rechargeable Battery Pack Instructions | Provides safety, operating, and recycling information for the Lithium-Ion battery pack. | Printed manual and also available at www.tektronix.com/manuals |
| WFM200BC External Battery Charger Instructions | Provides safety and operating information for the optional, external battery charger. | Printed manual and also available at www.tektronix.com/manuals |

Related reference documents

The following related reference documents are available at the Tektronix, Inc. Web site (www.tektronix.com):

- *Preventing Illegal Colors*. This application note describes how the Diamond, Arrowhead, and Lightning displays can be used to help prevent the undesired impact of color gamut violations and to simplify the assessment of proper gamut compliance.
- *Understanding Colors and Gamut*. This poster provides a large visual display of how the Diamond, Arrowhead, and Lightning displays can be used to help prevent the undesired impact of color gamut violations.
- *A Guide to Standard and High Definition Digital Video Measurements*. This book is a primer for understanding the basics for making standard and high-definition, digital-video measurements.
- *Analog and Digital Audio Monitoring*. This application note describes how to monitor analog and digital audio signals. Also discussed are specific differences in the methods used to monitor analog audio versus digital audio, and how to plan the transition from monitoring analog audio to monitoring digital audio.
- *Audio Monitoring*. This application note describes balanced and unbalanced audio signals, and explains the physical and electrical characteristics and the specific strength and weaknesses of the different digital audio signal formats.
- *Monitoring Surround Sound Audio*. This application note describes the basics of 5.1-channel surround sound audio and how to use the Surround Sound display to visualize key audio-level and phase relationships in this audio format.

Specifications

The following tables list the specifications for the Tektronix WFM2200 SD/HD/3G SDI Waveform Monitor & Generator. Items listed in the Performance Requirement column are generally quantitative and can be tested by the *Performance Verification* procedure in Section 2 of this manual. Items listed in the Reference Information column are useful operating parameters that have typical values; information in this column is not guaranteed.

The specifications listed in the Electrical Specifications section of these tables apply over an ambient temperature range of +0 °C to +40 °C.

Electrical specifications

Table 1: SDI input waveform vertical characteristics

| Characteristic | | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Vertical Measurement Accuracy | | | Using graticule or cursor. Measure in YPbPr mode. |
| | 1X | ± 0.5% of 700 mV full scale mode | |
| | 5X | ± 0.2% of 700 mV full scale mode | |
| Gain | | X1, X2, X5, and X10 | |
| Variable Gain Range, Typical | | | 0.25X to 2X, typical (variable gain multiplied by fixed gain to get total gain). |
| Frequency Response - 270 Mbps | Luminance Channel (Y) | 50 kHz to 5.75 MHz, ± 0.5% | |
| | Chrominance Channels (Pb, Pr) | 50 kHz to 2.75 MHz, ± 0.5% | |
| Frequency Response - 1.5 Gbps | Luminance Channel (Y) | 50 kHz to 30 MHz, ± 0.5% | |
| | Chrominance Channels (Pb, Pr) | 50 kHz to 15 MHz, ± 0.5% | |
| Frequency Response - 1.5 Gbps | Luminance Channel (Y) | 100 kHz to 60 MHz, ± 0.5% | Applies to dual-link and 3G 50/59/60 progressive formats. |
| | Chrominance Channels (Pb, Pr) | 100 kHz to 30 MHz, ± 0.5% | |
| YPbPr to RGB Conversion Accuracy | | | 0.1%, nominal |
| XYZ to RGB Conversion Accuracy | | | 0.1%, nominal |

Table 1: SDI input waveform vertical characteristics (cont.)

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information | |
|--|---|---|----------------|
| Step Response, Typical | Sine-squared bars | Reference Information | |
| | Preshoot, Overshoot | Majority of the error seen on the display comes from the inherent ringing in the digital data. The response of the instrument is close to the theoretical limit of a perfect $\sin(x)/x$ reconstruction filter. | |
| | 270Mbps, $\leq 0.3\%$ peak (2T5 bar) | | |
| | 1.5 Gbps, $\leq 0.5\%$ peak (2T30 bar) | | |
| | 3 Gbps $\leq 0.5\%$ peak (2T60 bar) | | |
| | Ringing | | |
| | 270 Mbps $\leq 0.8\%$ peak-peak (2T5 bar) | | |
| | 1.5 Gbps $\leq 0.8\%$ peak-peak (2T30 bar) | | |
| | 3 Gbps $\leq 0.8\%$ peak-peak (2T60 bar) | | |
| | Pulse Response, Typical | | Blackman pulse |
| Baseline Ringing | | | |
| 270 Mbps $\leq 0.6\%$ peak-peak (2T5) | | | |
| 1.5 Gbps $\leq 0.7\%$ peak-peak (2T30) | | | |
| 3 Gbps $\leq 0.7\%$ peak-peak (2T60) | | | |
| Tilt | Field Rate | 0.1% | |
| | Line Rate | 0.1% | |
| Off Screen Recovery | 0.1% variation in baseline of a 5 MHz modulated pulse when positioned anywhere on screen at any gain setting. | | |

Table 2: Waveform sweep (horizontal) deflection

| Characteristic | | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|---|-----------|----------------------------------|--|
| Sweep | Accuracy | $\pm 0.5\%$, all rates | Fully digital system |
| | Linearity | 0.2% of time displayed on screen | Fully digital system |
| Timing Cursor Delta Readout Accuracy, Typical | | | $\pm 0.5\%$ of sweep time displayed on screen |
| Shift with External Reference | | | Maximum shift within ± 2 Sample Clock periods |
| Rates | | | 1, 2, 3, or 4 line, or field depending on display mode |
| Line Select | | | Selected Line in 1 Line, selected 1st line in 2 Line If in external reference mode, line select triggers off of external frame reference, but counts line from input standard timing. |

Table 3: Component vector mode

| Characteristic | | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|--|
| Vertical Bandwidth, Typical | 270 Mbps | | 800 kHz |
| | 1.5 Gbps | | 3.4 MHz |
| | 3 Gbps | | 6.8 MHz |
| Display to Graticule Registration | | $\pm 0.5\%$ | Fully digital system limited by sample resolution Equivalent to $\pm 0.5\%$ Horizontal and Vertical Gain Accuracy |
| Vector Display | | | P_B is displayed on horizontal axis and P_R is displayed on vertical axis |

Table 4: Waveform mode filter characteristics

| Characteristic | | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|--|--------------------------|---|--|
| Low Pass Filter Gain, component only | 270 Mbps | $1 \pm 0.1\%$ relative to flat gain | |
| | 1.5 Gbps | $1 \pm 0.1\%$ relative to flat gain | |
| | 3 Gbps | $1 \pm 0.1\%$ relative to flat gain | |
| Low Pass Filter Frequency Response | 270 Mbps | < 3 dB attenuation at 800 kHz 32 dB attenuation at 3 MHz | Filter meets IEEE STD-205 |
| | 1.5 Gbps, component only | < 3 dB attenuation at 4.5 MHz > 25 dB attenuation above 15 MHz | -3 dB typical at 5.0 MHz Noise BW is approximately 8 MHz Stopband null at 18 MHz |
| | 3 Gbps, component only | < 3 dB attenuation at 9 MHz > 25 dB attenuation above 30 MHz | -3 dB typical at 10 MHz Noise BW is approximately 16 MHz Stopband null at 36 MHz |
| Luma Filter Gain, Composite only | | $1 \pm 0.1\%$ relative to flat gain at 50 kHz | |
| Luma Filter Response, Composite only | | < 3 dB attenuation at 800 kHz 32 dB attenuation at FSC | Same as 270 Mbps component low pass filter |
| Chroma Filter Gain, Composite only | | $1 \pm 0.1\%$ relative to flat gain | |
| Chroma Filter Response, Composite only | | 3 dB bandwidth 1 MHz \pm 0.2 MHz | FSC auto selected based on input standard, Implemented digitally, centered on FSC. |
| Chroma Filter Attenuation at 2 x FSC, composite only | | > 25 dB | Implemented Digitally, Typically 28 dB for NTSC, 53 dB for PAL |

Table 5: SDI lightning mode

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| Gain Accuracy | $\pm 0.5\%$ | Fully digital system |
| Lightning | | Displays signal components as follows: Y vertically Pb horizontally on top half of display P _r horizontally on bottom half of display |

Table 6: SDI diamond mode

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Gain Accuracy | $\pm 0.5\%$ | Fully digital system |
| Diamond | | RGB deflection axis indicated. Upper and lower halves are separated, to allow negative signals to be seen |
| Detection Level | High Limit | +630 mV to +756 mV in 1 mV steps |
| | Low Limit | -50 mV to +35 mV in 1 mV steps |
| Detection Level Accuracy | ± 3.5 mV | |
| Diamond Area Threshold Range | | 0% to 10% |

Table 7: Data mode

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Digital Waveform | | Noninterpolated waveform display. Cursor identifies selected sample value (hex, decimal, binary). Cursor inserted on picture monitor output shows selected line |
| Digital List | | Sequential list of sample values in table format. Cursor identifies selected sample |
| Display Format | | HEX, DEC, BIN |

Table 8: Arrowhead mode (NTSC/PAL composite limit display for SDI inputs)

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|--|--|--|
| Signal to Graticule Accuracy | $\pm 1\%$, 100 IRE (700 mV), and 131 IRE (900 mV) | (PAL values in parenthesis) |
| Composite Limit Cursor Accuracy | $\pm 1.0\%$ at 100 IRE, 110 IRE, 120 IRE, and 131 IRE (700 and 950 mV) | (PAL values in parenthesis) |
| | $\pm 1.0\%$ at -24 IRE, -33 IRE, and -40 IRE (-230 and 300 mV) | (PAL values in parenthesis) |
| Detection Level, nominal | | Adjustable thresholds, 1% steps |
| Composite Limit Detection Level Accuracy | Detection Level = ± 7 mV of cursor level | Upper detection level can be set to 100, 110, 120, or 131 IRE (700 mV or 950 mV PAL) Lower detection level can be set to -24, -33, and -40 IRE (-230 mV or -300 mV PAL) |
| Composite Limit Area Threshold Range | | 0% to 10% |
| Luma Limit Detection Range, Typical | High Low | 90 to 108%, 0.5% steps, Default is 103%, nominal +5 to -6%, 0.5% steps, Default is -1%, nominal |
| Luma Limit Detection Level Accuracy, Typical | | Detection level = ± 7 mV of cursor level, nominal |
| Luma Limit Area Threshold Range | | 0% to 10% |

Table 9: Bowtie mode

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | 270 1.5 Gbps | ≥ 34 dB at 2.5 MHz ≥ 34 dB at 5 MHz |
| Interchannel Timing Match | ± 0.5 ns | Fully digital system |
| Functional Description | | Displays Y minus Pr and Y minus Pb signals. Requires bowtie signal to be useful. Null in center indicates the channels are time aligned. |

Table 10: Timing display

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Input Timing Relative to External Reference | | <p>Display of Vertical and Horizontal timing offset graphically and numerically. One clock cycle resolution.</p> <p>Patented proprietary display. Display Timing difference between input and Ref at rear panel or relative to an offset saved by the user.</p> |
| Timing Display Zero Definition | | <p>For vertical timing, conforms to SMPTE RP168-2002.</p> <p>For horizontal timing, zero delay analog signals have coincident syncs. For digital signals, timing is such that if converted to analog by a WFM601A (approximately 3 μs delay), then the resultant analog signal is coincident with the reference.</p> <p>Timing zero is equivalent to nominal zero delay on TG700. Also agrees with signal that shows minimal shift on the waveform display when going from internal to external.</p> <p>Vertical timing, according to SMPTE RP168, specifies that the lines with the start of the broad pulses are aligned.</p> |
| Operation with input and reference being different formats | | <p>Compatible with any supported combination of input signal and external reference formats. (See Table 31.) (See Table 32.) (See Table 33.) In cases where there are multiple ways to interpret the phase relationship, multiple indicators of the phase are shown. The numeric display will follow the smallest phase offset.</p> |
| Link B to Link A | | <p>Display of dual link timing skew. Uncertainty of ± 1.5 clocks or 20 ns.</p> |

