

Sentry Series Video Quality Monitors User Manual



# Sentry Series Video Quality Monitor



# **User Manual**

Supports software version 10.0



## SENTRY SERIES VIDEO QUALITY MONITOR

# **User Manual: Cable Operations**

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### **About This Document**

## Audience

This user manual is intended for service providers who use Tektronix Sentry, Sentry Verify, Sentry Assure or Sentry ABR for monitoring, historical reporting, and alerting from MPEG-2, H.264 AVC, MPEG-4 part 10, and VC-1 transport streams. We assume that you understand the concepts and tools used in a head-end environment. We assume that you are familiar with basic computer operations such as click, drag and drop, and that you are also familiar with the operation of an internet browser.

#### **Purpose**

The *Tektronix Sentry Series User Manual* introduces you to the Sentry, Sentry Verify, Sentry Assure and Sentry ABR Video Quality Monitors, and describes in detail Sentry's features.

This user manual shows you how to configure, control and use Sentry, Sentry Verify, Sentry Assure and Sentry ABR. Please note that some of the features and applications described in this manual may not apply to all products. Refer to the Sentry Family Product Matrix for more information.

#### **Screen Shot Note**

While all screen shots in this document are accurate and truthful representations of the product, some may have been edited to remove information that could pose a security risk.

# **Table of Contents**

Sentry Family Product Matrix	11
Preface	13
Who Should Use This Manual	
How to Get Help	
Introduction	15
What is Tektronix Sentry?	
The Engine	
Internal database	
What does Tektronix Sentry do?	
Monitoring	
Reporting	
Alerting	
Getting Started	19
Front Panel Functions (2016 to present models only)	
IP address on the front panel	
Navigation buttons	
USB ports	
Status LEDs	
Power-off procedure	21
Front Panel Functions (2009 to 2016 models only)	
IP address on the front panel	
Manual power down from front panel	
LED Brightness	
Interface Components	
Main Page Menu	
Login Info	
Page Title Bar	
Thumbnails	
Group Tabs and Input Ports	
Change a Port Assignment	
Basic Operations	
Bitrate Violation	28
Reports	29
Programs	30
Current Status	
To Filter the Ports on the Report	
Filter Sentrys licensed with VLAN support	
Program Status	

ASI Models	37
Program Search and display	
Column Sort By arrows	
Bell Icon for Alert creation	
Configure Report History	
Configure Provider Name	
Other Configurable Items	
Program Bandwidth Graph	
Program Details Screen	
Access Program Details	
Color Key	
Error Seconds	
PID Type descriptor	
Refresh Thumbnail	
Capture button	
Stream button	
Detailed Graph View	
Other Program information	51
Quality of Experience Details	
Access the QoE Details	
Average Video QoE from the Program Status Page	
Scoring QoE	54
Reason Codes Definitions	56
Perceptual Video Quality (eMOS)	57
Over-compression Artifacts	
Group of Pictures (GOP) Length Reporting (Group of Pictures)	
Audio Volume Level Details	60
Functionality	60
Access Audio Level Details	60
Graphing	61
Thumbnail Timeline	62
Discontinuity Details	63
Alert Details	64
PCR Details	65
Data Detect	6'
Report Types	
Closed Caption Data Other Data	
Generate a Report	
Generale a Report	
Ad Cue Info (Digital Ad Insertion)	72
Access Ad Cue Info	
Reading the Ad Cue Info report	74
Ad Splice Command Types	77
Drill down/Zoom In	78
Blackout Detection	
Repeated commands	
Audio Level Graph	
•	
Program Statistics (Report and Export)	
Access Program Statistics:	)8 )8

Create a Program Statistics Report	
History tab	84
Port Statistics	84
Summary tab	
Create a Port Statistics Report.	
•	
Program Groups	
Using Program Groups	
Program Groups Bandwidth	
Access Program Groups Bandwidth	
Dynamic Program Groups	
Thumbnail Wall View	
TransportTransport	
Transport Status	98
Transport Bitrate History	
PSIP	
TR101/290 Status	
Access TR101/290 Status	
Show TR101/290 Priorities	
IP Stats	
Functionality	
The Leaky Bucket Buffer Analogy	
Access IP Stats	
IP Stats Welcome Page	
Graphing Ports	
Zoom in on a Graph	
Create IP Stats Alerts for Arrival Interval	
Create Alerts for Delay Factor	
IP Stats Monitoring Notes	116
Port Failover History	
Carousel Status	118
OCAP Carousel	
Access OCAP Carousel	
OCAP Summary tab	
OCAP Files tab	
Files tab.	
Applications tab	
Events tab	
Set Alerts in OCAP Status	
Review OCAP Alerts in Alert History	
BFS Status.	
Monitoring the S-A Broadcast File System (BFS)	
BFS Overview	
BFS Mapping	
Access BFS Status	
Summary tab	
Detail tab	
Drill Down to BFS Detail View	
EBIF Status	
Access EBIF Status.	
Summary tah	141

Detail tab	142
Viewing Program Detail from EBIF Status	
Applications tab	145
Events tab	
Alerts	
Alert History	
Report Export	
Alert Analysis	
Access Alerts Analysis	
Alert Analysis Summary Screen	
Report Navigation tabs and New Report icons	
Counts tab	
Trends tab	
Trend Details tab	
Distributions tab.	
History tab	
Program Alert Definitions Report	
Create/Edit tab	
History tab	
Configure	170
Configure Alerts	
How Sentry Handles Alerts	
Create an Alert	
Create Alerts Step by Step	
View Created Alerts	
Delete Alert	
Modify an Alert	
Access Alerts Summary	
Scrambled Alerts	
Transport tab	
Types of Transport Alerts	
PID Alerts	
Any PID on a Port	
Table on a Port	
Table on a PID	
PMT	
DSM-CC on a Port	
DSM-CC	
Port Alerts	
Sample Transport Alerts	
Create Audio Level Alerts	
Create a Transport NULL PID Bitrate Alert	
Create Mean Audio Level Alerts	
Create Audio Dialnorm Alert	
Buffer overrun/underrun detection	
Configure Buffer overrun/underrun detection	
BFS tab	
Types of BFS Alerts	
BFS Source	
BFS Carousel	202
DE9 FIIE	202

Types of OCAP Alerts	203
File Alerts	203
Folder Alerts	203
Extension Alerts	
Configure Program Availability Definitions	
Create Program Template Alerts	
Template Alerts	
Create an alert from a Template using a Program Alert	
Create an alert template without a Program Group	213
Program Groups	
Create Program Groups	
Access Program Groups	
Groups Summary tab	
Add unlisted programs	221
Configure Program Mappings	223
Add a New Mapping	
Delete a Mapping	
Modify a Mapping	226
Configure Port Names	222
Configure BFS Settings	228
Configure Triggered Stream Captures	220
Access Alert Stream Captures	
Create Alert Stream Captures (When none currently exist)	
Deactivate or Delete a Stream Capture (when one previously exists)	
Retrieve Captured Files	
Delete Captured Files	238
Defaults tab	239
Configure Triggered Stream Captures(via Nexidia Comply <sup>TM</sup> )	24(
Configure the Nexidia Server.	
Create a Nexidia Comply Profile	
Create Caption Profile	
Choose a Program to Verify	
Review Job History	244
Review Closed Caption Verification Results	246
Configure Schedules	240
Create a Daily schedule	
Create a Weekly Schedule	
•	
Dashboard Graphs	
Create a Dashboard Graph	255
Configure MPEG Input Settings	256
IGMP v3 SSM Support	
Access MPEG Input System Settings	256
Set SSM	258
Backup Multicast Settings	
Multicast Stream Collision Errors (Multiple Sources Detected on Input Ports)	
Sentry with 2 <sup>nd</sup> MPEG Input Option Installed	
Sentry with VLAN Support Enabled	
Configure VI AN monitoring option	263

Assign/Configure Ports on a VLAN	265
Move a Port between VLANs	265
Reviewing Port/VLAN Assignments and VLAN Status	
Configure System Preferences	267
Configure TR101/290 Settings	
Configure System Settings	
Network settings	271
Set the Time	
Set the Locale	
Maintenance Mode	
SSL Settings	
System Diagnostics	
Email Diagnostics	
Network connectivity	
System Communication	
SNMP Trap	
Health Check	279
Configure Import/Export Settings	
Export tab options	
Import tab options	
Configure Users	
API Access	285
Add a User	
Delete a User	
Modify a User	
Configure System Upgrades	
Upgrade Procedure	
Upgrade Errors	
Recoverable error	
Error Requiring a Patch	
Uploading the Error Patch File	
Upgrade History	
Configure Power Off and Restart Capability	
Accessing Remote Restart and Power Off	
Power Off a unit:	
Restart a unit	
Status	297
ASI Status page	298
System Status for Sentry with Second MPEG Input Option Installed	
About	200
Appendix A: Sentry ABR	
Configure: Alerts Summary	
Manifest Alerts	
Crosts a Manifest Alart	302

Representation Alerts Definitions	
Create Representation Alerts	
Dynamic Program Groups	307
Creating a Static Program Group from Dynamic	
Configure MPEG Input Settings	
Administrator Set up Notes	
Reports	
Program Statistics: ABR Stats	
Create/Edit tab	
History tab	314
Port Statistics	
Summary tab	
Create a Port Statistics Report	
Media Set Status Report	310
Media Set Details	
HTTP Status Codes.	
Representations Statistics	
Fragment Load Headroom	
Fragment Load Time	
Fragment Load Latency	
Fragment Load Bitrate	
Fragment Size	
System Status	325
System Status	
Appendix B: Sentry Edge, Edge II, Edge III-S, and Edge III-T	327
	······································
Preface	
Preface	
Getting started	
Getting started Product description	
Getting started Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products	
Getting started  Product description  Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products  Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits	
Getting started  Product description  Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products  Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits  Sentry Applications	
Getting started  Product description  Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products  Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits  Sentry Applications  Sentry Edge I Features and benefits	
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits	
Getting started	
Getting started  Product description	
Getting started  Product description	
Getting started  Product description	328 328 328 328 330 330 330 331 331 331 332
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Standard and optional accessories Power cord options Configuration	328 328 328 328 330 330 330 331 331 331 331 332 332
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Standard and optional accessories Power cord options Configuration Recommended steps	328 328 328 330 330 330 331 331 331 332 332 333 333
Getting started  Product description	327
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Standard and optional accessories Power cord options Configuration Recommended steps Configure the RF Stats Alerts Configure the MPEG settings	328 328 328 330 330 330 331 331 331 332 332 333 333 333
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Standard and optional accessories Power cord options Configuration Recommended steps Configure the RF Stats Alerts Configure the MPEG settings Activate an RF input connection	327       328       330       330       330       330       331       331       331       332       333       333       333       333       334       335       336       336
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Standard and optional accessories Power cord options Configuration Recommended steps Configure the RF Stats Alerts Configure the MPEG settings Activate an RF input connection To define/edit import settings for an RF configuration.	327       328       330       330       330       330       331       331       331       332       333       333       333       334       335       336       336       336
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Standard and optional accessories Power cord options Configuration Recommended steps Configure the RF Stats Alerts Configure the MPEG settings Activate an RF input connection. To define/edit import settings for an RF configuration Filter options	328       328       330       330       331       331       331       332       332       333       334       335       336       336       338       338
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Standard and optional accessories Power cord options Configuration Recommended steps Configure the RF Stats Alerts Configure the MPEG settings Activate an RF input connection To define/edit import settings for an RF configuration.	327       328       329       330       330       331       331       331       332       332       333       334       335       336       338       339
Product description Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits Sentry Applications Sentry Edge I Features and benefits Sentry Edge II Features and benefits Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits Standard and optional accessories Power cord options Configuration Recommended steps Configure the RF Stats Alerts Configure the MPEG settings Activate an RF input connection. To define/edit import settings for an RF configuration. Filter options Update the schedule/import schedule information	327       328       330       330       331       331       331       331       332       332       333       334       335       336       338       339       340

Change the schedule	342
Configure port names for a channel	
Configure schedule summary	
Create a new schedule	
Operating basics	
Reports	
Current Status report	
Port / channel numbers	
Program Detail report: Tuning information	
Program graph options	
RF Stats	
Constellation Diagram	
Frequency Domain Graphs	
Status	
Park a tuner for a set amount of time	
To park a tuner (alternate method)	
To park a tuner for a set amount of time:	
Appendix C: Acronyms	
Appendix D: Examples	
Notices	
T J	26

# **Sentry Family Product Matrix**

This Sentry product manual contains technical information on the Sentry family of video quality monitors. Information for the Sentry Edge products can be found in Appendix B of this manual.

Some of the features and purchasable options described in this manual are not supported on all of the products. For a breakdown of features and options by product, please refer to the table below.

Service	Sentry (ASI, GigE, 10G)	Sentry Verify, Verify 10G	Sentry Assure	Sentry ABR	Sentry Edge (I - III)
Comprehensive MPEG Quality of Experience (QoE) Monitoring					
Video QoE real time monitoring	<b>~</b>			Optional	Optional
Video eMOS/PVQ real time monitoring	Optional			Optional	Optional
Audio QoE real-time monitoring	<b>~</b>			Optional	Optional
Audio loudness & AC-3 Dialnorm (ITU-R BS.1770) monitoring	>		>	Optional	Optional
Video freeze detection	>			Optional	Optional
Audio Silence detection	<b>&gt;</b>			Optional	Optional
Comprehensive MPEG Quality of Se	ervice (QoS) Mon	itoring			
Transport Stream QoS Monitoring	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	Optional	<b>&gt;</b>
IP (UDP) statistics	<b>&gt;</b>	>	<b>&gt;</b>		
HTTP Statistics				~	
Closed captioning (708, 608, SCTE-20), DVB Subtitle, Teletext reporting	<b>&gt;</b>	>	<b>&gt;</b>	Optional	<b>&gt;</b>
Error Seconds and Program Availability Reporting	<b>&gt;</b>	>	>	Optional	<b>&gt;</b>
GOP length reporting	>	*	<b>&gt;</b>	Optional	•
Video and Audio PID metadata	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>~</b>	Optional	*
Program/PID discontinuity	<b>~</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	Optional	<b>&gt;</b>
Program/PID/Transport Stream/Program Group bandwidth graphing	>	>	•	Optional	
PCR interval & jitter	✓ ASI Only			Optional	<b>~</b>
MPEG-PSI, DVB-SI, ATSC-PSIP table detect, bit rate, cycle time	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	>	Optional	<b>~</b>
TR101/290 (priority 1, 2, 3) reporting	>	>	>		>
Scalable RF Monitoring (16/64/256 QAM A, B, or C)					·

Service	Sentry (ASI, GigE, 10G)	Sentry Verify, Verify 10G	Sentry Assure	Sentry ABR	Sentry Edge (I - III)
Purchasable Software Options					
QoE Monitoring	<b>✓</b>			Optional	Optional
Carousel monitoring (tru2way / OCAP / MHP / DSM-CC)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
Ad Insertion/Digital Program Insertion	Optional	Optional	<b>✓</b>	Optional	Optional
EBIF Monitoring	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
SA-BFS Monitoring	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
Perceptual Video Quality (eMOS) on MPEG-2 & H.264	Optional			Optional	Optional
Audio Loudness Monitoring (includes CALM Compliance)	>		>	Optional	Optional
Video & Audio					
Video: HD, SD, MPEG-2, MPEG-4 AVC (H.264), VC1	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>→</b>	Optional	<b>~</b>
Audio: Dolby AC-3, MPEG-1 Layer II, AAC, HE-AAC, and HE-AAC v2	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	Optional	<b>~</b>
Interfaces					
ASI	✓ ASI Only				
GigE	✓ GigE Only	>	>	<b>*</b>	
Dual GigE	<b>&gt;</b>				
Single-Mode or Multi-Mode LC SFP+	<b>✓</b> 10G Only	✓ 10G Only		✓ 10G Only	
8VSB & QAM-B					<b>✓</b> Edge Only
QAM A, B, or C					<b>✓</b> Edge II Only
DVB-S2 receiver supports two channels in QPSK / 8-PSK mode					✓ Edge III-S Only
Single-channel DVB-T2 receiver for VHF/UHF					✓ Edge III-T Only
RF Measurements: Level, MER, CNR, Pre-RS BER, Post-FEC Erred Packets					✓ Edge II and Edge III Only
RF Measurements: EVM, Carrier Offset					<b>✓</b> Edge II Only

# **Preface**

This user manual describes the Sentry family of video quality monitors and the web browser-based interface. This manual introduces the components and features, so you can begin using the device.

## Who Should Use This Manual

This manual is intended for service providers who use Tektronix Sentry products for monitoring, reporting and alerting from MPEG transport streams. You should understand the concepts and tools used in a headend environment. You should also be familiar with basic computer operations such as click, drag and drop, as well as the operation of a web browser.

## How to Get Help

If you purchased a service contract for your Tektronix Sentry products from a distributor or authorized reseller, contact the technical support staff for that distributor or reseller for assistance.

If you purchased a Tektronix service program, contact Tektronix technical support:

## For technical support:

Sentry Technical support is available on Business Days from 6:00 AM to 5:00 PM Pacific Time and 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM Indian Standard Time on the following numbers:

US/Canada toll-free	1-844-219-5329
India toll-free	1800-3000 4835
Russia toll-free	810800-22554411
United Kingdom	44 1344 39 2541
Europe* toll-free	00800-22554411

<sup>\*</sup>Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, UK

Worldwide, please email videosupport@tektronix.com

Additional information about the Tektronix Sentry family of video quality monitors is available at the following URL: http://www.tek.com/video quality monitors/

## Introduction

## What is Tektronix Sentry?

Tektronix Sentry is an MPEG transport stream monitoring device that supports next generation digital services and traditional program monitoring. Sentry supports MPEG-2, H.264 AVC, MPEG-4 part 10, and VC-1 video compression standards. The components of Sentry are:

## The Engine

#### Internal database

Sentry supports real-time monitoring through single- and 4-port ASI and Gigabit Ethernet (GigE) input of all MPEG source streams within the headend or hubs.

Sentry digs deep into the complex and private data residing within the stream, allowing video service providers to gain insight and solve problems in their digital networks. Sentry's extensive feature list includes:

- Audio and Video Quality of Experience Scoring System
- Audio Silence and Audio-level Issue Detection
- Detect Black Video, Frozen Video, Tiling/Macroblocking
- Perceptual Video Quality (eMOS)
- Live Thumbnails
- User Triggered and Alert Triggered Stream Captures
- Stream to View
- Historical Reporting and Graphing
- Transport Stream Bandwidth Graphing
- Program Group Bandwidth Graphing
- Carousel Monitoring (SA-BFS, DSM-CC, tru2way<sup>TM</sup>)
- Digital Program Insertion
- 24/7 Real-time QoE Monitoring of Entire Channel Lineup
- Detect Intermittent Problems
- Alert Notification and Historical Reporting
- Error Second and Program Availability Reporting

Sentry's video quality monitoring solutions provide unique flexibility to enable you to implement any combination of monitoring components for any digital application, using the same Sentry hardware.

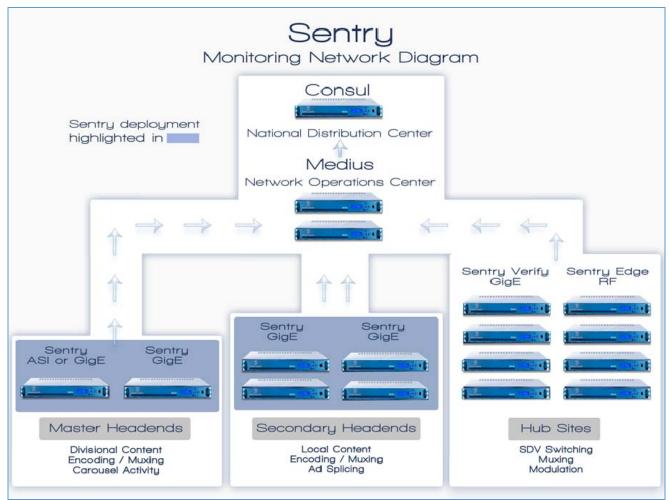


Figure 1: Sentry Network Diagram

# What does Tektronix Sentry do?

Functioning completely within the digital domain, Sentry receives MPEG transport streams and monitors them for normal and unusual activity.

The primary features of Sentry are:

- Monitoring
- Reporting
- Alerting

## **Monitoring**

Sentry tracks, and fully dissects the content of the digital media stream as it leaves the headend, including:

- Application data decode and verification
- Closed captioning compliance
- Bandwidth utilization
- Broadcast data decode and verification
- Carousel monitoring
- BFS monitoring
- OCAP monitoring
- Ad insertion auditing
- Tagged verification
- PSI/SI/PSIP/PMT decode
- Bitrate monitoring

## Reporting

The Sentry web interface allows you to configure parameters and view the output of the Sentry engine historically and in real-time. In addition to standard reports accessible from the menus on the displays, detail views (e.g., program detail, BFS detail, ad cue detail) are available by clicking on various elements in the displays.

Standard Sentry reports include:

Current Status

An overview of the current state of the programs

Program Status

Provides a configurable history of all MPEG programs and their PID contents

Data Detect Report

Identifies specific program content

Ad Cue Info

Displays composite and component ad cues inserted into the stream.

Transport Status

Dissects the transport packets

#### ■ TR101/290 Status

TR101/290 is a DVB standard for measurement and analysis of MPEG transport streams. Refer to the section on TR101/290 for a more in-depth discussion of this report and its features.

#### ■ IP State

Displays information relating to IP packet arrival interval and delay factor.

#### OCAP Status

Displays the status of OCAP streams.

#### EBIF Status

Displays monitoring information EBIF Status

#### BFS Status

Displays the status of the Broadcast File System. Refer to Scientific-Atlanta Broadcast File System for a more in-depth discussion of this report and its features

#### Alert History

Lists alerts detected by the system. Refer to the section on Reports for a more in-depth discussion of this report and the section on Configure: Alerts for a discussion of creating alerts.

### Alert Analysis

Provides an easy to use graphic analysis to visually represent alerts

## **Alerting**

Sentry enables real-time alerts to indicate if content within a stream is invalid, a stream goes down, or user thresholds are exceeded. Alerts are visible within the web user interface (**Alert History**) and can be sent via email and SNMP trap. There are three major alert types:

#### Thresholds

Alert when a given bandwidth level or cycle time has exceeded or falls below on a PID, program, table, DSM-CC, or BFS. Alert when a program's PCR arrival interval or PCR jitter has exceeded or falls below a given level.

### Thresholds with Frequency

Alert when a given threshold condition is met and it has occurred twice or more in a given time period.

#### Content

Alert when a selective piece of content has been received or transmitted correctly or incorrectly. Alert when a given PID or program is active or not-active. Alert if a PID, program, table, DSM-CC, or BFS drops. Alert if audio silences or video freezes.

Refer to the **Configuring Alerts** section for more information.

# **Getting Started**

# Front Panel Functions (2016 to present models only)

The following applies only to units made in 2016 to present.

These models are able to provide the following functions:

- IP address readout on LCD display
- Manual Reboot option from front panel
- Hard drive installation or replacement

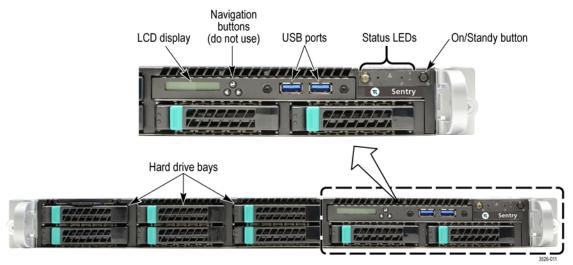


Figure 2: Sentry front panel (2016 to present models only)

## IP address on the front panel

The LCD (Local Control Display) is a 16-character, one-line display with two backlight colors:

- Green. The LCD backlight is green under normal operating conditions.
- Amber. If a hardware problem is detected with the server, the LCD backlight turns amber. When the problem is cleared, the backlight returns to green.

Under normal operation, the readout will display the IP address of the Management Port in the form "Tektronix Sentry IP: xxx.xxx.xxx." The factory default IP address is 10.0.10.200.

Depending on the status of the instrument, you may see additional status messages such as Rebooting, Shutdown, Stopped, etc. When errors are encountered, associated error messages may be displayed.

## **Navigation buttons**

Do not use the navigation buttons. The navigation buttons can be used to access and navigate an internal menu system provided by the manufacturer of the Sentry chassis.

CAUTION: To prevent operational problems with the instrument, do not attempt to make any changes to the menu settings.

## **USB** ports

Use the two USB 2.0 ports to connect external USB devices to the instrument.

## **Status LEDs**

The status LEDs indicate the following information about the state of the instrument:

Item	Description
ID	System ID button with LED
Ф	On/Standby button illuminates when the instrument is powered on
2	Illuminates when activity occurs on the Management Port (1) and on the IP Video port (2)
	Illuminates when there is drive activity
<u>^</u>	System status LED

## Power-off procedure

The preferred method for rebooting or powering off a Sentry is through the web interface.

WARNING: When moving a Sentry, it is very important to properly power off the Sentry via the web interface.



Never unplug a Sentry without performing the Power-off procedure. Improper shutdown may cause file corruption and failure of the Sentry.

Perform the following steps to power-off the instrument:

- 1. Use the **Configure > Power Off** menu option from the user interface to start the power-off process.
- 2. In the event that you cannot access the user interface, press the front panel **On/Standby** button once to power off the instrument.

NOTE: The LCD display does not indicate that the instrument has begun a Safe Power Off process. Please wait more than 30 seconds for the instrument to visibly start to power-off.

**3.** To completely remove power from the instrument after a safe power-off, disconnect both power cords from the rear of the instrument.

## Front Panel Functions (2009 to 2016 models only)

The following applies only to units made in 2009 to 2016 and that have a blue LED backlit display.

These models are able to provide the following functions:

- IP address display on LED
- Manual Reboot option from front panel
- LED Brightness control

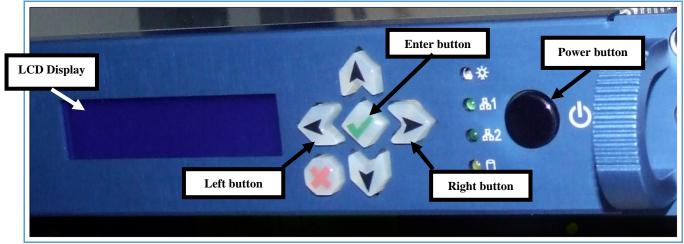


Figure 3: Sentry front panel (2009 to 2016 models only)

## IP address on the front panel

To see a display of the IP addresses of both of the system network interfaces on the front panel LCD display:

- 1. Press and hold **Enter** (green check mark) on the front panel.
- **2.** The address displayed on the top line of the display corresponds to the **Management interface** and the lower line corresponds to the **MPEG/IP input**.

## Manual power down from front panel

NOTE: The preferred method for rebooting or powering off a Sentry is through the web interface. Please see the Remote Power Off and Restart Capability section of this manual for more detail.

WARNING: When moving a Sentry, it is very important to properly power off the Sentry via the web interface.



Never unplug a Sentry without performing the Power Off procedure. Improper shutdown may cause file corruption and failure of the Sentry.

In addition to powering down through the Sentry interface, you may also use the front panel button.

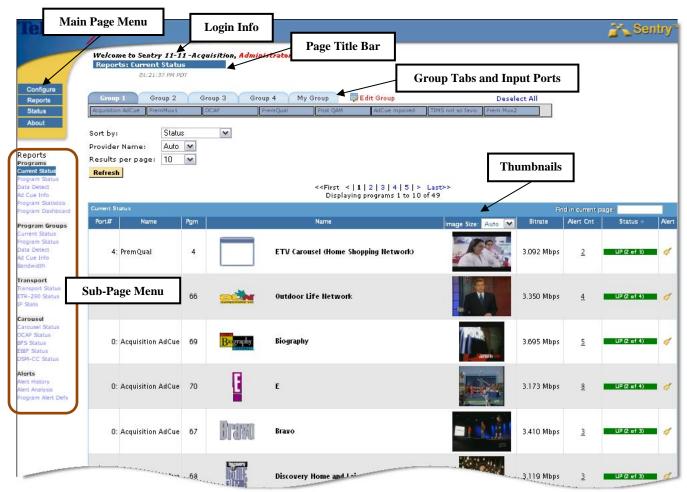
- **4.** Start the power down of the unit by pressing the front panel power button two times quickly within 2 seconds.
- **5.** Within moments, the LCD display will indicate that the unit has begun the **Safe Power Off** process, and several seconds following, the unit will power down completely.

## **LED Brightness**

- 1. The brightness of the LCD display backlight can be changed by selecting either the left arrow or right arrow buttons on the front panel. The left button will dim the display while the right will brighten it.
- 2. Changes to the brightness level persist until the unit is rebooted or powered down.

# **Interface Components**

The Sentry interface consists of the following areas:



**Figure 4: Sentry Interface Components** 

## Main Page Menu

The buttons in this area (**Configure, Reports, Status**, and **About**) are the main categories of pages available for collecting information, reporting, and configuring the system. **Configure** and **Reports** contain sub-pages, accessible through drop-down menus.

## Login Info

This area displays the username of the logged on user and provides a link to log out of Sentry. Click **Logout** to log out of the system. The date and time of the most recent refresh of the screen is also shown.

Click **Refresh** to refresh the screen; otherwise the screen will refresh automatically at a periodic rate (~ every 300 sec.).

## Page Title Bar

The title bar identifies the name of the page currently in view.

## **Thumbnails**

**Current Status** also features **thumbnail visual confirmation** of the content of each program or service. You can control the size of the **thumbnail** at the top of the column. You can also refresh the thumbnail manually or it will refresh automatically every 5 minutes. Settings for thumbnails can be found in **System Preferences**.

## **Group Tabs and Input Ports**

Input ports indicate the sources of transport stream input, which can be either ASI (one or four ports) or GigE (MPEG over IP unicast IP port or up to 30 multicast groups, each consisting of a Group ID and an IP Port). Sentry allows you to organize input ports into system and user groups. You must have Administrator privilege to create and modify system groups.

If the number of input ports is greater than one, then default system groups will be automatically created (two groups for a four port Sentry and four groups for Sentrys with more than four ports). Settings that the user has specifically saved are retained as they navigate from page to page.

For example, the figure below shows the groups and ports of a GigE Sentry. The Group 3 tab is selected showing that Ports 16 through 23 are in Group 3. Selecting a group will report only on the data from the ports in that group. Ports can also be renamed.



Figure 5: Groups and Ports of a GigE Sentry

Below are groups and ports of a four port ASI Sentry.

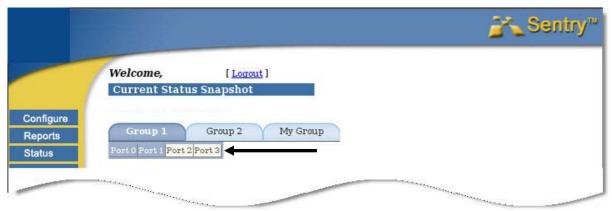


Figure 6: Groups and Ports of a 4 Port ASI Sentry (0, 1, 2, 3)

In the case of ASI models, the port is known from the hardware. For MPEG over IP models, the port is known from the configuration (refer to Configuring MPEG Input Settings.

Mouse over an input port to see a popup showing the input source.

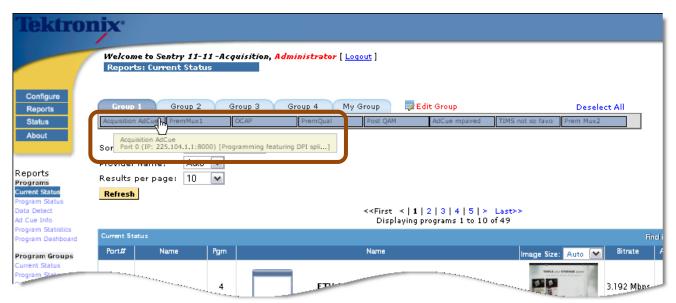


Figure 7: Group 1 Acquisition AdCue port popup message showing the input source

- Ports that are not configured are displayed as a light gray.
- Ports that are configured and assigned to a group are shown as dark gray.
- Ports that are configured but not assigned to a group are shown as white.
- The user can change the group assignments by clicking on ports, which toggle as assigned (dark gray) and unassigned (white).

## Change a Port Assignment

- 1. Click on the port you wish to change.
- 2. Click **Save** to save the assignments. Click on the **Reset** button to reset the assignments.

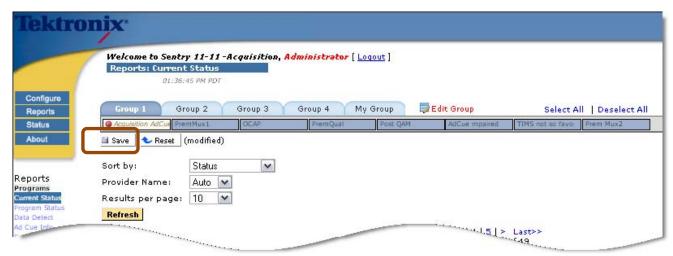


Figure 8: Save Button indicating Changed Port to Group Assignments

**3.** Selecting the **Refresh** button on the page <u>before</u> the assignments are saved will result in a note that assignments have been modified. A **Reset** button to reinstate the original settings will also be displayed.

### ASI Port tab

A single port ASI Sentry has only one port tab and therefore has no need for a group tab.

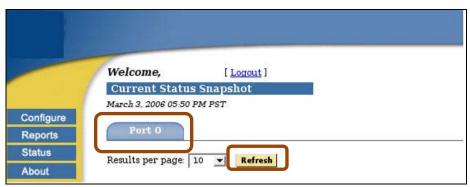


Figure 9: Port 0 of a Single Port ASI Sentry

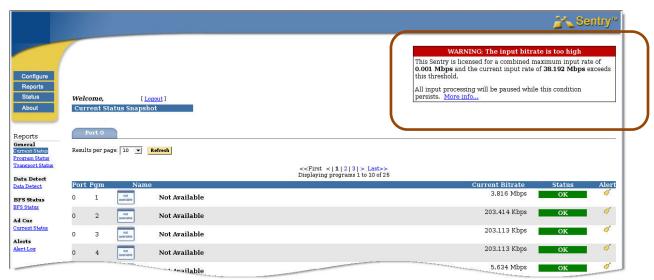
# **Basic Operations**

The web-based interface allows the user to administer Sentry in the following manner: Select from a series of pages and sub-pages, and modify fields to create the desired configuration. Submit the changes on any given page using the appropriate update or refresh buttons. If the user selects a new page or end the session without submitting the information, the changes are lost.

- NOTE 1: To access the full functionality of the web interface, you must log in as a user with Administrator privileges.
- NOTE 2: If multiple Sentry administrators apply changes to the same set of parameters concurrently, the latest applied changes take precedence. Up to ten simultaneous browser connections are allowed.

## **Bitrate Violation**

If Sentry exceeds the combined bitrate for which it was licensed, a bitrate violation occurs. A violation warning is displayed on the opened page. Clicking on the **More info...** link in the violation warning provides more detail about the licensed bitrate and the violation.



**Figure 10: Bitrate Violation Notice** 

Processing will pause while the condition persists and the last known state is displayed.

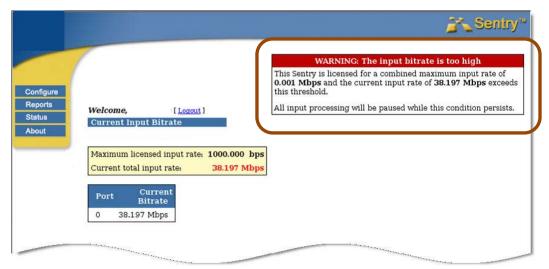


Figure 11: Bitrate Violation additional information

# Reports

Reports are configurable to give you a real-time or historical view of transport activity. There are five main categories of reports, and all reports offer the capability to drill down to view additional detail:

- Programs
  - Current Status
  - Program Status
  - Data Detect
  - Ad Cue Info
  - Program Statistics
  - Program Dashboard
- Program Groups
  - Current Status
  - Program Status
  - Data Detect
  - Ad Cue Info
  - Bandwidth
- Transport
  - Transport Status
  - TR101/290 Status
  - IP Stats
- Carousel
  - Carousel Status
  - OCAP Status
  - BFS Status
  - EBIF Status
  - DSM-CC Status
- Alerts
  - Alert History
  - Alert Analysis
  - Program Alert Defs

## **Programs**

Programs provide an overview of the contents of the MPEG transport stream, and consist of four types: Current Status, Program Status, Data Detect and Ad Cue Info. Current Status and Program Status reports are MPEG program centric in the sense that all data and PIDs are grouped according to the programs with which they are associated.

## **Current Status**

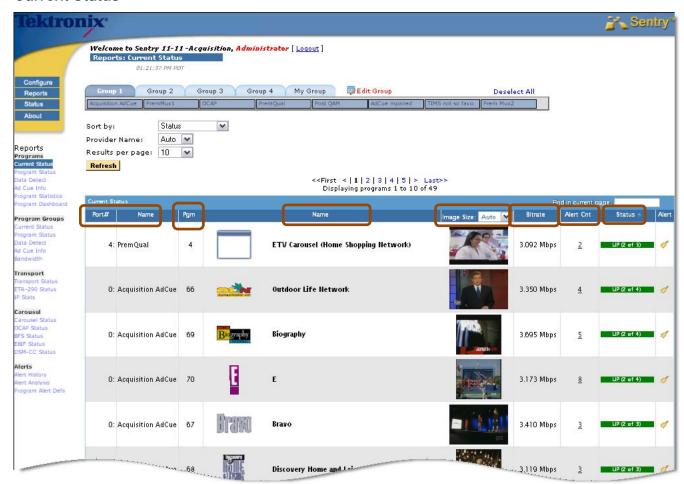


Figure 12: Current Status Snapshot Report

The main components of the Current Status report are:

#### ■ Port # and Name

The number and name of the input port receiving the data

#### ■ Pgm (Program Number)

The program number that was derived from monitoring the transport stream.