Table 11: Picture mode

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Format, nominal | | <p>Allows viewing picture in all formats.</p> <p>In 270 Mbps formats full screen, picture occupies the central portion of the XGA raster area. For tile mode the image is downsampled to fit the 512 x 350 size.</p> <p>In 1.5 Gbps formats, picture is downsampled to fit in 1024 x 768 when full screen or 512 X 350 size when in 4 tile mode.</p> <p>In low Frame rate formats, Frames are repeated as needed to get up to XGA frame rate. This is similar to 3:2 pulldown on some frame rates.</p> |
| Pix Border On/Off | | <p>Allows user to mask or show the inactive portions of the raster such as ANC area for digital and sync for analog.</p> <p>When the border is on, the image is scaled to correct the aspect ratio. When the border is off, the image is either mapped pixel to pixel (full screen 270 Mbps), or minimally decimated to reduce the artifacts.</p> |
| Synchronization | | Picture mode always uses internal timing; it is not affected by external sync. |
| Aspect Ratio | | Allows choice of 16:9 or 4:3 for 270 Mbps, to support widescreen. |

Table 12: Data error detection (Video session under STATUS button)

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| Data Integrity | 270 Mb/s | Active picture and full field. Field rate resolution Complies with SMPTE RP165 |
| | 1.5 Gb/s, 3 Gb/s | Detects line CRC errors. Field rate resolution, separate reporting for errors in Y or Color Difference data streams |
| | | <p>Uses CRC check-word system. System is known as EDH (Error Detection and Handling) in industry literature.</p> <p>Error icon asserted for 1 second after any error.</p> <p>Error icon asserted for 1 second after any error.</p> |

Table 13: ANC data and ARIB

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| Displays | | Detects ANC data in SDI streams, displays data from user specified DID and SDID. Displays Audio Control Packet. Decodes data for ARIB types B39, B37, B35, TR-B22, and TR-B23. |
| Alarms | | Allows Alarms to be set for: ANC Parity, ANC Checksum, B39 Absence, B37 Absence, B35 Absence, TR-B22 Absence, TR-B23 Absence, and Absence of user specified DID and SDID. |

Table 14: Audio bar displays

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Modes | | The user can configure the response dynamics (ballistics), reference levels, peak hold, offset, and scale of the meters to suit the monitoring needs of the particular installation or situation. |
| | Channel Mode | Any 10 channels configured into 5 pairs with phase correlation meters between pairs. |
| | Surround Mode | Left, Right, Center Lfe, Left surround, Right surround meters, and an extra channel pair. Phase correlation meters between L-R, L-C, C-R, Ls-Rs, L-Ls, R-Rs and the extra pair. |
| Audio Sources | | Can monitor the signal levels and stereo phase of AES/EBU digital PCM audio and digital PCM audio embedded in serial digital video inputs. |
| Level Meter Resolution | | 0.056 dB steps at 30 dB scale, from full scale to -20 dB FS. XGA Full Screen mode = 510 steps XGA 4-tile mode = 255 steps. |

Table 14: Audio bar displays (cont.)

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| Correlation Meter Speed | | <p>User selectable 1 to 20. Factory default is set to 8.</p> <p>Speed 1 averages over 0.04 sec. Speed 2 averages over 0.04 sec. Speed 3 averages over 0.08 sec. Speed 4 averages over 0.12 sec. Speed 5 averages over 0.28 sec. Speed 6 averages over 0.52 sec. Speed 7 averages over 1.0 sec. Speed 8 averages over 1.5 sec. Speed 9 averages over 2.0 sec. Speed 10 averages over 2.5 sec. Speed 11 averages over 3.0 sec. Speed 12 averages over 3.5 sec. Speed 13 averages over 4.0 sec. Speed 14 averages over 4.5 sec. Speed 15 averages over 5.0 sec. Speed 16 averages over 5.5 sec. Speed 17 averages over 6.0 sec. Speed 18 averages over 6.5 sec. Speed 19 averages over 7.0 sec. Speed 20 averages over 7.5 sec.</p> |
| | | <p>The Phase Correlation Meter Speed setting determines how quickly the meter reacts to changes in phase relationship. The meter reading is actually an average of correlation over time, and this setting determines how many samples are used to calculate the average. The instrument uses the fewest samples when this setting is 1, and the meter reacts almost instantaneously. The instrument uses the most samples when the setting is 20, and the meter reacts much more slowly. Experiment to find the setting that best fits your application.</p> |
| Metering Ballistic Types | | <p>Selectable from true peak, PPM Type 1, PPM Type 2, and Extended VU.</p> |
| Peak Program Meter (PPM) Ballistic Response | | <p>PPM Type I (IEC Type I, essentially the same as DIN 45406 and Nordic N-9). PPM Type II (IEC Type II, the same as IEEE std. 152-1991). PPM Type I has a slightly faster attack time and a faster return time, 1.7 seconds to fall 20 dB as opposed to 2.8 seconds for Type II.</p> |
| True Peak Ballistic Response | | <p>PPM Type II decay characteristics, no attack delay; Factory default ballistic.</p> |

Table 14: Audio bar displays (cont.)

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Extended VU Ballistic Response | | VU meter as defined in IEEE 152-1991, but with an extended dB-linear scale. The meter bars also contain true peak indicators when VU is selected. |
| Peak Hold | | Indicated peaks held for user selected time. Adjustable from 1 to 10 seconds. |
| Clip Indication Delay Count | | Consecutive FS samples for Clip Indication, user selectable Off or 1 to 100. Factory default is set to 1. A setting of 0 is equivalent to "Off". |
| Mute Indication Delay Count | | Consecutive "0" samples for Mute Indication, user selectable Off or 1 to 100. Factory default is set to 10. A setting of 0 is equivalent to "Off". |
| Clip/Mute Error Readout Hold Time | | 1 to 30 seconds, user selectable. Factory Default set to 2. |
| Silence Indication Threshold | | Audio level below which the signal is considered "silent". Used to trigger on-screen indication and alarms. |
| Silence Indication Delay | | Off or 1 to 60 seconds, user selectable. Indication and alarm will not be asserted until threshold has been exceeded for this number of consecutive seconds. Factory default is set to 10. A setting of 0 is equivalent to "Off". |
| Over Indication Threshold | | Audio level above which the signal is considered "over". Used to trigger on-screen indication and alarms. |
| Over Indication Delay | | 0 to 30 seconds, user selectable. Indication and alarm will not be asserted until signal stays above the Over Indication Threshold for this number of consecutive seconds. Factory default is set to 2. |
| Adjustable Peak Program Level | | Peak Program level is the level, relative to digital full scale, that the user chooses as the maximum desired level for monitored programs. The meter bars change to red above Peak Program level. |
| | Digital | Range 0 to -30 dBFS |
| | Analog | Range 24 to -6 dBu |

Table 14: Audio bar displays (cont.)

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Adjustable Test Level | | Test level is the level, relative to digital full scale, that the user chooses as the test or “line up” level for monitored programs. The meter bars change to yellow between the Test and Peak Program levels. |
| | Digital | Range 0 to –30 dBFS |
| | Analog | Range 24 to –6 dBu |
| Set 0 dB Mark | Select 0 dBFS or 0 dBu, Peak Program Level (dB), or Test Level (dB) | Use this item to number the meter scale relative to Digital Full scale with digital sources, or relative to 0 dBu with analog sources, or to one of the two user-adjustable levels. When the zero mark is set to either Peak Program or Test level, the scale units are dB, relative to the 0 dB level; units above the selected 0 dB mark are positive, while units below it are negative. |
| Analog Audio Scale Types | | Selection of DIN, Nordic, and PPM preset the scale, test, and reference levels to match these defined meter types. |

Table 15: Audio bar and Lissajous/Surround display

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|---|---|--|
| Description | | In combination with Bar mode can have Lissajous or Surround Display in one tile. (See Table 14.) |
| Automatic Gain Control (AGC) | Lissajous gain control can be on or off | AGC time constant: 0.5 second to expand display after a 0 to –40 dB level transition, 0.05 second to reduce gain after a –40 to 0 dB level transition. |
| Manual Scaling | | When AGC is off, level at perimeter of display follows Peak Program Level on Bar display. |
| Surround Display Frequency Weighting Filter | | Frequency weighting can be A-weighting or Linear (Flat Response) as described in IEC 651. Dominant sound indicator can be turned on and off. |

Table 16: Embedded audio extraction

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Embedded Audio Formatting | | 24-bit Embedded audio is not supported (no AUX bits are extracted), only 20 most significant bits are extracted. Supports SMPTE 272M Operation Level B only (48 kHz audio sampling rate synchronized with video). |
| | 270 Mbps | Extract 20-bit audio formatted according to SMPTE 272M. |
| | 1.5 Gbps | Extract 20 or 24 bit audio formatting according to SMPTE 299M. |
| Channel Numbering | | Channel numbers per SMPTE 272M (1 through 16) will be correctly shown on all displays. |
| Audio Rates | | Supports 48 kHz audio sample rate. |
| Number of Channels | | 16 displayed without Lissajous or 8 displayed with Lissajous. 16 channels are monitored for presence in either case. |
| Audio levels | | Bars display signals up to 0 dBFS. |

Table 17: Headphones out

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|---|--|---|
| Meter Level to Headphone Output Gain | | 0 dB to -63 dB in 0.5 dB steps relative to maximum output level. |
| Digital Input to Headphone Output Gain Accuracy over Frequency | ± 1.0 dB, 20 Hz to 20 kHz, 0 to -40 dBFS | |
| Digital Input to Headphone Output Distortion (THD + N), Typical | | <0.05% at -10 dBFS, 20 Hz to 20 kHz, into 32 Ω . <0.2% at full scale into 32 Ω . <2% at full scale into 16 Ω . |
| Headphone Output Power Capability | | Capable of continuously driving a 6.25 dBu sine wave into 32 Ω or 16 Ω . |

Table 18: LCD display

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|----------------|-------------------------|---|
| Display Area | Horizontal | 13 cm |
| | Vertical | 10 cm |
| Resolution | | 1024 (H) x 768 (V) pixels |
| Color Palette | | 6 bits per component. LSB is dithered to improve picture. |
| Pixel Defects | ≤ 6 bad pixels | |

Table 19: Built-in speakers

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Built-in speakers | | Built in speakers are active when headphones are not plugged in. Signal to speakers may clip if Volume is set above 88%. |

Table 20: LTC time code input

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| LTC Input Connector | | Unbalanced, unterminated rear-panel BNC connector. |
| LTC Input Impedance | | Greater than 10 kΩ. |
| LTC Signal Characteristics | | Linear Time Code per IEC Publication 461. |
| LTC Signal Amplitude Range, Typical | | 0.2 V _{p-p} to 5.0 V _{p-p} |

Table 21: VITC decoding

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Sources | | SDI input A or B. |

Table 22: Serial digital video inputs

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|---|--|--|
| Format | | 1.5 Gb/s: compatible with SMPTE 292M/BTA-S004A. 270 Mb/s: compatible with 270 Mb/s SMPTE 259M. 3 Gb/s: compatible with SMPTE 424/M and SMPTE 425M. |
| Input Type | | 75 Ω BNC, internally terminated. |
| Cable Loss Accommodation | With 1/SQRT(f) characteristic at ½ of serial rate. | |
| | 270 Mb/s | 0 to 22 dB attenuation Using Color Bars signal. Equivalent to approximately 319 m of Belden 1694A. |
| | 1.5 Gb/s, 3 Gb/s | 0 to 28 dB attenuation Equivalent to approximately 170 m of Belden 1694A at 1.485 Gb/s, 115 m of Belden 1694A at 2.97 Gb/s. |
| Launch Amplitude Accommodation, Typical | For Full Specification Up to 20 dB Cable Loss | 800 mV ± 10% 800 mV ± 30% |
| Jitter Tolerance, Typical | SD HD | 0.35 UI _{p-p} above 50 kHz. Increases proportional to 1/f below 50 kHz 0.35 UI _{p-p} above 1 MHz. Increases proportional to 1/f below 1 MHz |
| Return Loss, Typical | | > 15 dB to 1.5 GHz, > 10 dB to 3 GHz. |
| Isolation Between Inputs | | > 45 dB to 1 GHz |
| Time Base Range | | >± 50 ppm |

Table 23: Serial video output (SDI out)