#### Name

Refers to the program provider icon and name, derived according to the **Provider Name** selection (refer to **Configuring the Provider Name**). If Sentry cannot determine the provider, a placeholder will be inserted, e.g., **Not Available**. The user can also manually associate a network name and icon with a

program using Sentry's **Configuring Mappings**. XDS data consisting of the show name and rating is also displayed if it exists.

#### Thumbnails

Provides a current image of the selected program. Thumbnail size may be adjusted using the settings located directly in the column header.

### Current Bitrate

The current (last minute) bitrate of the program.

#### Alert Count

Shows the number of active alerts for each program.

#### Status

Shows **UP** (**Green**) if all PIDs in the program are getting data. If some but not all PIDs are getting data, the Status displays **UP** along with the number of up PIDs out of all PIDs, e.g., 2 of 4.

The **Status** will display **DOWN** (**Red**) if the bitrate for all PIDs is zero.

If there is no bandwidth information, Current Bitrate shows no bitrate data and the Status is DOWN.

NOTE: The only time that Sentry will not receive bandwidth data is when there is a Bandwidth Violation.

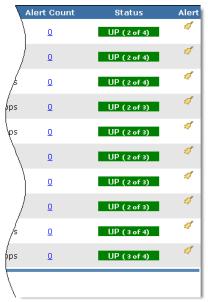


Figure 13: Status Column in Current Status

## Alert Icon

When selected will automatically display and configure the **Creating Program Alerts** page for the selected program (See: **Alerts**).

## To Filter the Ports on the Report

To narrow down the group of ports returned in the non-program group report, click **Edit Group**. The **Edit Group** display provides the following options:

### Show All Ports

Show all port available to system

## Show Active Port Only

Show only the ports that are actively monitoring input.

## **■** Filter on Selected VLANs

For Ethernet boxes licensed for VLAN support, filter on ports configured on a specific VLAN.

#### Select All

Select all only configured ports on this page only.

#### Remove All

Remove all selected ports

#### Cancel

Cancel action and go back to last page

## Apply and Exit

Apply changes and go back to last page

#### Save

Save changes and stay on this page

### 1. Select Edit Group.

57MHz	63MHz	69MHz	81MHz	87MHz	1/rmnz	TOSMUSE
201MHz	207MHz	213MHz	123MHz	129MHz	135MHz	141MHz
59MHz	165MHz	171MHz	219MHz	225MHz	231MHz	237MHz
55MHz	261MHz	267MHz	273MHz	279MHz	285MHz	291MHz
109MHz	315MHz	321MHz	327MHz			
309MHz age 1 Page	315MHz			279MHz	] 285MHz	

Figure 14: Editing a group

#### 2. Select **Ports** as needed.

Group 1					Locate:				
Show All Ports Filter on Selecte		Ports Only					Select All Remo	ove All	
Aquisition Ad Cue	Prem-Mux	Prem-Clean	Prem-Qual	Post QAM	Port 5	Port 6	Port 7	0	
Port 8	Port 9	Port-10	Port 11	Port-12	Port 13	Port-14	Port-15		

Figure 15: Editing a group (ports selected)

## 3. Select **Apply** and **Exit** when done.

# Filter Sentrys licensed with VLAN support

To filter on specific VLANs, select Filter on Selected VLANs and check the desired VLANs.

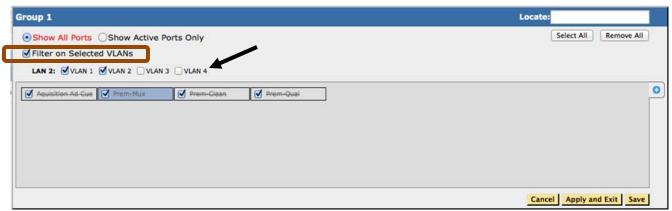


Figure 16: Editing a group

# **Program Status**

The **Program Status** report gives a configurable history of all MPEG programs and their PID contents.

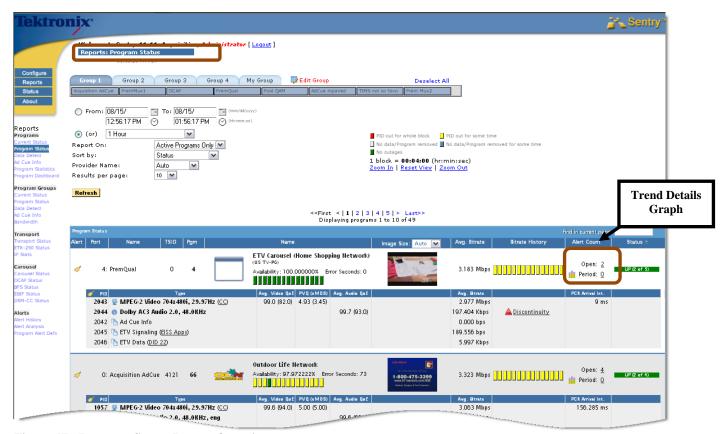


Figure 17: Program Status Report Overview

In addition to the same components seen in the Current Status Snapshot report (i.e., Alert, Port#: Name, Pgm, Name, XDS data), the Program Status report has the following additional components:

#### TSID

The **Transport Stream ID** derived from monitoring the stream.

#### Name:

Program Availability and Error Seconds for the selected time range is added to the Name field in Program Status. **Program Availability** is the number of non error seconds over total number of seconds for a specified time period. It is expressed as a percentage. **Error Seconds** is the number of seconds a program was unavailable as defined by the program availability definitions.

- Green indicates no errors
- Yellow indicates there was an error for some time
- **Red** indicates there was an error for the whole block

#### Avg. Bitrate

The program bitrate averaged over the time range shown in the **Current View**.

### Bitrate History

The PID data in the stream over the selected time range, shown as color-coded discrete blocks.

- Gray indicates no data
- Yellow indicates PID out for some time
- **Red** indicates PID out for whole block
- **Green** indicates no outages

#### Alert Count

Shows the amount of alerts that are open over a given period. Selecting the **Trend Detail Graph** will take you to **Alert Trends** if there are alerts for this program.

#### Status

Shows you if the program is up or down and if it is missing any PIDs.

#### ■ Video and Audio QoE

Shows the average and minimum scores for the specified time period.

#### PVO (eMOS)

Shows the average and minimum scores for the specified time period.

#### PCR PID Arrival Interval

Tells which PID is carrying PCR as well as the average arrival interval for a given time period.

### Program PID Detail

Shows each PID associated with the program: the PID number, type, data content, PID average bitrate and an indication whether and discontinuities, i.e., breaks in the sequence of MPEG transport packets detected by Sentry's continuity counter, have occurred.

# Discontinuity



The presence of discontinuities; the absence of any indication means no discontinuities.

• Three types of PID indicators will be drawn for **Video**, **Audio** and **Data PIDs**. An indication of **Copy Generation Management System** (**CGMS**), **Closed Caption** (**CC**), or scrambled (**Scrambled**) data follows the PID type if applicable and you can click on a data type to display the **Data Detect Report** for the program and the data type.



Figure 18: PID Types with details in bold

The **PID Type** descriptor displays the following:

- Video
- Video resolution
- Refresh rate
- Audio
- Audio Mode (2.0 = stereo . 1.0= mono, 5.1 = surround sound)
- Sample rate
- Language version

#### ASI Models

**The** ASI model Sentrys will display PCR arrival interval and minimum, average, and maximum jitter over the time range.

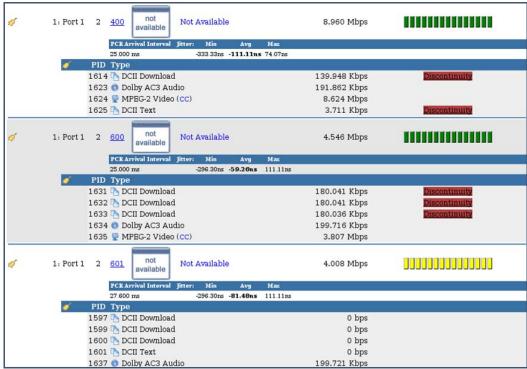


Figure 19: Program Status on an ASI Sentry

### Program Search and display

You may search any **Current Status** or **Program Status** page in Sentry using the search box located in the upper right corner of the table.

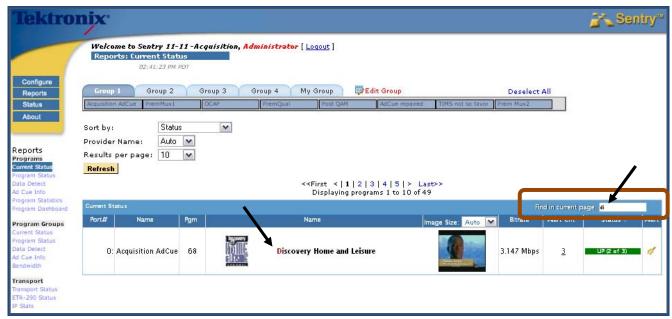


Figure 20: Program Search field. A search with "di" yields Discovery Home

The program search will search the current page based on what you enter into the field. You may enter either the program name, or the service name.

The program search will only search for what is currently displayed. For example, if you have 100 programs on the screen, but there are 137 programs overall, it will only search on the displayed 100 programs.

### To conduct a search:

**Program Search** is a <u>live search entry field</u> meaning you only have to type your request and the search will begin immediately. There is no need to hit return.

### Column Sort By arrows

All primary column headers in the **Program Status Report** data include a **Sort by** arrow that allows for easy sorting.

To activate, click on the desired column header once and the resulting screen will return the same page with the available arrows in the column header.

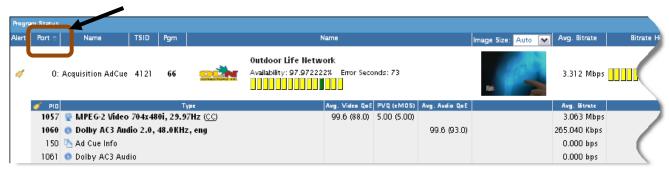


Figure 21: Column header Sort By arrows

# Bell Icon for Alert creation

When selected, the **Bell Icon** provides a drop-down menu of types of alerts that may be created for this program.



Figure 22: Alert Types drop-down menu

### Configure Report History

For historical reporting, the user is able to configure the time range of the report, either by choosing a **Current View** as in the **Program Status** report or by specifying a range of time as in **Program Detail**.

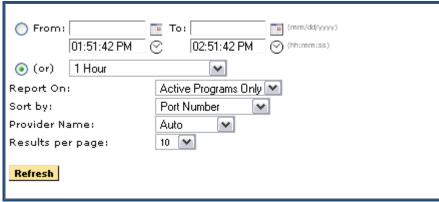


Figure 23: Selecting a Current View

To specify the exact date and time you want the report to start and exactly when you want it to stop:

- 1. Select From:/To:
- 2. To display the calendar, click on the calendar icon adjacent to the **From and To** boxes.
- 3. Select the date that you wish to start or stop on and type it in the appropriate field.
- **4.** Illegal dates such as **From** > **To** or future dates are prohibited and will be automatically reset to a legal state.
- **5.** The exception to this rule is the **Ad Cue** Info report where dates up to two weeks in the future are allowed.

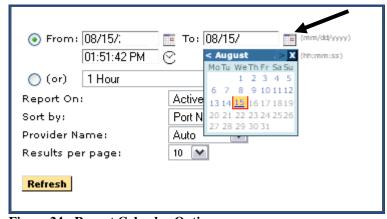


Figure 24: Report Calendar Option

To pick a specific time, either type in the time or click on the clock icon to bring up a clock entry dialog.

The minimum **From/To** interval is one minute. Entering an end time such that the time interval is less than one minute will reset the begin time to one minute before the end time.

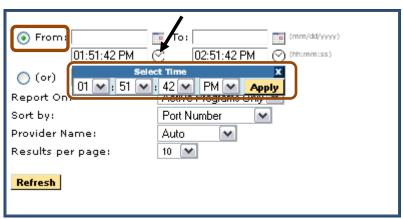


Figure 25: Report Clock Option

The pages that offer the **From:/To:** option also offer a drop-down option consisting of **Most Recent** and **Standard** selections.

Select the (or) radio button and click on the desired setting.
 For example, if you would like to see all activity for the last hour, you would select this menu item to display 1 Hour. The default time period is 1 hour.

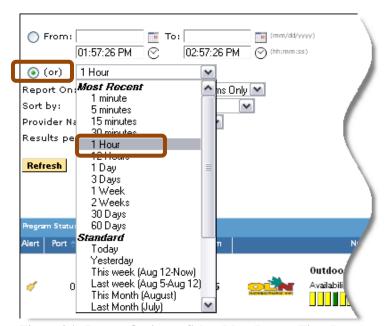


Figure 26: Report Option to Select Most Recent Time Range

- 2. Click the **Refresh** button to generate the report with the new configuration. You may see the message: **Generating Report**.
- **3.** For reports based on a most recent time period, real-time activity is included in the time period and will continually update as time passes.
- **4.** A time range set for a page will be preserved when the same page is selected again.

### Configure Provider Name

The **Current Status** and **Program Status** reports allow you to select the source of the program provider, using the **Provider Name** drop-down list. The list contains: **Auto, XDS, SDT** (if the data exists) and **Mapping**.

If **Auto** is selected (the default), then the provider name and icon are determined by the following logic:

- If a **Program-Provider** mapping exists, display the mapping. (see **Configure Mappings**).
- If any PID on the program has a BFS source, display the BFS name and icon.
- If the program has XDS data, use the XDS provider name (or show name if there is no provider name) to compare with mappings defined in the system.
- If there is an exact match, display the XDS provider name and icon.
- If there is a partial match, display the XDS provider icon only.
- If there is no XDS data and SDT data exists, then use the SDT service name to determine the provider name according to the above logic for XDS data.
- If XDS or SDT is selected from the drop-down Provider Name list, then only the XDS or SDT, data is used to determine the provider. SDT will appear in the list only if there is SDT data.

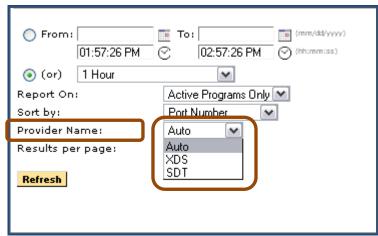


Figure 27: Auto Provider Name Selected (Default)

The **Mapping** method will ignore XDS and SDT data and just show any name mapped on the Program Mappings page.

# Other Configurable Items

Other configurable items include the ability to sort and to select the number of results displayed per page.

1. Select the sorting options from the **Sort by** drop-down menu. There are a number of different items to sort from including **Video** and **Audio QoE**, **PVQ**, **Bitrate**, **Availability** or **Error Seconds**.

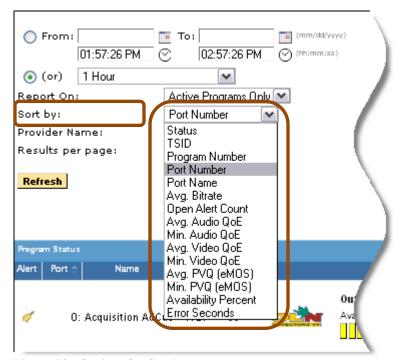


Figure 28: Options for Sorting

- 2. Select the results displayed per page from the **Results** per page drop-down menu.
- 3. Click **Refresh** to activate the selection.

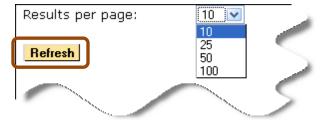


Figure 29: Selecting Results per Page

A report can also be sorted by clicking on a column header. A report that has a **Sort by** drop-down menu will sort ascending only.

A page that supports sorting by clicking on a column header only will toggle between ascending and descending.

# Program Bandwidth Graph

The **Program Bandwidth Graph** is a function of Sentry available through the **Program Details** screen. Within this window, users may monitor specific details for a selected program and may create a detailed graph in order to view the following areas:

#### Bandwidth Details

Shows the bitrates over a period of time for the selected service

### Discontinuity Details

Shows the discontinuities for the selected service as well as PID counts

#### Alert Details

Shows the results of any previously set alerts

# **Program Details Screen**

# Access Program Details

From the Sentry welcome screen, choose the program you wish to view **Program Details** for by selecting its logo or program name from the **Displaying Programs** list. For this example, we selected the logo for **Outdoor Life Network.** 

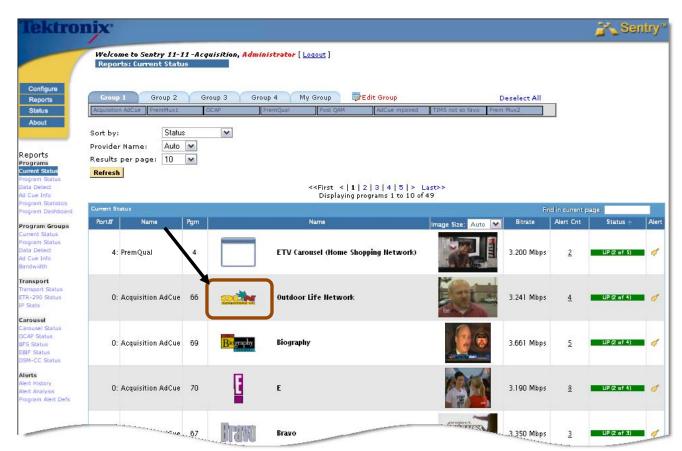


Figure 30: Selecting a program

From the **Program Details** screen, the user may view many of the details that:

- a. Assist in assessing the health of the selected program
- **b.** Assist in basic troubleshooting

The **Program Details** screen starts with information about the Port and PID at the top and allows for viewing details for **Bitrate**, **Quality of Experience**, **Audio Volume Level**, **Discontinuity** and **Alerts** at the bottom of the page.

Starting at the **Date/Time** selection field, select the time frame you wish to view.

From this point, the user may view the information regarding discontinuities on the port.

NOTE: The History graph is color coded using the Color Code Key in the upper right hand section of the screen.

In the example below, the yellow graph indicates that the PID has been out for some time.

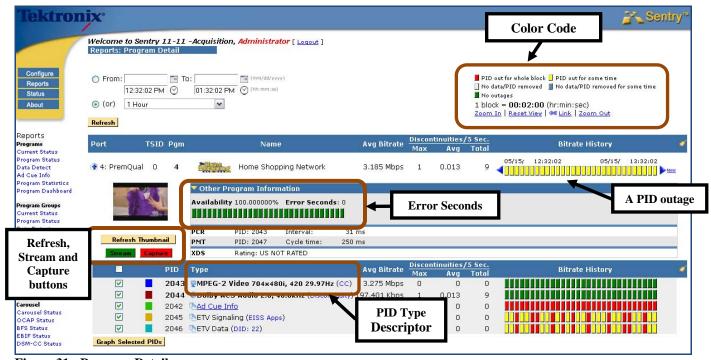


Figure 31: Program Details screen

### Color Key

Shows the color legend for screen

#### Error Seconds

Error Seconds is a user customizable set of parameters used to define when a given program is available or not

Once set, whenever these parameters are exceeded a clock is started for that program and that amount of time is represented as **Error Seconds**. It is calculated and displayed as an **Availability** percentage.

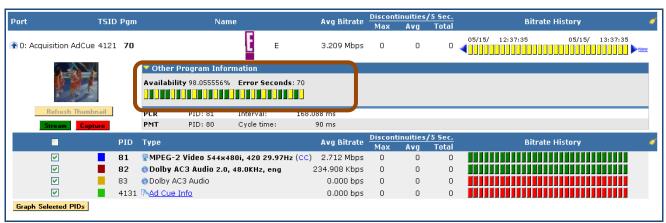


Figure 32: Error Seconds from the Program Detail screen



Figure 33: Error Seconds in all other locations

### PID Type descriptor

Displays the following (if available):

- Video:
  - Video resolution
  - Refresh rate
- Audio
  - Audio Mode (1.0 = mono . 2.0 = stereo,, 5.1 = surround sound)
  - Sample rate
  - Language descriptor
    - o The Sentry will display the language descriptor exactly as described in the stream.

In the next table, the user can see the specifics of each PID on the given port. In the example, the MPEG 2 video and one channel of the Dolby AC3 audio were in good shape (**Green**) while the **Ad Cue** info and second Dolby channel where out for the whole block (**Red**).

To view a graph for the bitrate over a given amount of time for the PID, select the **Graph Selected PIDs** button located below the **Port** and **PID** information.

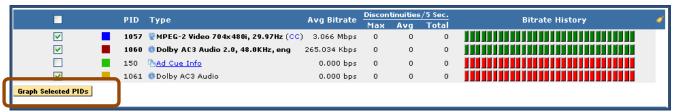


Figure 34: Graph Selected PIDs

The resulting graph will look similar to the one below.

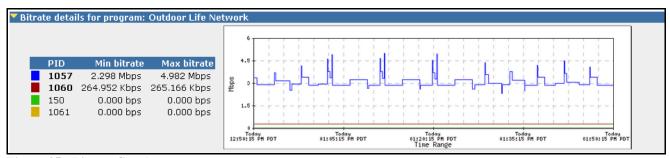


Figure 35: Bitrate Graph

#### Refresh Thumbnail

Manually refreshes current thumbnail.

#### Capture button

Captures stream. Collects same information as Triggered By User button. (See Configure Stream Captures).

#### Stream button

The **Stream** button opens a separate dialog box that allows you to configure where to send the UDP unicast. The network path has to allow UDP unicasts from the Sentry and the receiving computer/device. You may also have to open the specified port in your computer's firewall.

### Configure VLC to receive stream to view content

For an additional viewing option Video LAN Client (VLC) is a free player for files and streaming protocols. Installing VLC on a computer allows you to receive the **Stream to View**. This is an optional viewing utility.

- 1. Download and install VLC.
- 2. Open VLC.
- 3. Browse to Media> Open Network Stream.
- **4.** Enter the following into the address box for the network URL: Udp://@:<port to stream to> where <port to stream to is a number between 1024 and 65535>.

In the example below, 8000 is used

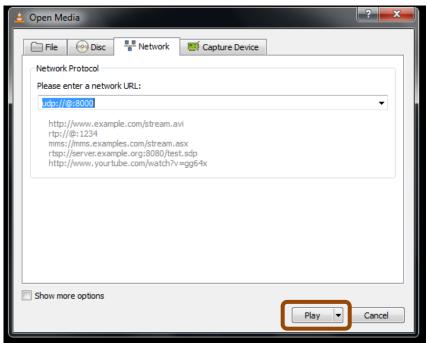


Figure 36: VLC Install

- 5. Click Play.
- 6. From the Program Detail Report, click on the Stream button.
- 7. Enter in your computer's IP address and desired UDP port (such as 8000) in the IP address field.
- **8.** Choose the duration of stream.

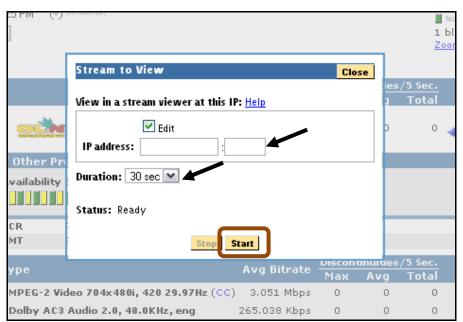


Figure 37: Stream to View parameters

#### 9. Click Start

**10.** You should now see the stream appear in VLC.

# Detailed Graph View

To see more detail on the graph, click on the graph itself and draw a box around the area you wish to view.

The graph will then reload and display a more detailed view of selected time frame. In the example below, we selected a **Time Range** between 10:07 AM and 10:17 AM and the resulting graph went from a span of activity covering a 15 minute span to a graph showing activity for every 10 seconds.

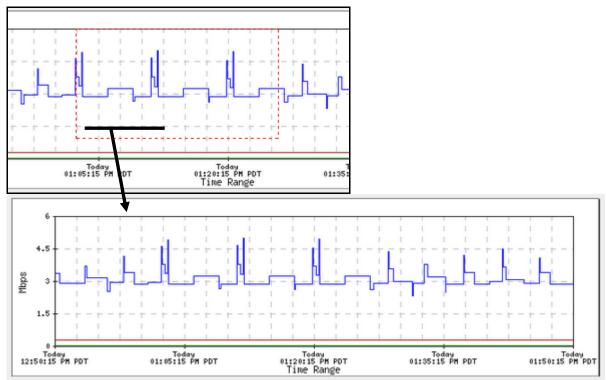


Figure 38: Selecting a section for a detailed view

NOTE: To return to the original graph, select Reset View from the top right of the screen.

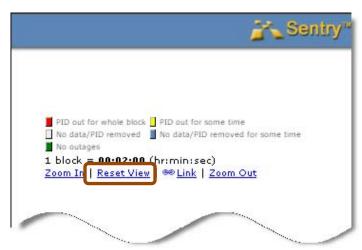


Figure 39: Reset the graph to its original view

# Other Program information

# Program Availability

**Program Availability** is the number of non error seconds over total number of seconds for a specified time period. It is expressed as a percentage.

#### **Other Program Information**

- PCR Program Clock Reference,
- PMT programs Map Table
- IDR Instantaneous Decoder Refresh
- EBP Encoder Boundary Point
- SDT Service Description Table
- XDS Extended Data Services

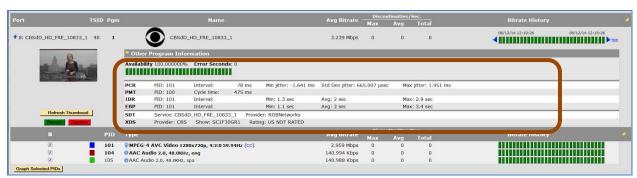


Figure 40: Program Availability and Other Program Information

To configure **Program Availability** definitions, please see the **Configuring Program Availability Definitions** section of this manual.

### Quality of Experience Details

The **Quality of Experience (QoE)** details allow the user the unique option to assess a smart approximation of the frustration level of an average viewer. This approximation pretends that an average viewer is watching a certain channel while holding a dial that indicates how much he likes or dislikes the quality of the picture he is watching (with 100 being the best score and 0 being the worst). When the quality of the picture is good, he will leave the dial alone at the 100 setting.

However, should an event such as tiling, freezing, macro-blocking, etc, affect the quality of his viewing experience, he will turn down the dial. The fictional viewer will keep the dial turned down for a short time past when the picture recovers until his confidence starts to recover. As his confidence returns, he will slowly return the dial to the top setting.

The **QoE** score is decided by:

- Analyzing where on the screen the picture degraded
- How large of a problem it is
- How frequently it occurs

The event is noted, analyzed and reported on the **Quality of Experience Details** screen.





Figure 41: Examples of Major tiling/long duration . . . and Minor Tiling/short duration

#### Access the OoF Details

- 1. Select the logo/name of the desired program from any Sentry page.
- 2. This will take you directly to the **Program Details** screen.
- 3. Expand the Quality of Experience Details region by clicking on the appropriate arrow.

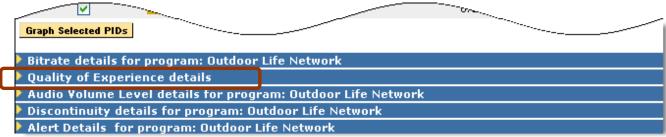


Figure 42: Expanding the QoE region

The graph is shown in real-time, though it does not represent regular intervals.

NOTE: Colors that appear at the beginning of a graph will remain that particular color throughout.

For example a video PID that has a blue label on detail section will also appear as blue in the subsequent detailed graphs. A red labeled PID would stay red.

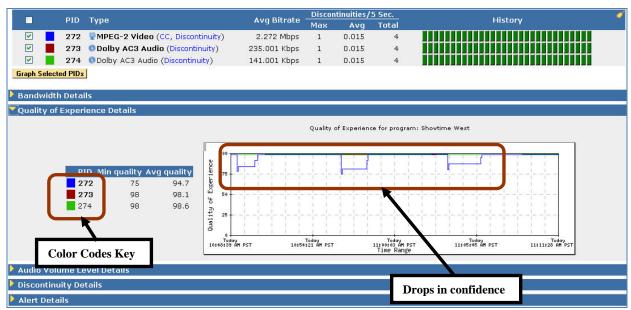


Figure 43: Expanded Quality of Details Region Graphing a blue coded 272 PID

### Average Video QoE from the Program Status Page

The **Average QoE** score may also viewed from the **Program Status** page. The score in the parenthesis is the minimum for the time frame specified at the top of the report.

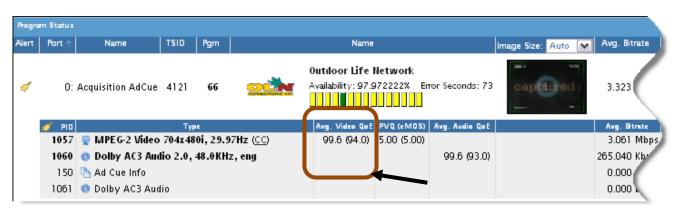


Figure 44: Average Video QoE column

# Scoring QoE

The **Minimum** and **Average Quality Numbers** indicate a particular time frame the user is looking at.

The Average Video and Audio QoE scores can also be found on the Program Status report.

In this example, the graph shows three incidences of a **Quality of Experience** drop.

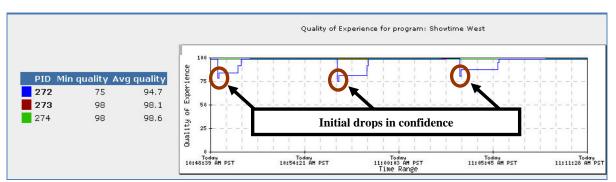


Figure 45: Quality of Experience Graph showing the initial drops in confidence

In this example, you can see the initial drop in the video QoE score followed by a flat spot. The flat spot represents the lowered confidence that the customer is experiencing due to the initial drop. These flat sections are not necessarily a continuing issue but rather represent a confidence drop for the average viewer.

Once the initial impacting event has cleared and the customer's confidence is restored, the QoE score will slowly increase.

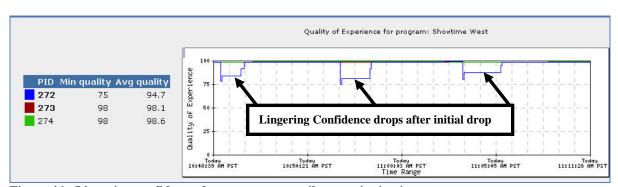


Figure 46: Lingering confidence drops, not necessarily a continuing issue

In addition to displaying the QOE scores, Sentry also reports the reason(s) why the QOE scores went down. The QoE reason codes are shown directly below the QoE graph and correspond to the beginning of the QoE drop.

For example, if the QoE score is 0 for a period of 1 minute and the reason code is **Video Syntax Error**, the reason code is shown as a bar at the beginning of the 1 minute period.

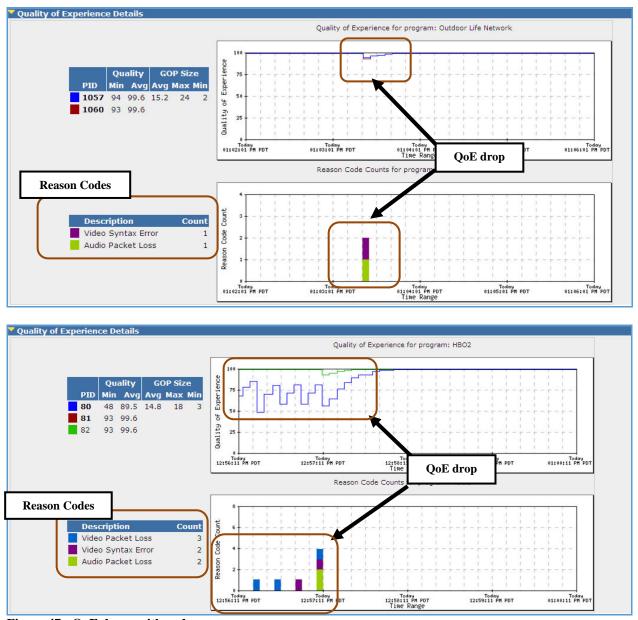


Figure 47: QoE drops with codes

Reason codes are also added to the **SNMP QOE** alert notifications.

# Reason Codes Definitions

Reason Code	Definition
Audio Buffer	Buffer timing violation causing buffer overrun and is greater than or
Overrun	equal to 100ms.
Audio Buffer	Buffer timing violation causing buffer underrun is equal to 0 seconds,
Underrun	meaning that the buffer is empty.
Audio Packet Loss	When there are CC errors or incomplete audio frames are received, but the dropout is small (less than 200 msec)
Audio PID Dropout	When there is a dropout (may or may not be accompanied by a CC error) and dropout duration greater than 200 msec.
Audio Syntax Error	When there are no CC errors but there is an error in audio frame decode.
eMOS(PVQ)	Generates an alert when the PVQ drop more than 20% in 5 seconds.  This is not coupled with any particular QOE event or alert.
Missing Video Slice	Slice start code missing.
Port dropout	When there is a transport dropout of at least 5 seconds.
Unexpected Video Header	The video header was an unexpected value.
Video Packet Loss	There are CC errors but the dropout is small (i.e., duration of dropout is less than 200 msec.)
Video Buffer Overrun	A video frame's DTS value was > 3 seconds for MPEG-2 or > 5 seconds for H.264 behind the current PCR resulting in a decode buffer overrun.
Video Buffer	A video frame's DTS value was >= the current PCR resulting in a
Underrun	(decode) buffer underrun.
Video PID Dropout	When there is a dropout (may or may not be accompanied by a CC error) and the dropout duration is longer than greater than 200 msec.
	A CC error is not the only indication of a dropout. There can also be start
	code errors in video or incomplete audio frames due to dropout. If the
	duration of dropout is long, it qualifies for the PID dropout reason code.
Video Syntax Error	An unexpected state occurred while decoding video slice data.

NOTE: A CC error will never generate a reason code of Syntax Error because cc errors clearly indicate data loss. It will generate either Packet Loss or PID Dropout reason codes.

# Perceptual Video Quality (eMOS)

Sentry offers **PVQ** (or effective eMOS) and **Video QoE** as two separate alerting and reporting systems. This gives you the ability to evaluate compression artifacts separately from video errors. In this case, independent to the configuration to include or to exclude eMOS contribution in video QoE, the user can always evaluate eMOS as a distinct metric and as one of the key performance and quality indicators.



Figure 48: Perceptual Value Quality(eMOS) drops

There are two primary uses for video quality monitoring:

#### Real time alerting:

Use combined video QoE + eMOS to generate real time alerts when the score drops to a certain level for a period of time (e.g., below 75 for more than 10 seconds) or for a certain number of times in a duration (e.g., below 75 for 5 times in one minute), so operators can fix the problem before a large number of viewers are impacted.

Generate comprehensive KPI reports for uptime and quality levels over time Use Sentry Program Statistics (non-alert based) report for quantitative analysis. Use Sentry Alert Analysis (user sets alerts) for qualitative analysis.

# **Over-compression Artifacts**

Unlike macro-blocking, which is caused by errors, over-compression artifacts can take place when the video has no errors in the payload and the picture can be structured correctly for the screen. However, the picture quality seems degraded to the viewers.

This often takes place in clips involving high motion and complex scenes when there are not enough bits available in the compressed video to clearly present necessary details needed to deliver a high quality picture.

Sentry can accurately detect these non-error-related video artifacts and score them as PVQ (or eMOS), which ranks video quality in a similar way as a **Mean Opinion Score** (MOS). eMOS can be used (in the case when there are no technical errors in the transport stream) to measure perceptual video quality in the compressed stream.

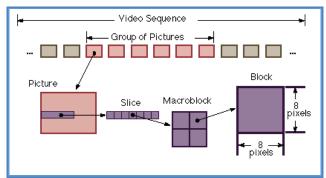


Figure 49: GOP, Picture, Slice, and Macroblock

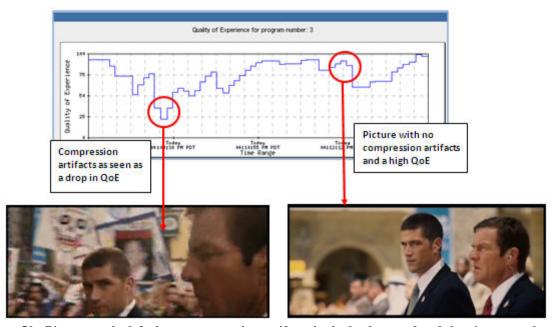


Figure 50: Picture on the left shows compression artifacts in the background and the picture on the right shows clear of compression artifacts.

# Group of Pictures (GOP) Length Reporting (Group of Pictures)

The GOP (Group of Pictures) Size table displays the Average, Maximum, and Minimum GOP size for the specified time period.

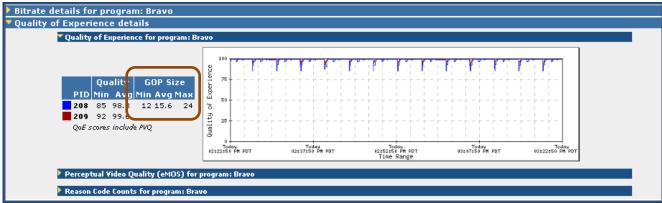


Figure 51: GOP display

### **Audio Volume Level Details**

**Audio Volume Level Details** allows you to track problems within the actual audio stream, or audio PID. This monitoring and report feature allows the user to address the common problem that exists with varying volume levels on different channels (evident when the viewer changes channels) or during commercial inserts. Sentry will monitor and report this problem so it can be adjusted by the operator.

This function differs from Sentry's **Audio Quality of Experience** in that each one measures different qualities.

# Functionality

Sentry decodes and analyzes the audio stream in order to determine the true energy level so it can detect issues such as low perceived level. Sentry also reads the Dialnorm that has been encoded in the metadata. The resulting graph is a good representation of how the human ear will perceive the audio with respect to where the Dialnorm is set to.

NOTE: The value of the Dialnorm in a bit stream should indicate the level of the average spoken conversation within the encoded audio program.