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Format | | 3 Gb/s, 1.5 Gb/s, or 270 Mb/s |
| Content | | Selectable as loop out of selected SDI input, or internally generated test signal. |
| Output Level | | 800 mV, ± 10% into 75 Ω load |
| Rise and Fall Time, Typical | SD HD | 400 ps minimum, 800 ps maximum, 20% to 80%. 135 ps maximum, 20% to 80%. |
| Return Loss, Typical | | >15 dB to 1.5 GHz. >10 dB to 3.0 GHz. |

Table 24: External reference

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Input Type | | Passive loop-through, 75 Ω compensated. |
| Operational | | Locks to analog bi-level and tri-level signals of supported formats. (See Table 31.) (See Table 32.) (See Table 33.) Reference must have a frame rate compatible with input. WFM mode and Line Select derive timing from external sync. Picture mode and Data mode do not use timing from the external reference. |
| Analog Sync Format | | Composite analog NTSC and PAL. Analog tri-level sync for supported 1080 and 720 line formats. |
| Input Signal Level, Typical | | 1 V \pm 6 dB |
| Maximum Operating Input Voltage, Typical | | \pm 2.5 V DC |
| Absolute Maximum Input Voltage, Typical | | \pm 2.5 V DC |
| Return Loss, Typical | | > 30 dB to 30 MHz |
| Hum Tolerance, Typical | | Operates with 500 mV _{p-p} at 50 or 60 Hz. |
| Signal/Noise Tolerance, Typical | | Operates to 25 dB. |

Table 25: Ethernet

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|-----------------|---|--|
| IP Address Mode | | Supports manual and DHCP. |
| Rates | 1000 Base-T, 100 Base-Tx, and 10 Base-T | |
| SNMP | | For instrument control and feedback of status. Complies with SNMP version 2. |
| Connector Type | | RJ-45 LAN connector supporting 10/100 Base-T. |

Table 26: USB

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|----------------|-------------------------|---|
| Type | | Host |
| Speed | | Complies with USB 1.1 and USB 2.0 Full and Low-Speed specification. Full Speed operation in accordance with USB 2.0 spec is 12 Mb/s. |

Table 27: Power source

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|---|--------------------------------|---|
| Input voltage | 11 - 20 V DC | 18.5 - 20 V DC required to fully charge internal battery |
| Supply Connection | | 2.5/5.5 mm connector, Center pin V(+) |
| Power Consumption | 35 W maximum | 27 W typical |
| Surge, Typical | | 25 A maximum at 12 V Surge is short duration and does not trigger battery or supply fault protection |
| Transient, Over, and Reverse Voltage Protection | | |
| Reverse and over voltage | | Reverse and over voltage protected to ± 30 V DC. |
| Transient | | The unit may power itself down in the presence of high transient voltages. This prevents damage to the unit and is not a failure. |

Table 28: Miscellaneous

| Characteristic | Performance requirement | Reference information |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Real-time Clock Battery Life | | >10 year |

Physical specifications

Table 29: Physical characteristics

| Characteristic | | Standard |
|-------------------------------|----------|--|
| Dimensions | Height | 8.5 inches (215.9 millimeters) |
| | Width | 8.2 inches (208.3 millimeters) |
| | Depth | 1.4 inches (35.6 millimeters) |
| Weight | Net | 4 pounds (1.81 kilograms) including battery. Battery weighs 1 lb. (0.45 kg.) |
| | Shipping | 12 pounds (5.4 kilograms) approximate, exclusive of options and accessories |
| Acoustic Noise Level, typical | | <p>Front 33, Rear 35, Side 31 dB(A) for standing location at 25 °C ambient</p> <p>Front 34, Rear 36, Side 32 dB(A) for sitting location at 25 °C ambient</p> <p>Measured according to ISO7779. Unit placed on desk with stand open, measured in operator location. Fan speed and noise increase at higher temperature.</p> |

Table 30: Environmental performance

| Category | Standards or description | |
|-------------|---|---|
| Temperature | Operating | 0 °C to +40 °C |
| | Non Operating | -20 °C to +60 °C |
| Humidity | Operating | 20% to 80% relative humidity (% RH) at up to +40 °C, noncondensing. |
| | Non Operating | 5% to 90% RH (relative humidity) at up to +60 °C, noncondensing. |
| Altitude | Operating | Up to 9,842 feet (3,000 meters). |
| | Non Operating | Up to 40,000 feet (12,192 meters). |
| Cooling | The variable fans provide forced air circulation. Do not block ventilation openings. Do not operate inside soft carry case. | |

Supported input formats and allowed references

An X in the following three tables indicates that this combination is supported. Other combinations within each of these tables may work, but are unverified and only supported on a best effort basis.

Operation with an input from one of these three tables and a reference from another table is not supported (for example, a 1080i 50 input will not work with a 1080i 60 reference). Such mismatches may be reported on the display, and/or the display will “roll” due to the inherent incompatibility between the standards.

Table 31: 25 Hz and 50 Hz frame and field rates

| Input format | Reference format | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|
| | PAL | 720p 25 | 720p 50 | 1080p 25 | 1080sf 25 | 1080i 50 |
| 720p 25 Hz | X | | X | | | X |
| 720p 50 Hz | X | | X | | | X |
| 1080p 25 Hz | X | | X | | | X |
| 1080sf 25 Hz | X | | X | | | X |
| 1080i 50 Hz | X | | X | | | X |
| 1080p 50 Hz | X | | X | | | X |
| 576i 50 Hz (625) | X | | X | | | X |
| PAL 50 Hz | X | | | | | |

Table 32: 59.94 Hz, 23.98 Hz, and 29.97 Hz frame and field rates

| Input format | Reference format | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | NTSC | 720p 23.98 | 720p 29.97 | 720p 59.94 | 1080p 23.98 | 1080sf 23.98 | 1080p 29.97 | 1080sf 29.97 | 1080i 59.94 |
| 720p 23.98 Hz | X | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 720p 29.97 Hz | X | | | X | | | | | X |
| 720p 59.94 Hz | X | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 1080p 23.98 Hz | X | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 1080sf 23.98 Hz | X | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 1080p 29.97 Hz | X | | | X | | | | | X |
| 1080sf 29.97 Hz | X | | | X | | | | | X |
| 1035i 59.94 Hz | X | | | X | | | | | X |
| 1080i 59.94 Hz | X | | | X | | | | | X |
| 1080p 59.94 Hz | X | | | X | | | | | X |
| 483i 59.94 Hz (525) | X | | | X | | | | | X |
| NTSC 59.94 Hz | X | | | | | | | | |

Table 33: 24 Hz, 30 Hz, and 60 Hz frame and field rates

| Input format | Reference format | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| | 720p 24 | 720p 30 | 720p 60 | 1080p 24 | 1080sf 24 | 1080p 30 | 1080sf 30 | 1080i 60 |
| 720p 24 | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 720p 30 | | | X | | | | | X |
| 720p 60 | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 1080p 24 | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 1080sf 24 | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 1080p 30 | | | X | | | | | X |
| 1080sf 30 | | | X | | | | | X |
| 1035i 60 Hz | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 1080i 60 Hz | | | X | X | X | | | X |
| 1080p 60 Hz | | | X | | | | | X |

Option 3G is required for operation over SMPTE 424M/425M interfaces.
Standard and Interface designators are SMPTE unless otherwise noted.

Table 34: Supported digital standards

| Standard | Image format | Signal structure | Interface | Frame (P, sF) or field (I) rates supported | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|-------|----|----|-------|----|----|-------|
| | | | | 60 | 59.94 | 50 | 30 | 29.97 | 25 | 24 | 23.98 |
| 428-9 (D-Cinema) | 2048 x 1080/P,PsF | 4:4:4 XYZ / 12 bit | 424M/425M | | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| | | 4:4:4 RGB / 12 bit | 372M | | | | | X | X | X | X |
| 274M | 1920 x 1080/P | 4:2:2 YCbCr / 10 bit | 424M/425M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| | | | 372M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| | 1920 x 1080/P,PsF | 4:4:4 YCbCr / 10 bit | 424M/425M | | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| | | | 372M | | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| | | 4:4:4:4 YCbCr+A / 10-bit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4:4:4 RGB / 10 bit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4:4:4:4 RGB+A / 10 bit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4:4:4 YCbCr / 12 bit | 424M/425M | | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| | | | 372M | | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| | | 4:4:4 RGB / 12 bit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4:2:2 YCbCr / 12 bit | 424M/425M | | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| | | | 372M | | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| 4:2:2:4 YCbCr+A / 12 bit | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4:2:2 YCbCr / 10 bit | 292M | | | | | | X | X | X | X | |

Table 34: Supported digital standards (cont.)

| Standard | Image format | Signal structure | Interface | Frame (P, sF) or field (I) rates supported | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|-------|----|----|-------|----|----|-------|
| | | | | 60 | 59.94 | 50 | 30 | 29.97 | 25 | 24 | 23.98 |
| 274M | 1920 x 1080/I | 4:4:4 | 424M/425M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| | | YCbCr / 10 bit | 372M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| | | 4:4:4:4 YCbCr+A / 10-bit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4:4:4 RGB / 10 bit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4:4:4:4 RGB+A / 10 bit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4:4:4 YCbCr / 12 bit | 424M/425M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| | | 4:4:4 RGB / 12 bit | 372M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| | | 4:2:2 YCbCr / 12 bit | 424M/425M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| 260M | 1920 x 1035/I | 4:2:2 YCbCr | 372M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| | | 4:2:2:4 YCbCr+A / 12 bit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4:2:2 YCbCr | 292M | X | X | X | | | | | |
| 296M | 1280 x 720/P | 4:2:2 YCbCr | 292M | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| ITU-R BT.601 | 720 x 576/I (625) | 4:2:2 YCbCr | 259M-C | | | X | | | | | |
| ITU-R BT.601 | 720 x 483/I (525) | 4:2:2 YCbCr | 259M-C | | X | | | | | | |

Alarms

The following tables list the alarms that may be set for the waveform monitors.

Table 35: Common alarms

| Alarm | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| HW Fault | Indicates a system fault occurred. May require service. |
| SDI Input Missing | Indicates that no signal is detected on the selected SDI input. |
| SDI Input Signal Lock | Indicates unable to lock to selected SDI input signal. |
| Reference Missing | Indicates that no signal is detected on the Ref input when REF EXT is selected. |
| Ref Lock | Indicates unable to lock to the Ref input signal when REF EXT is selected. |
| Ref Fmt Mismatch | Indicates that the signal format detected on Ref input differs from the configured External Ref format. |
| RGB Gamut Error | Indicates that the selected video input signal contains colors that violate the configured Diamond gamut thresholds. |
| Composite Gamut Error | Indicates that the selected video input signal contains colors that violate the configured Arrowhead gamut thresholds. |
| Luma Gamut Error | Indicates that the selected video input signal contains luminance levels that violate the configured Luma gamut thresholds. |
| Video Fmt Change | Indicates that a change occurred in the format of the selected video input signal. |
| Video Fmt Mismatch | Indicates that the signal format detected on the selected video input differs from the configured Input Format or that the format detected differs from that indicated by the signal's SMPTE 352 payload identifier. |
| Vid/Ref Mismatch | Indicates that the Ref signal format is not compatible with the Input signal format. (See Table 31.) (See Table 32.) (See Table 33.) |
| Line Length Error | Indicates that the length of a video line differs from that expected for the detected video format. |
| Field Length Error | Indicates that the length of a video field differs from that expected for the detected video format. |
| EAV Place Error | Indicates that the location of the EAV timing reference signal differs from that expected for the detected video format. |
| SAV Place Error | Indicates that the location of the SAV timing reference signal differs from that expected for the detected video format. |
| Timecode Vitc Missing | Indicates that a break or discontinuity in the VITC has occurred. |
| Timecode Vitc Invalid | Indicates that the VITC was lost for one frame but has reappeared. |
| Timecode Ltc Missing | Indicates that a break or discontinuity in the LTC has occurred. |
| Timecode Ltc Invalid | Indicates that the LTC was lost for one frame but has reappeared. |
| Timecode Anc Missing | Indicates that a break or discontinuity in the ANC timecode has occurred. |
| Timecode Anc Invalid | Indicates that the ANC timecode was lost for one frame but has reappeared. |
| Closed Caption Missing | Indicates that the configured Closed Caption Transport stream or streams are not present in the selected video input signal. |
| CC Service(s) Missing | Indicates that one or more configured EIA 608 Required Services is not present in the closed caption data stream. |

Table 35: Common alarms (cont.)

| Alarm | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| EIA608 Caption Error | Indicates a data error in an EIA608 data stream, excluding Extended Data Services and EIA708 Caption Data Packet errors. |
| V-Chip Presence Error | Indicates that no content advisory packet has been detected in the selected video input signal for at least 4 seconds. |
| V-Chip Format Error | Indicates that a content advisory packet contained illegal data or was formatted incorrectly. |
| Extended Data Services Error | Indicates a data error in Extended Data Services of an EIA608 data stream. |
| Caption Data Packet Error | Indicates a Caption Data Payload error in the EIA708 stream carrying EIA608 data. |
| CEA608 (VBI) Missing | Indicates no VBI caption signal was found on the configured Line and Timing of the selected video input signal. |
| ANC CC Presence Error | Indicates no caption ancillary data (SMPTE334M) was found in the selected video input signal. |
| TSID Missing | Indicates no Transmission Signal Identifier was found in the selected video input signal. |
| TSID Format Error | Indicates detected Transmission Signal Identifier is not an allowed value. |

Table 36: HD specific alarms

| Alarm | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Video Not HD | Indicates that the selected SDI video input signal is not an HD format. |
| Line Number Error | Indicates that the encoded line number differs from the counted line number. |
| Y Chan CRC Error | Indicates that the encoded CRC for a line's Y (luminance) samples differs from the calculated CRC. |
| C Chan CRC Error | Indicates that the encoded CRC for a line's C (chrominance) samples differs from the calculated CRC. |
| Y Anc Checksum Error | Indicates that the encoded checksum in a Y (luminance) ancillary data packet differs from the calculated checksum. |
| C Anc Checksum Error | Indicates that the encoded checksum in a C (chrominance) ancillary data packet differs from the calculated checksum. |

Table 37: SD specific alarms

| Alarm | Description |
|--------------|---|
| AP CRC Error | Indicates that encoded AP (active picture) CRC differs from the calculated CRC. |
| FF CRC Error | Indicates that encoded FF (full field) CRC differs from the calculated CRC. |
| EDH Error | Indicates that EDH (error detection and handling) has detected an error. |

Table 38: Audio alarms

| Alarm | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Audio Over | Indicates that the signal has exceeded the level specified by the Over Level setting for the period of time specified by the Duration for Over setting. |
| Audio Silence | Indicates that the signal has fallen below the level specified by the Silence Level setting for the period of time specified by the Duration for Silence setting. |
| Audio Clip | Indicates that the number of consecutive, full-scale digital audio samples monitored has exceeded the value specified by the Number of Samples for Clip setting. |
| Audio Mute | Indicates that the number of consecutive "0" digital audio samples monitored has exceeded the Number of Samples for Mute setting. |
| Audio CRC Error | Indicates that the AES channel status CRC as calculated by the instrument does not agree with the CRC embedded in the channel status bytes. |
| Audio Valid Bit | Indicates that the Validity bit is set high for one or more AES audio samples. In the AES/EBU standard, a set validity bit indicates that the sample is not suitable for conversion to audio. |
| Audio Parity | Indicates incorrect parity in one or more AES audio samples. |
| Embed Aud Missing | Indicates that no embedded audio stream is detected in the selected SDI input. |
| Embed Aud Checksum | Indicates that the checksum present in the embedded audio stream does not match the calculated checksum. |
| Embed Aud Parity | Indicates incorrect parity in one or more embedded audio samples. |

Performance verification

This section contains a collection of manual procedures for verifying that the following waveform monitor products perform as warranted:

- WFM2200 models and related options

This chapter is divided into two sections: *Incoming Inspection Procedures* and *Performance Verification Procedures*. The test procedures in this chapter provide for an extensive confirmation of performance and functionality.

NOTE. *Before performing any of the procedures and tests in this manual, the waveform monitor must have been operating for a warm-up period of at least 20 minutes. (See Table 30 on page 17.)*

Test records

Use the following tables to record the measured performance or Pass/Fail status for each step of the specified test procedure. In cases where a measurement is made in different units than specified in the manual, the actual measured values that correspond to the specification limits are shown in parentheses.

Test record - function tests

Table 39: WFM2200 waveform monitor functional test record

| | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Instrument Serial Number: | Certificate Number: | | |
| Temperature: | RH %: | | |
| Date of Calibration: | Technician: | | |
| Functional test (incoming inspection) | Incoming | Outgoing | Comments |
| Basic Turn On and Self Test | | | |
| POST | | | |
| Front Panel Test | | | |
| LCD Pixel and Defects | | | |
| Diagnostics Tests | | | |
| Power Up Diagnostics | | | |
| Advanced Diagnostics | | | |
| Fan Test | | | |
| SDI Input Operation | | | |
| SDI A, 270 Mb/s | | | |
| SDI B, 270 Mb/s | | | |
| SDI A, 1.5 Gb/s | | | |
| SDI B, 1.5 Gb/s | | | |
| SDI A, 3 Gb/s (Option 3G) | | | |
| SDI B, 3 Gb/s (Option 3G) | | | |
| Waveform Stuck Bit Test | | | |
| External Reference | | | |
| NTSC Lock | | | |
| External Reference Waveform | | | |
| Ref Missing | | | |
| Digital Audio Input | | | |
| Embedded to Bar Display | | | |
| Embedded to Lissajous Display | | | |
| AES input | | | |
| LTC Waveform and Decode | | | |

Table 39: WFM2200 waveform monitor functional test record (cont.)

| Functional test (incoming inspection) | Incoming | Outgoing | Comments |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| LTC Waveform | | | |
| LTC Decode | | | |
| Ground Closure Remote | | | |
| Activate Preset | | | |
| Ground Closure Alarm | | | |
| Ethernet Functionality | | | |
| Dual Link Format Operation | | | |

Video performance test record

The following test record applies to all instruments.

Table 40: WFM2200 waveform monitor video performance test record

| Instrument Serial Number: | | Certificate Number: | | |
|---|---------|---------------------|----------|---------|
| Temperature: | | RH %: | | |
| Date of Calibration: | | Technician: | | |
| Performance test | Minimum | Incoming | Outgoing | Maximum |
| SDI Input Equalization Range | | | | |
| 270 Mb/s Input Equalization Range | | | | |
| Input A | 22 dB | | | |
| Input B | 22 dB | | | |
| 1.5 Gb/s Input Equalization Range | | | | |
| Input A | 28 dB | | | |
| Input B | 28 dB | | | |
| 3 Gb/s Input Equalization Range | | | | |
| Input A | 28 dB | | | |
| Input B | 28 dB | | | |
| SDI Serial Output Amplitude (test limits assume $\pm 3.5\%$ gain uncertainty in test oscilloscope) | | | | |
| SDI Out 270 Mb/s | 745 mV | | | 849 mV |
| SDI Out 1.5 Gb/s | 745 mV | | | 849 mV |
| SDI Out 3 Gb/s (option 3G) | 745 mV | | | 849 mV |

Audio test record

Table 41: Audio test record

| | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Instrument Serial Number: | | Certificate Number: | | |
| Temperature: | | RH %: | | |
| Date of Calibration: | | Technician: | | |
| Performance test | Minimum | Incoming | Outgoing | Maximum |
| Headphone Level Accuracy Over Frequency | | | | |
| Left (100 Hz) | -3.0 dBu | | | -1.0 dBu |
| Right (100 Hz) | -3.0 dBu | | | -1.0 dBu |
| Left (1 kHz) | -3.0 dBu | | | -1.0 dBu |
| Right (1 kHz) | -3.0 dBu | | | -1.0 dBu |
| Left (20 kHz) | -3.0 dBu | | | -1.0 dBu |
| Right (20 kHz) | -3.0 dBu | | | -1.0 dBu |
| AES Output Amplitude | | | | |
| ΔV | 0.90 V | | | 1.10 V |

Incoming inspection

This section contains functional/operational checks appropriate to an incoming inspection.

The waveform monitor must have been operating for a warm-up period of at least 20 minutes. (See Table 30 on page 17.)

Use the following procedures to check the basic functionality of WFM2200 waveform monitor. The checks are arranged by model and option so that you can choose the sections that are appropriate for your instrument. The last two sections are for less critical waveform monitor features: the ground closure and Ethernet ports. You need only test these if you intend to use them. In general, you should test in the order presented, since later tests might depend on items checked in the earlier tests.

Required equipment

The following equipment is required to perform the incoming inspection procedure.

Table 42: Required equipment – functional tests

| Test equipment | Requirements | Example |
|--|---|--|
| Video test signal generator | 1080p 59.94 3 Gb/s HD signals (required for option 3G) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 100% color bars ■ 4 CH embedded audio (Group 1) | Tektronix TG700 with HD3G7 module |
| | 1080i 59.94 1.5 Gb/s HD signals <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 100% color bars ■ 10-bit shallow ramp matrix ■ 100% sweep 1-15 MHz ■ 4 CH embedded audio (Group 1) | Tektronix TG700 with HDVG7 modules |
| | 525i 59.94 270 Mb/s SD signals <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 100% color bars ■ SMPTE color bars ■ 8 CH embedded audio (Groups 1&2) | Tektronix TG700 with DVG7 module |
| | NTSC Composite Analog signals <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 0% Flat Field or Black Burst | Tektronix TG700 with AVG7 module |
| | 1080i 59.94 SMPTE 372M Dual Link signals <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 100% color bars, format YCbCr+A 4:4:4 10-bit ■ 100% color bars, format GBR 4:4:4 10-bit | Tektronix TG700 with HDLG7 module |
| 75 Ω coaxial cables (2 required) | RG-6 type coaxial cable with male BNC connectors, 1 to 2 meters long, suitable for use to 1500 MHz. | Belden 8281 or 1694A. Tektronix part numbers 012-0159-00 or 012-0159-01. |
| Precision 75 Ω terminator for Analog Video | 75 Ω ±0.025% to 6 MHz, male BNC connector. | Tektronix part number 011-0102-03. |
| Waveform Monitor | SMPTE 259-C (270 Mb/s) and SMPTE 292M (1.5 Gb/s) inputs with EDH/CRC checking. | Tektronix WFM8300 |

Table 42: Required equipment – functional tests (cont.)

| Test equipment | Requirements | Example |
|--|--|--|
| 3 Gb/s Waveform Monitor (Option 3G) | SMPTE 424M /425M (3 Gb/s) input with CRC checking. | Tektronix WFM7120 or WFM8300 <i>NOTE. Only one waveform monitor is needed for the tests, so a 270M/1.5G/3G monitor will meet both of the above requirements.</i> |
| LTC (Timecode) generator | Complies with SMPTE 12M LTC specifications, capable of being locked to an NTSC composite analog video source. | Horita TG-50 |
| HD-15 male connector with custom cable | Plugs into the REMOTE port, used to make the LTC and ground closure interface tests. | See “LTC Waveform” and “Ground Closure Remote” functional tests for cable construction details. |
| Voltmeter | 0 V to 5 V range, 2% or better accuracy. | Fluke model 87 |
| Computer and Ethernet Cable | Computer with Web browser and Ethernet port; appropriate length Ethernet cable (8 conductor RJ-45 terminations, either straight through or crossover). | Used for Ethernet test. |

Incoming inspection tests

Basic turn on and self test

1. Connect the AC line cord to the power supply and to a 100 to 240 V AC source. Connect the power supply output to the instrument DC input. Press the **Power** button to turn the instrument on.
2. After about 30 seconds, the power-on diagnostic page should appear on the screen.
3. Verify that all self tests pass. Any failures are shown in red. The results of the power-on diagnostics are erased from the screen, but you can view the results by selecting **CONFIG > Utilities > View Diagnostics Log > SEL**.
4. After the diagnostics are finished, the instrument state is restored. When the progress indicator in the status bar is finished, the instrument has finished initializing.
5. Record Pass or Fail for the POST (Power On Self Test) in the test record.
6. If it is still open, exit the Diagnostics Log.

Restore the factory presets

1. Follow these steps to reset the waveform monitor to the Factory Presets:
 - a. Press and hold the **PRESET** button.
 - b. Select **Recall Preset > Recall Factory Preset**.
 - c. Press the **SEL** button. Wait for the process to complete as indicated by the progress indicator.