Audio loudness measurement is supported on the following audio codecs:

- AC3
- E-AC3 (Dolby Digital Plus)
- AAC
- HE-AAC v1 and v2
- MPEG-2

#### Access Audio Level Details

- 1. Select the logo/name of the desired program from any Sentry page.
- 2. This will take you directly to the **Program Details** screen.
- 3. Expand the Audio Volume Level Details region by clicking on the appropriate arrow.

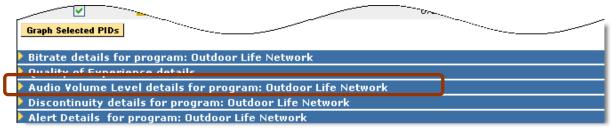


Figure 52: Expanding the Audio Volume Level Details region

## Graphing

A graph of the primary PID will be generated by default, although either PID can be selected for graphing.

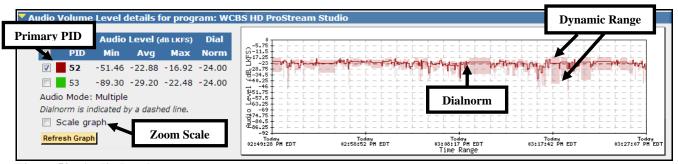


Figure 53: Audio Levels

#### Dashed line

Represents the **Dialnorm** level that is specified in this audio stream.

#### Solid line

Represents the weighted average audio level.

#### Shaded area

While the audio is measured on a continuous basis, the minimum and maximum points are not continuously displayed. This makes the graph clearer and easier to read.

The shaded areas are not markers of time, but rather markers of the minimum and maximum audio levels.

In the example below, the average audio level is much lower than the specified **Dialnorm** for this stream. To the audience, the audio would be perceived to be quieter than it should be.

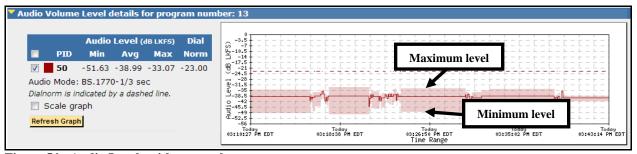


Figure 54: Audio Levels with poor volume

# **Thumbnail Timeline**

**Thumbnail Timeline** captures thumbnail images to help visually confirm the relative location of audio issues (i.e., during programming or commercials). This function supports both MPEG-2 and H.264 thumbnails.



Figure 555: Thumbnail Timeline

# **Discontinuity Details**

**Discontinuity** is defined by a missing or out of sequence MPEG packet. Discontinuities can result in various levels of audio and video problems depending on the number and frequency of occurrence.

The **Discontinuity Detail** graph allows you to view the number of discontinuities over time. You can use this information to troubleshoot or look for large patterns or spikes of discontinuities.

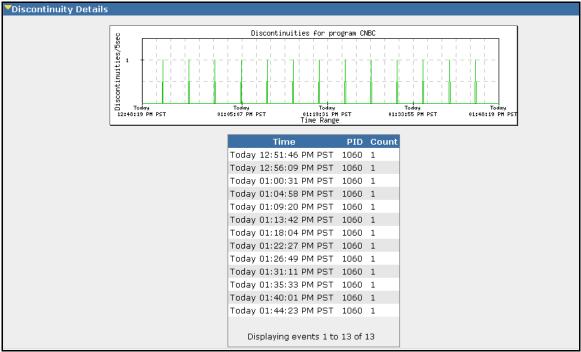


Figure 56: Discontinuity Graph and table

### **Alert Details**

**Alert Details** has two different views that the user may select from the drop-down menu: open alerts and all alerts triggered in a time frame.

**Open alerts** shows the user the current active alerts for this program.

In this example, a **No alerts** have been triggered message is returned.



Figure 57: Alert Details with no triggered alerts

To see all alerts instead of just the open alerts, select all alerts triggered in time frame from the drop-down menu. This view shows you all of the alerts, either active or cleared, in the time frame specified at the top of the page.

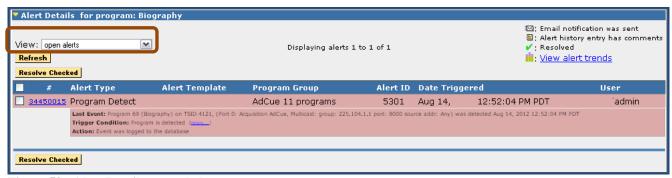


Figure 58: Alert Details expanded

# **PCR Details**

To access detailed information about a program's PCR PID, click on the **PCR** link on the program detail report.



Figure 59: Program Detail report

The PCR Details page will show summary values and detailed graph for the following PCR statistics:

- PCR Drift
- PCR Frequency Offset
- PCR Jitter
- PCR Cycletime



Figure 60: PCR Details page

As with all graphs, you can zoom in on any graph to narrow your time range. Just click on the graph where you want to start, hold the mouse down, drag to where you want to end and release the mouse.

#### **Sentry User Manual**

### Other helpful operations:

- Click the **Zoom In** link to look at a shorter time window.
- Click the **Reset View** link to return to the report's original timeframe.
- Click the **Link** link to modify the report URL to show the current timeframe that you are viewing. When zooming in on the graph the report URL does not change, so this option is helpful if you want to copy and paste the URL into a message or an email.
- Click the **Zoom Out** link to look at a longer time window.

# **Data Detect**

The **Data Detect** report is a detailed report on specific content within the MPEG transport stream.

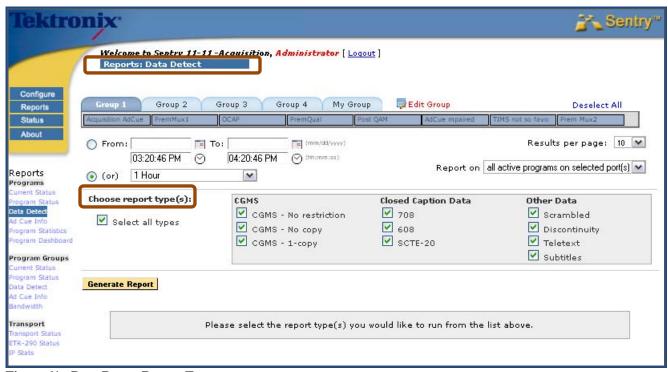


Figure 61: Data Detect Report Types

# **Report Types**

### Copy Generation Management System (CGMS)

Check one or more of the boxes to see if CGMS embedded data is or is not present in the video PID. As defined in EIA/CEA-608-B, CGMS provides a mechanism for content creators to inform a consumer electronic device, such as a personal video recorder (PVR), advanced set top receiver, etc., as to whether the content may be stored or copied. There are three different modes for this data type.

#### No Restriction

Any video stream can be copied to any device. In the case of a VCR connected to the output of a PVR or TiVo device, any stored video files can be copied to a VCR tape.

#### No Copy

No video stream can be copied to any device. In the case of a VCR connected to the output of a PVR or TiVo device, no stored video files can be copied to a VCR tape.

#### **■** 1 Copy

A video stream be copied to any device only once. In the case of a VCR connected to the output of a PVR or TiVo device, any stored video files can be copied only once to a VCR tape.

#### Closed Caption Data

From this report, you can select **CEA-608**, **CEA-708**, and **SCTE-20 Closed Captioning** reporting, in addition to the existing **Closed Captioning** options. You can also configure new **Program Alerts** to monitor and report occupancy and error rates for these standards.

#### **608**

Refers to the specification EIA/CEA-608-B for encoding data into NTSC video on video line 21. This is the traditional location for closed captioning, XDS (e.g., program names, v-chip), and analog interactive television triggers.

#### **708**

Refers to the specification CEA-708 "Digital Television DTV Closed Captioning", also known as ATSC/53 captioning. Most DTV/ (including HDTV) programming that includes closed captioning uses this standard. Many programs that are converted from NTSC to HDTV have both 608 and 708 data embedded simultaneously.

#### ■ SCTE-20

Refers to the specification ANSI/SCTE-20 for carriage or embedding of Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) services into MPEG compliant bitstreams. This method is favored by North American cable operators to encode traditional VBI line-21 (EIA-608) closed captioning into digital cable MPEG bitstreams.

To view the **Closed Captioning** errors, hover your mouse pointer over any orange or red block for more information.

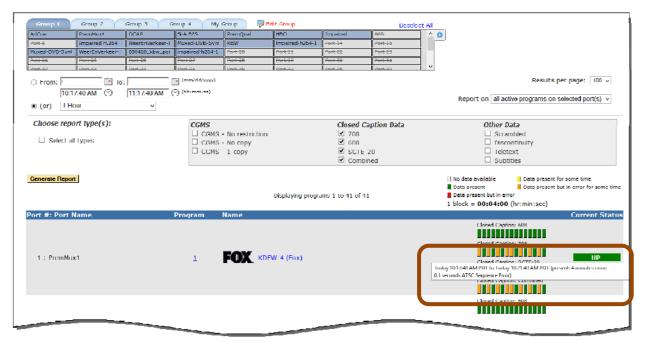


Figure 62: Hover your pointer over any orange or red block to see the closed caption errors

### Other Data

#### Scrambled

Indicates the presence of scrambled (i.e., encrypted) MPEG transport packets as described in ISO/IEC 13818-1. There are multiple indicators within a transport stream that instruct down-stream equipment to scramble the stream; however, this indicator reflects whether the transport packets actually are scrambled or not.

### Discontinuity

Indicates a break in the sequence of MPEG transport packets for a particular PID. Dropped packets or a hard splice will generally result in discontinuities being indicated. Dropped packets can sometimes result in poor video or audio quality.

#### Teletext

Refers to a television information retrieval service developed in the United Kingdom. It offers a range of text-based information, typically including national, international and sporting news, weather and TV schedules.

### Subtitles

Refers to closed-captioning data that is transmitted in the teletext signal.

# Generate a Report

The **Data Detect** report displays a status key to display the detection of **Closed Captioning** errors, in addition to the current tiles indicating the detection of **Closed Caption** data. It also supports reporting the percentage of invalid and partially invalid **Closed Captioning** data.

1. After choosing the report type, select **Generate Report** to view the report based on the criteria you have selected.

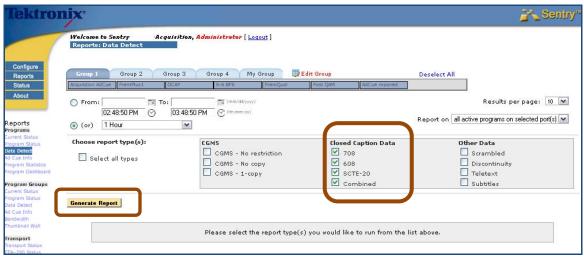


Figure 63: Data Detect Report

2. From screen you can see the status key and the closed captioning status.

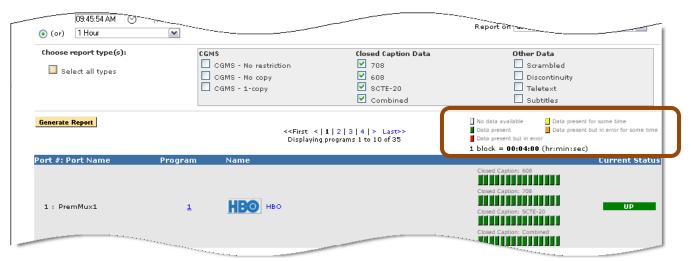


Figure 64: Data Detect Report

3. From the **Data Detect** report you can click on a **Program** number a view the **Program Detail View**.

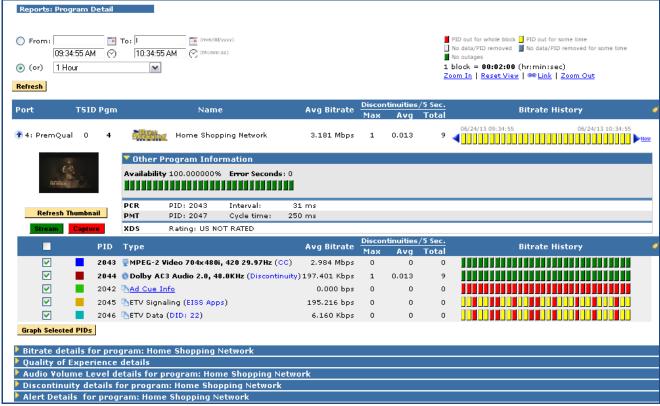


Figure 65: Program Detail from the Data Detect Report

- 4. A **Data Detect Report** can also be generated for one program only from the **Program Status** page or the **Program Detail** page by clicking on a link that represents one of the **Data Detect** report types, i.e., **CC**, **CGMS**, and **Discontinuity**.
- 5. The **Data Detect** report is automatically generated for the selected program and the selected report type. Other report types can be generated for the selected program by choosing the report type and clicking **Generate Report**.

# Ad Cue Info (Digital Ad Insertion)

With the advent of digital ad insertion, it has become difficult for both cable operators and the vendors of digital ad insertion equipment to verify that specific ads have actually run as contracted.

Ad insertion systems separate splicing commands from the input transport stream, switch between the network feed and the local ad server, and provide signaling and coordination. Using the SCTE 35 splice format identifier values, Sentry is able to monitor the commands that are being sent to the ad insertion device. These values include:

- Splice insert
- Splice null
- Splice schedule
- Time signal
- Bandwidth reservation
- Reserved
- Private commands

## Access Ad Cue Info

1. To view the commands that Sentry monitors, select **Reports** and then **Programs: Ad Cue Info** from the main page menu.



Figure 66: Ad cue Info menu

2. Next, select the time range of interest.

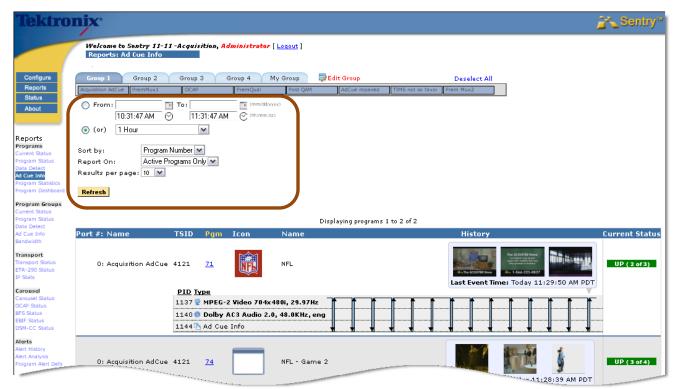


Figure 67: Ad Cue Info Welcome

- 3. Select the **Program Group** and **Sort By** options as needed
- **4.** Select **Refresh** to see the **Ad Cue** Info results.

NOTE: The Ad Cue Info report allows a time range up to two weeks in the future. This is the only report that allows future times!

# Reading the Ad Cue Info report

Sentry monitors the **Event IDs** for the ads that are sent to the ad insertion device. Matching the **Event IDs** with the ad log of the ad insertion device will verify that the ad was received but there is no guarantee that the ad actually ran.

If Sentry reporting shows that the video and audio in the transport had no problems at the time of the ad, then it is likely that the ad ran.

The **Ad Cue** Info reports displays the in points and the out points of the ad cue message that are used to signal the start and end of an insert and the **Event IDs** of the insert messages.

To drill down on the graph, select a portion with your mouse. Select **Reset View** to go back to the original graph.

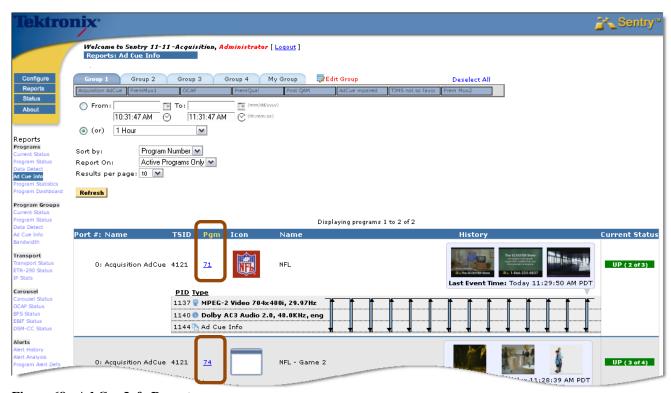


Figure 68: Ad Cue Info Report

Click on a program link in the **Pgm** column to view the details for the ads of the selected programs.

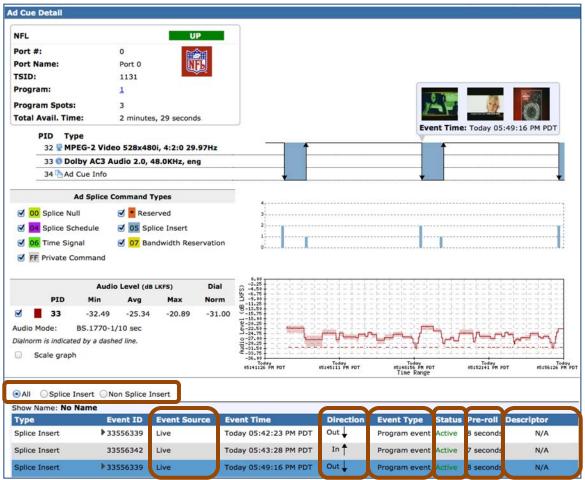


Figure 69: Ad Cue Info Detail Report

## **Type**

The radio buttons directly above **Type** allow you to choose whether you want to see all command types, **Splice Insert Only**, or **Non-Splice Insert Only**.

### **Event ID**

Hover your mouse over the graphical display of an ad insertion point and a popup window will show up with the **Event ID**, the direction of the splice message, and the time that it occurred.

#### **Event Source**

The **Event Source** indicates how the ad cue was inserted into the stream. It is only relevant for **Splice Insert Event**. Such events will be one of the following:

- Original: Cue embedded in original source material
- Automation: Cue created by automation system switching
- Live: Cue created by live event trigger system
- **Local:** Cue created by local content replacement system

### **Sentry User Manual**

### Direction

Indicates if the splice message is running **In** or **Out**.

### **Event Type**

Ads are either component (PID Event) or composite (Program Event).

- A composite ad interrupts the program's audio and video (**Event Type = Program Event**).
- A component ad interrupts one or more but not all of the PIDs in a program (**Event Type = PID Event**).

#### Status

The **Status** of an ad cue splice insert is either **Active**, indicating that it was valid when it ran, or **Obsolete**, indicating that it was replaced by another event before it ran.

#### Pre-roll

For splice insert events, the amount of time between the sending of the event and the actual running of the ad.

# **Descriptor**

Each ad splice command might contain additional descriptor information that carries additional data about the specific command. When descriptor information is present for a command, the **Descriptor** column will have a **View** link. Hover over that link to see the descriptor for that command.

# Ad Splice Command Types

The **Ad Splice Command Types** graph displays all of the command types that were sent. Each command may also contain descriptor information.

To view the descriptor information for a command type, hover over the appropriate bar on the graph.



Figure 70: Hover over bar graph for Descriptor Information

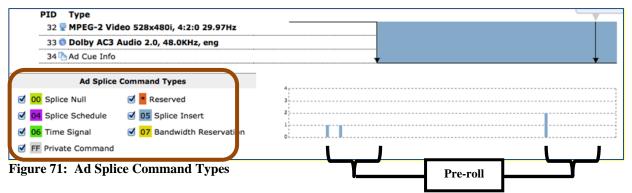
The resulting pop up is the **Descriptor** information for that command.

If there is more than one command of a given type shown by the bar, the descriptors for the first two commands will be displayed.

#### Drill down/Zoom In

To drill down on the graph, select the desired portion of the graph with your mouse by right clicking and dragging left to right. This will enable you to see the **Descriptor** information for any command.

You can also select which command types you would like to show on the graph by clicking the checkboxes on the legend.



The number of commands by type runs up and down on the graph and the number of days scrolls left to right.

If the blue bar represents more than two commands, the descriptor for ONLY the first 2 commands will be shown.

To see the **Descriptors** for the rest of the commands, you will need to zoom in on the graph.

The **Ad Splice Command Types** graph shows all commands as they were detected. For splice insert commands, this will generally be before the associated splice insert event (as indicated by the pre-roll time).

Viewing the two graphs together allows a visual display of the pre-roll time, in addition to commands that were subsequently overwritten by other commands.

#### Blackout Detection

If an **Ad Splice** command contains one or more blackout periods, a horizontal black bar will be displayed at the bottom of the graph for each blackout period.

You can see details of the command containing the blackout information by reviewing the command descriptors for the command at the start of the blackout period.

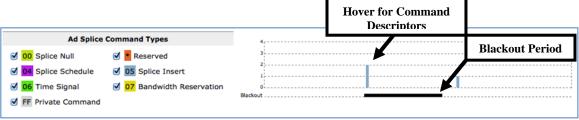


Figure 72: Blackout period and Command Descriptors

## Repeated commands

There are times during normal operation when the same **Ad splice** command is repeated over and over (as frequently as every second). Rather than cluttering the graph and overloading the system with each such occurrence, you will see a red \* (asterisk) underneath a bar on the **Ad Splice Command Types** graph.



Figure 73: Asterisk showing there are multiple occurrences of the same command

Hover over the vertical bar to review the descriptor information for that command. You will see the count of commands that Sentry is grouping into that single bar.



Figure 74: Descriptor information showing 12 occurrences of a command.

For repeated commands, the event count will also be displayed on the detailed table at the bottom of the report.



Figure 75: Multiple commands as shown in the report

# Audio Level Graph

The Audio Level graph can be used to see how the audio level changed during ad cue insertion.

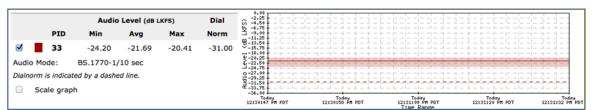


Figure 76: Audio Level Graph

# **Program Statistics (Report and Export)**

The **Program Statistics** report gives you non-alert based statistical data from your programs. You can use this information to observe trends over time for such items as audio volume levels, bit-rates, QoE scores, etc.

The **Program Statistics** page simplifies access to summary program data by providing a set of navigational tabs:

- Summary
  - Summary of saved reports.
- Create/Edit
  - Create and/or edit a report.
- History
  - Provides a history of the emails for scheduled reports.

## Access Program Statistics:

Select Reports and then Program Statistics.

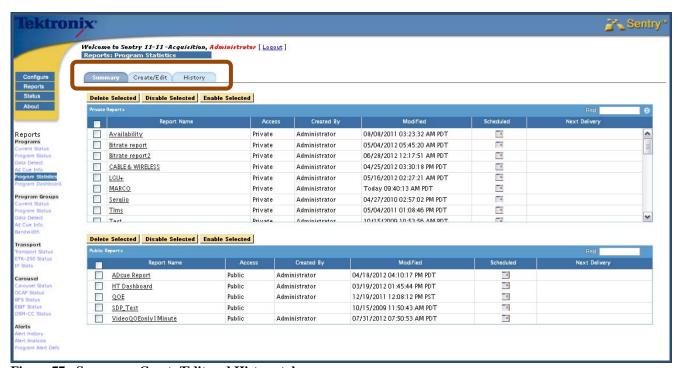


Figure 77: Summary, Create/Edit and History tabs

## **Tab View**

### **Summary tab**

Displays which reports have been created and saved.

- Private reports are only viewable from your login.
- Public reports are viewable to anyone who can log in.

#### Create/Edit tab

Allows you to generate the following data when creating or editing a report:

- Maximum and minimum and averages of video QOE, audio QOE and volume levels
- Totals for bitrate and discontinuities
- Maximum and minimum and averages of GOP length
- Maximum and minimum and averages of PVQ

# Create a Program Statistics Report

1. Select the Create/Edit tab.

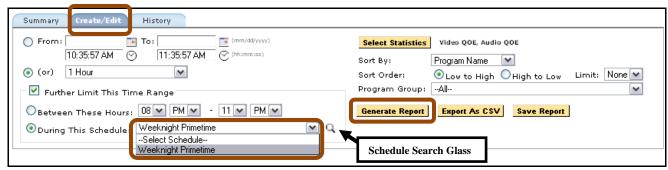


Figure 78: Generating a Statistics Report set up

- 2. Select your time frame.
  - a. You can further restrict the time range by selecting Further Limit This Time Range.
  - **b.** Select your desired schedule from the drop down menu. In this example we selected **Weeknight Primetime.**
  - c. Select the **Search Glass** to see the selected schedule. **See Configure Schedules** for information on how to create schedules.

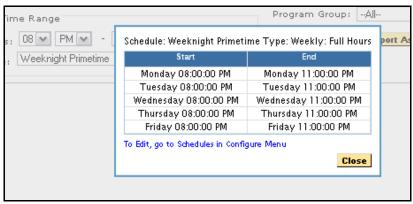


Figure 79: Weeknight Primetime schedule

- 3. Select the **Statistics** you want to view.
- **4.** Sort and limit as desired.

- 5. Select Generate Report.
- **6.** The **Displaying Program** box appears.
- 7. Review all data.
  - a. Select column header to sort data.

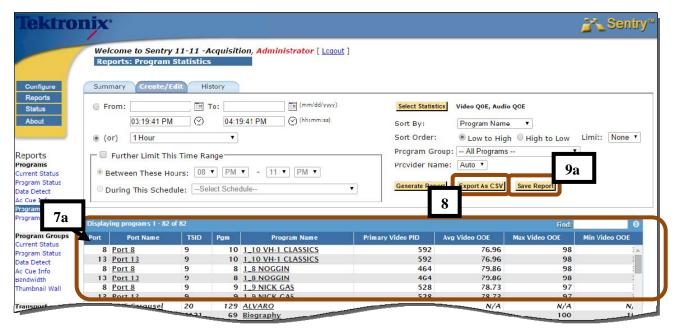


Figure 80: Exporting as CSV

- **8.** Selecting the **Export as CSV** button allows user to export visible data as a **CSV** (Comma Separated Value) file that you can put into a spreadsheet application for further analysis.
- **9.** When you are satisfied with the report output:
  - **a.** Select **Save Report.** The screen will reload to show the save options.
  - **b.** Name your **Report**.

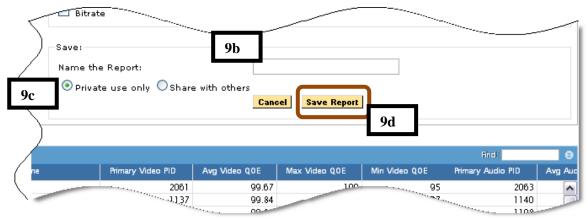


Figure 81: Saving the Report

- c. Choose Private use only or Share with others.
- d. Select Save.
- 10. Once you have saved the report, you can schedule it to run and automatically email you the results.
  - a. Select Schedule Report and follow steps as per Scheduling Email portions of this manual.

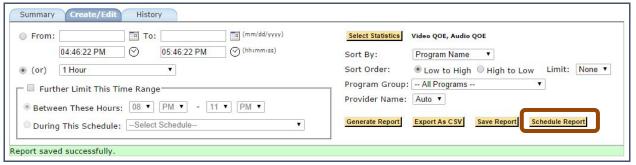


Figure 82: Scheduling the report

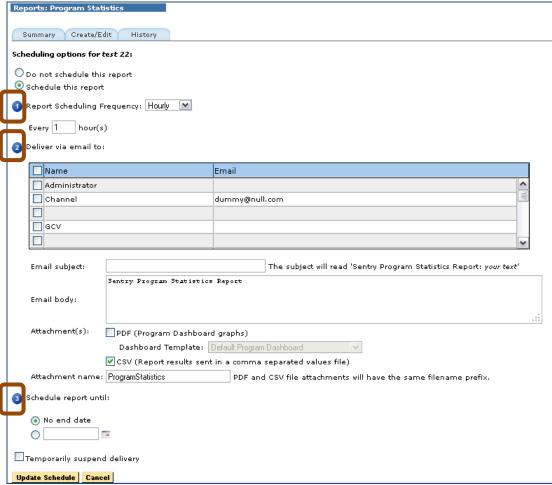


Figure 83: Scheduling steps

# **Sentry User Manual**

- 11. For Step 3, select who you want to email
- 12. Schedule how long you want the report to run.
- 13. Select Update Schedule when complete.

# History tab

**The History** tab shows you the history of the email for scheduled program statistic reports.

NOTE: The program stats CSV export includes the selected stop and start times (for the time period the user selected).

# **Port Statistics**

**Port Statisitics** provides non-alert data on a port level that allows you to see information on the transport bitrate and other releveant statistics.

# Summary tab

The **Summary tab** shows the list of **Public** and **Private** saved reports.



Figure 84: Port Statisitics

# **Create a Port Statistics Report**

- 1. Select the Create/Edit tab.
- **2.** Choose date/time frame for your report.
- 3. Select Statistics.



Figure 85: Setting the date or time range

- **4.** Choose any **Statisitics** you to include.
- 5. Select Accept.

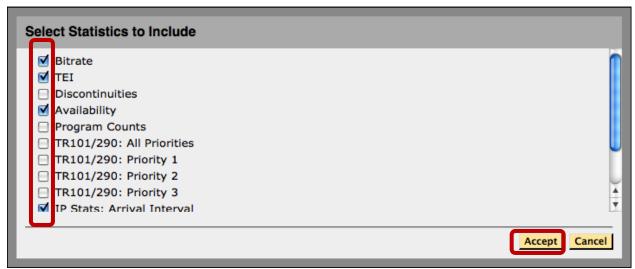


Figure 86: Secting the statistics to include

**6.** Select any other filter filters you wish to apply.

## 7. Select Generate Report.



Figure 87: Generate the report

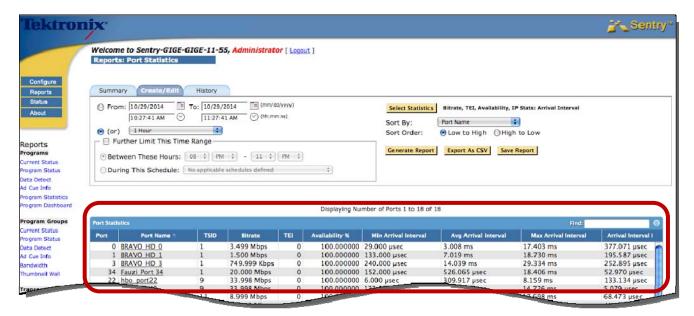


Figure 88: Port Statisitics displayed

# **Program Groups**

**Program Groups** allows you to customize any programs on Sentry as a group for convenient alert template application and for problem isolation. For example you can create **Program Groups** by their content type (music program group, HD program group) for applying the most appropriate type of alert. If Sentry is set up to monitor the same programs at different locations (e.g., acquisition vs. post multiplexing), you can create two program group respectively by different location for comparison and for problem isolation.

For more info on the **Program Status**, **Data Detect** and **Ad Cue Info** reports, see the respective sections in **Programs**.

# **Using Program Groups**

**Program Groups** have several additional functions once they have been created. Our example below, **Current Status**, is just one of the many reports that can be used.

1. From the **Reports** toolbar, select **Current Status** under the **Program Groups** header.

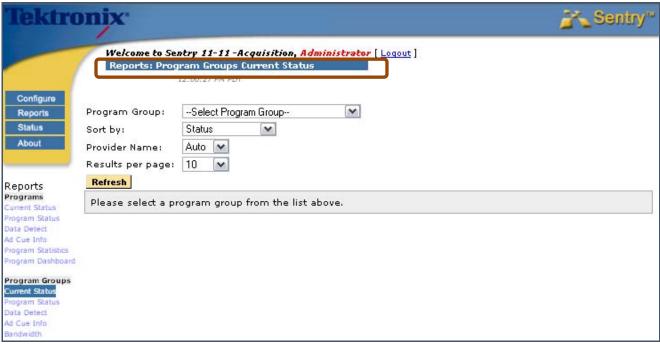


Figure 89: The Current Status Welcome page

2. Select a **Program Group** and then click the **Refresh** button.

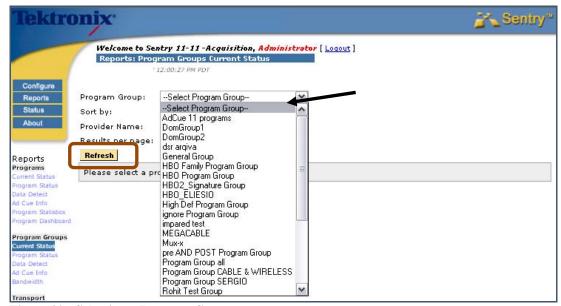


Figure 90: Selecting a Program Group

3. The programs that were in the selected group and its current status will populate in the bottom display.

## NOTE: You are not choosing a PORT at this point, you are choosing a PROGRAM.



Figure 91: Displaying the Program group

4. Repeat the steps as needed to use **Program Status**, **Data Detect** or **Ad Cue Info**.

# **Program Groups Bandwidth**

Program Groups Bandwidth provides a per program stacked bandwidth graph for a defined program group.

This report provides a visual understanding of overall transport bandwidth as well each individual program's bandwidth.

Examples for use would include:

- Planning for transports
- Examining existing transports

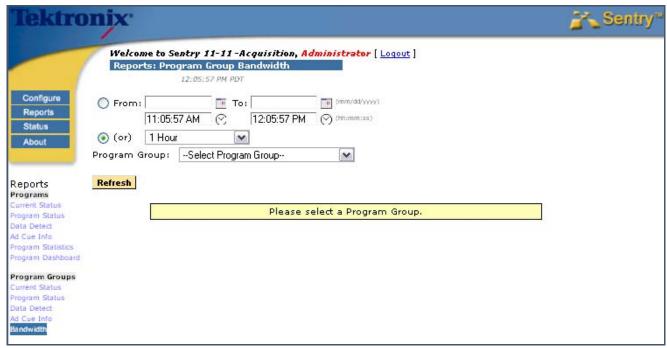


Figure 92: Program Group Bandwidth

# Access Program Groups Bandwidth

1. Select **Bandwidth** from the **Reports** menu.



Figure 93: Accessing Program Group Bandwidth

- 2. Choose your time frame
- **3.** Choose program group
- 4. Select Refresh.

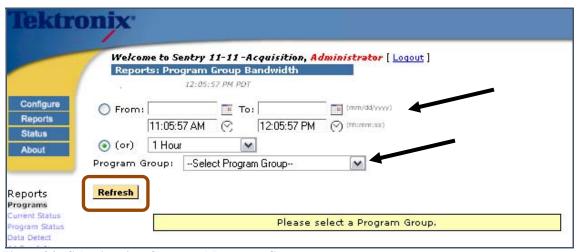


Figure 94: Selecting time frame and Program Group

In this example the transport streams bandwidth was graphed for one hour. You can see that some programs take more bandwidth than others.

The pink line (Program 75) is using more bandwidth than the olive green line (program 73).

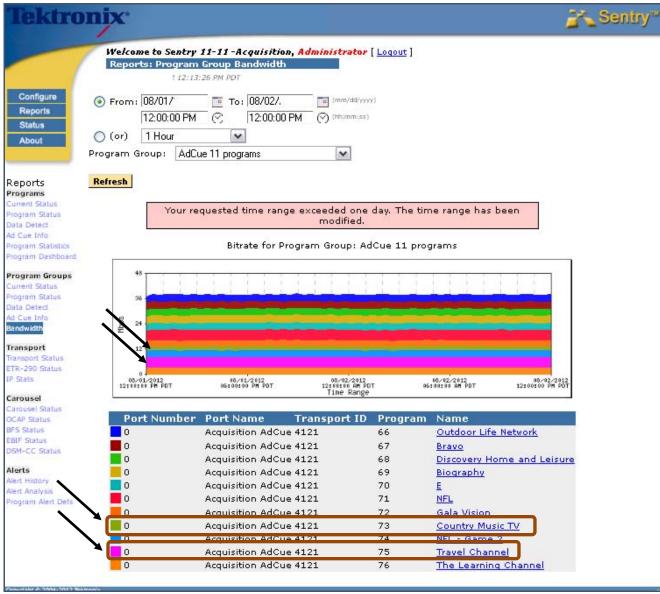


Figure 95: Program Group Bandwidth result

# **Dynamic Program Groups**

**Dynamic Program Groups** allow you to define a program group based on dynamic program attributes instead of just listing the program numbers.

Select Configure and Dynamic Program Groups from the main menu.

The resulting page will be a list of all of the existing **Dynamic Program Groups**.

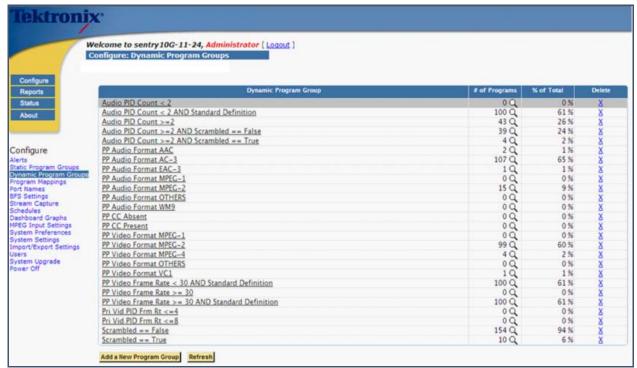


Figure 96: Dynamic Program Groups

# Create a New Program Group

Scroll down to **Program Group Configuration** and either select a current filter (or filters) or create a new one.

# **Example 1: Create a new Dynamic Program Group that uses new Program Group Configuration** criteria

1. Select Show more filters types...

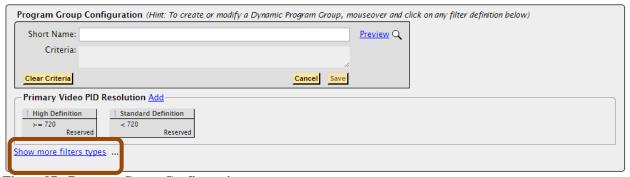


Figure 97: Program Group Configuration

2. Choose the criteria section and click Add next to the name.

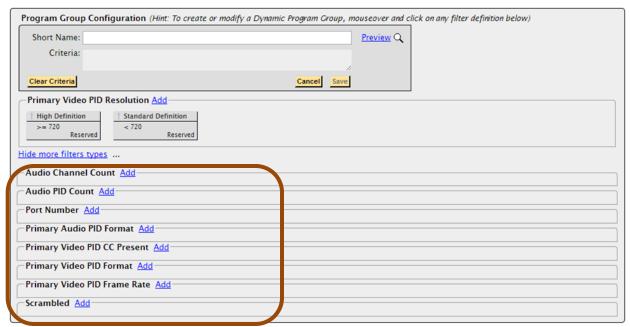


Figure 98: Selecting the criteria

**3.** In this example, we want to create an **Audio Channel Count** filter that only shows services that contain 2 audio channels.