Set display select button for tile navigation

1. Follow these steps to set the **DISPLAY SELECT** button for tile navigation:
 - a. Press the **Main** button.
 - b. Select **Display Select**.
 - c. Press the **SEL** button to highlight and select **Tile Sel**.
 - d. Press the **Main** button to dismiss the pop-up menu.
2. To toggle between 4-tile and full-screen views of the active tile, press and hold the **DISPLAY SELECT** button.

Front panel test

1. Set the waveform monitor to the Factory Presets. (See page 32, *Restore the factory presets*.)
2. Press **HELP** to display the online help.
3. Press each of the front panel buttons, except for the **HELP** and **POWER** buttons.

Each button should flash as you press it. Most buttons will show help text related to that button in the right pane of the help screen. Some buttons, such as the presets, all show the same information, so you may need to alternate between preset buttons and another button to see the text change. The navigation keys (the four arrow keys and the **SEL** key) do not show help text. They are used to navigate the help panes and content.

4. Press the right arrow key until the Help Contents pane in the upper-left corner is highlighted.
5. Turn the knob and verify the selector box moves up and down the list of topics.
6. Press **HELP** to exit help.
7. Record Pass or Fail for Front Panel Test in the test record.

LCD pixel defects

1. Set the waveform monitor to display a white screen:
 - a. Press the **CONFIG** button.
 - b. Select **Utilities > Screen Solid Color > Select Color > White**.
 - c. Press the **SEL** button.
2. Count any pixels stuck low (not white).
3. While the screen is all white, inspect for visible defects that exceed the limits. (See Table 43.)

NOTE. *Inspection should be done from 18" away from the display, under normal room lighting. Loose dust on the front of the screen does not constitute a defect.*

4. Press the **SEL** button to cancel the white screen.
5. Set the waveform monitor for an all black screen:
 - a. Select **Utilities > Screen Solid Color > Select Color > Black**.
 - b. Press the **SEL** button.
6. Count any pixels stuck high (not black).
7. Press the **SEL** button to cancel the black screen.
8. Check that the total number of pixels counted in steps 2 and 6 is less than six.

Table 43: LCD visual defects

| Defect type ¹ | Allowable defect | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Circular Defect ² | >0.020" | None |
| | 0.015" to 0.020" | Maximum of two allowed within a 21 circle |
| Black Defect (opaque) | >0.005" | None |
| Linear Defect (Scratches) | >0.004" width | None |
| | 0.003" to 0.004" wide | Max length 0.500" |
| | 0.0021" to 0.0030" wide | Max length 1.000" |
| | 0.0010" to 0.0020" wide | Max length 1.500" |
| Stains, discolorations, streaks, scuffs | Allowed if they fade when backlit | |

¹ Defects should be visible from 18" under normal lighting. If you have to hold it closer or use special lighting to see the defect, it is not a rejectable defect.

² For irregular defects, use (LengthxWidth)/2.

9. Record pass or fail for Pixel Defect in the test record.
10. Press the **CONFIG** button to close the configuration menu.

Diagnostics test

1. Run the Diagnostics:
 - a. Press the **CONFIG** button.
 - b. Select **Utilities > Run Diagnostics**.
 - c. Press the **SEL** button. The diagnostics screen will appear.
 - d. Use the left/right arrow keys to select “Run Power Up Diagnostics”, then press **SEL**.
2. Verify that all the tests have a green Pass status. Record pass or fail for “Power Up Diagnostics” in the test record.
3. Use the left/right arrow keys to select “Run Advanced Diagnostics”, then press **SEL**.
4. Verify that all the tests have a green Pass status. Record pass or fail for “Advanced Diagnostics” in the test record.
5. Exit the Diagnostics screen.

Fan test

You should be able to hear the fans and feel air coming out the back of the instrument. At low temperatures the fans will turn slowly and be very quiet. Record Pass or Fail for Fan Test in the test record.

SDI input operation test

1. Set the video test generator to output the following SDI signals:
 - a. 270 Mb/s: 525i 59.94, 100% Color Bars, Group 1 embedded audio ON
 - b. 1.5 Gb/s: 1080i 59.94, 100% Color Bars, Group 1 embedded audio ON
 - c. (Option 3G only) 3 Gb/s: 3G Level A, 1080p 59.94 YCbCr 10 bit, 100% Color Bars, Group 1 embedded audio ON
2. Perform the following steps to set the TG700 DVG7 module (270 Mb/s):
 - a. Restore the Factory Preset.
 - b. Press the **MODULE** button until DVG7 appears.
 - c. Press the **FORMAT** button until 525-270 appears and then press **ENTER**.
 - d. Press the **CANCEL** button.
 - e. Press the up/down arrows until Audio (Embedded) appears. If Group 1 is not indicated then press the right/left arrows until Group 1 appears. Press **ENTER**.

- f. Use the right/left arrows until Status: Enable appears, then press **ENTER**.
 - g. Repeatedly press the **COLOR BAR** button until 100% Color Bars appears.
 3. Perform the following steps to set the TG700 HDVG7 module (1.5 Gb/s):
 - a. Press the **MODULE** button until HDVG7 appears.
 - b. Press the **FORMAT** button until 1080 59.94i appears and then press **ENTER**.
 - c. Press the **CANCEL** button.
 - d. Press the up/down arrows until Audio (Embedded) appears. If Group 1 is not indicated then press the right/left arrows until Group 1 appears. Press **ENTER**.
 - e. Use the right/left arrows until Status: Enable appears, then press **ENTER**.
 - f. Repeatedly press the **COLOR BAR** button until 100% Color Bars appears.
 4. (Option 3G only) Perform the following steps to set the TG700 HD3G7 module (3 Gb/s):
 - a. Press the **MODULE** button until HDVG7 appears.
 - b. Press the **FORMAT** button until 1080 59.94p appears and then press **ENTER**.
 - c. Press the **CANCEL** button.
 - d. Press the up/down arrows until Audio (Embedded) appears. If Group 1 is not indicated then press the right/left arrows until Group 1 appears. Press **ENTER**.
 - e. Use the right/left arrows until Status: Enable appears, then press **ENTER**.
 - f. Repeatedly press the **COLOR BAR** button until 100% Color Bars appears.
 5. Connect the 525/270 color bar signal from the DVG7 to the SDI A input. Connect the SDI Out to the input of a second waveform monitor that has 270 Mb/s EDH/CRC check capability.
 6. Set the waveform monitor to the Factory Preset. (See page 32, *Restore the factory presets.*)
 7. Press **DISPLAY SELECT** to select the upper right tile.
 8. Press and hold the **STATUS** button. Select **Display Type > Video Session**. Press **STATUS** to close the pop-up menu.

9. A 4-tile display consisting of waveform, video session status, picture, and audio level bars should appear. Check that:
 - a. The waveform display shows a stable YPbPr parade, with all three components present and each being $700 \text{ mV}_{\text{p-p}}$.
 - b. The Video Session screen indicates “OK” for CRC errors.
 - c. A full field color bar waveform appears in the Picture display.
 - d. Audio bars appear for Channels 1-4 (nominally at -20 dBFS).
 - e. The lower left corner readout indicates “525i 59.94”.
10. On the second waveform monitor, check that a color bar signal is being received and that no EDH/CRC errors are present.
11. Record Pass or Fail for SDI A, 270 Mb/s in the test record.
12. Move the generator test signal from the SDI 1A input to the SDI B input. Select input **1B**.
13. Repeat steps 9 and 11 above. Record pass or fail for SDI B, 270 Mb/s in the test record.
14. Connect the 1.5 Gb/s 1080i/59.94 color bar signal from the HDVG7 to the SDI B input. Connect the SDI Out to the input of a second waveform monitor that has 1.5 Gb/s CRC check capability. Input **B** should be selected.
15. A 4-tile display consisting of waveform, video session status, picture, and audio level bars should appear. Check that:
 - a. The waveform display shows a stable YPbPr parade, with all three components present and each being $700 \text{ mV}_{\text{p-p}}$.
 - b. The Video Session screen indicates “OK” for CRC errors.
 - c. A full field color bar waveform appears in the Picture display.
 - d. Audio bars appear for Channels 1-4 (nominally at -20 dBFS).
 - e. The lower left corner readout indicates “1080i 59.94”.
16. On the second waveform monitor, check that a color bar signal is being received and that no CRC errors are present.
17. Record Pass or Fail for SDI B, 1.5 Gb/s in the test record.
18. Repeat steps 16 through 17 above for the SDI A input. Record Pass or Fail for SDI A, 1.5 Gb/s in the test record. Skip to the next section unless Option 3G is installed.
19. (Option 3G only) Connect the 3 Gb/s 1080p/59.94 color bar signal from the HD3G7 to the SDI A input. Connect the SDI Out to the input of a second waveform monitor that has 3 Gb/s CRC check capability. Input 1A should be selected.

20. A 4-tile display consisting of waveform, video session status, picture, and audio level bars should appear. Check that:
 - a. The waveform display shows a stable YPbPr parade, with all three components present and each being $700 \text{ mV}_{\text{p-p}}$.
 - b. The Video Session screen indicates “OK” for CRC errors.
 - c. A full field color bar waveform appears in the Picture display.
 - d. Audio bars appear for Channels 1-4 (nominally at -20 dBFS).
 - e. The lower left corner readout indicates “1080p 59.94”.
21. On the second waveform monitor, check that a color bar signal is being received and that no CRC errors are present.
22. Record Pass or Fail for SDI A, 3 Gb/s in the test record.
23. Repeat steps 20 and 21 above for the SDI B input. Record Pass or Fail for SDI B, 3 Gb/s in the test record.

Waveform signal path stuck bit test.

1. Connect a 1.5 Gb/s 1080i 59.94 10-bit shallow ramp matrix signal from the HDVG7 module to the SDI A input of the instrument under test. (The shallow ramp matrix signal can be found under the LINEARITY button).
2. Set the waveform monitor to Factory Presets. (See page 32, *Restore the factory presets.*) A YPbPr parade should be displayed in Tile 1.
3. Turn off the Pb waveform:
 - a. Press and hold the **WFM** button to display the waveform menu.
 - b. Select **Pb**.
 - c. Use the **SEL** button to select **Off**.
 - d. Press the **WFM** button to close the menu.
4. Press and hold the **DISPLAY SELECT** button to expand the waveform tile to full screen.
5. Inspect the Y and Pr waveforms. Each should contain a series of equally spaced shallow ramps. Each ramp should increase monotonically. Stuck bits will show as coarse steps or discontinuities in the ramps. The standard HDVG7 signal set will show 11 ramps of 70 mV each.
 - a. Press and hold the **GAIN** button to display the Gain menu.
 - b. Select **Gain Settings**.
 - c. Use the arrow keys to select **x10**.
 - d. Press the **GAIN** button once to close the Gain menu. The **GAIN** button should remain lighted.

6. Inspect one shallow ramp in each of the Y and Pr waveforms. Small steps will be visible in the ramp. The steps should always step upward in equal increments over the entire ramp. Check for 11 to 13 even vertical steps over a major division (10 mV).
7. Press the **GAIN** button to return the instrument to x1 gain.
8. Change the input signal to a 100% sweep 1-15 MHz.
9. Verify that the sine waves are uniform and do not have steps. Also check that the amplitude is 700 mV.
10. Move the input signal to the SDI B input and press the Input **B** button. Select the shallow ramp matrix on the test signal generator.
11. Repeat steps 5 through 9 for the SDI B input.
12. Record Pass or Fail for the Waveform Stuck Bit Test in the test record.

External reference

1. Restore the Factory Preset. (See page 32, *Restore the factory presets.*)
2. Connect a 525/270 color bars signal from a DVG7 module to the SDI A input of the instrument under test.
3. Apply an NTSC 0% Flat Field signal from an AVG7 module to the **REF IN** input of the instrument under test. The AVG7 and DVG7 must be installed in the same TG700 mainframe or, if not, the signals must be genlocked.
4. Press **EXT REF** on the instrument front panel.
5. The status bar in the lower left corner of the display should display Ref: NTSC.
6. Verify that the waveform displayed in tile 1 is stable.
7. Record Pass or Fail for NTSC Lock in the test record.
8. Change the signal applied to the EXT REF input to NTSC 100% Flat Field.
9. Press and hold the **WFM** button, select **Display Type**, then select **Ref Waveform**.
10. Press the **WFM** button briefly to dismiss the menu.
11. Check that there is a stable display of the 100% flat field signal.
12. Check the vertical scale. If the displayed values range from -40 to 100, then go to the next step. Otherwise, restore the IRE scale as follows:
 - a. Press CONFIG, then select External Reference, Lock to Format, PAL.
 - b. Press SEL.
 - c. Return selection to Auto.

- d. Press **SEL**.
- e. Press **CONFIG** to dismiss the menu.
13. Press **POS** to enable position control using the knob (H an V will appear). Press the left or right arrow button to select vertical position (V). Use the knob to center the sync tip over the -40 IRE graticule line. (Sync tip is the most negative section of the waveform.)
14. Check that the top of the waveform lies between 90 IRE and 110 IRE using the left vertical scale.
15. Record Pass or Fail for External Reference Waveform in the test record.
16. Press and hold the **WFM** button, select **Display Type**, then **Waveform** to display the SDI color bars waveform. Press **WFM** briefly to dismiss the menu.
17. Remove the NTSC signal from the EXT REF input.
18. The waveform displayed in tile 1 should “unlock” and scroll.
19. The status bar in the lower left corner of the display should display Ref: Ext Missing.
20. Record Pass or Fail for Ref Missing in the test record.

Digital audio input

1. Set the video test signal generator to output a 270 Mb/s 525 line color bar signal with Group 1 and 2 embedded audio set as follows:
 - Group 1, Channel 1 (Ch 1): 50 Hz, -35 dBFS
 - Group 1, Channel 2:(Ch 2): 100 Hz, -30 dBFS
 - Group 1, Channel 3 (Ch 3): 150 Hz, -25 dBFS
 - Group 1, Channel 4 (Ch 4): 200 Hz, -20 dBFS
 - Group 2, Channel 1 (Ch 5): 250 Hz, -15 dBFS
 - Group 2, Channel 2 (Ch 6): 300 Hz, -10 dBFS
 - Group 2, Channel 3 (Ch 7): 400 Hz, -5 dBFS
 - Group 2, Channel 4 (Ch 8): 500 Hz, 0 dBFS

If using a TG700 DVG7 module, use the following procedure to configure the embedded audio:

- a. Press **MODULE** repeatedly until DVG7 is displayed.
- b. If 525-270 does not show, press **FORMAT** repeatedly until 525-270 is displayed and then press **ENTER**.
- c. Press **CANCEL** to return to the top menu.
- d. Press the up/down arrow keys until **AUDIO (EMBEDDED)** is displayed. Use the left/right arrow keys to select “Group 1”, then press **ENTER**.

- e. Press the up/down arrow keys until “Status” is displayed, then use the left/right arrow keys to select “Enable”, then press **ENTER**.

NOTE. *It is important to press the Enter key even if Status: Enable is displayed, to ensure that the Embedded Audio is actually turned on.*

- f. Press the up/down arrow keys until “Channel” is displayed. Then press the left/right arrow keys until “Channel 1” appears. Press **ENTER**.
 - g. Press the up/down arrow keys until “Frequency” is displayed. Press the left/right arrow keys to select “50 Hz”, then press **ENTER**.
 - h. Press the up/down arrow keys until “Amplitude” is displayed. Use the left / right arrow keys to select “-35 dBFS”, then press **ENTER**.
 - i. Press the **CANCEL** key once to return to AUDIO:GRP-1:Channel. Use the left/right keys to select Channel:2, then press **ENTER**.
 - j. Following the procedure in steps g through i above, set channels 2, 3, and 4 to the values shown at the start of step 1.
 - k. After setting channels 1–4, press **CANCEL** twice to return to AUDIO (EMBEDDED). Press the left/right arrow keys to select “Group 2”, then press **ENTER**.
 - l. Enable the Group 2 audio, following step e above.
 - m. Set Channels 1 through 4 in Group 2 to the values shown at the start of step 1, following the procedure in steps g through i above.
 - n. Press **CANCEL** twice to return to the AUDIO (EMBEDDED) menu.
 - o. Press **COLOR BAR** to return to the top level menu and select a color bar signal.
2. Connect the output of the DVG7 to the SDI A input of the instrument under test.
 3. Set the **DISPLAY SELECT** button for tile navigation. (See page 32, *Set display select button for tile navigation.*)
 4. Press the **Display Select** button to select the lower-right tile.
 5. Press and hold the **AUDIO** button to display the Audio pop-up menu.
 6. Select **Audio Input > Embedded**.
 7. Press the **AUDIO** button to clear the menu.
 8. Verify that the level meter bars have a stair step pattern from -35 dB on channel 1 to 0 dB on channel 8.
 9. Record Pass or Fail for Embedded to Bar Display in the test record.

10. Press and hold the **AUDIO** button to display the AUDIO pop-up menu.
11. Select **Aux Display > Phase Display**.

NOTE. *If you do not see the Phase Display, press the DISPLAY SELECT button to view the Audio Display full-screen. To view the Phase Display in 4-Tile mode, check that the other tiles have non-waveform display in them.*

12. Press the left arrow key once.
13. Select **Phase/Headphone Pair > 1 & 2**.
14. Go through the other phase pairs (3 & 4, 5 & 6, 7 & 8) and verify that the phase display changes as each pair is selected.
15. Record Pass or Fail for Embedded to Lissajous Display in the test record.

AES input check

This test checks functionality of the AES Input.

1. Set the waveform monitor to Factory Preset.
2. Press the **CONFIG** button, then select **Outputs > AES Output > Test Signal** to activate the AES output.
3. Press **CONFIG** to dismiss the menu.
4. Press the **DISPLAY SELECT** button to select the lower right tile.
5. Press and hold the **AUDIO** button, then select **Audio Input > AES A**.
6. Press **AUDIO** briefly to dismiss the menu.
7. Connect the waveform monitor **AES OUT** to its **AES IN** connector.
8. Check that both audio bars indicate -20 dBFS and that there are no in-bar error messages.
9. Record pass/fail in the test record for AES Input check.

LTC waveform and decode test

1. Restore to Factory Presets. (See page 32, *Restore the factory presets.*)
2. Connect the Timecode generator output to the LTC IN connector on the waveform monitor. Use an RCA to BNC adapter as needed.
3. Connect the TG700 AVG7 CH1 output to the video input of the Timecode generator. Select any NTSC signal.

4. Connect a 525/270 color bar signal from the DVG7 module to the SDI A input of the instrument under test.

NOTE. *The DVG7 and AVG7 must be installed in the same TG700 mainframe so that their outputs are synchronous.*

5. Press **CONFIG**.
6. Select **Aux Data Settings > Timecode Source > LTC**.
7. Press and hold the **WFM** button, select **Display Type**, then **LTC Waveform**.
8. The LTC waveform should be displayed in the active tile. The amplitude will depend on the source. The sync packet should remain at a constant horizontal location on the sweep.
9. Record Pass or Fail for the LTC waveform in the test record.
10. In the lower-right corner of the screen, the time from the LTC input should be shown. It may be necessary to reset the LTC generator by using the reset switch.
11. Record Pass or Fail for LTC Decode in the test record.
12. Disconnect the LTC generator.

Ethernet test

1. Connect the instrument's Ethernet port to a computer that has a Web browser installed. You can use a Local Area Network (LAN) to interconnect the instrument and computer, or directly connect the instrument and computer Ethernet ports. LAN interconnection is recommended as this simplifies setting the IP address.
2. To interconnect with a LAN:
 - a. Connect both the instrument and the computer to LAN ports using Ethernet cables.
 - b. Press the **CONFIG** button to display the Configuration menu.
 - c. Select **Network Settings > IP Config Mode**.
 - d. Select **DHCP**. In this mode the network will assign an IP address to the instrument. The address fields should momentarily read "Waiting on DHCP" before the assigned addresses appear.

3. To use a direct connection between the instrument and computer:
 - a. Connect the instrument and computer with an Ethernet cable. Either a direct or crossover cable may be used.
 - b. Select compatible IP addresses for the instrument and computer. Either or both addresses may be changed. A suggested approach is to set the addresses the same for the first three fields, then setting the last field one digit different. For example:

Instrument: 192.168.001.001

Computer: 192.168.001.002

NOTE. *On most Windows computers, using the command “ipconfig” in the Command Prompt window will show the computer IP address value. It may be manually set via Control Panel > Network Connections.*

- c. To change the IP address on the instrument, press **CONFIG** and select **Network Settings > IP Config Mode > Manual**. Now select **Network Settings > IP Address**. Use the left/right arrow keys to move the highlight to each box in the address. Use the up/down arrow keys to change the number in each box as required. Accept the changes by moving the highlight to the Accept box and press **SEL**.
4. Enable the instrument Web access from the Configuration menu by selecting **Network Settings > Web Enable > On**.
5. Open a Web browser on the computer.
6. From the computer, enter the IP address of the waveform monitor into the Web browser address line (for example, http://192.168.1.1). This is the address that appears in the field **CONFIG > Network Settings > IP Address**. Note that leading zeros are deleted in the address line.
7. You should see a Web page titled **Tektronix WFM Remote Interface**. This means the Ethernet function is working.
8. Record Pass or Fail for Ethernet Functionality in the test record.

Dual link format verification test

1. Set up a dual link signal generator (TG700 with HDLG7 module). Connect the Link A output on the module to the SDI A input of the instrument, and the Link B output to the SDI B input of the instrument.
2. Perform the following steps to set the HDLG7 module format to 1080 59.94i:
 - a. Press the **MODULE** button until HDLG7 appears.
 - b. On the signal generator, press the **FORMAT** button until 1080 59.94i appears and then press the **ENTER** button.
 - c. Press the **CANCEL** button.

- d. Press the up/down arrows until Sample Structure/Depth appears.
- e. Press the left/right arrows until “YCbCr+A 4:4:4 10 bits” appears.
- f. Press the **ENTER** button.
- g. Press the **COLOR BAR** button until 100% color bars appears.
3. Restore the Factory Preset. (See page 32, *Restore the factory presets.*)
4. Press the **Display Select** button to select the lower-right tile.
5. Press and hold the **STATUS** button.
6. Select **Display Type > Video Session**.
7. Press the **Display Select** button to select the upper-right tile.
8. Press and hold the **VECTOR** button to display the Vector menu.
9. Select **Display Type > Lightning**.
10. Press the **VECTOR** button to close the menu.
11. Verify that the following are true in the specified tile or area:
 - Tile 1: YPbPrA parade waveform is displayed
 - Tile 2: Endpoints of Lightning display land within targets
 - Tile 3: Color bars picture displayed
 - Tile 4: Format indicates Auto 1080i 59.94 YCbCrA 4444 10 bit
12. On the signal generator, check that HDLG7 is displayed. Press the **CANCEL** button and then press the arrow button to select Sample Structure/Depth. Next, press the left arrow button to change the HDLG7 color space from YPbPr to GBR 4:4:4 10 bit.
13. Press the **ENTER** button.
14. Verify that the following are true in the specified tile or area:
 - Tile 1: YPbPr parade waveform displayed and automatically converted from RGB input signal
 - Tile 2: Endpoints of Lightning display land within targets
 - Tile 3: Color bars picture displayed
 - Tile 4: Format indicates RGB 444 10 bit
15. Record Pass or Fail in the test record.

Video and general performance verification procedures

This performance verification includes procedures that verify standard and option-equipped instruments.