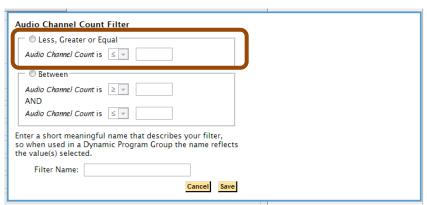


Figure 99: Setting the Audio Channel Count part 1

4. Enter in the filter criteria and a name for the filter. Click Save.

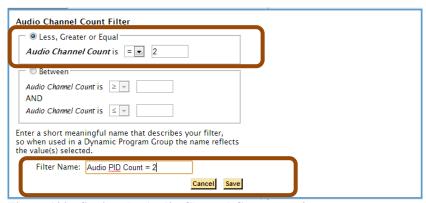


Figure 100: Setting the Audio Channel Count part 2

**5.** You will now see the filter that we just created.

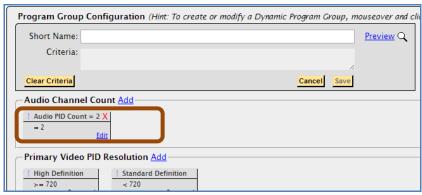


Figure 101: Named Audio Channel Count

- 6. Now that you have created the filter criteria the next step is to create the **Dynamic Program Group**.
- 7. Enter a name for the **Dynamic Program Group** in the **Short Name** dialog box.
  - a. Continuing our previous example, call it **Audio PID Count = 2**.
  - b. Next click on the filter criteria that was just created. It will turn green and the **Criteria** dialog box will list the criteria.

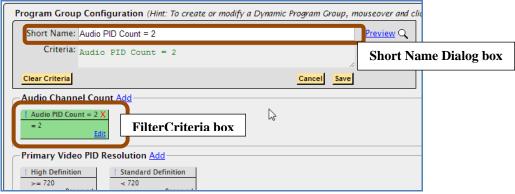


Figure 102 Entering the Short Name and selecting the Filer Critera box

**8.** Click **Save**. Now we can use this **Dynamic Program Group** anywhere that **Program Groups** are used.

Example 2. Create a new Dynamic Program Group that has more than one filter criteria

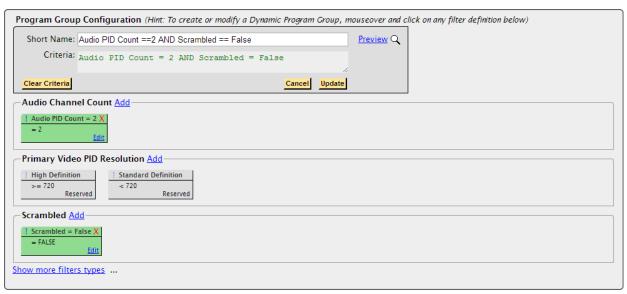


Figure 103: Multiple filter critera

# **Thumbnail Wall View**

You can view thumbnails of active programs on a single screen, using the **Program Group** of your choice.

Each thumbnail includes an alert status indicator, similar to what you see on the Medius **Program Alert Dashboard.** 

- Green indicates no triggered alerts
- Yellow indicates triggered alerts,
- Red indicates open alerts

You can sort the thumbnails by **Program Number**, **Program Name** (default), **Port Number**, and **Port Name**.

The **Thumbnail Wall** view refreshes every 60 seconds and individual thumbnails can be manually refreshed.

To access, click on Reports, then on Thumbnail Wall under the Program Groups Menu.

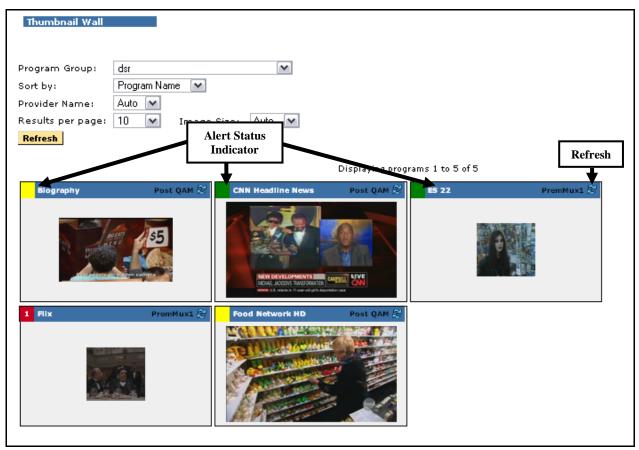


Figure 104: Thumbnail Wall View

Thumbnail size directly corresponds to resolution of video: the bigger the thumbnail, the higher the resolution.

# **Transport**

# **Transport Status**

The **Transport Status** report gives both a summary and a breakdown of statistics on all the MPEG tables within the transport stream, including:

- **System Info Tables** (PAT and PMTs)
- DSM-CC Tables
- PSIP Tables
- Other Tables (if they exist)
- Ghost PIDs (defined to be PIDs containing no tables and not part of any program)
- Referenced PIDs: PIDs mentioned in the tables, mainly the Program Map Table or PMT
- Reserved PIDs: example: Program Association Table, PID 0

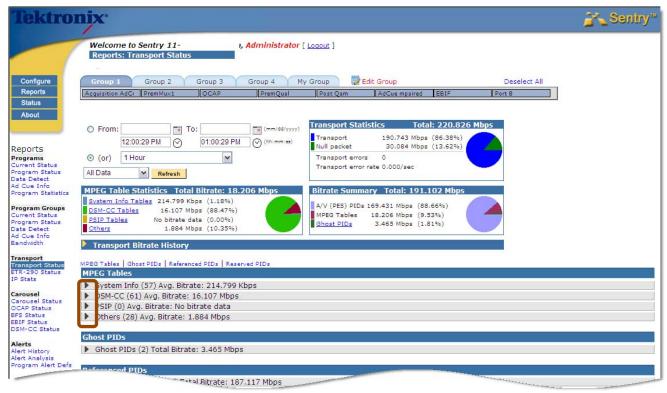


Figure 105: Transport Status Report: All Tables Collapsed

The **Transport Status** report includes both graphical and tabular representation of statistics for the time range displayed as the **Current View**. The default time range is the most recent hour.

You have the choice to specify your time frame to view the **Status Report**.

You also can **View All Data** or only **Active Data**. If you choose **View All Data**, you will see active and removed PIDs/Tables.

### Transport Statistics

Show the overall transport packet bitrate, the null packet bitrate, the total bitrate, and the average number of transport errors per sec. The transport bitrate is derived from the Sentry engine's report of the total bitrate and the null packet bitrate. It is the transport packets that the Sentry engine decodes as part of its monitoring. It is important to note that the **Transport Statistics** include both active and inactive statistics in the time range.

For example, if a multicast group changes via **Configure: MPEG Input Settings**, the programs that are announced are active and the programs that are destroyed are inactive but both remain in the statistics.

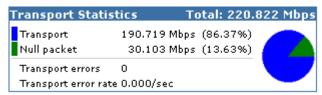


Figure 106: Transport Statistics

## MPEG Table Statistics

Show only what is currently active in the transport. These include the total table bitrate and the bitrates of the **System Info, DSM-CC**, and **PSIP** tables. Others, which is not a defined category, will be included only if other tables exist in the transport.

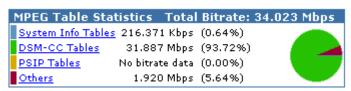


Figure 107: Active MPEG Table Statistics

#### Active Bitrate Summary

Shows only what is currently active in the transport, broken down into Audio/Video (A/V) Packetized Elementary Stream (PES) PIDs (i.e., PIDs that do not have tables on them), MPEG tables, and Ghost PIDs.

Overhead is not included in the table bitrate resulting in a discrepancy between the total displayed in the Transport Statistics and the **Active Bitrate Summary** total, even if the Transport Statistics include only what is active in the transport.

The actual amount of overhead is given by the ratio of **Avg. Bitrate** to **PID Avg. Bitrate** where **Avg. Bitrate** is the average table bitrate (see **Ratio** column in the expanded table reports).

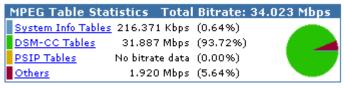


Figure 108: Active Bitrate Summary

# Transport Bitrate History

The **Transport Bitrate History** graph shows the null PID bitrate for the transport. This report is one useful tool to track potential available bandwidth on a transport stream.

### Access Transport Bitrate History

1. Expand the **Transport Bitrate History** section by clicking the arrow.

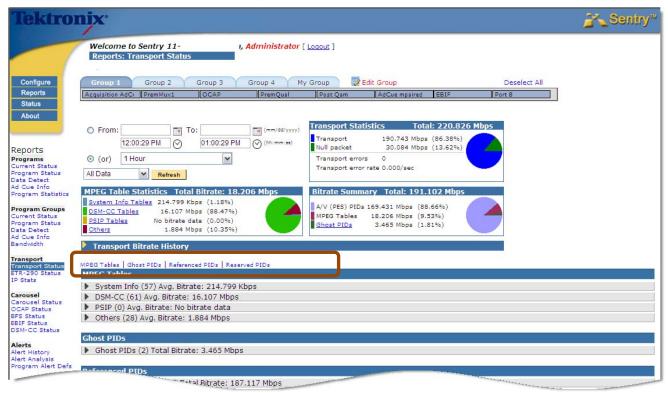


Figure 109: Transport Bitrate History

2. This sample shows a bitrate stream that is well optimized.

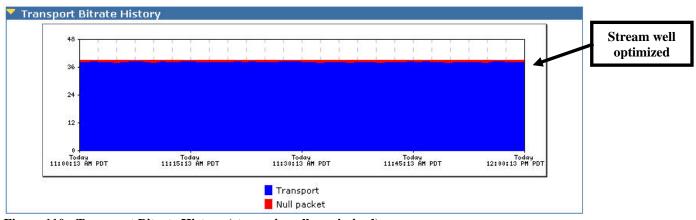


Figure 110: Transport Bitrate History (stream is well maximized)

3. This sample shows a bitrate stream that could possibly be a source for more bandwidth.

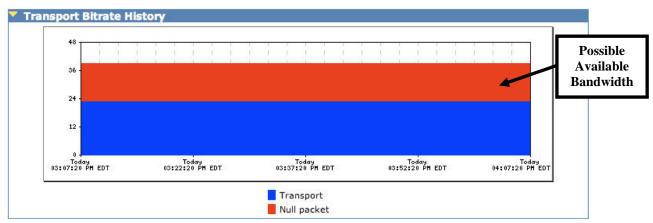


Figure 111: Transport Bitrate History (possible available room)

#### **PSIP**

## **PSIP** stands for **Program and System Information Protocol**.

**PSIP** is the protocol used in the ATSC digital television standard for carrying metadata about each channel in the broadcast transport stream of a TV station. **PSIP** also used for publishing information used in electronic viewer guides.

**PSIP** defines virtual channels and content ratings, as well as electronic program guides with titles and (optionally) descriptions to be decoded and displayed by the ATSC tuner. For more information on how these tables are used, go to http://www.PSIP.org

#### Access PSIP

To monitor **PSIP** tables select **Transport Status** from the **Reports** menu.

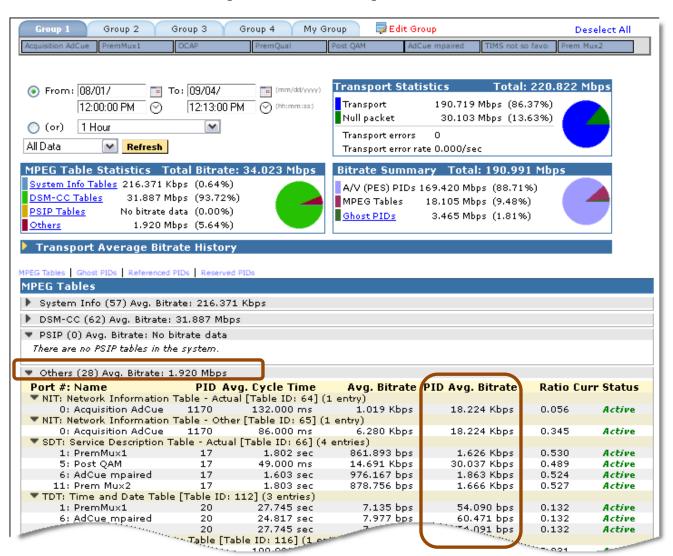


Figure 112: Transport Status with PSIP expanded

### Creating an Alert for PSIP tables

You may create an alert to notify you if the **PSIP** tables are no longer present.

- 1. To set an alert, select **Configure** from the main menu
- 2. Next select **Alerts** from the drop-down menu.
- 3. From PID Alerts, select Create.

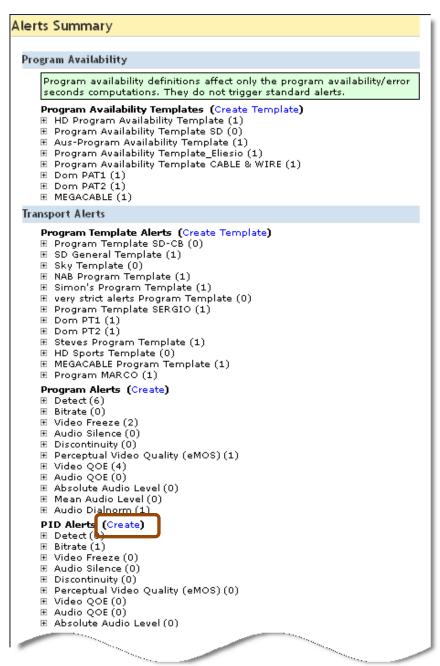


Figure 113: Create a PID Alert

**4.** Walk through the sections on the **Creating PID Alerts** page:

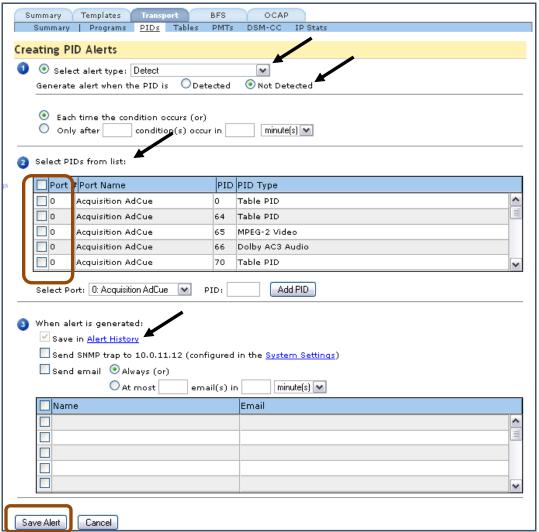


Figure 114: Create PID Alert walkthrough page

# 5. Section ①:

Set the Select Alert Type to Detect.

- 6. Next, set Generate alert when the PID is to Not Detected.
- 7. Section 2:

Select the required PIDs from the list

8. Section 3:

Select the persons you wish to be notified.

9. Select Save Alert.

## TR101/290 Status

The **TR101/290 Status** report is used to monitor the basic health of the MPEG transport stream. From the **TR101/290 Status** page, you can look at each individual transport stream and see its stats in real time.

#### Access TR101/290 Status

To access **TR101/290 Status**, select **Reports** from the main navigation bar. Next, select **TR101/290 Status** from the drop-down menu.

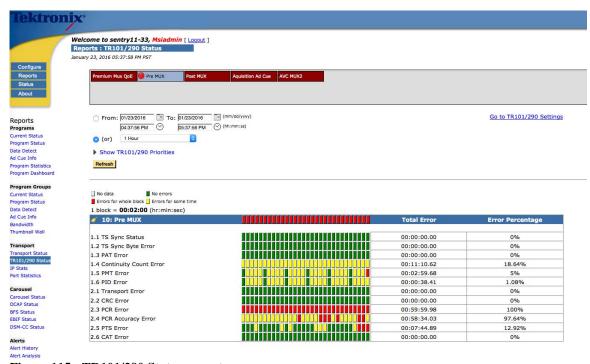


Figure 115: TR101/290 Status report

The top section of the TR101/290 Status report shows a single status for each active port. The color of the block depicts the overall status of that port as follows:

- Green: No violations of any type on that port over the selected reporting interval
- Yellow: No current violations on that port, but there were violations over the selected reporting interval that have gone away.
- Red: There are current violations on that port.

Click on the desired port, to view TR101/290 details for that port. Your selected port will be displayed with a colored dot as follows:

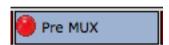


Figure 116: TR101/290 selected port indicator

The section at the bottom shows the detailed status of each specific TR101/290 priority. There is significance to each priority level.

- Priority 1 represents the most basic and most critical of all the functions.
  - o If you are experiencing errors on Priority 1 this will affect all programs on the transport streams.
- **Priority 2** represents midlevel tests for transport stream health.
  - o If you are experiencing errors on Priority 2 it MAY affect programs on the transport stream.
- **Priority 3** (Tests that are hidden by default).
  - If these tests are needed, they can be viewed by clicking the Show TR101/290 Priorities link.

Each priority is represented as a row in the table. For each row there is a series of colored blocks representing the status through time. The colored blocks have a slightly different meaning than the colors at the port level:

- Green: No violations for that priority during that block of time.
- Yellow: That priority was in violation for part of that block of time, but not for the entire time.
- Red: That priority was in violation for the entire block of time.
- Grey: There was no data being monitored during that block of time on the selected port.

Hovering over a block will show you the specific time range represented by that block. If you hover over a red or yellow block, it will also show:

- The specific test(s) that failed. Note: many of the TR101/290 priorities have several checks being performed.
- The number of seconds that priority was in error during that block of time

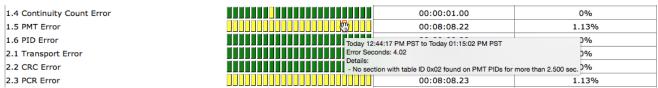


Figure 117: TR101/290 status block hover readout

Each priority row also shows the following:

- **Total Error**: The amount of time in which that priority was in error.
- **Error Percentage**: The percent of time that priority was in error. This is a percentage of the time that port was being monitored.

The summary blocks at the top simply show the worst state of any of the underlying priorities during that time range. In other words, if an underlying priority was red during the timeframe, the summary block will be red. Otherwise, if there was a yellow block, the summary will be yellow.



Figure 118: TR101/290 summary block indicators

Click the alarm icon next to the port name to quickly create a TR101/290 alert for that port.

#### Show TR101/290 Priorities

Clicking the Show TR101/290 Priorities link will display a list of each priority. All unchecked priorities will not be displayed on your report. If a priority is checked, as long as those tests are enabled in the **Configure->TR101/290 Settings** page, that priority will be displayed as a row in the table.

#### ▼ Show TR101/290 Priorities

If any of the selected TR101/290 types is in an error condition, the port will be displayed in error state.

✓ Priority 1	✓ Priority 2	■ Priority 3
1.1 TS Sync Status	2.1 Transport Error	☐ 3.1 NIT Error
1.2 TS Sync Byte Error	2.2 CRC Error	3.2 SI Repetition Error
✓ 1.3 PAT Error	2.3 PCR Error	☐ 3.4 Unreferenced PID
1.4 Continuity Count Error	2.4 PCR Accuracy Error	☐ 3.5 SDT Error
☑ 1.5 PMT Error	2.5 PTS Error	3.6 EIT Error
☑ 1.6 PID Error	2.6 CAT Error	☐ 3.7 RST Error
		☐ 3.8 TDT Error

Figure 119: TR101/290 Priorities list

Click the Go to TR101/290 Settings link to configure any threshold or to disable/enable any TR101/290 test.

# **IP Stats**

**IP Stats** is a part of Sentry's transport monitoring solution. It has three primary uses:

#### ■ To monitor the health of the UDP/IP transport network over time

Sentry can be configured to send out an email and SNMP trap alerts when there is packet delay and network jitter (usually caused by traffic congestion) which could potentially impact audio and video quality.

# ■ IP Network Analysis

To perform root cause analysis on the IP network by using built-in analytical tools and historical reporting to correlate IP anomalies (packet delay and network jitter) with occurrences of other problems as discontinues, audio silence, video freeze alerts, etc.

# Historical Reports

IP Stats can provide a historical graphical report on the entire IP network health with the exact time and respective severity level on any IP network anomalies.

# **Functionality**

IP Stats primarily monitors IP packet Arrival Interval, Delay Factor, Partial datagrams and Invalid Packets.

# The Leaky Bucket Buffer Analogy

When dealing with video over IP, the device buffer is critical in the reassembly of the MPEG packets. The buffer can be compared to an intentionally leaky bucket.

The data (the IP Packet) is represented in the example below by the water entering and exiting the bucket. The bucket itself, and the water it can hold, is the buffer for a particular device.

The optimal way for this bucket to work is for the same amount of water to drip in to the bucket as drips out of it. For our example, the same amount water (data) that flows in, flows out of the bucket (the buffer), thus keeping a constant level in the bucket.

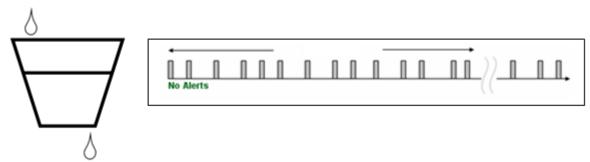


Figure 120: Evenly consistent flow

If the top flow (data) stops or slows down, the buffer will run out. This will cause a sharp increase in your **Arrival Interval** and **Delay Factor** averages.

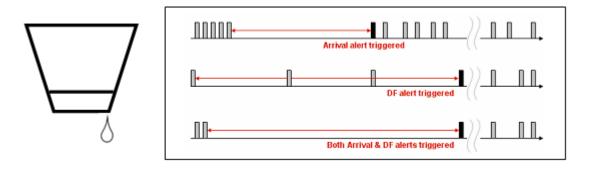


Figure 121: Not enough flow

If the top flow goes too fast, the bucket fills up and spills over. If the buffer becomes full, packet loss will occur. Here, your **Arrival Interval** average will decrease and the **Delay Factor** will remain constant until the buffer is full. At that point, the **Delay Factor** will increase.

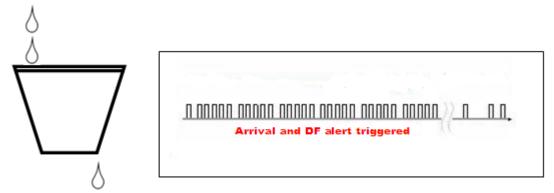


Figure 122: Buffer too full

If the data becomes "bursty" (starts and stops in uneven bursts), packet loss can occur. If this occurs; you may see a change either way in your **Arrival Interval** average. Your **Delay Factor** would likely show an increase.

# Access IP Stats

From the home page, select **Reports** and then **IP Stats** from the drop-down menu.



Figure 123: Selecting IP Stats

# IP Stats Welcome Page



Figure 124: IP Stats Welcome Page

- Date/Time selection or interval selection
- Sort by port number
- Arrival interval

Indicates the time between the arrival of UDP packets

#### Delay factor

Indicates how long a data stream must be buffered (i.e., delayed) at its nominal bit rate to prevent packet loss.

#### Partial Datagram

The percentage of UDP packets with a partial payload.

#### Invalid Packets

The number of IP packets that are discarded because they are corrupted.

# **Graphing Ports**

To see a port or group of ports in a graph, select the desired ports by clicking the check box next to each port. You may only graph up to six ports at a time.

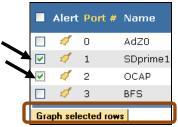


Figure 125: Selecting ports to graph

Next, select **Graph** selected rows.

By default, the graph shows the **Delay Factor**, **Arrival Interval**, **Partial Datagrams** and **Invalid Packets**, but you may also select or unselect any of the data sets as needed. The pages are also color coded.

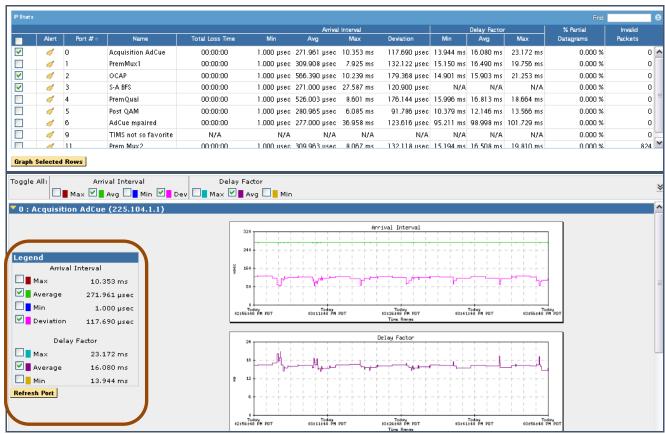


Figure 126: The resulting graph page and Color Code Legend

## Zoom in on a Graph

To see more detail on the graph, click on the graph itself and draw a box around the area you wish to see.

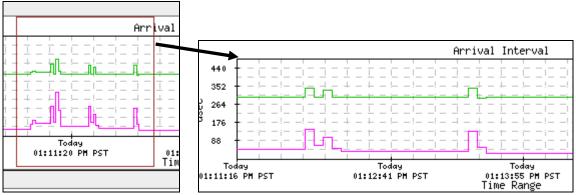


Figure 127: Drawing the box and the resulting page

The graph will then reload and display the selected time period in detail.

#### Create IP Stats Alerts for Arrival Interval

Alerts for **IP Stats** do not come pre-set. You will need to set the alerts to your specific needs.

- 1. Allow Sentry to collect data on your network for 15 minutes. This will allow you to find the average for **Arrival Interval** and **Delay Factor**. You will need these averages to set your alerts.
- 2. Next, click on the **bell icon** on the **Alert** bar for the port you wish to set an alert for. You will be automatically directed to the **Creating IP Stats Alerts** window for that port.



Figure 128: Bell Icons for Setting Alerts

- **3.** The **Creating IP Stats Alerts** window is laid out to walk the user through the three step creation process.
- **4.** Starting at **Section** , the **Arrival Interval** option should be already set. If not, you may select it from the drop-down menu.

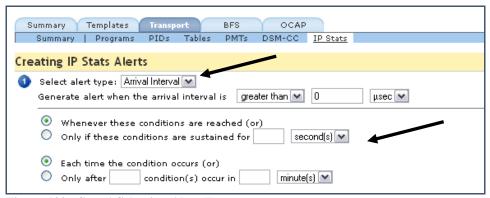


Figure 129: Step 1 Selecting Alert Type

- 5. Set the Generate alert when the arrival interval is section to greater than 2000 µsec.
- **6.** This section is very subjective and depends entirely on the average speed of your network. This area can always be adjusted later if the interval seems to fast or slow for your actual network.
- 7. For Section <sup>2</sup>, the default port will be set to 0. You can select or de-select any of the ports at this time. To save time, if all the ports have approximately the same Arrival Interval averages, you may select them, all.

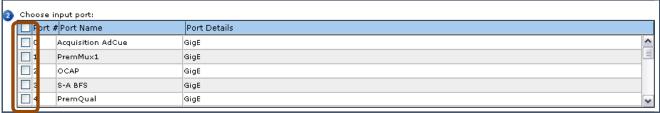


Figure 130: Step 2 Selecting the ports

8. For Section <sup>3</sup>, choose what you want to happen when the alert is generated.

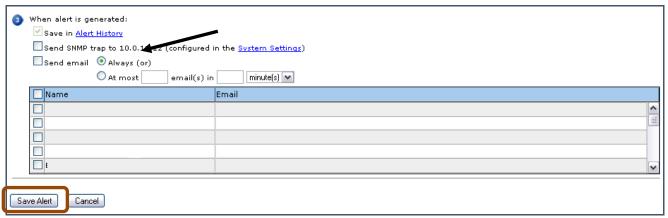


Figure 131: Selecting notifications and Save Alert

- **9.** At this point, you may enter any email addresses you wish the alerts to be delivered to. The default setting will always save the alert in **Alert History**.
- **10.** After you have finished **Section** 3, review the previous steps to make sure they are accurate and complete.
- 11. When you are finished, select Save Alert.
- 12. A Save Alert confirmation box will appear. Select **OK** to continue.



**Figure 132: Save Alert Confirmation** 

**13.** After the alert has been set, you will be returned to the **IP Stats** alert page. From this page, you should be able to view the alert you just created.

# Create Alerts for Delay Factor

NOTE: \*Suggested baseline starting point\*- When you are working with Delay Factor, instead of 2000 \mu, use 50000 ms as your Delay Factor average.

- 1. To create alerts for **Delay Factor**, go back to **Alerts IP Stats** welcome page as seen in the **Arrival Interval** section of this manual.
- 2. Select the **bell icon** for the correct port.
- **3.** When you are redirected to the **Creating IP Stats Alerts** page, choose **Delay Factor** alerts from the drop-down menu.

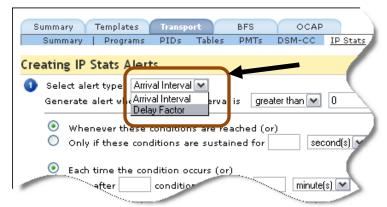


Figure 133: Setting alert for Delay Factor from right click menu

**4.** Follow steps in **Sections 1-3** as seen in the **Arrival Interval** section, keeping in mind that the following suggested settings are only a baseline starting point. Your actual value will depend on the bitrate of the stream and the equipment used in the network.

# IP Stats Monitoring Notes

The graphs in IP Stats can be useful for basic trouble shooting. When packets are lost on your network, Sentry displays complete data loss as a large red block. The red block indicates that there was no data for that time period.

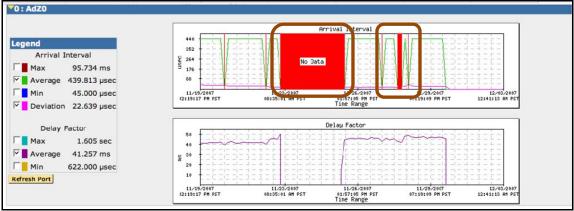
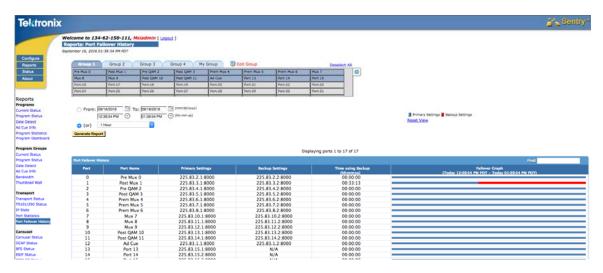


Figure 134: Two sets of lost packets

# Port Failover History

If you have configured backup multicast settings for your Ethernet ports, the Port Failover History report will show you when any ports were switched to monitoring the backup settings, displayed in red. Periods where the primary settings were being monitored are displayed in blue.



If you hover your mouse over a period on the chart, an approximate time of the switch will be displayed. To zoom in and get a more detailed view of that period, right click the mouse. You can continue to zoom in until you get a detailed view of the exact time the switch occurred. Click **Reset View** to return to your original report timeframe.

# **Carousel Status**

Carousel Status shows all the available data carousels on Sentry.

#### These are:

- OCAP
- BFS
- EBIF



Figure 135: Carousel Status page

# **OCAP Carousel**

Open Cable Application Platform (OCAP) provides a set of specifications to assist the cable industry with deploying interactive services.

More specifically to Sentry, OCAP is an add-on module that is available for purchase that is used for the monitoring of OCAP streams and systems.

**NOTE**: Recently, the OCAP standard has been renamed tru2way TM.

However, it is still referred to as OCAP in this manual and on Sentry.

# Access OCAP Carousel

From the home page, select **Reports** and then **OCAP** Status from the drop-down menu.



Figure 136: OCAP Status menu

# OCAP Summary tab

The opening page for OCAP Status is the OCAP Summary. The user may navigate to any of the four tabs for more information on the selected OCAP stream.

#### Summary

A snap shot view of all the OCAP streams currently being monitored

#### Files

Opens a file browser window showing files for a selected OCAP stream

# Applications

Shows available applications in the OCAP stream

#### Events

Show detailed view of events added, removed or changed

You may also navigate to the other tabs by selecting from the mini-menu within each OCAP row.

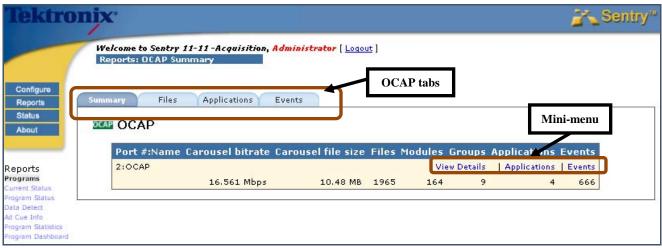


Figure 137: OCAP Summary page

NOTE: View Details on the Mini-menu will take you to the same screen as the Files tab.

#### OCAP Files tab

The **OCAP Files** tab will allow you to view the details for the selected OCAP stream. In the figure below the port was named **OCAP**.

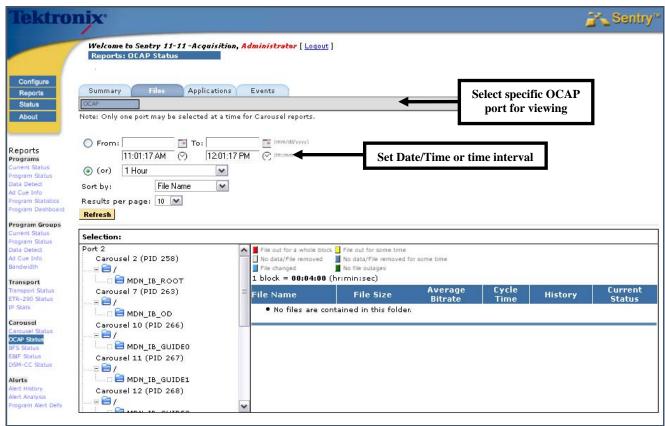


Figure 138: Files tab

# Select the Viewing Time Frame

You may narrow the time frame that you wish to monitor by setting the date and time section. The radio button will auto select as soon as you click in the **Date/Time** selection fields.

If you just need to view a recent event, you may select the required time interval from the drop-down box located under the **Date/Time** select. The radio button will auto select as soon as you click on the time frame button.

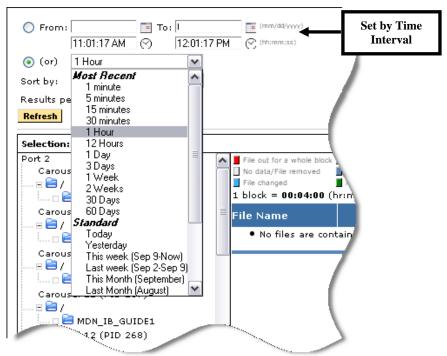


Figure 139: Setting the Time Interval

#### Files tab

The left pane shows all the available directories and the right pane shows the details for the carousels selected on the left. From the left pane, you may also expand directories to view the sub-directories.

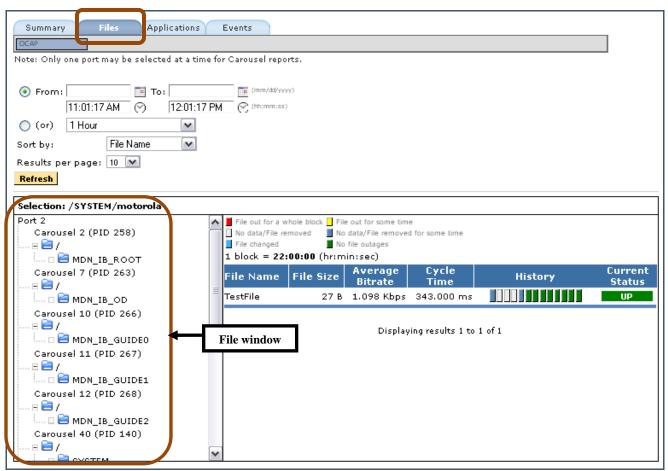


Figure 140: File window

# Selecting and expanding a Directory

1. Select a directory to see more details. The details may take a moment to load.

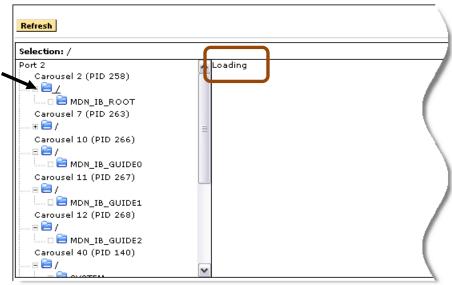


Figure 141: Selecting a directory and loading details

2. The resulting information will show the details for that carousel for the given time period.

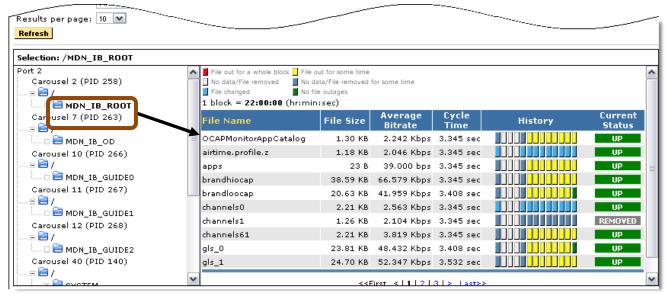


Figure 142: The details for MDN\_IB\_Root

**3.** To see subdirectories, click the plus sign next to the directory to open it and then select the sub directory you wish to see.

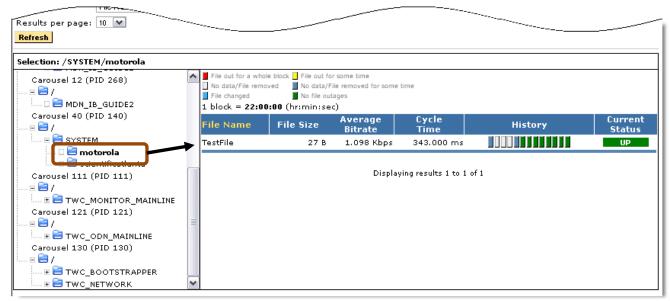


Figure 143: The Motorola sub-directory with details

# Color Code Key

The following color coding applies throughout the **OCAP Status** pages.