Required equipment

Table 44: Required test equipment (video and general performance)

| Test equipment | Requirements | Example |
|---|---|---|
| Video test signal generator | 1080p 59.94 3 Gb/s HD signals (required for option 3G) | Tektronix TG700 with HD3G7 module |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 100% color bars ■ SDI Matrix Split Field Pathological Signal | |
| | 1080i 59.94 1.5 Gb/s HD signals | Tektronix TG700 with HDVG7 module |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 100% color bars ■ SDI Matrix Split Field Pathological Signal | |
| | 625i 50 270 Mb/s SD signals | Tektronix TG700 with DVG7 module |
| | 525i 59.94 270 Mb/s SD signals | |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 100% color bars ■ SDI Matrix Split Field Pathological Signal | |
| SD "Cable Clone" cable simulator | Simulate 0 to 300 meters of Belden 8281 equivalent in 25 meter steps. | Faraday SC75A800B-G |
| HD "Cable Clone" cable simulator | Simulate 0 to 150 meters of Belden 8281 equivalent in 10 meter steps, 300 kHz to 1.5 GHz range. | Faraday FFC010A075, FFC020A075, FFC040A075, and FFC080A075 (available as a boxed set of 4). |
| 3G "Cable Clone" cable simulator | Simulate 0 to 150 meters of Belden 1694A equivalent in 10 meter steps, 0.3 MHz to 3 GHz range (required for option 3G). | Faraday FFE010D075, FFE020D075, FFE040D075, and FFE080D075 (available as a boxed set of 4). |
| 75 Ω coaxial cables (3 required) | RG-6 type coaxial cable with male BNC connectors, 1 to 2 meters long, suitable for use to 1500 MHz. | Belden 8281 or 1694A. Tektronix part numbers 012-0159-00 or 012-0159-01. |

Table 44: Required test equipment (video and general performance) (cont.)

| Test equipment | Requirements | Example |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Digital Multimeter | At least 3 ½ digits, 0.1% or better DC voltage measurement accuracy at 700 mV. | Fluke model 83 |
| Test Oscilloscope | >3 GHz bandwidth with 75 Ω input, >20 dB input return loss to 3 GHz, ±3.5% or better vertical gain accuracy. | Tektronix DPO70404 with TCA75 Impedance Conversion Adapter. |

Instrument tests

Connect the power cord to the power supply and to the AC mains. Connect the power supply output to the DC input on the waveform monitor. Allow at least 20 minutes for the waveform monitor to warm up before beginning any procedure.

SDI input equalization range

This test uses a cable clone to simulate cable. This verifies that the waveform monitor can receive signals that have passed through long cables.

270 Mb/s checks.

1. Set the waveform monitor to the factory presets. (See page 32, *Restore the factory presets.*)
2. Connect the TG700 DVG7 SIGNAL 1 output to the SDI A input.

NOTE. All signal connections are made with 75 Ω digital video coaxial cables.

3. Set the DVG7 to 525-270 format. Select the “100% Color Bars” signal. A Color Bar signal should be displayed by the waveform monitor.
4. Press the **Display Select** button to select the upper-right tile.
5. Press and hold the **STATUS** button, select **Display Type** and then **Video Session**. Press the **STATUS** button to dismiss the menu.

6. Connect the cable clones as follows:
 - a. Disconnect the DVG7 from the SDI A input. Connect the DVG7 SIGNAL 1 output to the SD Cable Clone Input.
 - b. Use a second cable to connect the SD Cable Clone Output to the 80 m section of the HD Cable Clone Input (FFC model, Belden 8281, 300 kHz to 1.5 GHz).
 - c. Connect the HD Cable Clone Output directly to the SDI A input.

NOTE. *It is important to use the combination of SD and HD cable clones as described. Some SD cable clones do not properly simulate cable loss at very high frequencies. This can cause modern multi-rate SDI Equalizer circuits to malfunction. The 80 m HD Cable Clone isolates the Equalizer from the SD Cable Clone. If desired, an 80 m length of actual Belden 8281 coaxial cable can be substituted for the HD Cable Clone.*

7. Set all switches on the Cable Clone to the “out” position.
8. You should see a stable picture and waveform on the waveform monitor display. The FF and AP CRC Status on the Video Session screen should both read OK.
9. Adjust the cable clone switches to find the longest length of “cable” that does not generate any CRC errors in a 10 second period.
10. Read the switch settings to calculate the equivalent length of 8281 coaxial cable. To this value add 80 m for the HD Cable Clone. This sum is the total length of simulated 8281 cable.
11. Divide the total length of Belden 8281 cable by 10 to calculate the attenuation in dB at 135 MHz.
12. Record the value in the test record. Acceptable performance is 22 dB or greater.
13. Starting from 6c, repeat the test for the SDI 1B input (Front Panel input **B**).

1.5 Gb/s checks.

1. Connect the TG700 HDVG7 SIGNAL 1 output to the SDI A input.
2. Set the HDVG7 to 1080 59.94i format. Select the “100% Color Bars” signal. On the waveform monitor select input **A** . A Color Bar signal should be displayed.
3. Disconnect the HDVG7 from the SDI A input. Connect the cable from the HDVG7 to the 80 m HD Cable Clone Input (FFC model, Belden 8281, 300 kHz to 1.5 GHz).

4. Using a 75 Ω female-to-female BNC adapter and a second cable, connect the Cable Clone Output to the SDI A input.

NOTE. *The 75 Ω BNC adapter should be included with the cable clone set.*

5. Select the “SDI Matrix” signal from the TG700 HDVG7.
6. You should see a stable picture and waveform on the waveform monitor display. The Y Chan and C Chan CRC Error Status on the Video Session screen should both read OK.
7. Connect additional sections of the HD Cable Clone into the signal path to find the longest length of “cable” that does not generate any CRC errors in a 10-second period.
8. The HD Cable Clone set described in the Required Equipment List simulates up to 150 m of Belden 8281 when all four sections are connected. If your instrument does not appear to show CRC errors at this simulated cable length, reset the CRC Err Secs readout to zero (refresh the active display by pressing a different display button and then returning to the current display). After 60 seconds, check the CRC Err Secs readouts. A “0” reading for both CRCs indicates that the Cable Accommodation range is ≥ 150 m of Belden 8281.

NOTE. *If additional HD Cable Clone sections are available, the test may be continued to find the point where CRC errors occur.*

9. Add the HD Cable Clone section lengths to get the total length in meters of Belden 8281 cable. Divide by 4 to calculate attenuation in dB at 750 MHz.
10. Record the value in the test record. Acceptable performance is 28 dB or greater.
11. Starting from step 3, repeat the test for the SDI B input (Front Panel input **B**).

3 Gb/s checks (Option 3G only).

1. Connect the TG700 HD3G7 SIGNAL 1 output to the SDI A input.
2. Set the HD3G7 to 1080 59.94p format. Select the “100% Color Bars” signal. On the waveform monitor select input **A**. A Color Bar signal should be displayed.
3. Disconnect the HD3G7 from the SDI A input. Connect the cable from the HD3G7 to the 80 m 3G Cable Clone Input (FFE model, Belden 1694A, 0.3 MHz to 3 GHz).

4. Using a 75 Ω female-to-female BNC adapter and a second cable, connect the Cable Clone Output to the SDI A input.

NOTE. *The 75 Ω BNC adapter should be included with the cable clone set.*

5. Select the “SDI Matrix” signal from the TG700 HD3G7.
6. You should see a stable picture and waveform on the waveform monitor display. The Y Chan and C Chan CRC Error Status on the Video Session screen should both read OK.
7. Connect additional sections of the 3G Cable Clone into the signal path to find the longest length of “cable” that does not generate any CRC errors in a 10-second period.
8. The 3G Cable Clone set described in the Required Equipment List simulates up to 150 m of Belden 1694A when all four sections are connected. If your instrument does not appear to show CRC errors at this simulated cable length, reset the CRC Err Secs readout to zero (refresh the active display by pressing a different display button and then returning to the current display). After 60 seconds check the CRC Err Secs readouts. A “0” reading for both CRCs indicates that the Cable Accommodation range is ≥ 150 m of Belden 1694A.

NOTE. *If additional 3G Cable Clone sections are available, the test may be continued to find the point where CRC errors occur.*

9. Add the 3G Cable Clone section lengths to get the total length in meters of Belden 1694A cable. Divide by 4 to calculate attenuation in dB at 1500 MHz.
10. Record the value in the test record. Acceptable performance is 28 dB or greater.
11. Starting from step 3, repeat the test for the SDI B input (Front Panel input **B**).

This completes the SDI Input Equalization Range checks.

SDI serial output amplitude

This test verifies that the Serial Output signal amplitude is within specifications.

All instruments have an SDI OUT signal output on the rear panel. The content of this signal can be determined by the **Config > Outputs > SDI Output** settings.

Serial output check.

1. Set the waveform monitor to the Factory Preset.
2. Connect the TG700 DVG7 SIGNAL 1 output to the SDI A input on the waveform monitor.
3. Set the DVG7 to provide a 525 270 Mb/s 100% color bar signal.
4. Input A should be selected on the waveform monitor. You should see a stable color bar picture and waveform display.
5. Install the TCA75 adapter in the test oscilloscope CH 1 input. Connect the waveform monitor SDI OUT to the oscilloscope CH 1 input.
6. Set the test oscilloscope as follows:

| Parameter | Setting |
|------------------|--|
| CH 1 Vertical | Scale: 200 mV/div Position: 0.0 div Offset: 0.0 div Coupling: DC Bandwidth: 4.0 GHz |
| Horizontal: | Mode: Automatic Scale: 2 ns/div Delay mode: Off |
| FastAcq: | On/DPX |
| Trigger: A Event | Trigger Type: Glitch Source: CH 1 Level: 0.0 V Width: 6.7 ns Glitch Width: Greater Than Polarity: Either Trigger if Glitch: Occurs |
| Trigger: A>B Seq | A only |

7. Activate the test oscilloscope “H Bars” cursors. Set Cursor 1 to the middle of the bottom trace and Cursor 2 to the middle of the upper trace. Use the 7 ns wide region that does not contain transitions to align the cursors. See the following figure.

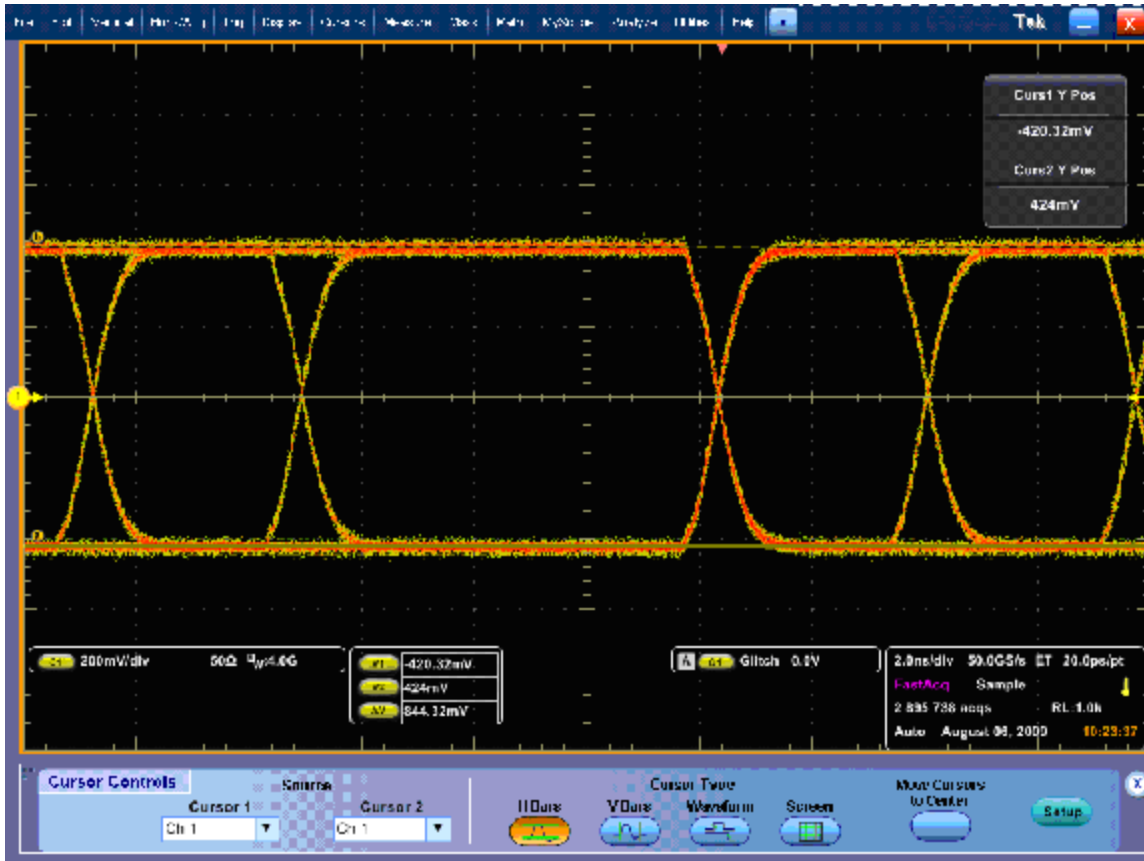


Figure 1: Serial output at 270 Mb/s, using glitch trigger mode

8. Record the amplitude (ΔV) in the test record for 270 Mb/s. Amplitudes between 745 mV and 849 mV are acceptable.

NOTE. The specification range for the SDI outputs is 720 mV to 880 mV (800 mV $\pm 10\%$). The test limits are narrower than this to allow for the $\pm 3.5\%$ amplitude uncertainty in the oscilloscope system ($\pm 2\%$ for the oscilloscope mainframe and $\pm 1.5\%$ for the TCA75 adapter).