Grey	No Data	No file referenced at this time (not a concern as no file was supposed to be referenced)
Green	No file outages	The file was present for that time period
Yellow	File out for some time	A file was present for part of the specified period
Red	File out for a whole block	File was missing for entire specified period but was supposed to be there. This may be a cause for concern
Blue	File Changed	File is present but has changed contents

# Applications tab

The **OCAP Applications** tab shows what applications are referenced in the **XAIT** and **AIT**. This is where the set top box can look for particular applications to use.

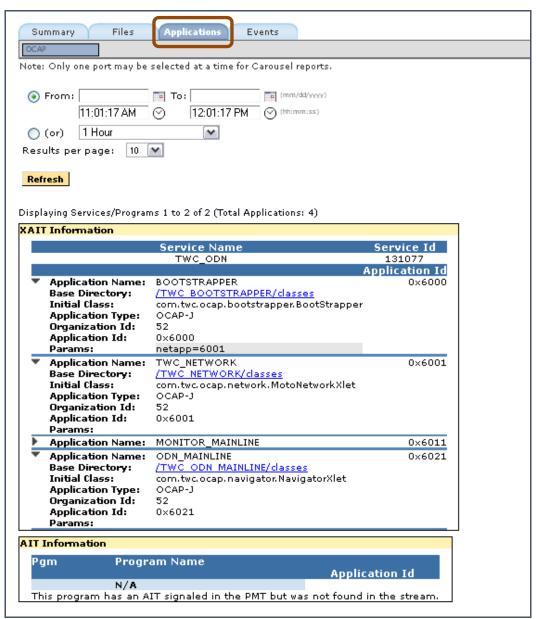


Figure 144: Applications tab

#### Events tab

The **Events** tab provides an **Events History** and a **File History**.

The **Events History** provides a tabular view of files and directories that have been added, removed or changed for a specified time period.

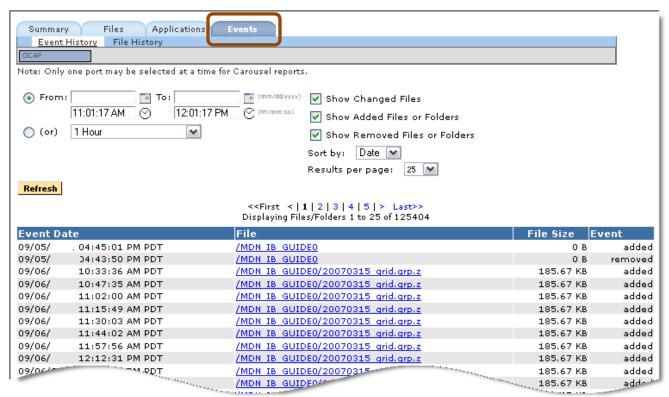


Figure 145: Event History

**File History** allows the user see files status for a particular time frame.

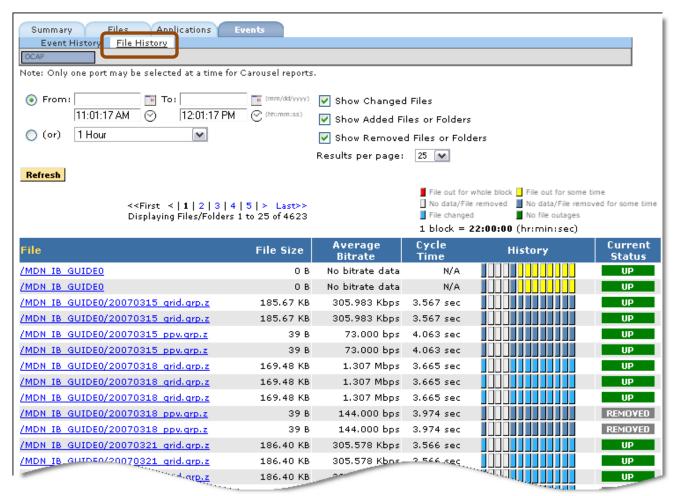


Figure 146: File History

#### Set Alerts in OCAP Status

- 1. Select Configure and Alerts from the main menu.
- 2. Next, select the **OCAP** tab.
- **3.** From the resulting **OCAP Alerts Summary** page, you can create alerts for your particular OCAP carousel.

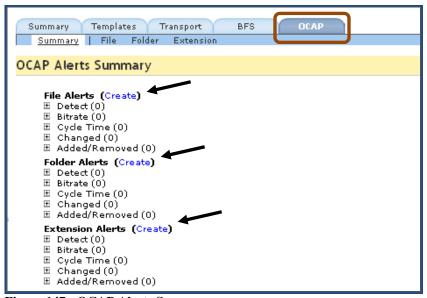


Figure 147: OCAP Alerts Summary page

- 4. File Alerts allows you to set alerts to watch a particular file or series of files.
- 5. Folder Alerts allows you to set alerts based on a series of folders and/or directories.
- **6. Extension Alerts** allows you to set alerts based on a file's extension. (Ex. You can set an alert for all ".zip" files)
- 7. Select Create next to the type of alert you wish to set. In this example, we are creating a File Alert.
- **8.** In **Section**  $\bigcirc$ , specify the parameters for the alert.

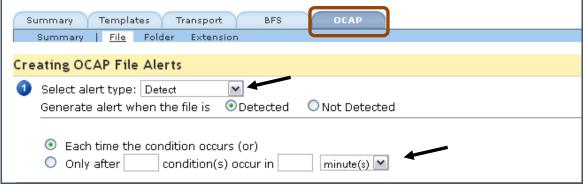


Figure 148: Step 1 Type of Alert and Time Conditions

- 9. In Section <sup>2</sup>, for this example, locate the directory you wish to monitor by looking through the file browser.
- 10. Select any sub folders you wish to monitor by selecting [add] next to their name. They will appear in the box below the main table.

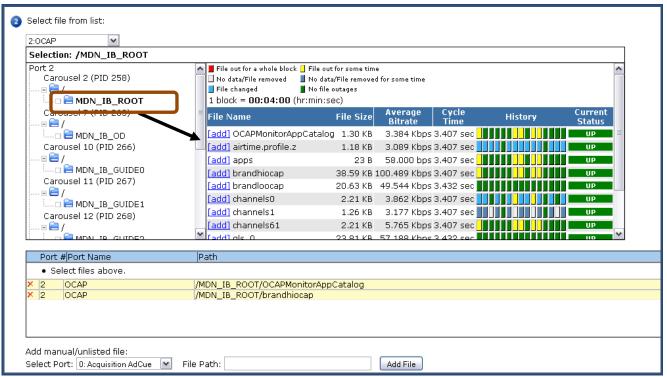


Figure 149: Step 2 Selecting directories to monitor

11. In Section <sup>3</sup>, choose what you wish to happen when the alert triggers.

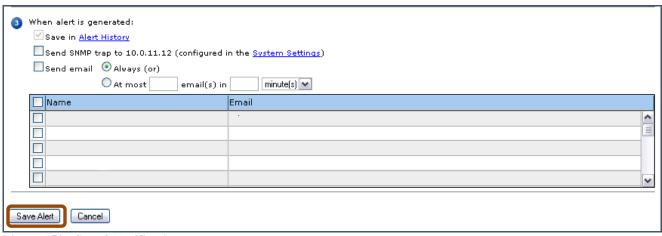


Figure 150: Step 3 Notifications

**12.** When you are finished, review the page, and select **Save Alert**.

# Review OCAP Alerts in Alert History

- 1. To view any of the OCAP Alert History, select Reports: Alert History.
- 2. Next, locate Alert Type and click on Select.

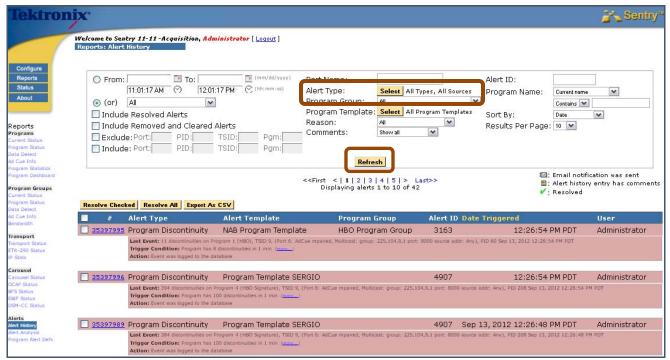


Figure 151: Alert History and Alert Source selections

- 3. Unselect the All Types option.
- **4.** To get the options for OCAP alerts, select the following alert types (one or any combonation):
  - Detect
  - Bitrate
  - File added or removed
  - Change
  - Cycle time

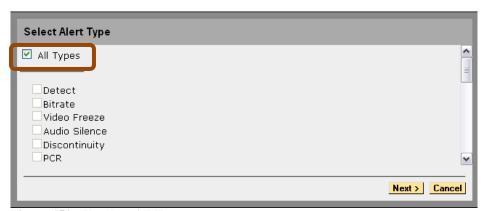


Figure 152: Unselect All Types

- 5. Then select **Next**.
- 6. Unselect All Sources.



Figure 153: Unselect All Sources

7. Select the OCAP alert you wish to sort by (OCAP File, OCAP Folder and/or OCAP File Extension).



Figure 154: Select the OCAP alert

- 8. Select Accept.
- 9. When you are returned to the **Alert History** screen, specify the the time frame you wish to view.
- 10. Select Refresh.
- 11. For more information see the **Alert History** section of this manual.

#### **BFS Status**

# Monitoring the S-A Broadcast File System (BFS)

Sentry is designed to identify and work with data carousels within the transport. This feature is available with all versions of Sentry.

# **BFS Overview**

The BFS provides a network file system for delivering broadcast data from server to client. Data placed in the BFS is repeatedly transmitted over the network, providing virtual storage for the DHCT. This allows an application client to quickly access the data at any time without having to request the data from the server. This mechanism is useful when all DHCTs running the application use the same data.

An example is a stock quote and statistics application that makes the same stock information available to any DHCT that has access to the application. Rather than sending the information to each DHCT or having each DHCT request the information, the application server updates the data once in the BFS and it is then broadcast over the network to the DHCTs. BFS files can be transmitted in-band over QAM or out-of-band over QPSK. Application clients access files over the BFS using the PowerTV Stream Manager interface.

# BFS Mapping

There is a direct mapping from the S-A BFS to Sentry. All S-A BFS servers map to programs within Sentry (see figure below). All PIDs carrying these programs are associated with these servers.

The following **S-A BFS** information is available within Sentry (including reports and alerts on **S-A BFS** activity):

- Server available or not available
- Sessions active or not active
- Server datarate
- Frequency and duration of events
- Datarate verification
- Server source type
- Server aggregate

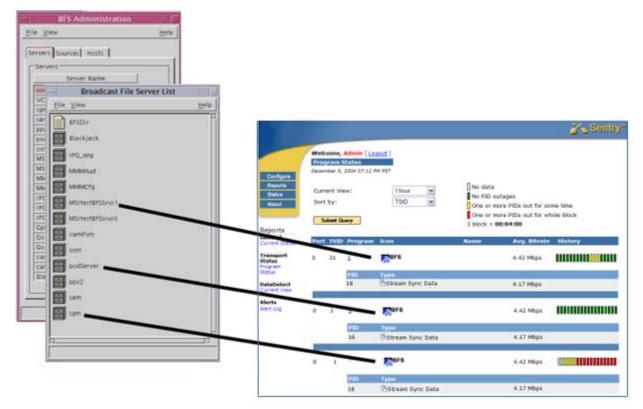


Figure 155: Mapping between Scientific-Atlanta's DNCS BFS Servers and Sentry Programs

# Access BFS Status

Select Reports and then BFS Status.



Figure 156: Accessing BFS Status

# Summary tab

Click on the **Summary** tab for a summary view of the BFS status on ports that have carousel data.

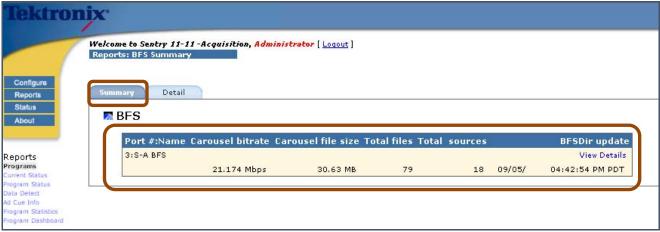


Figure 157: BFS Status Summary

#### Carousel bitrate

The total bitrate for the entire BFS.

#### Carousel file size

The total size of all the files on the **BFS**.

## Total files

The number of files being carouseled on the BFS.

#### Total Sources

The total number of sources being pulled from.

#### BFSDir update

The last time the **BFSDir** file was updated. The **BFSDir** file is a special file in the source that contains the file names that are shown when the source is expanded. It is designated as such in **Configure: BFS Settings**.

#### Detail tab

For a detailed view of **BFS** data on one port, select the **Detail** tab

To view the details for a specific port, click on the desired port from the table.

Only one input port may be selected at a time for BFS reports.

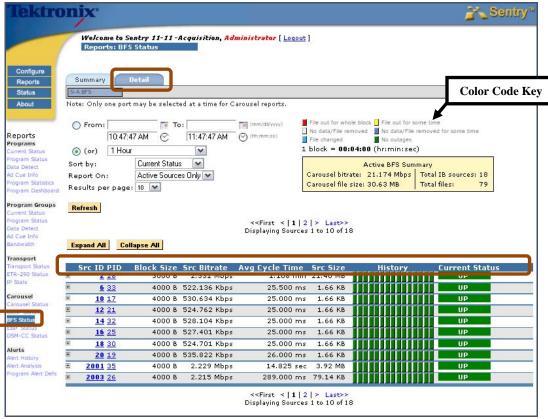


Figure 158: BFS Status Detail tab (expanded)

#### Source ID

The source ID assigned to this source on the BFS

#### PID

The PID that is assigned to the source

#### Block Size

#### Src Bitrate

#### Average cycle time

The average time that the source takes to complete one cycle

#### Source size

The sum of all file sizes in the source

#### History

A color-coded graphical view of the status of the source over a selectable period of time

#### Current Status

Indicates UP (green) if all files in the BFS Source are getting data. If some but not all files are getting data, the Status indicates UP annotated with the number of up files out of all files, e.g., 7 of 8. The Status indicates DOWN (red) if the bitrate for all files is zero.

File cycle times are measured from block 0 (zero) of the file until the next time it sees block 0 again. Using this method you can see how long it takes for a given file to be delivered, which is very helpful when trying to tune your BFS to lower load times on the set top box.

**BFS Status** may also be expanded to see all data in detail via the **Expand All** button or may be expanded one section at a time with the plus/minus buttons.

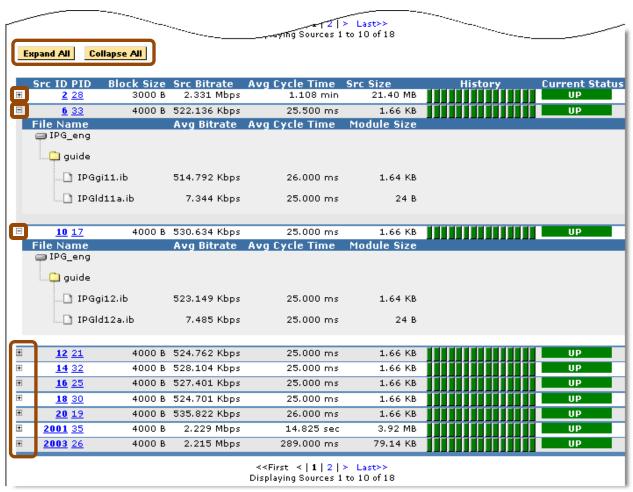


Figure 159: BFS Status Report with the top Three Sources Expanded

#### Drill Down to BFS Detail View

To go to the BFS Detail View, select the BFS Source ID

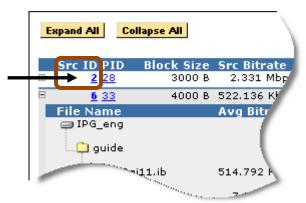


Figure 160: Select Src ID number

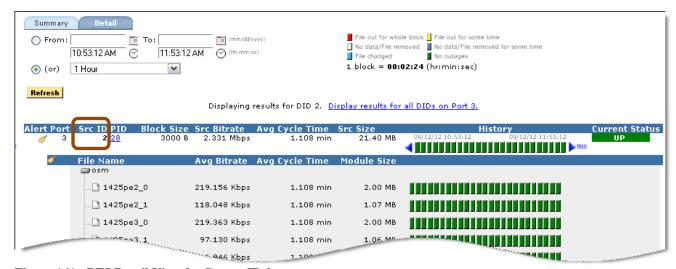


Figure 161: BFS Detail View for Source ID 2

To navigate to the **Program Detail** page for a particular PID, select the PID assigned to the **Source ID**.

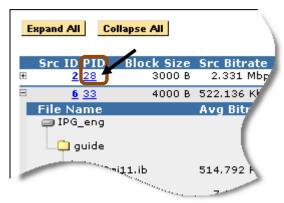


Figure 162: Selecting the PID

Sentry User Manual March 2017

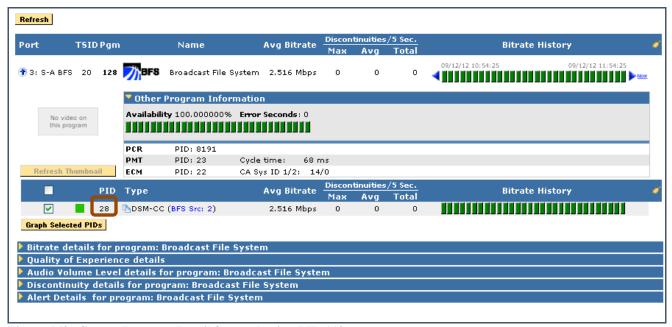


Figure 163: Source Program Detail from selecting PID 113

### **EBIF Status**

**EBIF** (Enhanced TV Binary Interchange Format) is an industry standard for an optimized collection of code specifications that control interactive widgets that define one or more multi-media pages used specifically for enhanced television or for an interactive television system.

**EBIF** can also be defined as a standardized data carousel that is used in enhanced television systems.

An **EBIF** file is a sequence of bytes that conforms to the **EBIF** content format, and forms the primary information contained in an **ETV** application. An **ETV User Agent** then acquires, decodes, presents (by way of widgets), and executes (by way of actions) data contained in an EBIF resource in order to present a multimedia page to an end-user.

**EBIF** is an optional module on a Sentry line of products. If you have an **EBIF** module installed, the Sentry will perform a full decode of the **EBIF** carousel and log relevant data concerning structure and attributes.

All tabs and column headers link to the same pages. For instance, the **Applications** tab links to the same page as the **Applications** column header.

### Access EBIF Status

- 1. Select **Reports** and then **Carousel**.
- 2. Next, select EBIF Status.

### Summary tab

The **Summary** tab displays an overview of all ports and their relevant information.

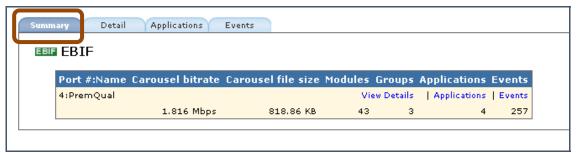


Figure 164: Summary tab

### Detail tab

The **Detail** tab shows detailed reports on any selected **Port**. Only one **Port** may be viewed at a time.

### View a report:

- 1. From the **Detail** tab, choose the port for the multicast. (In this example, Port 0.)
- 2. Select the desired time frame and select Refresh.

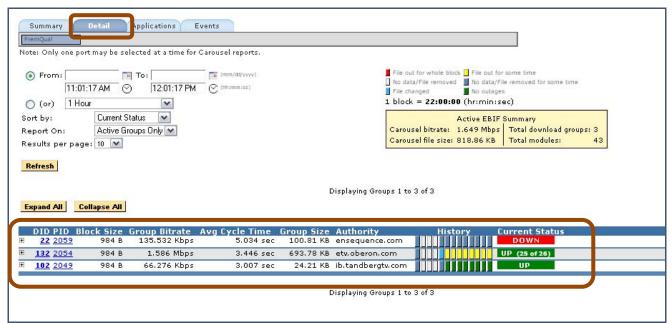


Figure 165: Detail tab

### ■ DID (Download ID)

Select to get a report of the history of each individual module.

#### ■ PID (Packet ID)

Select to go back to the associated program that the EBIF carousel is bound to.

#### Block Size

The size of the DDB component that makes up the smallest "packet" (or block) of data for the files / modules listed on the BFS, OCAP and DSM-CC reports

### Group Bitrate

The sum of all the bitrates of all the modules in the bitrate ID

### Avg Cycle time

The average of the cycle times for all the modules

### Group Size

The size of the current group

### Authority

The server name

### History

The block view following the main legend

#### Current Status

**Up**: The number of modules currently present.

**Down**: The number currently down.

### Pending

Data coming in but is still processing.

### Viewing Program Detail from EBIF Status

To view the **EBIF Report** for a particular PID, select the desired PID in the first column of the table on the **Details** tab.

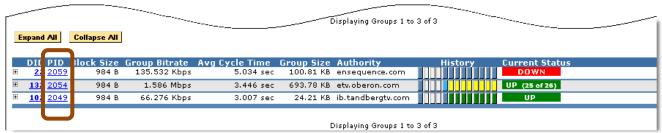


Figure 166: Selecting PIDs for EBIF Details

The resulting screen will take you to the **Program Detail** page. All blue underlined sections are clickable links.

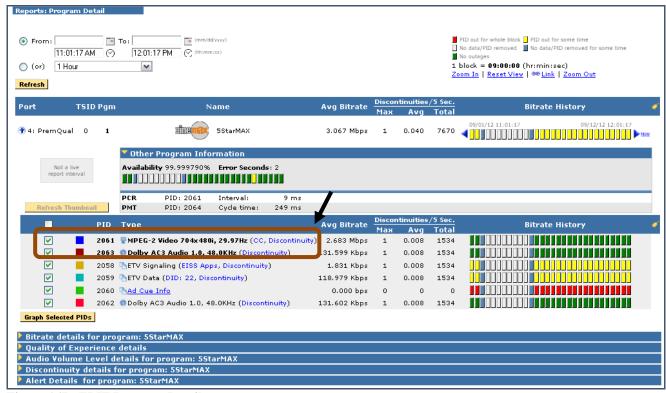


Figure 167: EBIF Program Details screen

### EISS Apps (EISS-ETV Integrated Signaling Stream)

- Carries Media Time Line Messages, Stream Events, EISS Tables for an ETV application.
- Tells the user application when to function and when data is present
- Clicking this link will take you to the Application tab for the port that contains this program.

#### ETV Data

- Some services have constant EBIF data, while others are intermittent.
- Other providers may only have them together during selected commercial breaks.
- Clicking on the DID will take you to the EBIF Detail report for that particular DID.

### Applications tab

The **Applications** tab shows you the application EISS history for a specified time frame for that particular port.

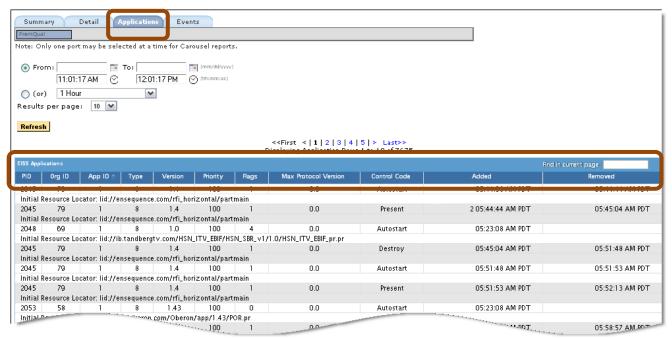


Figure 168: Applications tab

### Organization ID (Org ID)

- This 32 bit field is a globally unique value identifying the organization that is responsible for the application.
- These values are registered in ETSI TR 101 162 [10].
- Values of zero will not be encoded.

### Application ID (App ID):

- This 16 bit field uniquely identifies the application function.
- This is allocated by the organization registered with the Organization ID who decides the policy for allocation within the organization.
- Values of zero will not be encoded.

### Type

- This 16-bit integer identifies the type of application being signaled.
- At the time of this writing, type 8 corresponds to "ETV-Binary Interchange Format (ETV-BIF) application."

#### Version

Application version number.

#### Priority

This field identifies a relative priority between the applications signaled in this service. The greater the numerical value, the higher the application priority.

### Flags

Each application has a set of flags. This field represents the test flag.

### Max protocol version

This field, if non-zero, specifies the maximum major (EISS) protocol version supported by user agents that should decode this application.

### Control Code

This field controls the state of the application. As of this writing, currently defined values for Control Code are:

- **Autostart** The primary application resource is loaded and the application is started, subject to the usual restrictions, etc.
- **Present** The primary application resource is loaded, but is not started, pending the receipt of another trigger, or Application Information descriptor.
- **Destroy** The application is signaled to quit by generating a DESTROY event to the application.

### Added / Removed

Date time stamps when this application was added / removed from the stream.

### Events tab

The **Events** tab shows a history view of when modules were changed, added or removed.

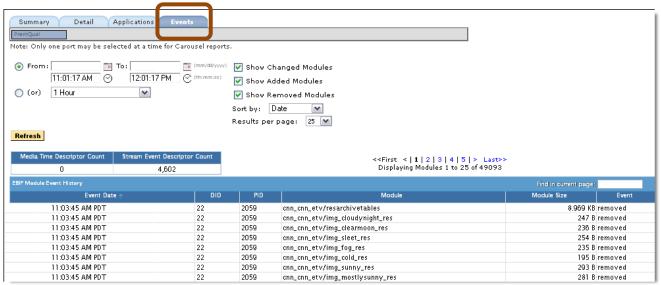


Figure 169: Events tab

# **Alerts**

# **Alert History**

The **Alert History** shows a detailed list of alerts that have been detected by the system based on alerts that been configured within the system. The # in the first column of the log is unique for each alert detected while the **Alert ID** column is unique for each alert configured. Refer to **Configure Alerts** for types of alerts and how to create/modify/delete them.

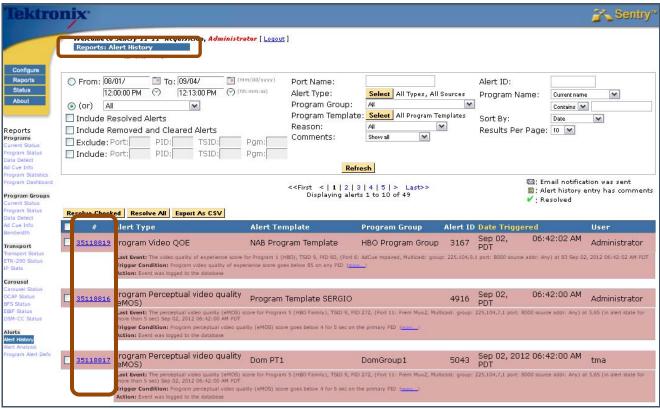


Figure 170: Alert Log

For any program alert, you may click on the program name in the **Alert History** and it will take you to the half hour on either side of where the error occurred. Click on the program name in the **Event Log** to take you to the **Program Detail Report** for specified alert.

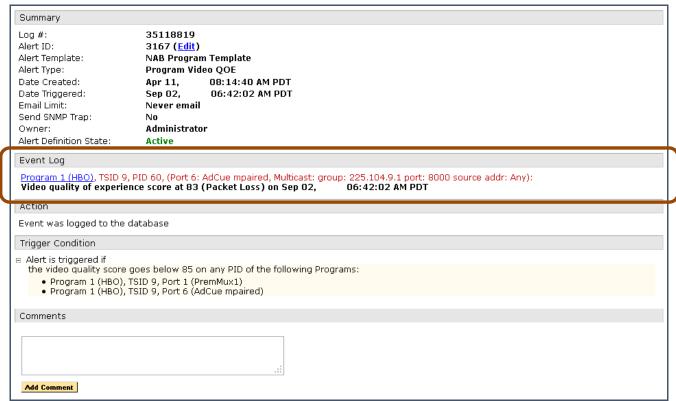


Figure 171: Event Log detail

An alert that has been deleted from the configuration is shown as **Deleted** in the **Status** column. An alert that is still active in the system is shown as **Active** in the **Status** column.

Deleted alerts will no longer be triggered while active alerts will continue to be triggered when their trigger conditions are met. If email notification was sent or the alert generated has comments attached to it (via the **Detailed Alert Log**), then the log entry is tagged with the respective icon.

The entire list of alerts or individual items can be permanently deleted from the internal database by clicking **Delete Checked** or **Delete All**. The contents of the list can be filtered using the many filter options at the top of the **Alert Log**, and only the filtered items will appear in the log.

For any **PID Alert**, the program associated with the PID is reported in the **Alert History**, emails and SNMP traps.

# Report Export

**Report Export** allows you to export any report you have created to a comma separated value file which can be imported into a program such as MS Excel.

# Accessing Report Export

Select Alert History from the Reports Toolbar.



Figure 172: Accessing Alert History

### Exporting a file as a CSV

1. From the **Alert History** page, configure the report as needed. Next, select **Export As CSV**.

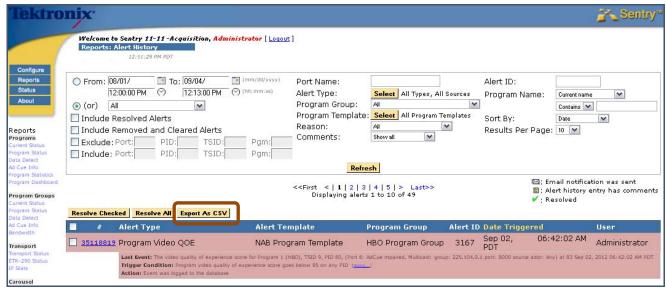


Figure 173: Selecting a Report from the Alert History Page

NOTE: The Export to CSV function will export ONLY what is currently displayed on the alert history.

If your report spans multiple pages, you will need to run an export per page.

**2.** You will then be prompted to select the program you wish to export to. Select the program (it will usually default to MS Excel) and select **OK**.

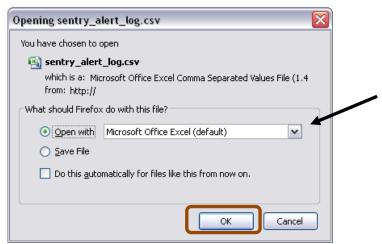


Figure 174: The Export To dialog box

3. The result of an export to MS Excel would look similar to the following:

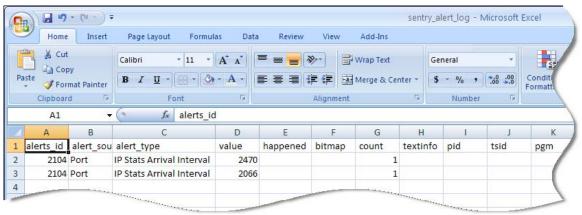


Figure 175: A report exported to MS Excel

# **Alert Analysis**

**Alert Analysis** provides an easy to use graphic analysis to visually represent alerts. These representations can be useful to track trends and to display a variety of information for any viewer, regardless of their technical experience.

Results are shown in groups of 30 for easy navigation.

### Access Alerts Analysis

Select Reports and Alert Analysis from the main drop-down menu.



Figure 176: Accessing Alert Analysis

### Alert Analysis Summary Screen

The summary screen consists of the following areas:

- Report Navigation tabs Takes user to new reports
- New Report icons
   Allows user to select type for new report
- Existing Reports list
   Allows user to choose existing public and private reports

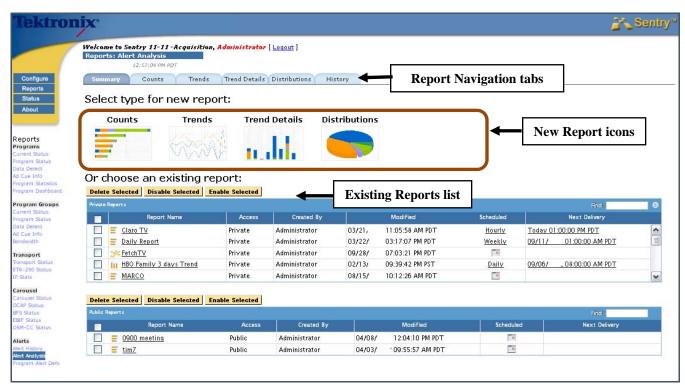


Figure 177: Alert Analysis Screen

### Report Navigation tabs and New Report icons

The **Report Navigation** tabs contain most of the same areas that the **New Report** icons do. Either may be used according to your preference.

### Summary

Create a new report or view and/or modify saved reports.

#### Counts

Shows the user a top 10 (20 or 30) count by port/program/program group for a given time period.

#### Trends

Totals the alert count over time for all or selected ports.

#### Trend Details

Allows user to create a more detailed **Trend** report.

#### Distribution

Creates a pie chart showing total alerts by type for a given time period.

### History

(Not included on the **New Report** icons) Takes user to a history of when and what alerts were emailed.

#### Counts tab

The **Counts** tab shows the user a top 10 (20 or 30) count by port/program/program group for a given time period.

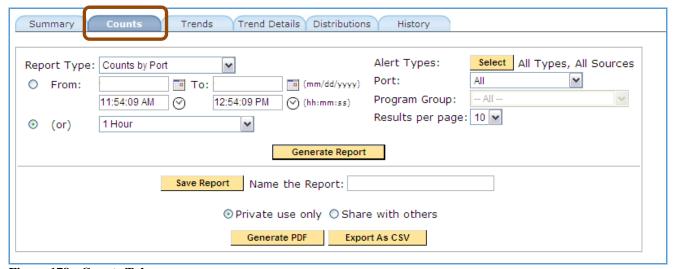


Figure 178: Counts Tab

### How to create a sample Counts report

This function allows you to set your counts to count by program for specified time frame. Selecting Top 10 will generate the top 10 alert counts by program. This is used to see what your problem channels are.

- 1. Set Report Type at Count's by Program.
- 2. Set the dates for a one week period.
- 3. Set Alert Type to one of the following: all alerts port/all program group/all limit top 10.
- 4. Select Generate Report.

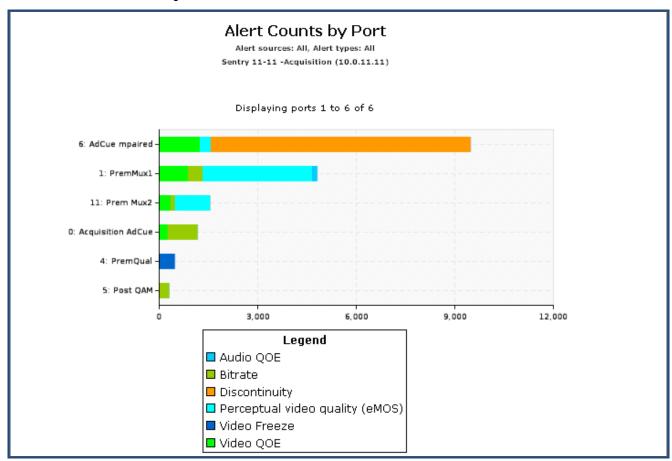


Figure 179: Alert Counts by Port

NOTE: If you create a <u>Counts By Program</u> report, the program links within the table will link back to the Program Detail report for the time period specified.

### Saving a configured report

Once you have a report the way you like it, save it so that you can run it again without having to reconfigure it. If you make it public, others users will be able to use it as well. Selecting Private will make it only viewable for your specific login.

You can also set it to email you automatically.

- 1. Name the **Report**.
- 2. Select either **Private/Share** with others.
- 3. Select Save report.
- 4. Select **OK**.

### Schedule a Report

You can schedule a report to run automatically and email a PDF of the results.

- 1. Give the report a name and select **Save Report**. You cannot schedule a report that hasn't been saved.
- 2. .Select the **Schedule** button that appears after the report has been saved.

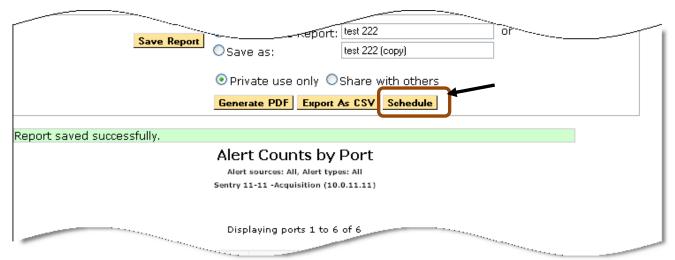


Figure 180: Selecting Schedule

- 3. Section ①: Select the Frequency
- 4. Section 2: Select recipients
  - **a.** Format the email

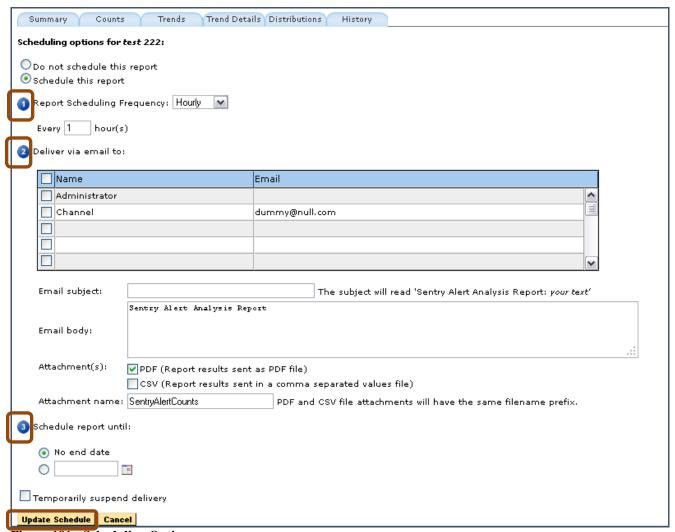


Figure 181: Scheduling Options page

**5. Section** ③: Schedule the delivery end times.

You may set it to only email you one time, every time or to end on a particular date.

You may also temporarily suspend delivery (for vacations, etc)

6. Select Update Schedule.

### Trends tab

The **Trends** tab totals the alert count over time for all or selected ports. This report will generate a line graph of the number alerts for a time period per port.

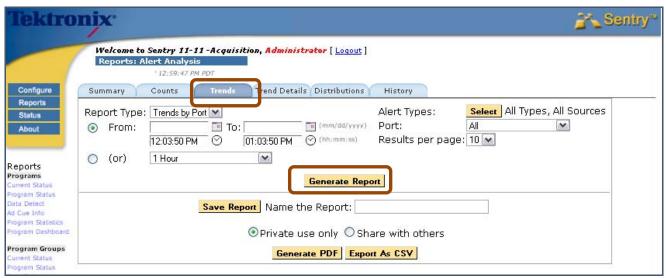


Figure 182: Trends tab options

#### Set a Trends report

- **1.** Choose time frame for the report.
- 2. Select alert types you wish to view.
- **3.** Select which port you will be watching.
- **4.** Select your limit (top 10, 20 or 30).
- 5. Select Generate Report.

### Trend Details tab

**Trend Details** allows you to create an expanded **Trend** report. This is a handy report to run if you want to further investigate something from the **Trend** report

### 1. Select Trend Details



Figure 183: Trend Details options

- 2. Select **Trends for Selected Ports** (combined) from the drop-down menu.
- 3. Set the time period.
- 4. Select the Alert Type.
- 5. Select an individual port or All.
- 6. Select Generate Report.

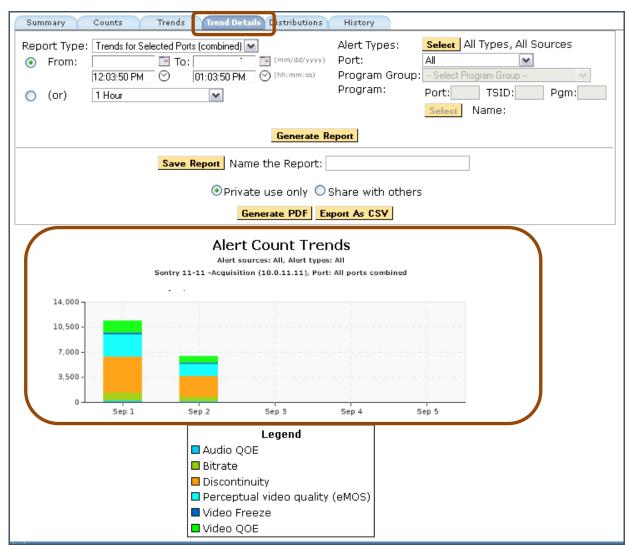


Figure 184: The resulting Trend Details graph

### Distributions tab

**Distributions** will give you a pie chart graphic that shows the break out of all the different types of alerts.



Figure 185: The Distributions tab

Use this to see a distribution summary of all of your alerts for a given time period. This could be handy to know what percentage of all your alerts are of a certain type.

- 1. Select the **Report** type.
- 2. Select the required time period.
- 3. Select Alert Type.
- 4. Select program Group/Program.
- 5. Select Generate Report.

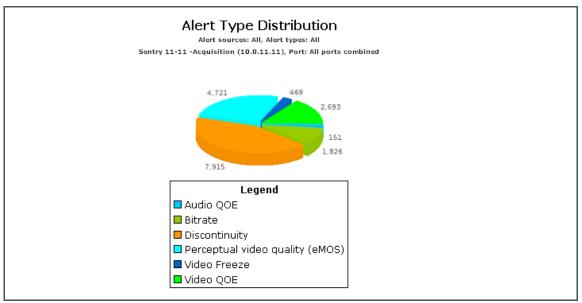


Figure 186: The resulting Distributions pie chart

### History tab

The **History** tab allows the user to see a schedule of reports that have been mailed. It is primarily used to see who is receiving what alerts and when they are receiving them.

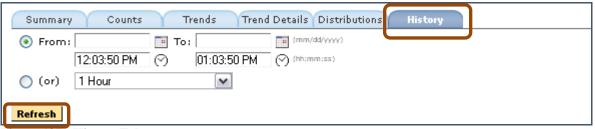


Figure 187: History Tab

- 1. Select the time range of the reports you wish to see.
- 2. Select Refresh.

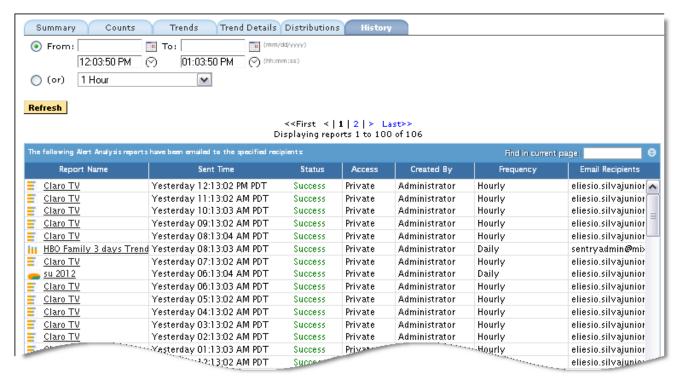


Figure 188: Alert Analysis reports results

## **Program Alert Definitions Report**

The **Program Alert Definitions** (**Program Alert Defs**) report allows you to view alerts defined to every program and to quickly find programs with no alerts set.

Filters can be set by counts. For example, you could select to show all programs without any set alerts.

These reports can be scheduled for CSV delivery via email.

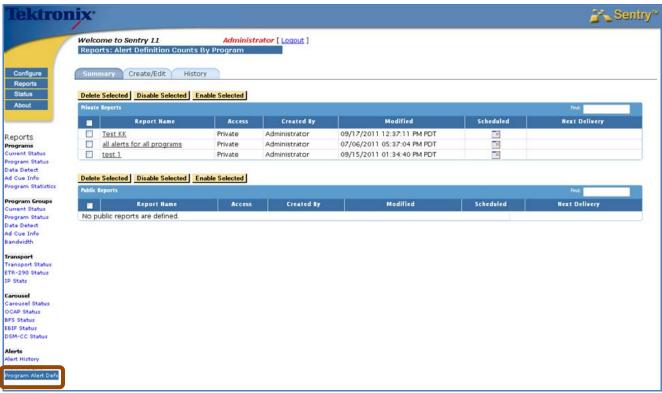


Figure 189: Alert Definition Count by Program Summary screen.

### Create/Edit tab

### **How to Set Program Alert Definition Counts**

- 1. Select **Program Alert Defs** from main menu
- 2. Select the Create/Edit tab

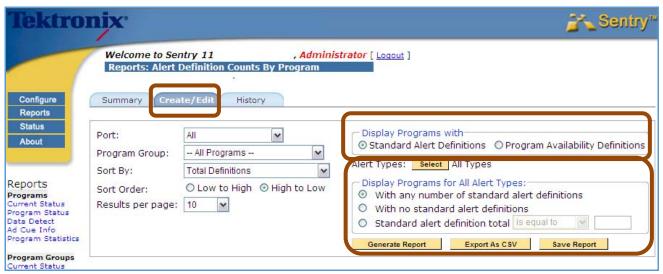


Figure 190: Create/Edit tab

- 3. Example 1: To find programs with no set alerts
  - a. Accept the defaults in the **Display Programs with** box.
  - **b.** In **Display Programs for All Alert Types**, change the default to **With no standard alert definitions**.
  - c. Select Generate Report.

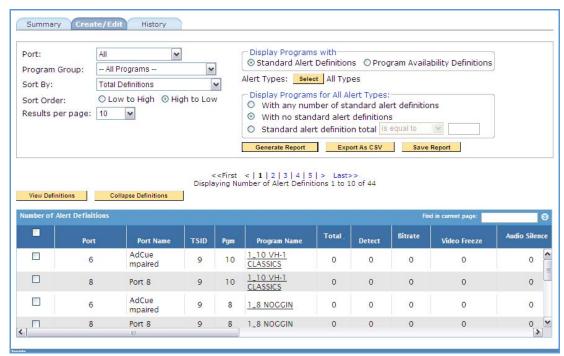


Figure 191: Finding programs with no set alerts

- **4. Example 2:** Track program with duplicate alerts. Used to monitor if there are more alerts set than you thought.
  - **a.** Accept all defaults.
  - b. Select Generate Report.

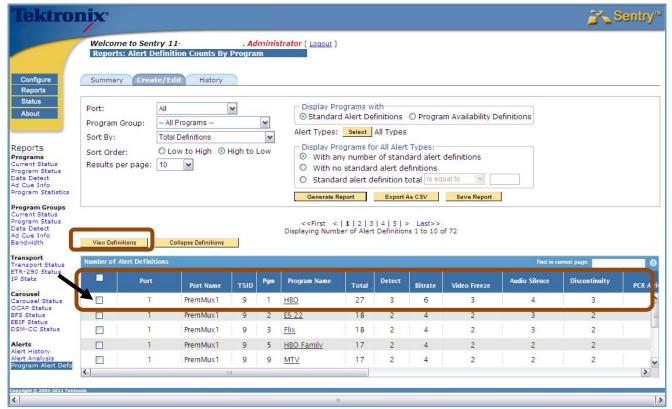


Figure 192: Tracking programs with multiple alerts

In this example, HBO has 27 total **Alert Definitions**.

- **c.** Check left box.
- **d.** Check **View Definitions**. This generates a detailed list of all the alerts, including where they are coming from.

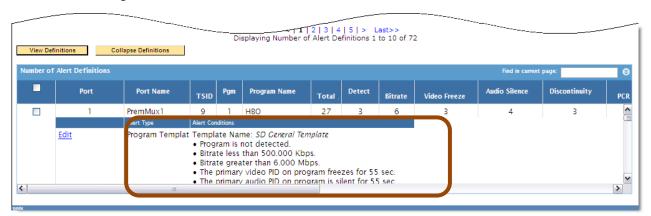


Figure 193: View Definitions

5. Select Save Report button and give the report a name.



Figure 194: Saving the report

- **6.** Select **Yes** on the confirmation pop up box.
- 7. Select Schedule Report.

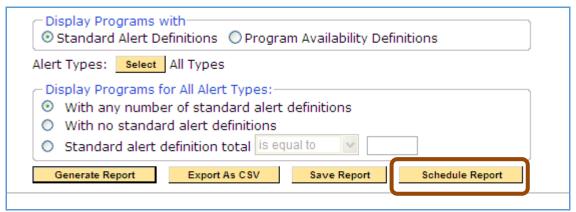


Figure 195: Schedule the Report

**8.** Complete scheduling steps as shown in **Scheduling Alerts**.

### History tab

The **History** tab shows if any **Alert Definition Counts by Program** reports have been emailed to specified recipients.

# Configure

The **Configure** menu section is used to configure and set parameters that stay constant throughout Sentry reports and forms.

NOTE: To configure and set parameters, you must log in with Administrator privileges.

The following are configurable items:

#### Alerts

Create and delete PID, program, table, PMT, DSM-CC, IP Stats, BFS and OCAP alerts.

### Program groups

Customize programs as a group

### Program Mappings

Add, modify and delete program mappings.

#### Port Names

Provide names for individual ports

### BFS Settings

Enter the source ID for the BFSdir file.

### Stream Capture

Select program for stream captures

#### Dashboard Graphs

Configure public or private program dashboard graphs

### MPEG Input Settings

Select Unicast or Multicast for MPEG over IP and configure settings.

### System Preferences

Select whether or not to include ad cue PIDs in the Program Status

Select whether or not to include the PVQ score in the Video QoE results

### System Settings

Configure Sentry hardware: Ethernet address, NTP servers, email gateway and DNC.

### ■ Import/Export Settings

Allows you to backup the configuration of the unit for safe keeping or mirror a configuration to another unit

### Users

Add, modify and delete users in the system

#### System Upgrade

Remotely upgrade Sentry to the latest software version

### Power Off

Power down Sentry

# **Configure Alerts**

Alerts are a key component of Sentry and are used to identify particular transport stream conditions. All alerts are fully-configurable and real-time, and are active globally within the system. If an alert condition is met, the alert will be generated and the **Alert Log** will display the alert.

If the alert is configured to send an email, it will be sent to the designated user(s) when the alert is generated.

If the alert is configured to send an SNMP trap, it will be sent to the **Trap** host IP configured in the **System Settings** (refer to Configure System Settings) when the alert is generated.

## **How Sentry Handles Alerts**

Alerts that you define in the system are triggered (i.e., Sentry generates an alert) and then reset when the condition for the alert no longer exists.

For example, a PID bitrate greater than a set limit will trigger when the limit is exceeded and then will only trigger again when the bitrate falls below the limit (reset) and at a later time exceeds the limit again. Some types of alerts need clarification.

#### Detect/Present

When the alert is first set, Sentry alerts if the data source exists. Subsequently Sentry alerts if the data source is added.

### **■** Detect/Not Present

When the alert is first set, Sentry alerts if the data source does not exist. Subsequently Sentry alerts if the data source did exist and gets removed.

#### Bitrate

Note that low bandwidth can result in no data during a 5-sec. interval, causing the bitrate to be set to zero. Therefore an alert trigger condition of bitrate greater than zero will be reset and will generate the alert once the bitrate is again greater than zero. This can result in multiple alerts for bitrate greater than zero due solely to low bandwidth conditions.

### Cycle Time/Greater Than

Sentry alerts when the maximum cycle time in the last 5 sec. exceeds the set limit. The alert is reset when the maximum cycle time falls below the set limit.

### Cycle Time/Equal To

Sentry alerts when the average cycle time equals the set limit.

#### Cvcle Time/Less Than

Sentry alerts when the minimum cycle time in the last 5 sec. falls below the set limit. The alert is reset when the minimum cycle time exceeds the set limit.

#### ■ The Cycle Time Greater Than/ Equal To/ Less Than

Tests are independent so it is possible, for example, to have multiple **Greater Than** alerts without a corresponding number of **Less Than** alerts.

### ■ File/Added

Sentry alerts if the file did not exist and is added.

#### File/Removed

Sentry alerts if the file did exist and gets removed.

### **Create an Alert**

Alerts can be created one of two ways:

- By selecting Configure and then Alerts from the main menu
- Or by clicking on the alert icon 🎺 to the right or left of the stream you wish to create an alert for

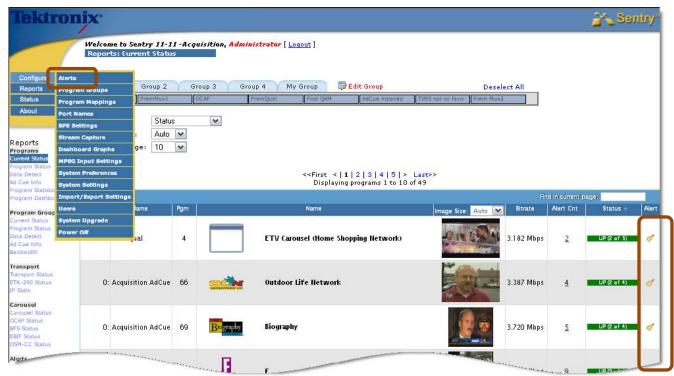


Figure 196: Create Alerts via the main menu or by selecting the Alert Bell icon on the correct stream

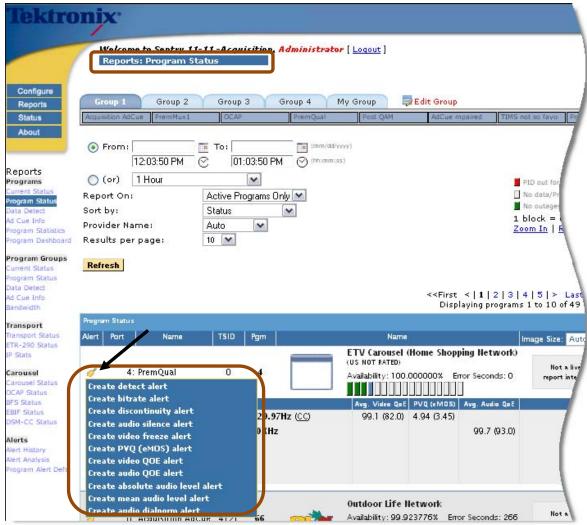


Figure 197: Creating Program Alerts via the Program Status Report

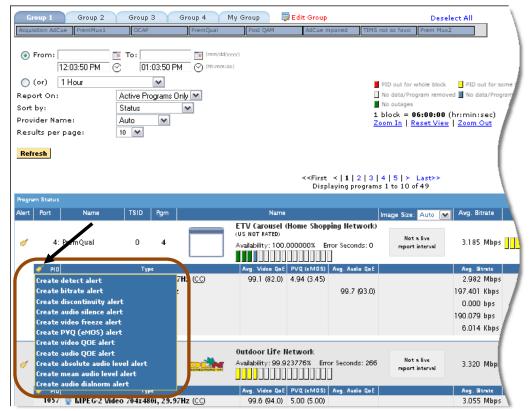


Figure 198: Creating PID Alerts via the Program Status Report



Figure 199: Creating Program Alerts via the Program Detail Report

NOTE: PCR Interval and PCR Jitter alerts only appear in the Program alerts menu if the Sentry is an ASI model.

### Create Alerts Step by Step

Access the alert you want from the Alerts summary page.

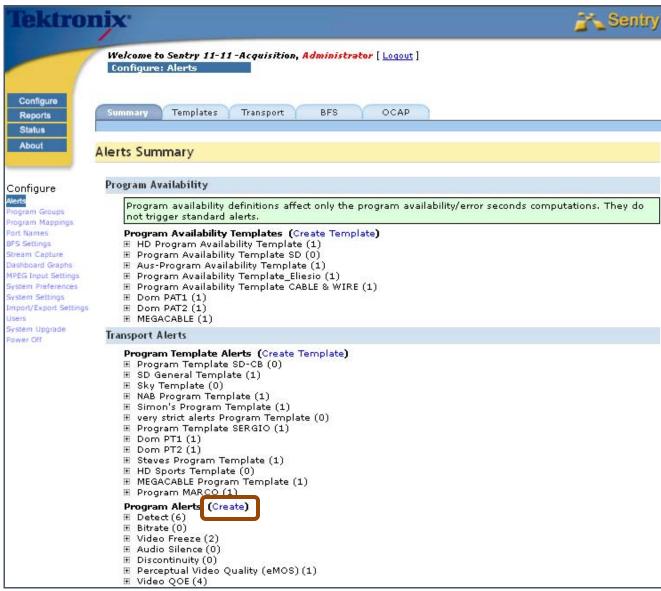


Figure 200: Select Create

Once **Create** or a link is selected, the corresponding **Creating Alerts** page opens. Each **Creating Alerts** page is divided into three main sections, identified by 1, 2, and 3

NOTE: Sections **1** and **2** differ with the type of alert. Section **3** is the same for all types of alerts.

**Section** 1 allows you to select the type of alert and set the condition for its generation.

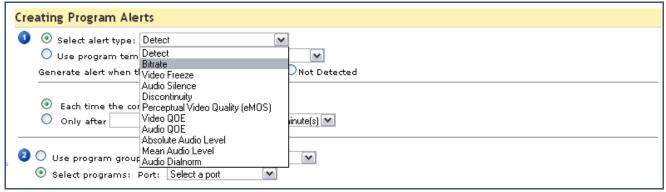


Figure 201: Selecting the Alert Type

Section <sup>2</sup> allows you to identify what you want to alert on. **Ports**, programs, **PIDs**, etc. can be added and removed by checking and un-checking the boxes to the left of the list. Ports and PIDs can also be sorted by clicking on the column headers.

1. Select a port from the drop down menu to populate the port box below.

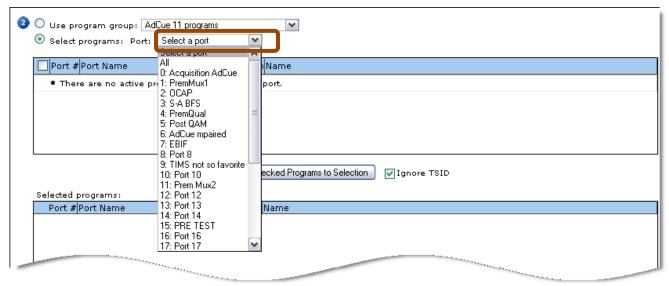


Figure 202: Selecting the port

2. Select the desired **Port** names from the list and select **Add Checked Boxes to Selection** button. The selections will appear in the window below.

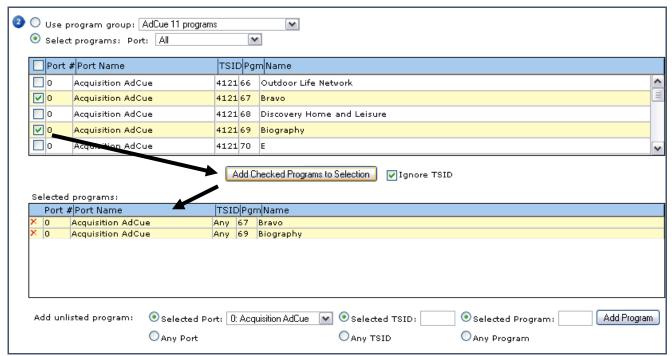


Figure 203: Selecting PIDs to Alert On

Section <sup>3</sup> allows you to specify who will be notified of the alert. The alert will be logged to the database automatically. Select if you want to be notified via email or SNMP trap.

You can also select how many emails are sent in a given time frame and whom they are sent to.

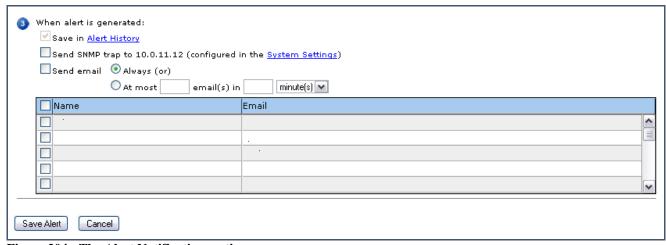


Figure 204: The Alert Notification section

Select **Save Alert** to save and activate your new alert. The system will respond with an **Alert Saved** message whose content is specific to the alert.

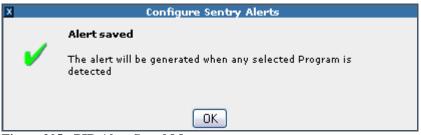


Figure 205: PID Alert Saved Message

The alert will now show up on the **Alert Summary** page

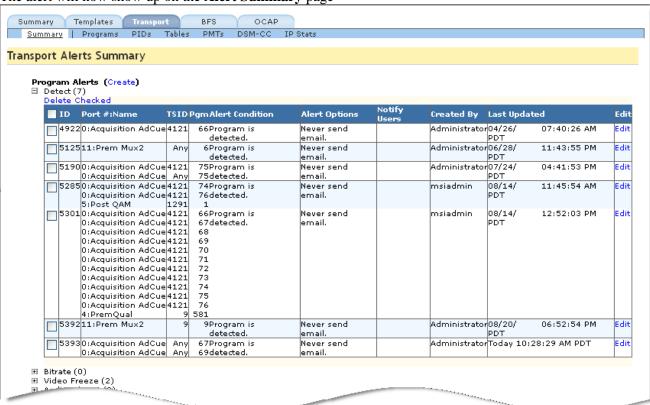


Figure 206: Alert Summary page showing created Alert

#### View Created Alerts

The alerts that have been created can be viewed from the **Alerts Summary** page by expanding alert types that have a number greater than zero in parentheses.

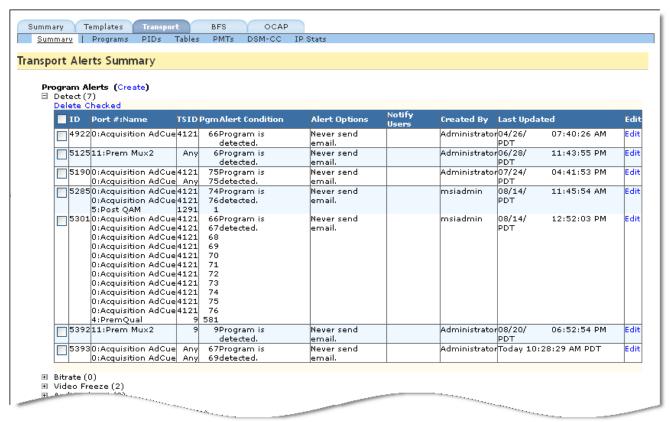


Figure 207: Alerts Summary Page showing Created Alerts

#### Delete Alert

- 1. To delete an alert, expand the group of alerts you wish to delete.
- 2. Check the box located to the left of the alert you wish to delete or check the box in the upper left to delete all alerts in the group.
- 3. Click **Delete Checked** above the alerts listed.

## Modify an Alert

- 1. To modify an alert, click **Edit** adjacent to the alert you wish to edit.
- 2. The corresponding **Creating Alerts** page will be displayed populated with the current alert criteria, which can then be edited and saved.

## **Access Alerts Summary**

To open up a list of all available alerts, select **Configure** and **Alerts** from the main menu.

This will open the Alerts Summary page.

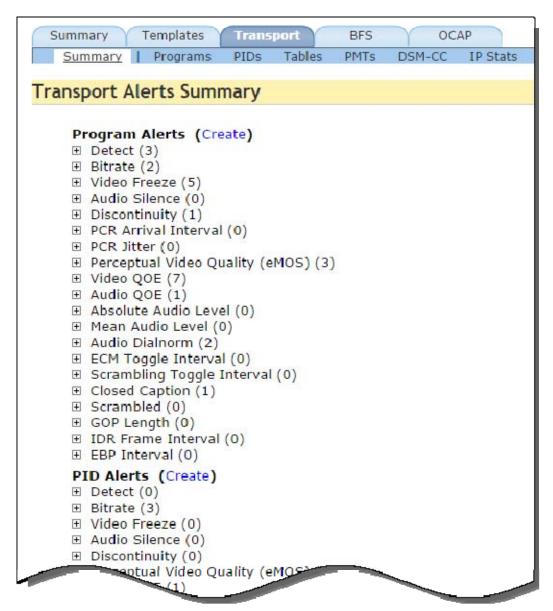


Figure 208: Alerts Summary page

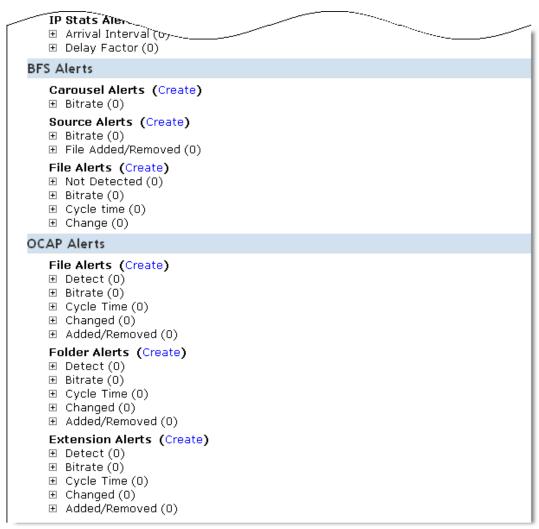


Figure 209: Alerts Summary page bottom

## **Scrambled Alerts**

You can set **Program**-based and **PID**-based **Scrambled Alerts** from a **Program Availability Template** or the **Program Template Alert**. The alert can be set to trigger upon the detection of scrambled or unscrambled content, or when the CA descriptor value conflicts with actual stream content.

To access, select Create Template.

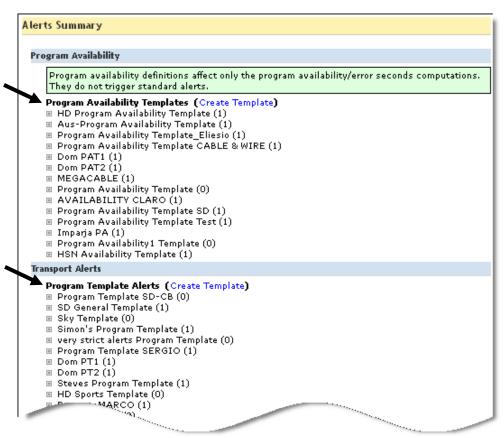


Figure 210: Select the Program Availability Template

Creating Program Alert Templates
An alert should be generated when:
✓ Programs are ○ Detected ○ Not Detected
☑ Bitrate drops below 1 Mbps ☑ or exceeds 6 Mbps ☑
Whenever these conditions are reached (or)
Only if these conditions are sustained for 0 second(s)
✓ The video on a program freezes for 1.000 minute(s) 🕶 on the primary video PID 💌
The audio on a program is silent for 30.000 second(s) 🕶 on the primary audio PID 💌
On left, right or center speaker (or) Advanced
✓ Discontinuities occur 100 or more times in 1 minute(s) ✓
▼ The perceptual video quality (eMOS) score for any program goes below ▼ 4 on the primary video PID ▼
<ul> <li>○ Whenever these conditions are reached (or)</li> <li>○ Only if these conditions are sustained for 5 second(s)</li> </ul>
✓ The video quality of experience score for any program goes below ✓ 75 on the primary video PID ✓
Whenever these conditions are reached (or)
Only if these conditions are sustained for 15 second(s)
The audio quality of experience score for any program goes below 💌 75 on the primary audio PID 💌
Whenever these conditions are reached (or)
Only if these conditions are sustained for 5 second(s)
Any primary AN PID is scrambled for 1.000 minute(s)
2 Trigger the alert:
Each time any of the above conditions occur (or)
Only after any of the above conditions occur time(s) in minute(s) 🕶
Name the template: Program Template
Save Template Cancel

Figure 211: Selecting Scrambled Alerts

## Transport tab

Selecting the **Transport** tab opens the **Transport Alerts Summary**.

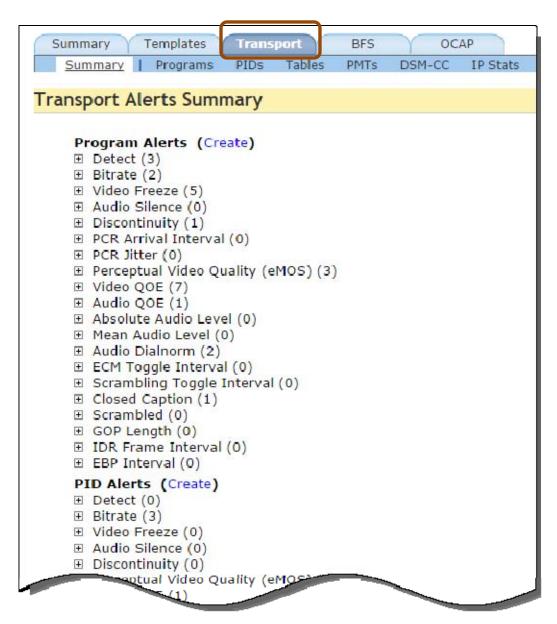


Figure 212: Transport Alerts Summary Page

## Types of Transport Alerts

## **Program Alerts**

#### Detect

Generates the alert when any of the selected programs is present or absent in the database. When the alert is first created the condition (present or absent) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the program is created or destroyed.

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate of any of the selected programs is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified bitrate.

#### Video Freeze

Generates the alert when the video remains unchanged (i.e., frozen) for a specified length of time on any PID on any of the selected programs.

#### Audio Silence

Generates the alert when the audio is silent for a specified length of time on any PID on any of the selected programs on a group of channels.

## Discontinuity

Generates the alert after a specified number of discontinuities is counted on all the PIDs on any one of the selected programs.

## PCR Arrival Interval

Generates the alert when the arrival interval between PCRs is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified number of milliseconds for any of the selected programs. The number of milliseconds can be negative to represent "early" arrivals.

## PCR Jitter

Generates the alert when the PCR jitter is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified number of nanoseconds (converted by Sentry to 27Mhz units) for any of the selected programs.

## Perceptual Video QOE(eMOS)

Generates an alert when the PVQ goes above or below a user set threshold. This is not coupled with any particular QOE event or alert.

## Video QoE

Generates the alert when the video QoE score for any program goes above or below a specified value on either the primary video PID or any video PID (Out of a possible score of 100).

#### Audio OoF

Generates the alert when the audio QoE score for any program goes above or below a specified value on either the primary audio PID or any audio PID (Out of a possible score of 100).

#### Absolute Audio Level

Generates the alert when the absolute audio level goes above or below a specified dB value on either the primary audio PID or any audio PID.

#### ■ Mean Audio Level

Generates the alert when the mean audio level either increases, decreases, or both by a specified dB value within a given time frame on either the primary audio PID or any audio PID.

#### Audio Dialnorm

Generates the alert when the audio level goes above or below dialnorm by a specified dB value on either the primary audio PID or any audio PID.

### ECM Toggle Interval

Generates the alert when the ECM toggle interval is greater than or less than x number of seconds.

#### Scrambling Toggle Interval

Generates the alert when the scrambling toggle interval is greater than or less than *x* number of seconds.

## GOP length

Generate an alert when the GOP length for any program is greater or less than X on the primary video or any video PID

#### ■ IDR Frame Interval

Generates an alert when the IDR frame interval is either greater than or less than x number of seconds on either the primary video PID or any video PID.

#### ■ EBP Interval

Generate an alert when the EBP interval for any program is greater or less than X seconds on the primary video PID or any video PID.

## ■ PTS Alignment of IDR/EBP Frames

The Presentation Timestamp (PTS) alignment of IDR/EBP frames varies by more than X milliseconds. This alert can only be defined against static program groups that are used to define the MBR (Multiple Bitrate) streamset for the alert.

## ■ PID Added/Removed from PMT

Generates an alert when a PID of a selected type (any PID, any A/V PID, any primary A/V PID, or any data/splice PID) is added or removed from the program's PMT.

## ■ PMT PID Type Change

Generates an alert when any selected **PID Type Change** (**PID Type, PID Type Family** or Primary PID designation) for a selected PID type (any PID, any A/V PID, any primary A/V PID, or any data/splice PID) occurs in the program's PMT. A **PID Type Family** is defined as either **Video**, **Audio**, **DSM-CC**, **Text**, **Splice**, **Scrambled or Other**.

## PMT Contents

Generates an alert when the program's PMT does not meet the specified number of video PIDs, audio PIDs, DSM-CC PIDs, text PIDs, splice PIDs, scrambled PIDs, and/or other PIDs.

#### PID Alerts

#### Detect

Generates the alert when any of the selected PIDs is present or absent in the system. When the alert is first created the condition (present or absent) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the PID is created or destroyed.

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the bitrate of any of the selected PIDs is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified bitrate.

#### Video Freeze

Generates the alert when the video remains unchanged (i.e., frozen) for a specified length of time on any of the selected PIDs.

## Audio Silence

Generates the alert when the audio is silent for a specified length of time on any of the selected PIDs on a group of channels.

#### Discontinuity

Generates the alert after a specified number of discontinuities is counted on any one of the selected PIDs.

## Perceptual Video QOE(eMOS)

Generates an alert when the PVQ goes above or below a user set threshold. This is not coupled with any particular QOE event or alert.

## ■ Video QoE

Generates the alert when the video QoE score for any PID goes above or below a specified value (Out of a possible score of 100).

#### Audio QoE

Generates the alert when the audio QoE score for any PID goes above or below a specified value (Out of a possible score of 100).

#### Absolute Audio Level

Generates the alert when the absolute audio level goes above or below a specified dB value.

## Mean Audio Level

Generates the alert when the mean audio level either increases, decreases, or both by a specified dB value within a given time frame.

#### Audio Dialnorm

Generates the alert when the audio level goes above or below dialnorm by a specified dB value.

## Any PID on a Port

## Audio Silence

Generates the alert when the audio is silent for a specified length of time on any PID on any of the selected ports on a group of channels.

#### Video Freeze

Generates the alert when the video remains unchanged (i.e., frozen) for a specified length of time on any PID on any of the selected ports.

Sentry User Manual 187 March 2017

#### Table on a Port

#### Detect

Generates the alert when the selected Table ID is present or not present on any selected port. When the alert is first set the condition (present or not present) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the table is created or destroyed.

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate for all tables of the selected ID on any selected port is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## Cycle Time

Generates the alert when any table of the selected ID on any selected port has a cycle time greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## Table on a PID

#### Detect

Generates the alert when the selected table is present or not present. When the alert is first set the condition (present or not present) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the table is created or destroyed.

## Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate for all the selected tables is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## Cycle Time

Generates the alert when any of the selected tables has a cycle time greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

#### **PMT**

#### Detect

Generates the alert when the selected PMT is present or not present. When the alert is first created the condition (present or not present) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the PMT is created or destroyed.

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate for all the selected PMTs is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

#### Cvcle Time

Generates the alert when any of the selected PMTs has a cycle time greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## DSM-CC on a Port

#### DC Detect

Generates the alert when the selected DC is present or not present on any selected port. When the alert is first created the condition (present or not present) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the DC is created or destroyed.

## DC Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate for all DCs on any selected port is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## DC Cycle Time

Generates the alert when any of the selected DCs on any selected Port has a cycle time greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## DII Detect

Generates the alert when the selected DII is present or not present on any selected port. When the alert is first created the condition (present or not present) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the DII is created or destroyed.

#### DII Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate for all DIIs on any selected port is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## DII Cycle Time

Generates the alert when any of the DIIs on any selected port has a cycle time greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## DSM-CC

#### DC Detect

Generates the alert when the selected DC is present or not present. When the alert is first set the condition (present or not present) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the DC is created or destroyed.

#### DC Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate for all the selected DCs is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## DC Cycle Time

Generates the alert when any of the selected DCs has a cycle time greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## DII Detect

Generates the alert when the selected DII is present or not present. When the alert is first created the condition (present or not present) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the DII is created or destroyed.

#### DII Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate for all the selected DIIs is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## DII Cycle Time

Generates the alert when any of the selected DIIs has a cycle time greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## Port Alerts

### Arrival Interval

Generates the alert when the arrival interval is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## Delay Factor

Generates the alert when the delay factor is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

#### TR101/290

Generates the alert when any of the selected TR101/290 priorities is in error a specified amount of time.