9. Move the cable connection from the TG700 DVG7 to the HDVG7 SIGNAL 1 output. The waveform on the test oscilloscope will change, reflecting the 1.5 Gb/s serial rate. Select 100% color bars on the HDVG7.

10. Check the signal amplitude, using the 7 ns wide region without transitions. The amplitude should be very similar to that observed in step 7. Outside the 7 ns region, check that the eye is open between transitions. See the following figure.

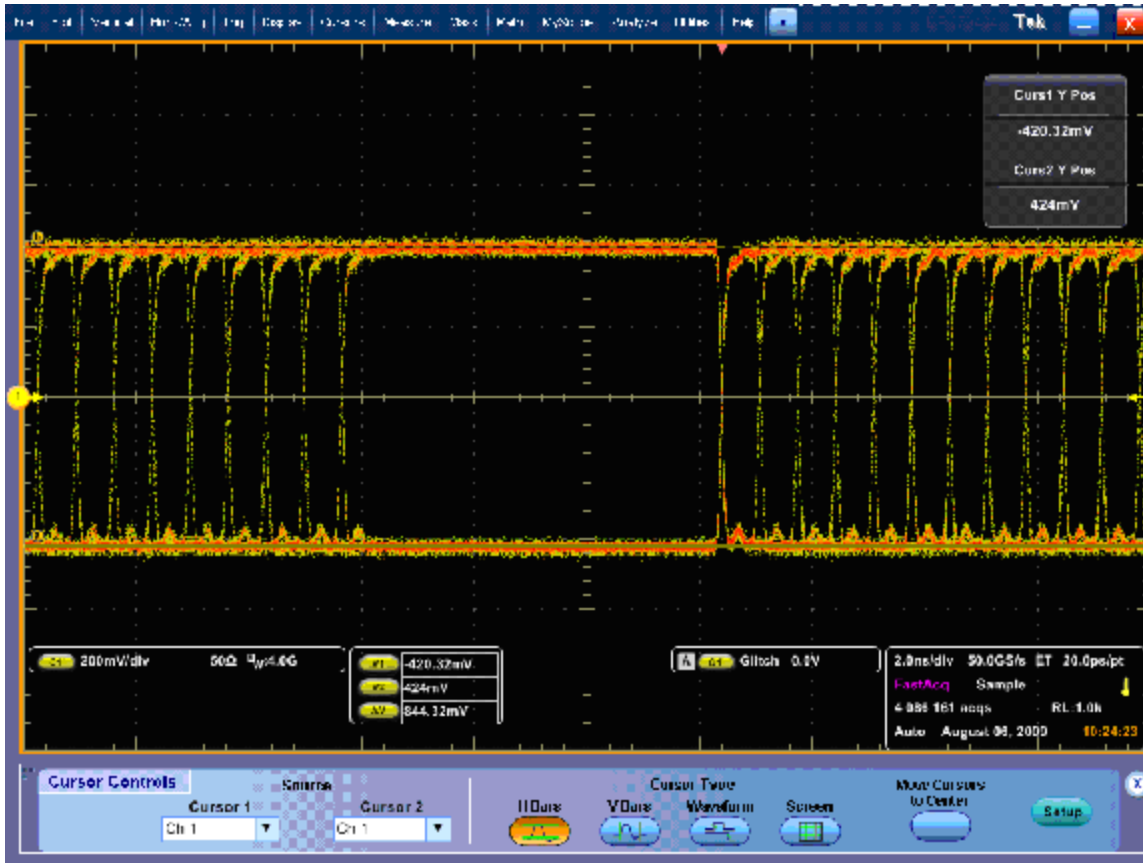


Figure 2: Serial output at 1.5 Gb/s, using glitch trigger mode

11. Record the amplitude (ΔV) in the test record for 1.5 Gb/s. Amplitudes between 745 mV and 849 mV are acceptable.
12. If your instrument has Option 3G, perform steps 13 through 15.
13. Move the cable connection from the TG700 HDVG7 to the HD3G7 SIGNAL 1 output. The waveform on the test oscilloscope will change, reflecting the 3 Gb/s serial rate. Select 100% color bars on the HD3G7.

14. Check the signal amplitude, using the 7 ns wide region without transitions. The amplitude should be very similar to that observed in step 7. Outside the 7 ns region, check that the eye is open between transitions. See the following figure.

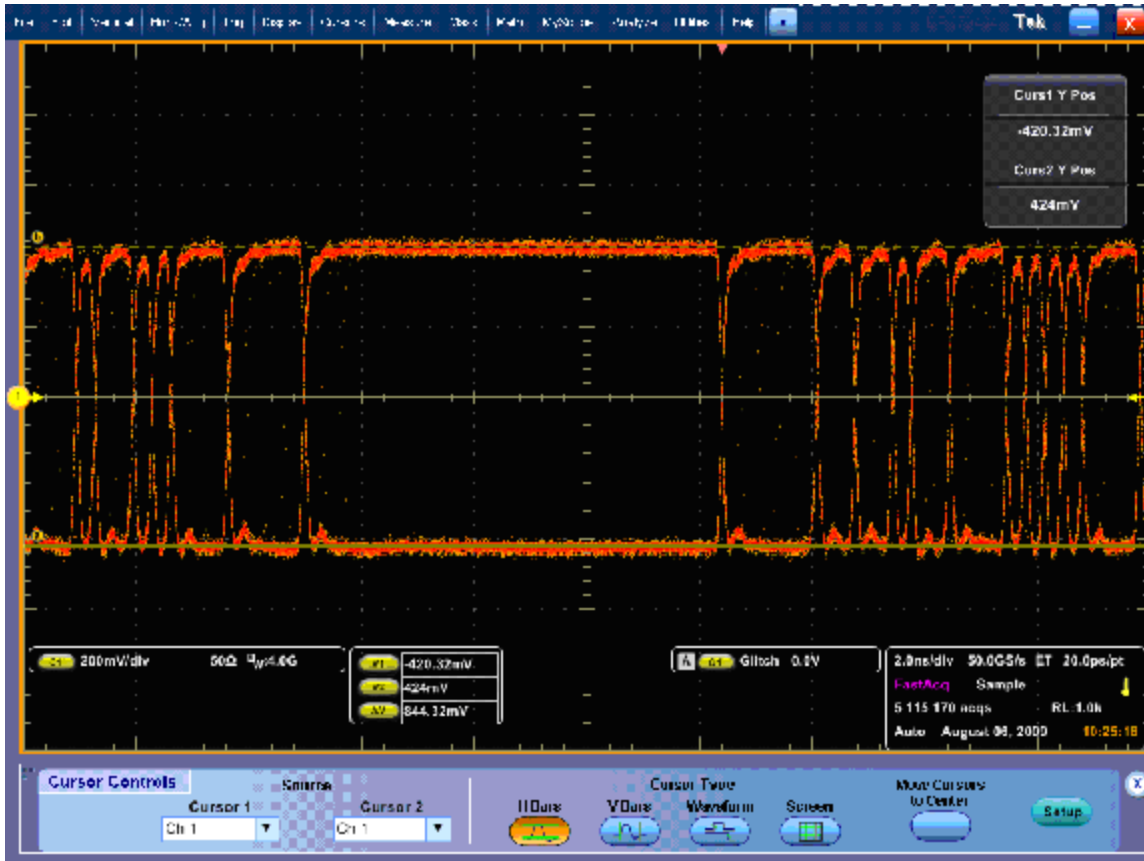


Figure 3: Serial output at 3 Gb/s, using glitch trigger mode

15. Record the amplitude (ΔV) in the test record for 3 Gb/s. Amplitudes between 745 mV and 849 mV are acceptable.

Audio performance verification procedures

Required equipment

Table 45: Required test equipment (audio)

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| SDI serial digital video test generator with embedded audio | Generates the following signals: 525/270 100% color bars with two or more groups of embedded audio. | Tektronix TG700 with the following modules: DVG7 module for TG700 |
| Analog/Digital audio generator/analyzer | 35 kHz to 96 kHz sample rate range, jitter measurement per AES-3 (1997) | Rohde & Schwarz UPL06 Opt B22, B29 |
| 75 Ω coaxial cables (1 required) | General purpose digital video Male-to-male BNC connectors 3' long | Belden 8281 |
| Audio test cable | 1/4 inch phono to 2 XLR | Sound Professionals SP-XLRM-MINI-1 with adapter SP-PHONE-MINI-ST |

Headphone output level

This test measures the output level accuracy of the headphones.

1. Set the waveform monitor to the factory presets. (See page 32, *Restore the factory presets.*)
2. Press the **DISPLAY SELECT** button to select tile 4.
3. If the audio display is not visible, press the **AUDIO** button to activate the display.
4. Set the DVG7 embedded audio as follows:

| Control or setting | Value |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Output Level | -12 dB FS Sine |
| Frequency | 100 Hz |

5. Set the parameters in the ANALYZER panel as follows:

| Control or setting | Value |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| INSTRUMENT | ANLG 22 kHz |
| Min Freq | 10 Hz |
| Ref Imped | 100000 Ω |
| Channel | 1 |
| Ch1 Coupl | AC |
| Ch1 Input | BAL |
| Ch1 Imped | 200 k Ω |
| Ch1 Common | FLOAT |
| Ch1 Range | AUTO |
| | |
| START COND | AUTO |
| Delay | 0.0000 s |
| | |
| INPUT DISP | OFF |
| FUNCTION | RMS & S/N |
| S/N Sequ | OFF |
| Meas Time | AUTO |
| Unit Ch1 | DBu |
| Reference | VALUE: 1.0000 V |
| Sweep Mode | NORMAL |
| Notch (Gain) | OFF |
| Filter | OFF |
| Filter | OFF |
| Filter | OFF |

6. Connect the DVG7 generator output to the waveform monitor SDI A connector, using a 75 Ω cable.
7. Enable the Audio groups in the DVG7 module in the **Audio (Embedded) > Group [x]** menu.
8. Verify that the numbers 1,2 are visible under the headphone icon, in the audio tile.
9. Set the headphone output volume to maximum by turning the **Horz** (Volume) knob clockwise.
10. Connect the 1/4I male phono connector from the headphone test cable to the waveform monitor headphone jack.
11. Connect the XLR corresponding to the 'Left' channel to the analyzer balanced (BAL) analog input.

12. Check for -2 dBu \pm 1 dB RMS on the analog analyzer. Record the result in the test record.
13. Connect the XLR corresponding to the 'Right' channel to the analyzer balanced (BAL) analog input.
14. Check for -2 dBu \pm 1 dB RMS on the analog analyzer. Record the result in the test record.
15. Set the DVG7 generator as follows:

| Control or setting | Value |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Output Level | -12 dB FS Audio Tone |
| Frequency | 1 kHz |

16. Repeat steps 9 through 12.
17. Set the DVG7 generator as follows:

| Control or setting | Value |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Output Level | -12 dB FS Audio Tone |
| Frequency | 20 kHz |

18. Repeat steps 9 through 12.

AES output amplitude

This test verifies that the AES output signal amplitude is within specifications.

1. Set the waveform monitor to Factory Preset.
2. Connect the DVG7 generator output to the waveform monitor **SDI A** input.
3. Enable the Audio groups in the DVG7 module in the AUDIO : GRP-[x] menu.
4. Connect the **AES OUT** signal to the test oscilloscope vertical input using the TCA75 adapter.
5. Set the oscilloscope for 200 mV/div vertical scale and 100 ns/div horizontal scale.
6. Activate the test oscilloscope **H Bars** cursors. Set Cursor 1 to the middle of the bottom trace and Cursor 2 to the middle of the upper trace.
7. Record the amplitude (delta-V) in the test record. Amplitudes between 0.90 V and 1.10 V are acceptable.