## **Sample Transport Alerts**

## Create Audio Level Alerts

- 1. From the main menu, select **Configure** and then **Alerts**.
- 2. You will be redirected to the **Alerts Summary** page. Under **Transport Alerts**, scroll down to **Program Alerts** and select **Create**.

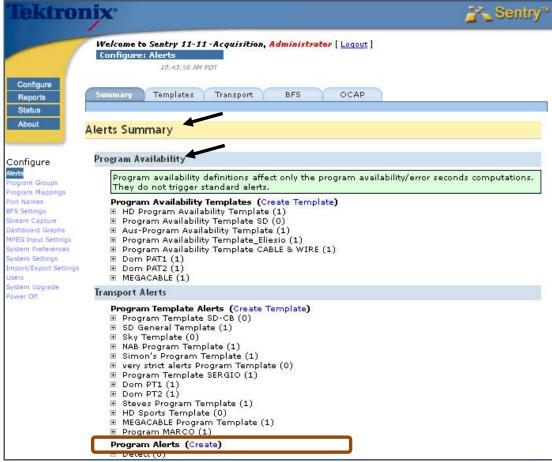


Figure 213: Alerts Summary page

- **3.** You will be redirected to the **Creating Program Alerts** page.
- **4.** In **Section** , select **Absolute Audio Levels** from the drop-down menu.

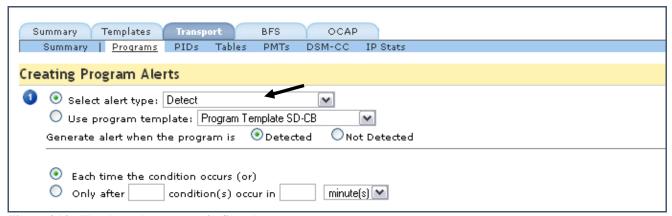


Figure 214: The drop-down menu in Step 1

NOTE: Absolute Audio Levels will determine if levels go above or below a certain db rating.

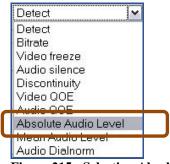


Figure 215: Selecting Absolute Audio Level

**5.** Section will automatically expand to include the following:

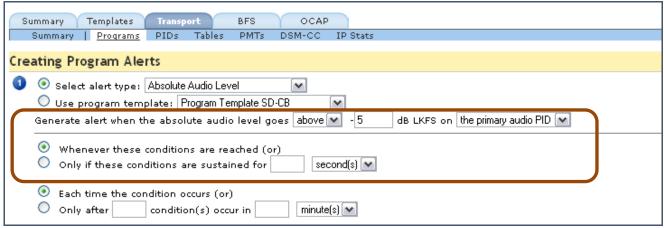


Figure 216: Expanded information area including the fields for "Generate alert when"

- **6.** Set **Generate alert when the absolute audio level goes above/below the dB** for the desired audio program.
- **7.** Set the dB to the desired measurement.
- 8. Next, select Only if these conditions are sustained and select the time requirements.
- 9. Section Select the **Program Groups** to be monitored from the drop-down menu.

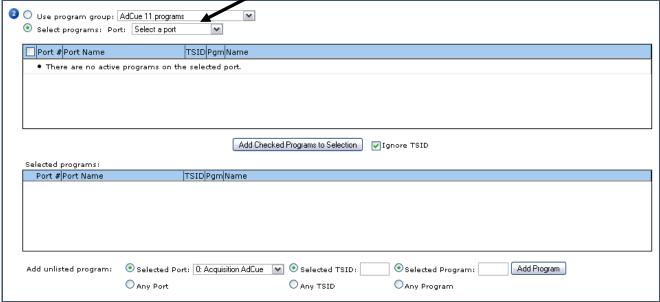


Figure 217: Section 2

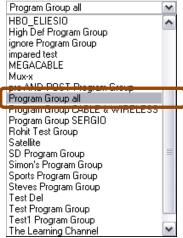


Figure 218: Selecting item from the drop-down menu

**10.** The table for **Section** will automatically fill with the program information.

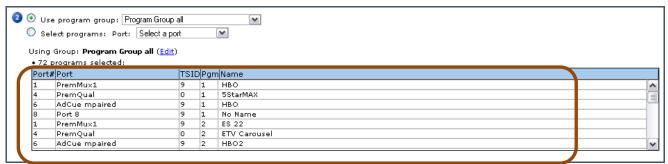


Figure 219: The Program Group table

# 11. Section <sup>3</sup>

Select the email settings for desired notifications.

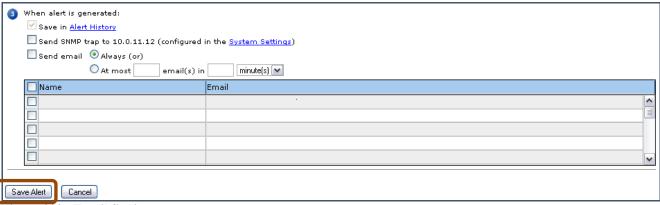


Figure 220: Email Settings

12. Review Sections 1-3 and select Save Alert when finished.

## Create a Transport NULL PID Bitrate Alert

- 1. From the main menu, select **Configure** and then **Alerts**.
- 2. From the **Transport Alerts** column, scroll down to **PID Alerts** and select **Create**.
- 3. Finally, from the Creating PID Alerts page, work your way through Sections 1-3.
- 4. Section Select Bitrate from the drop-down menu.

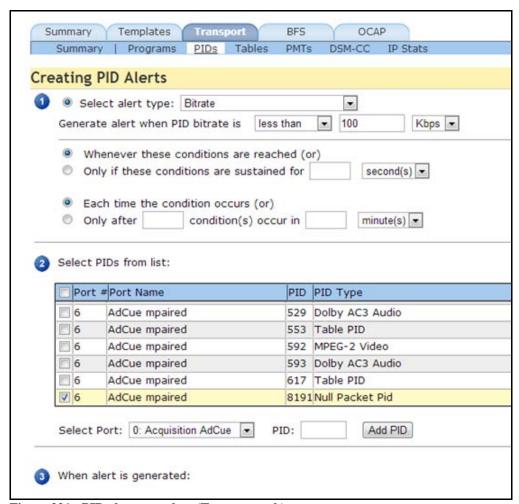


Figure 221: PID alerts template (Transport tab)

- 5. Set Generate alert when the PID bitrate is less than.
- **6.** Next select the desired bitrate.
- 7. Choose any further required limitations.
- **8.** Select PIDs from list.
- 9. Review Sections 1-3 and select Save Alert when finished.

## Create Mean Audio Level Alerts

Mean Audio Level alerts looks to see if the audio level changes by specified amount of dB from the ongoing average over a specified time period. It does NOT measure the average change for that time period. For example, if you specify a 30 dB increase over 10 seconds, Sentry will alert you if the volume increases by 30 db at any point in the last 10 seconds.

- 1. From the main menu, select **Configure** and then **Alerts**.
- 2. From the **Transport Alerts** column, scroll down to **Program Alerts** and select **Create**.
- **3.** Finally, from the **Creating Program Alerts** page, work your way through **Sections 1-3**.
- 4. Section Select Mean Audio Level from the drop-down menu

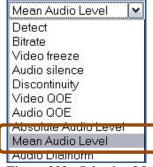


Figure 222: Selecting Mean Audio Level

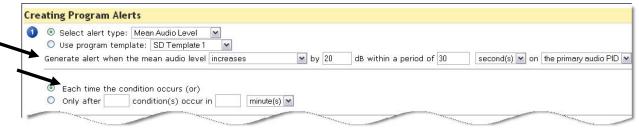


Figure 223: Creating Program Alerts page/ Step 1

- 5. Set Generate alert when the mean audio level to Increases/Decreases/Either.
- **6.** Next select the desired dB level and the period of time you wish it to be monitored.
- **7.** Next, select one of the following buttons:
  - a. Each time the condition occurs (or)

or

- b. Only after \_\_\_ condition(s) occur in\_\_\_.
- **8.** Review **Sections 1-3** and select **Save Alert** when finished.

## **Create Audio Dialnorm Alert**

- 1. From the main menu, select **Configure** and then **Alerts**.
- 2. From the **Transport Alerts** column, scroll down to **Program Alerts** and select **Create**.
- 3. Finally, from the Creating Program Alerts page, work your way through Sections 1-3.
- 4. Section Select Audio Dialnorm from the drop-down menu



Figure 224: Selecting Audio Dialnorm

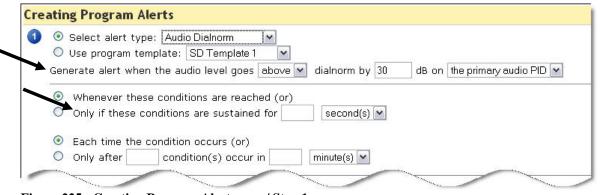


Figure 225: Creating Program Alerts page/ Step 1

- 5. Set the Generate alert when the audio level goes to above/below.
- **6.** Next select the desired dB level.
- 7. Next, select the **Only if these conditions are sustained** button and set the period of time you wish it to be monitored.
- **8.** Review **Sections 1-3** and select **Save Alert** when finished.

## Buffer overrun/underrun detection

Buffer overrun and underrun can occur for a variety of reasons, such as network jitter, improper MUXing, improper encoding, etc. Buffer overruns/underruns can cause the picture or sound to drop out completely or freeze for a short time, then resume. Some set top boxes, mainly older units, are more sensitive to buffer overruns than other models.

Buffer overruns and underruns occur under the following conditions:

## Audio Buffer Overrun

Buffer timing violation causing buffer overrun; greater than or equal to 100ms.

#### Audio Buffer Underrun

Buffer timing violation causing buffer underrun; equal to 0 seconds, meaning that the buffer is empty.

## Video Buffer Overrun

Buffer timing violation causing buffer overrun; greater than or equal to 1 sec.

## Video Buffer Underrun

Buffer timing violation causing buffer underrun; equal to 0 seconds, meaning that the buffer is empty.

## Configure Buffer overrun/underrun detection

NOTE: The Audio Silence Alerts template is the only place to set the Audio Buffer overrun/underrun detection. You cannot do this from the Program template. As the QoE score looks at buffer issues, these alerts should only be set if you looking for specific buffer issues.

- 1. From the main menu, select **Configure** and then **Alerts**.
- 2. Next to the **Program Alerts** heading, select **Create**.

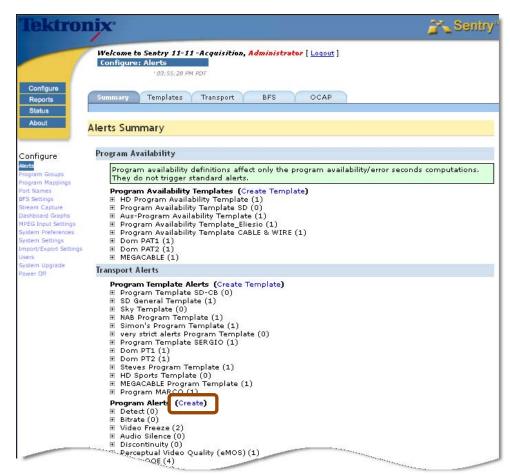


Figure 226: Creating a template for Buffer Overrun/ Buffer Underrun alerts

3. On Section 1, select alert type, select Audio Silence.

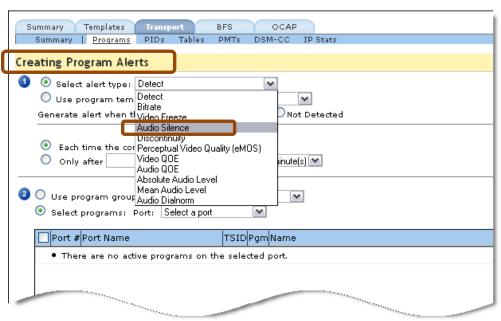


Figure 227: Selecting alert type

**4.** Next, select either the **Audio buffer underrun** or **Audio buffer overrun box** or both, as needed.

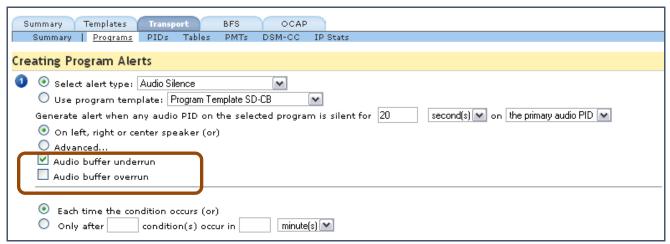


Figure 228: Selecting underrun and/or overrun

5. Please refer to Chapter 4: Configuring Alerts for the steps to complete this process.

## BFS tab

The BFS tab opens the BFS Alerts Summary page.



Figure 229: BFS Alerts Summary Page

## Types of BFS Alerts

## BFS Source

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate of any of the selected sources is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified bitrate.

## ■ File Added/Removed

Generates the alert when any file is either added to or removed from any of the selected sources. The condition (added or removed) is not checked when the alert is created, the alert is only generated when the file is added or removed.

## BFS Carousel

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the total bitrate of any of the selected carousels is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified bitrate.

## **BFS File**

#### Not Present

Generates the alert when any of the selected files is absent in the database. When the alert is first set the condition (absent) is checked, and thereafter is only checked when the file is destroyed.

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the bitrate of any of the selected files is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified bitrate.

#### Cvcle Time

Generates the alert when the cycle time of any of the selected files is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified cycle time.

#### File Change

Generates the alert when any of the selected files changes or when any of the selected files has not changed for a specified amount of time.

## Types of OCAP Alerts

#### File Alerts

#### Detect

Generates the alert when the selected file is present or is not present.

#### Ritrate

Generates the alert when the file bitrate is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

### Cycle Time

Generates the alert when the file cycle time is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

#### Changed

Generates the alert when the file changes or has not changed for a specified time period.

## Added/Removed

Generates the alert when the file is added or removed.

## Folder Alerts

#### Detect

Generates the alert when the selected folder or any files contained within it are present or are not present.

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the entire folder's contents bitrate or any file within the folder is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

#### Cvcle Time

Generates the alert when the file cycle time is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

#### Changed

Generates the alert when files within the folder change or have not changed for a specified time period.

#### Added/Removed

Generates the alert when the folder or any files contained within it are added or removed.

## **Extension Alerts**

## Detect

Generates the alert when the files with a specific extension are present or are not present.

#### Bitrate

Generates the alert when the entire folder's contents bitrate or any file within the folder with a specific extension is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

### Cycle Time

Generates the alert when the file cycle time (for files having a specific extension) is greater than, equal to, or less than a specified value.

## Changed

Generates the alert when files within the folder (having a specific extension) change or have not changed for a specified time period

#### Added/Removed

Generates the alert when files with the given extension are added or removed.

## **Configure Program Availability Definitions**

- 1. From the main toolbar, select **Configure** and then **Alerts**.
- 2. From the resulting page, under **Templates**, select **Create Template** next to the **Program Availability Templates** header.

NOTE: Program availability definitions affect only the program availability/error seconds computations. They do not trigger standard alerts.

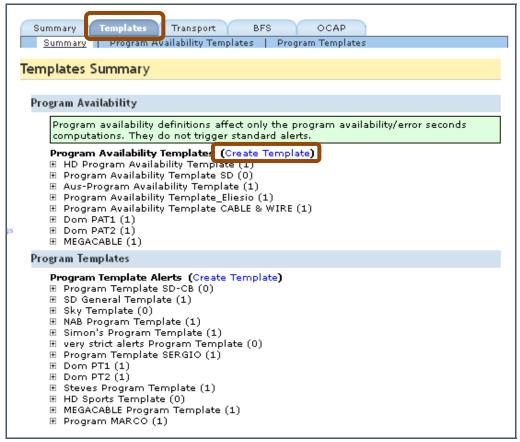


Figure 230: Create a Program Availability Template

3. For Section , defaults are provided but any setting can be customized for your needs. You can also disable parameters that you do not wish to use by un-checking the appropriate box.

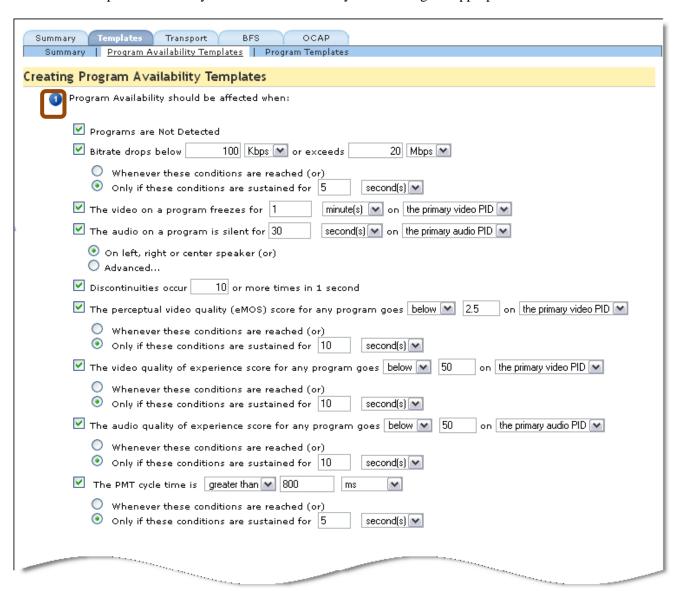


Figure 231: Step 1 for Creating Program Availability Templates

**4.** In **Section**, and name the template and select **Save Template**.



Figure 232: Step 2 Naming and Saving the template



Figure 233: Template Saved dialogue box

5. Select **OK** on the **Template Saved** confirmation.

## **Create Program Template Alerts**

One of the primary functions of the Sentry unit is to allow the user to monitor their programs through a series of **Alerts** that they can configure for optimal personal use.

The best way to set up different types of alerts and be able to apply them to multiple programs is to create an **Alert Template**. This allows the user to apply a set of alerts with pre-configured parameters to speed the alert creation and application process.

NOTE: This process only creates the Alert Template.

Once the Alert Template is complete, you must also create an alert!

Until you apply the template to the programs, no alerts will be generated.

## **Template Alerts**

1. From the main toolbar, select **Configure** and then **Alerts**.

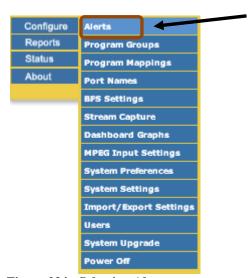


Figure 234: Selecting Alerts

2. From the resulting page, select **Create Template** from next to the **Program Template Alerts** header.

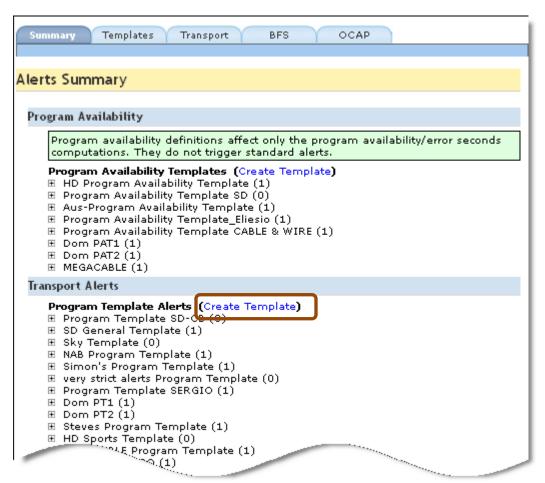


Figure 235: Create a Template

**3.** From the **Program Template Alert** creation page, you may create a template that can be used almost anywhere in the alert creation process. You may create an alert template to fit your particular programs, such as **HD**, **SD**, or **Music** only.

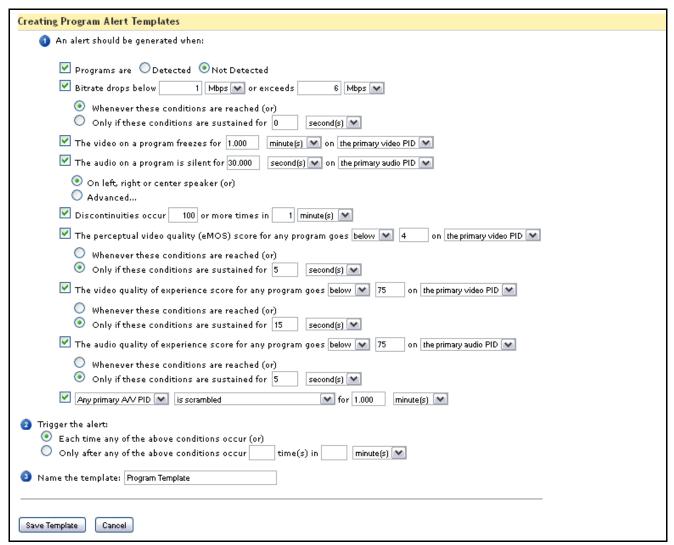


Figure 236: Three steps to Creating Program Alert Templates

**4.** For **Section** , defaults are provided but any setting can be customized for your needs. You can also disable parameters that you do not wish to use by un-checking the appropriate box.

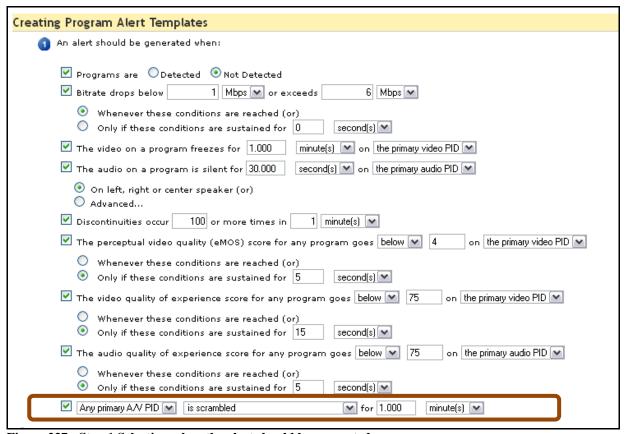


Figure 237: Step 1 Selecting when the alert should be generated

5. For Section 2, select when you want to trigger an alert either each time the condition occurs or only after any of the above conditions occur in a specified amount of time.

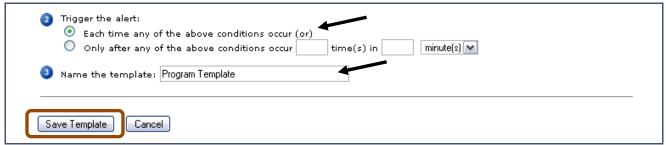


Figure 238: Step 2 Triggering the alert, Naming the Alert and Saving the template

**6.** In Section  $^{\textcircled{3}}$ , name the template and select Save Template.



Figure 239: Template Saved dialogue box

7. Select **OK** on the **Template Saved** confirmation.

NOTE: Now that you have created the Alert Template, the next step is to actually create the alert!

You have just created a list of parameters that Sentry can use to apply to specific programs.

Until you apply the template to the programs, no alerts will be generated.

## Create an alert from a Template using a Program Alert

1. Select the desired **Program Template Alert** from the list and click the expand button.

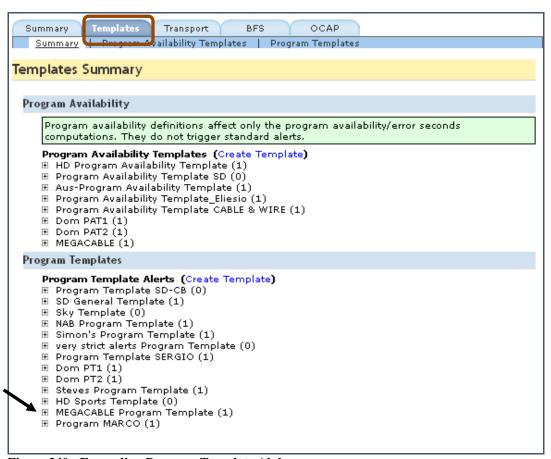


Figure 240: Expanding Program Template Alpha

2. Next, select Create Alert.



Figure 241: Create the alert

3. From the Creating Program Alerts page, start at Section and verify that the previously selected Program Template is showing in the drop-down menu.

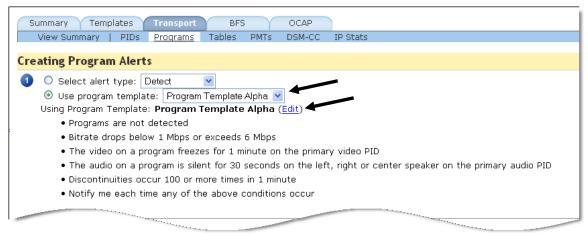


Figure 242: Step 1 Checking for correct Program Template

**4.** Review the parameters for the template. If you wish to change any of the parameters, select the **Edit** button. This will take you to the **Editing Program Alerts Template** page where you may make the desired changes.

5. In Section 2, select the program group you wish to use from the drop-down menu.

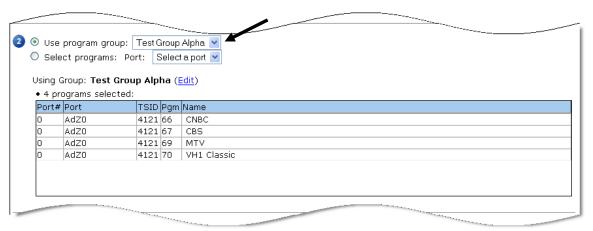


Figure 243: Selecting the Program Group

**6.** Section 3, set the notifications for the alert.

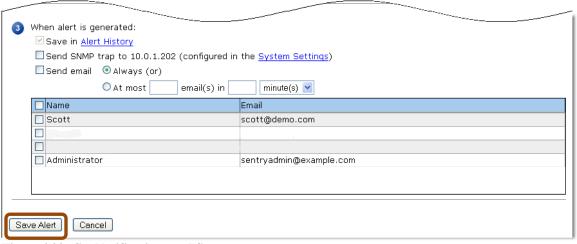


Figure 244: Set Notifications and Save

- 7. Review the page and select **Save Alert** when you are finished.
- **8.** Now the Sentry will start to monitor those programs with the parameters you selected.

# Create an alert template without a Program Group

- 1. Follow the entire process up until **Section** of the **Creating Program Alerts** page.
- 2. In Section select the radio button for Select Programs and click on the drop-down menu for the desired transport stream.

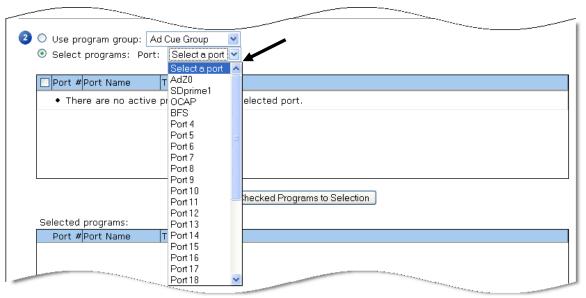


Figure 245: Selecting the Port

3. Select the desired programs by checking their corresponding boxes. When finished, select **Add**Checked Programs to Selection. If you need programs on other ports, select a new port from the drop-down menu and repeat the process.

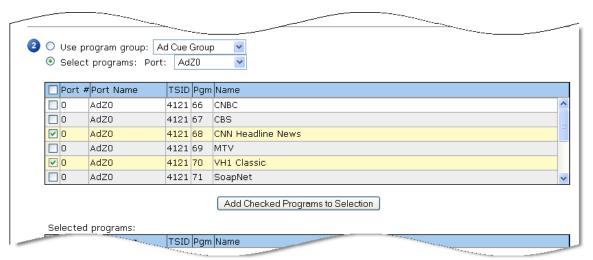


Figure 246: Selecting programs

**4.** Finally, in **Section** <sup>3</sup>, set the notifications for the alert.

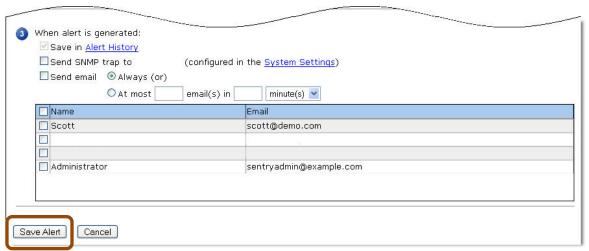


Figure 247: Set Notifications and Save

5. Review the page and select **Save Alert** when you are finished.

# **Program Groups**

**Program Groups** allows you to customize any programs on Sentry as a group for convenient alert template application and for problem isolation. For example you can create **Program Groups** by their content type (music program group, HD program group) for applying the most appropriate type of alert. If Sentry is set up to monitor the same programs at different locations (e.g., acquisition vs. post multiplexing), you can create two program group respectively by different location for comparison and for problem isolation.

# **Create Program Groups**

# Access Program Groups

1. Select Configure and then Program Groups.



Figure 248: Selecting Program Groups from the main menu

## Groups Summary tab

The **Groups Summary** tab has two primary sections to lead you through the creation process.

1. Start by selecting Create Group.



Figure 249: Create a Group

2. In Section • , select a port from the drop-down menu.

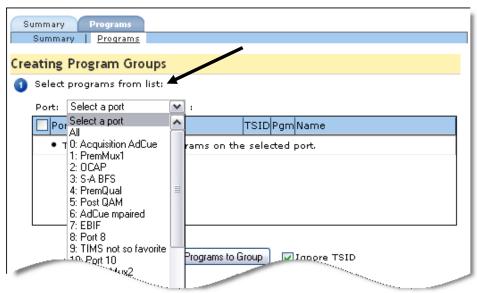


Figure 250: Selecting a Port

**3.** The result should look similar to this:

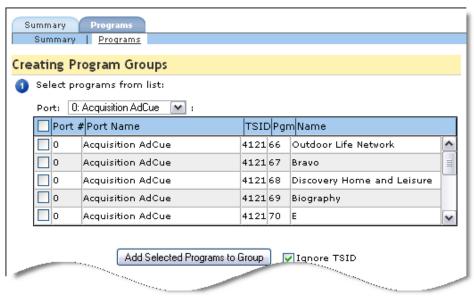


Figure 251: Backfilled Port information

**4.** Next select the programs you wish to add to the group by checking the appropriate box. When you have finished selecting programs, and click **Add Selected Programs** to **Group**.

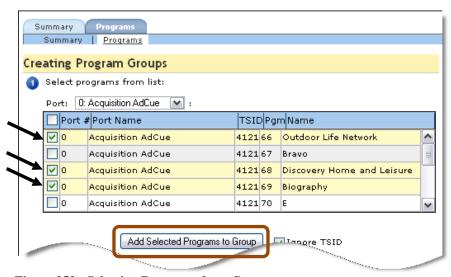


Figure 252: Selecting Programs for a Group

**5.** The selected programs will now move to **Programs** in group at the bottom of this step. You may continue this process until all desired programs are showing in the **Programs** in group window.

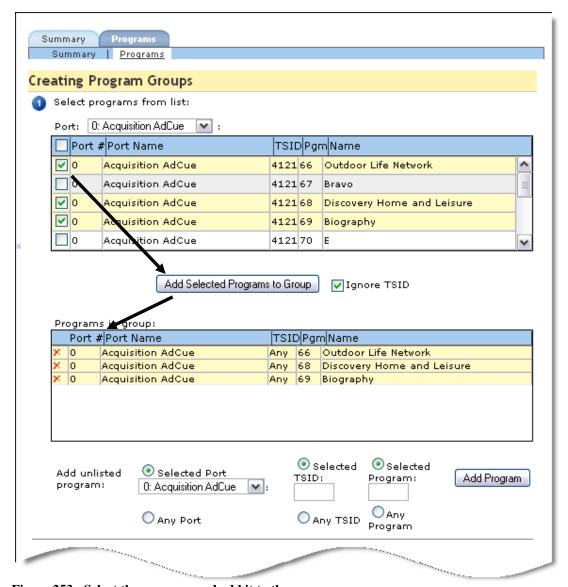


Figure 253: Select the program and add it to the group

**6.** See the next section, **Adding Unlisted Programs** for the rest of this process.

## Add unlisted programs

At this time, you may also add programs to the group that are not on the list by using the section at the bottom of **Section** . This is a handy feature for upcoming programs.

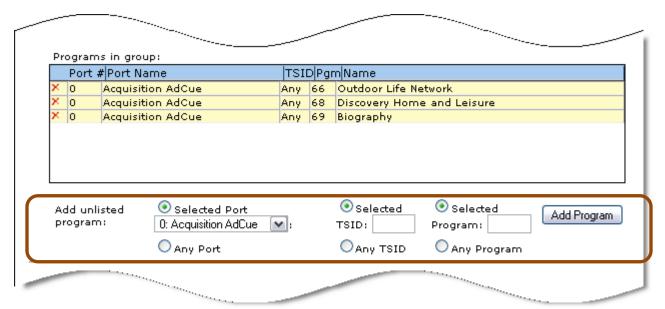


Figure 254: Add unlisted programs

- 1. Select the **Port**, **TSID** and **Program**.
- 2. Select the **Add Program** button to add it to the **Programs** in group list. To delete it from the list, select the **X** button on the left.
- 3. In Section 2, type in the name of the group and select Save. The name may be anything you think would make a good reference name.



Figure 255: Save the Group

**4.** To finish the creation process, review **Sections** • and • and then select **Save Group**.

**5.** You will receive the following notification box. Select **OK** to continue.



Figure 256: Group Saved dialogue box

**6.** You will be sent to the **Program Groups** Summary page where the new group name will appear.



Figure 257: The new program group

7. You are now done creating a **Program Group**.

# **Configure Program Mappings**

Sentry automatically detects program names and associated icons within the transport stream; however, in some cases this data is not available. **Configure: Mappings** enables you to associate a particular icon and network name with a port and program number. This association is saved in the internal relational database. Mappings can be created, modified, and deleted at any time.

# Add a New Mapping

1. Select **Configure: Mappings** from the main page menu or sub-page menu.



Figure 258: Selecting Program Mapping

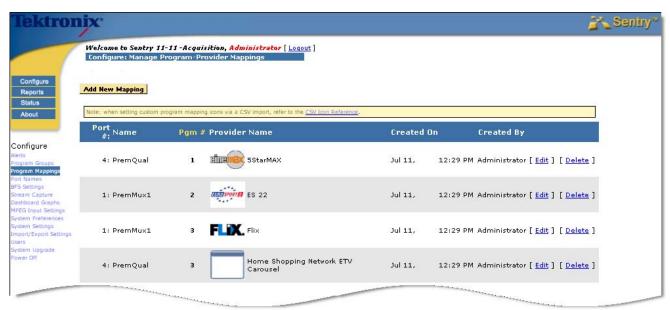


Figure 259: Program Mapping welcome screen

2. To add a new mapping, click **Add New Mapping** button located at the bottom of the page.

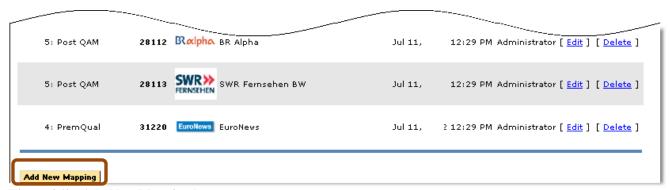


Figure 260: Add New Mapping button

- 3. Next, select the port and program number for which you want to create the mapping.
- **4.** All program numbers contained in the transport streams on all ports will be included in the drop-down list. A program number can also be entered manually.

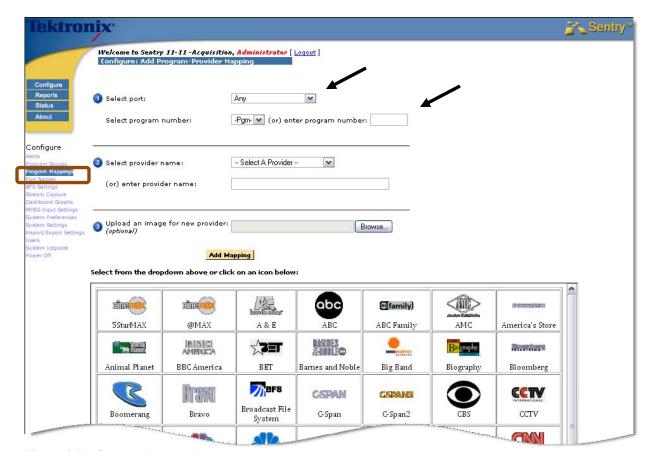


Figure 261: Select a Port and Program

- **5.** Select the provider either from the drop-down list or by clicking on one of the available icons. There is a one-to-one correspondence between the provider name and the icon.
- 6. Click Add Mapping.

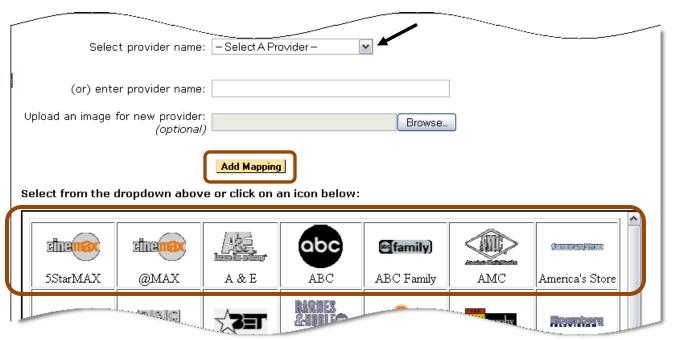


Figure 262: Select Provider and Icon

- 7. The new mapping will appear in the mappings list.
- **8.** You can also manually add a provider name in the text field and upload an associated icon.
- **NOTE 1**: Existing **Mappings** will be not be overridden if Sentry automatically detects the correct program name and symbol.
- **NOTE 2**: If you switch to a different transport stream, you will need to remap your program numbers if they are not exactly the same as the ones in the previous transport stream.

# Delete a Mapping

To delete a mapping select the **Delete** link. This will remove the mapping. Once mappings are deleted, the user will have to re-create them if they are needed again.



Figure 263: Delete a Mapping link

# **Modify a Mapping**

To modify a mapping select the **Edit** link.

The **Configure:** Add **Program-Provider Mapping** page opens configured with the selected program's mapping, which may then be modified.

# **Configure Port Names**

- 1. Sentry offers the capability to name an individual port.
- 2. Start by locating the unnamed port and clicking Edit.



Figure 264: Configure Port Names

- 3. Next, add the new port name in the appropriate field.
- **4.** The port names appear on each report, including on the **Current Status** page.

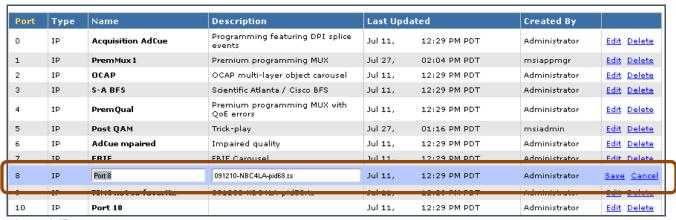


Figure 265: Port Names

# **Configure BFS Settings**

The **BFSdir file** contains data used to display the server, folder, and file names corresponding to the **BFS Source** in the **BFS Reports**.

1. To configure, enter the source ID for the **BFSdir file** in the corresponding field.



Figure 266: BFS Settings

2. Select Save Settings when complete.

# **Configure Triggered Stream Captures**

Alert Triggered Stream capture allows you to save a program to a file when specified conditions occur.

You can get a stream capture one of two ways:

## Triggered by Alert

Captures automatically through an alert you set up to fire under certain conditions. This captures the same data as the **Capture Now** button on the Program Details screen.

## Triggered by User

Captures manually through the Capture Now button.

See the **About** section on your Sentry for license specifications on your particular unit. (See your Tektronix Account Manager for more information.)



Figure 267: Alert Triggered Stream Captures overview

### Access Alert Stream Captures

1. Select Configure and then Stream Capture.



Figure 268: Accessing Stream Captures

# Create Alert Stream Captures (When none currently exist)

There are two ways to setup a capture from Sentry: Triggered by Alert and Triggered by User.

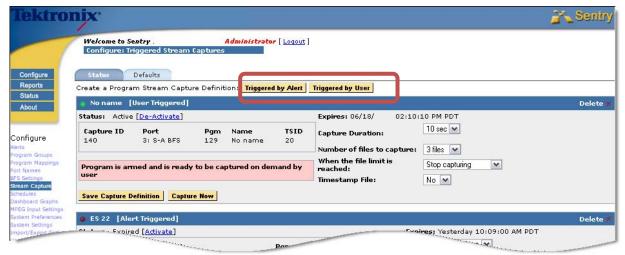


Figure 269: Stream Capture trigger buttons

1) Next, select either **Triggered by Alert** or **Triggered by User** 

## Triggered by Alert

1) Select a port and a program

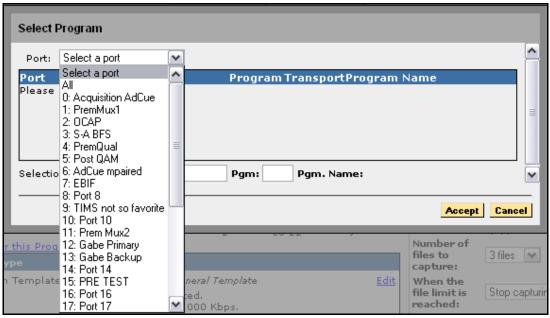


Figure 270: Select a Port

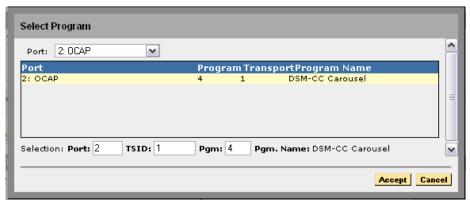


Figure 271: Select a Program

2) Select Accept.

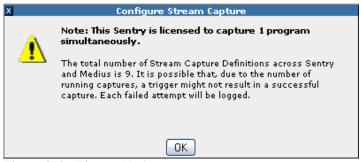


Figure 272: License Notice

- 3) Select an **Alert Type** 
  - a. To use **Add Alert for this Program**, select and then go through the step by step process and return to step 1.

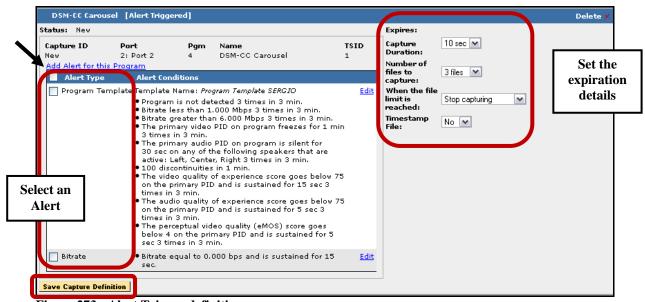


Figure 273: Alert Trigger definition

- 4) Next, select the expiration details, including:
  - Capture Duration
    - How long the capture should last
  - Number of files to capture
    - How many files you need for the capture
  - When the file limit is reached
    - What to do when the capture limit is reached
  - Timestamp File
    - o If you want the files time stamped or not
- 5) Click Save Capture Definition.
  - a. If capture definition is successful, the following dialog box will appear.

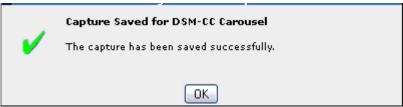


Figure 274: Success dialog box

- 6) Wait for alerts to trigger.
- 7) Once the alerts have triggered, return to the bottom of the screen capture page to see the screen captured files
- 8) Scroll down the page to the bottom and find **Captured Files**.

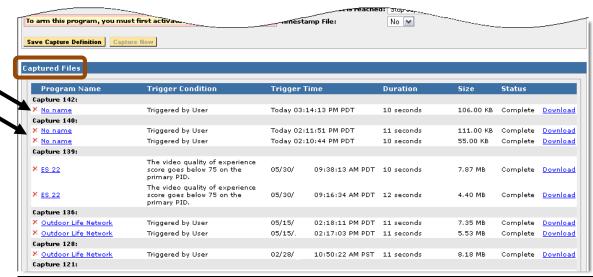


Figure 275: Captured Files

9) Locate the capture that you want to download.

10) Right click on **Download** to save ts file.

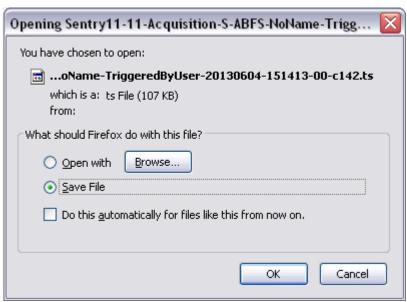


Figure 276: Save File dialog box

## Triggered by User

1) Select a port and a program.

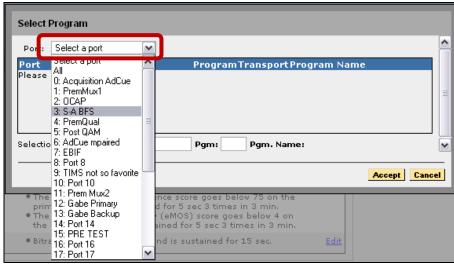


Figure 277: Select a Port

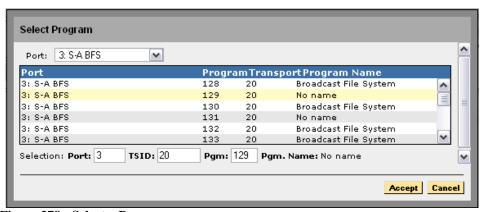


Figure 278: Select a Program

2) Select Accept.

- 3) Next, select the expiration details, including:
  - Capture Duration

How long the capture should last

Number of files to capture

How many files you need for the capture

■ When the file limit is reached

What to do when the capture limit is reached

**■** Timestamp File

If you want the files time stamped or not



Figure 279: Capture definition

- 4) Review information and click **Save Capture Definition** when finished.
- 5) Select **OK** in Confirmation box.

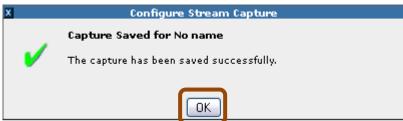


Figure 280: Confirmation box

6) Find the User Triggered definition that you just created, and select Capture Now.

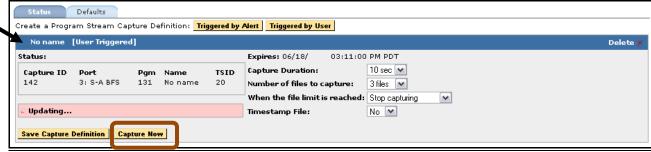


Figure 281: Find the new definition and select Capture Now

7) Scroll down the page to the bottom and find Captured Files.

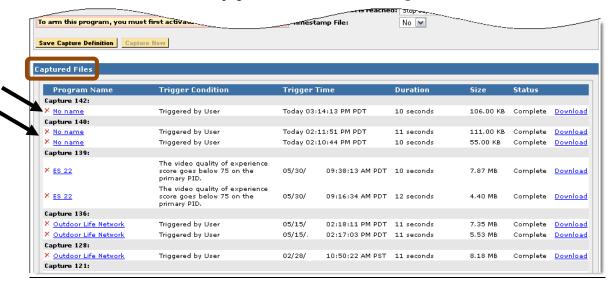


Figure 282: Captured Files

- 8) Locate the capture that you want to download.
- 9) Right click on **Download** to save ts file.

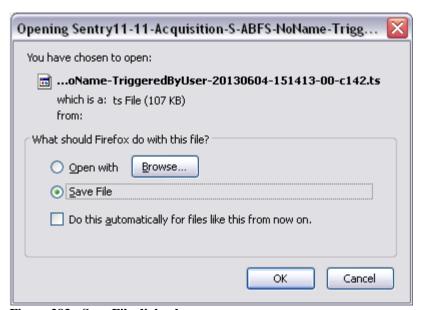


Figure 283: Save File dialog box

## Deactivate or Delete a Stream Capture (when one previously exists)

To create a **Stream Capture** when one currently exists, you will first need to deactivate the existing capture. This will allow you to create a new **Stream Capture**.

1. Select **Deactivate** on the existing **Capture**.

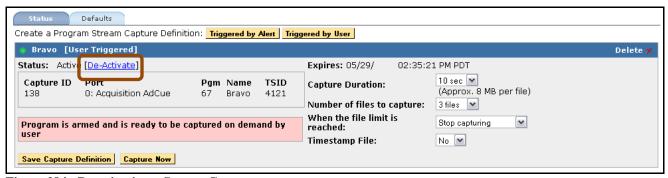


Figure 284: Deactivating a Stream Capture

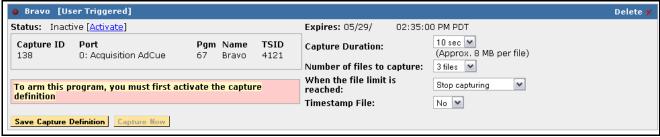


Figure 285: Stream Capture Deactivated

2. Continue with steps for Creating a Stream Capture Where One Currently Does Not Exist.

## Retrieve Captured Files

The **Captured Files** section lists all of the saved captured files along with its reference information.



Figure 286: Captured Files

## Program Name

The name of program

#### Alert Condition

The condition that triggered the capture

## Trigger Time

Date and time the alert was triggered

#### Duration

How long the capture lasted

#### Size

The size of the captured file

### Status

Either Complete or Active

## Download link

Provides a link to a download of the capture. All captures are saved as transport stream files.

## Delete Captured Files

To delete any captured file, select the **X** next to the file's name.

### Defaults tab

The **Defaults** tab shows all default settings for a new stream capture.

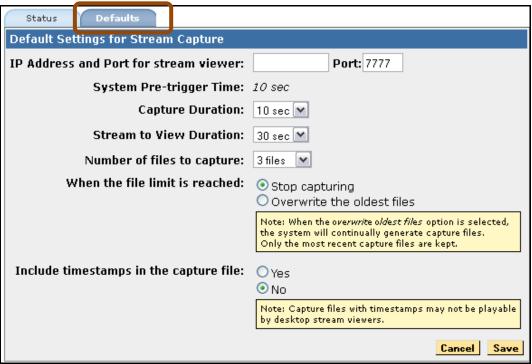


Figure 287: Defaults tab and settings

# Configure Triggered Stream Captures(via Nexidia Comply™)

**Closed Caption Verification** performs an in-depth closed caption analysis by integrating with Nexidia Comply<sup>TM</sup>.

With a license for this feature, you can perform an in-depth closed caption verification on the program of your choice. You can perform any analysis for up to three days at a time. The results of the verification will then be displayed in the **Data Detect** and **Program Group Data Detect** reports.

# Configure the Nexidia Server

Only a user with system administrator permissions may make these changes.

- 1. Select **Configure** and then **Closed Caption Verification** menu.
- **2.** Next, select the **Settings** tab.

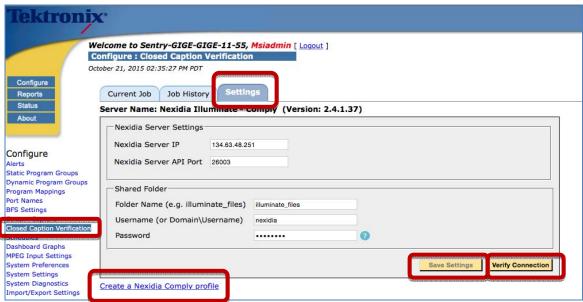


Figure 288: Settings tab options

- **3.** Enter the following:
  - Nexidia Server IP
  - Nexidia Server API Port
  - Folder Name:

Sentry must be able to copy files to this shared folder on the Nexidia server with the specified username/password. Your system administrator is responsible for creating this shared folder.

- Username
- Password
- **4.** Select **Save Settings**. You may also select **Verify Connection** to validate the connections.

## Create a Nexidia Comply Profile

A Nexidia profile is a group of tests you can perform for the Closed Caption verification.

You must have a Nexidia profile defined in order to schedule verification jobs.

To create a Nexidia profile on the Nexidia server, select **Create a Nexidia Comply Profile** from the **Settings** tab (see above figure).

The resulting page will look similar to the following.

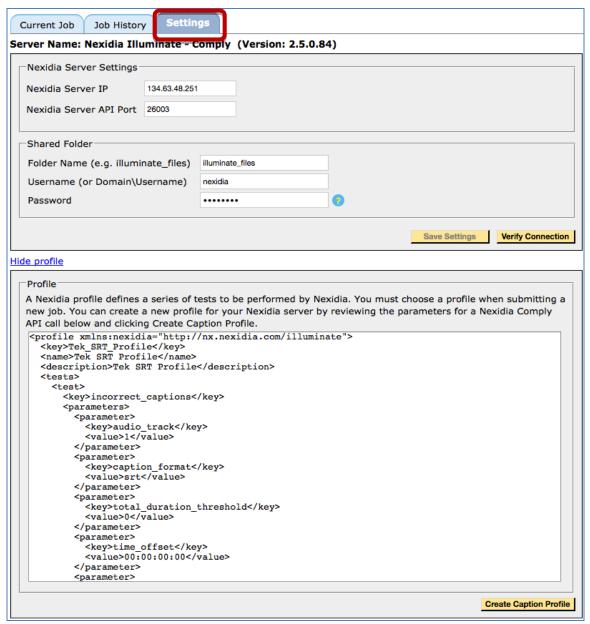


Figure 289: Resulting page after selecting Creating a Nexidia Comply Profile

# **Create Caption Profile**

The user may submit an API request to the Nexidia server to create a profile. The request will be seeded with default parameters. Sentry only supports type srt profiles.

To create the profile, select the **Create Caption Profile** button.

# Choose a Program to Verify

Only a user with system administrator permissions may make these changes.

- **1.** To verify and review the results of the verification jobs a program, select **Configure** and then **Closed Caption Verification**.
- 2. Next, select the **Current Job** tab.



Figure 290: Current Job tab

**3.** You can configure one program to be verified at any one time. If no program is currently being verified, you can choose a program by clicking **Select a Program**.

**4.** Select the desired program and then select **Accept**.



Figure 291: Select Program window

- **5.** Select and make changes to the following as needed:
  - Caption Types

The type(s) of captions you'd like to verify (608 and/or 708)

• Nexidia Profile

This is a list of the profiles (which tell Nexidia what types of verification checks to perform) that have been configured on the Nexidia server.

Sentry only supports type srt profiles. If you have configured Nexidia profiles for non-Sentry purposes with other formats, choosing a non-srt profile from this list will result in job errors.

• **Verification Period** Up to 3 days.

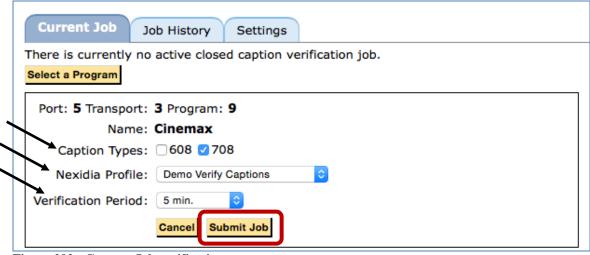


Figure 292: Current Job verification

**6.** Click **Submit Job** to begin the verification.

When the verification job is submitted, you will see the status of the current job in a table. The process works as follows:

- **a.** Sentry will begin capturing audio files (segments), and will do so in five-minute segments.
- **b.** When each segment is captured it will then be submitted to Nexidia Comply for closed caption verification.
- **c.** When Nexidia Comply is done verifying each job segment, the results will be returned to Sentry and available in the **Data Detect** report.



Figure 293: Verification table

When a verification job is in process, you can update it as follows:

- Extend
  - Extend the time by up to three more days by choosing the length of time you'd like to extend and selecting **Update**.
- **Stop Capturing**Cancel the job by selecting **Stop Capturing**.

# **Review Job History**

An administrator can click on the **Job History** tab to review the status of all jobs both current and completed.

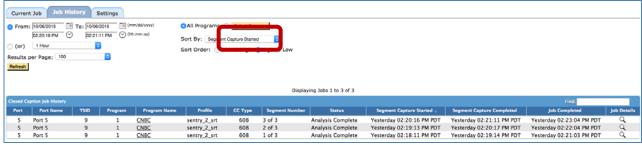


Figure 294: Select Program buttons and capture flows

Choose a time range to narrow down the results.

To further filter the results by a specific program, clicking the radio button next to **Select Program** and then select the **Select Program** button.

You can sort results by any of the columns by clicking on the column header or selecting that column from the **Sort By** drop-down menu.

#### Profile

The Nexidia profile that you chose for the verification job. This profile tells Nexidia what types of verification checks to perform.

# CC Type

608 or 708

## Segment Number

The verification period for each job is broken into a number of five-minute segments.

#### Status

Mouse over the status to get more detailed status information.

## • Segment Capture Started

The start time of the audio capture segment.

# • Segment Capture Completed

The end time of the audio capture segment.

## Job Completed

The time when the verification results were completed and ready for viewing in the Data Detect report.

## Job Details

Select the magnifying glass to see a log of when the job hit each of the various statuses.

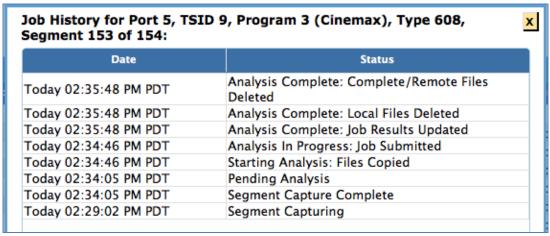


Figure 295: Job Details

To review the **Closed Caption Verification Results** for a given program segment, click on the program name. This will take you to the **Data Detect** report for that program and time period.

# **Review Closed Caption Verification Results**

If your Sentry has a **Closed Caption Verification** license, a new column of types (Nexidia CC Verification) will show up on the **Data Detect** and **Program Group Data Detect** reports.

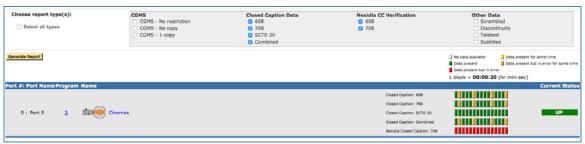


Figure 296: Verification Results

To see all programs that had **Closed Caption Verification** performed against them during the report timeframe, select the appropriate Nexidia CC Verification options.

- **Grey** means there was no **Closed Caption Verification** performed at that time.
- **Green** means **Closed Caption Verification** was performed at that time, but there were no error conditions detected.
- **Orange** means **Closed Caption Verification** was performed at that time and the time period in the block contains both segments with error conditions and segments without error conditions.
  - In this case, zoom in by clicking the orange block, to see exactly when the error conditions occurred.
- **Red** means there was **Closed Caption Verification** performed at that time, and there were error conditions detected.

At any time you can zoom in on a report by clicking on the colored blocks.

To view the details of the **Closed Caption Verification** for any block, hover over that block.

This will summarize the checks that were performed during that segment, as outlined by your Nexidia profile and the results of each check.

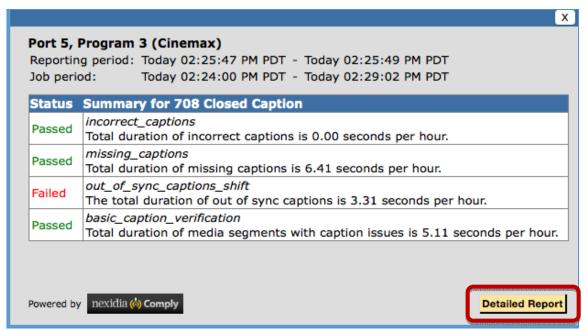


Figure 297: Status Summary

To see more detailed information about each check, click **Detailed Report**.

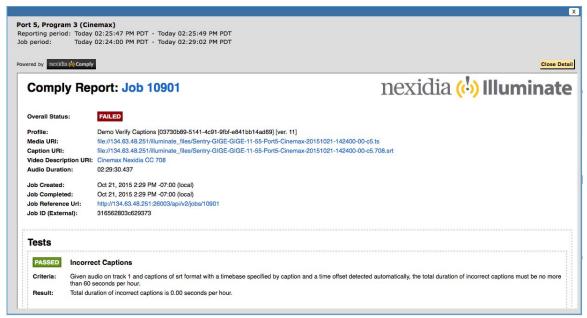


Figure 298: Detailed Report

Scroll down in the detailed window to see all of the details provided by the Nexidia tests.

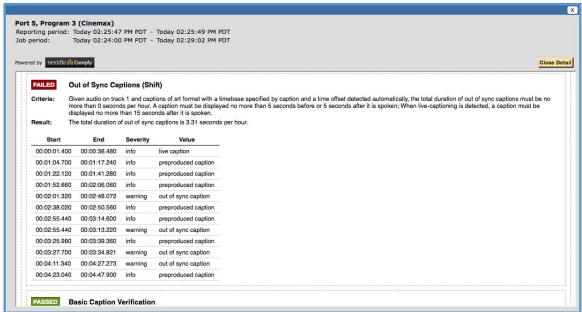


Figure 299: Additional Details

Click Close Detail to exit.

# **Configure Schedules**

**Configure Schedules** allows the user to make schedules to use in the **Program Statistics** report to further limit the time range. You may choose to limit by either **Daily** or **Weekly** schedules.

- Daily allows you to choose a time range to run every day.
- Weekly allows you to choose the days and the times for the reports.

To access, select **Configure** from the main menu and then choose **Schedules**.

## Create a Daily schedule

1. Select Create.

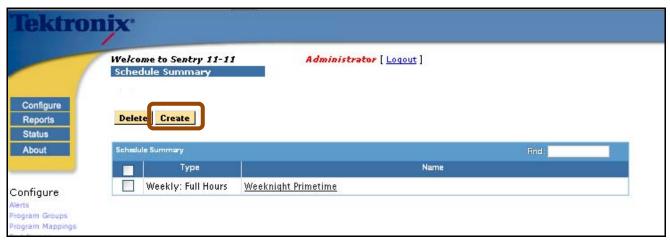


Figure 300: Schedule Summary Create button

2. Select **Daily: Full Hours** from the **Schedule Type** drop down menu.

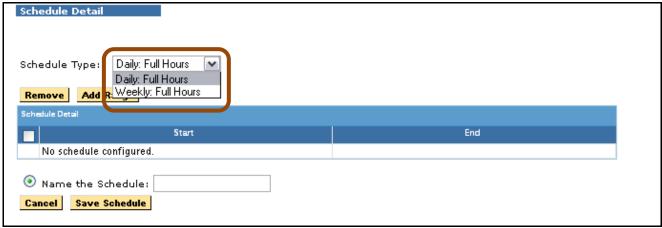


Figure 301: Select Daily: Full Hours

3. Select Add Range.

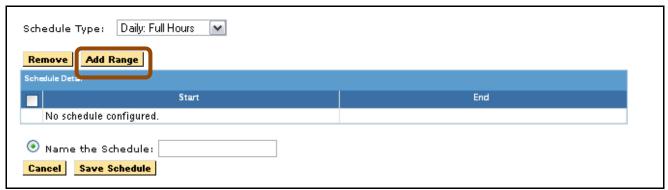


Figure 302: Add Range

4. Select your start and end time and select Apply. Then select Add.

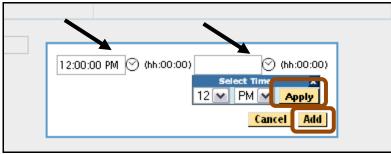


Figure 303: Start and end times

- **5.** Repeat steps 3 and 4 as needed.
- **6.** Select the box under **Schedule Detail**.
- 7. Name the schedule and select **Save Schedule**.

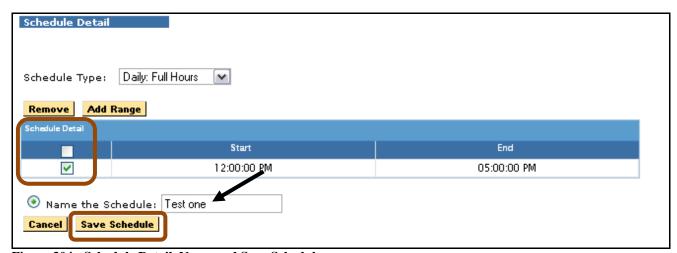


Figure 304: Schedule Detail, Name and Save Schedule

**8.** The new schedule will now show on the **Schedule Summary page** and on the menu for **Program Statistics** reports.

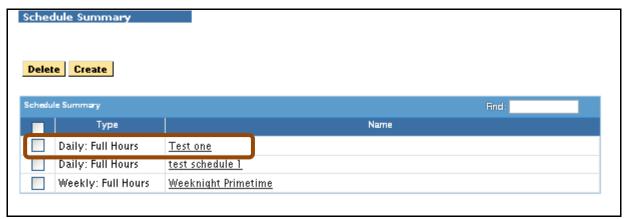


Figure 305: The new schedule

**9.** Repeat as needed.

## Create a Weekly Schedule

1. Select Create.

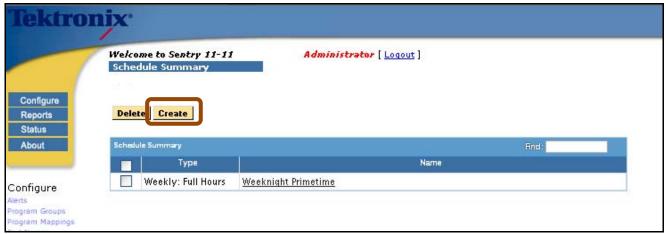


Figure 306: Create

**2.** Select **Weekly: Full Hours** from the **Schedule Type** drop down.

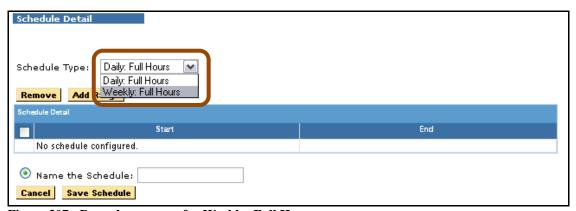


Figure 307: Drop down menu for Weekly: Full Hours

3. Select Add Range

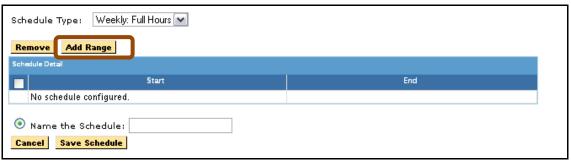


Figure 308: Add Range

**4.** Select the days of the week for your range.

- 5. Select the time period for each day and select Apply to each time period
- **6.** Select **Add** when done.

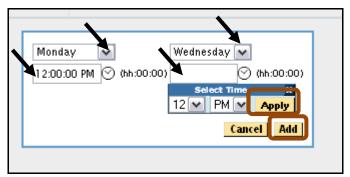


Figure 309: Days and Times

- 7. Repeat steps 3-6 as needed.
- 8. Select the box under Schedule Detail.
- 9. Name the schedule and select Save Schedule.
- 10. The new schedule will now show on the **Schedule Summary page** and on the menu for **Program Statistics** report.

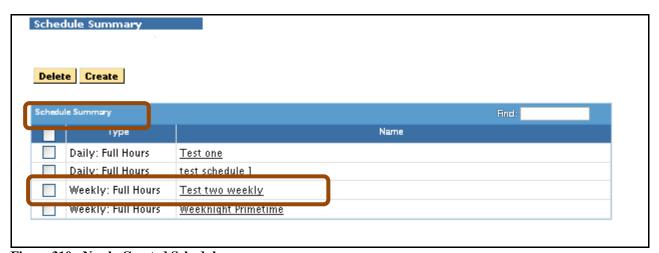


Figure 310: Newly Created Schedule

11. Repeat as needed.

# **Dashboard Graphs**

Dashboard Graphs allow you to create or delete graphs you see on the Program Dashboard screens.

You have two options for creating a Dashboard display:

- Private Program Dashboard Graphs are only visible to you
- Public Program Dashboard Graphs are available for use by other users

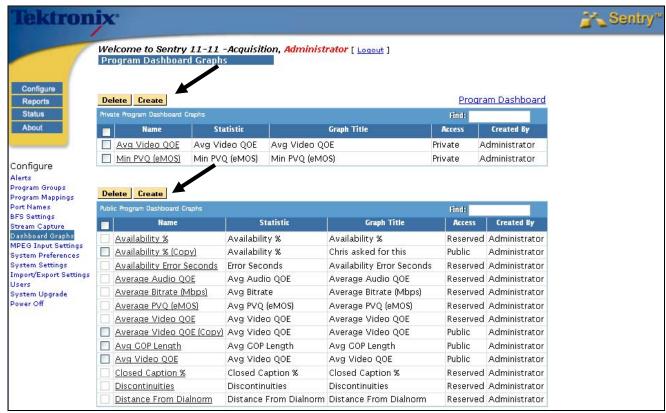


Figure 311: Program Dashboard Graphs

## Create a Dashboard Graph

- 1. Select Create from the Dashboard Graphs page.
- 2. Set the Statistics, Ranges (shown as bars on the graph) and Color as needed.
- **3.** Enter the name of the new graph.
- 4. Select Save Graph.

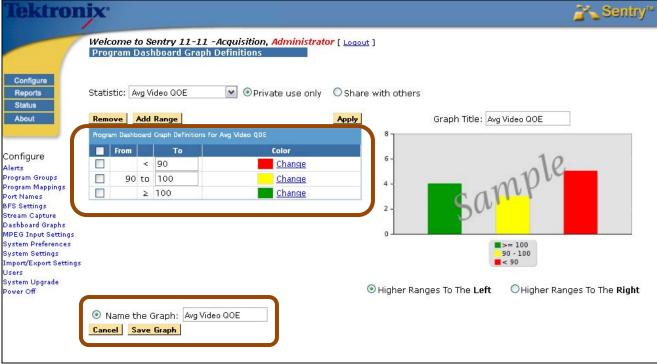


Figure 312: Creating Dashboard Graphs

# **Configure MPEG Input Settings**

**Configure: MPEG Input Settings** will allow you to configure the inputs for any type of input: MPEG over IP (GigE), ASI, RF or Edge. For any MPEG over IP input, Use **Configure: MPEG Input Settings** to configure the Ethernet connection(s). Sentry will not receive the transport stream input over the Ethernet unless the settings are correctly configured.

Use **MPEG Input Settings** to specify Unicast or Multicast transport stream input. If using Unicast, only one input port is required. If using Multicast, the number of input ports is a licensed setting. For each input port the corresponding **Group IP** numbers and associated multicast ports can be specified. There are validity checks on the values entered but multicast ports from 1 to 65535 are valid.

## IGMP v3 SSM Support

The **Internet Group Management Protocol** (**IGMP**) is a communications protocol used to manage the membership of Internet Protocol multicast groups. IGMP is used by IP hosts and adjacent multicast routers to establish multicast group memberships.

**Source Specific Multicast (SSM)** was designed specifically to support IGMP v3 and is fully backward compatible with earlier versions.

### Access MPEG Input System Settings

1. Select MPEG Input System Settings from the main menu



Figure 313: Selecting MPEG Input

- 2. Adjust settings as needed.
- 3. Select Save Settings.

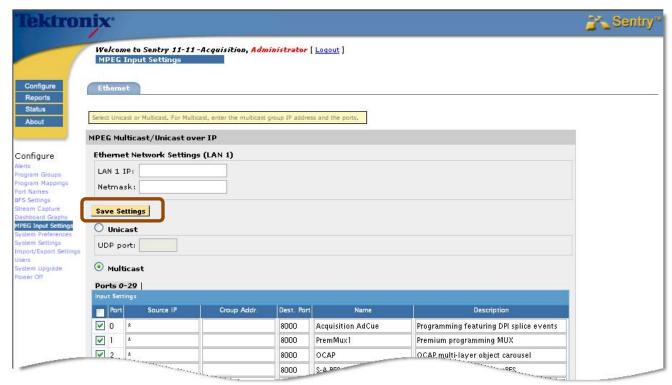


Figure 314: MPEG over IP with Multicast

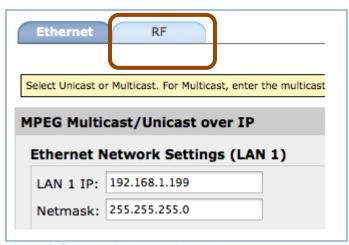


Figure 315: tabs with RF settings option

### Set SSM

SSM is set to default with a \*. If you are using SSM, enter your source IP address for the **Multicast** in the **source IP** field. If you do not wish to use this feature, enter a \* or leave it at the default setting.

NOTE: SSM applies only to Multicast.

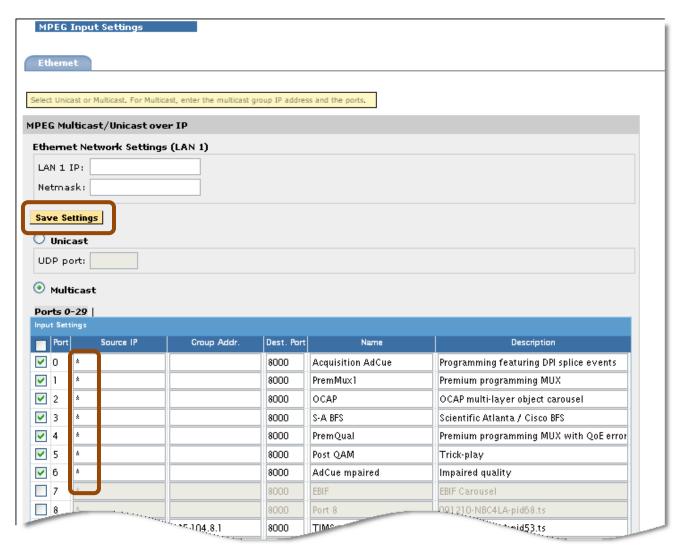


Figure 316: MPEG Input

After making the required changes, select **Save Settings**.

## **Backup Multicast Settings**

You can optionally define backup settings for any multicast port by entering the Backup **Source IP**, **Group Address and Destination Port**. If, at any time, the primary input goes down, Sentry will automatically switch to monitoring the backup settings.

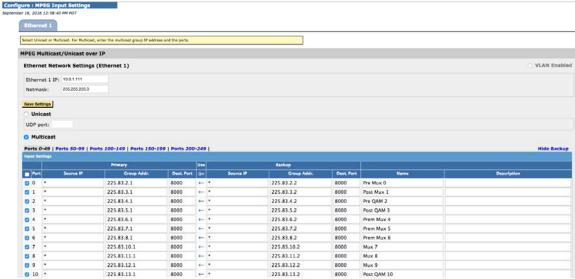


Figure 317: Multicast backup settings

When Sentry is monitoring the backup settings for any port, the Use column arrow will be pointing to the right.



Figure 318: Monitoring Multicast backup settings

There will also be an indicator on many of the reports indicating that the backup settings are being monitored.

Port # \$	Name
0	Pre Mux 0
<b>3</b> 1	Post Mux 1
2	Pre QAM 2
3	Post QAM 3

Figure 319: Multicast backup report indicator

#### **Sentry User Manual**

A banner will also be displayed on Sentry.

Hide
1 port is currently in failover mode and using the backup configuration settings. Visit the Port Failover History report for details

The Port Failover History report will show details of when the inputs switched from primary to backup or vice versa.

You can also manually instruct Sentry to monitor the backup settings for any port by clicking on the arrow, which will switch it to point towards the opposite input settings, and clicking **Save**.

Upon initial configuration, you might find it beneficial to test all backup settings by clicking on the arrow in the header row to toggle the backup settings for each enabled port.

If you don't wish to see the backup fields you can click **Hide Backup** to hide the columns.

### Multicast Stream Collision Errors (Multiple Sources Detected on Input Ports)

In the event that multiple sources are sending data using the same multicast address and port, the Sentry will display a banner telling the user that there are multicast collisions on the specified port(s).

If this occurs, disable the specified port, or edit the configuration to specify a specific port.



Figure 320: Multicast stream collision error type 1

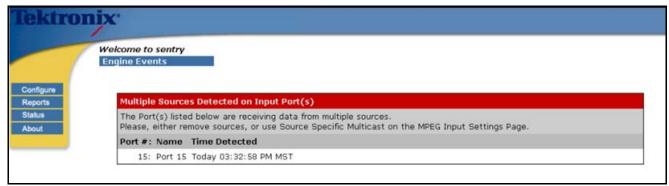


Figure 321: Multicast stream collision error type 2

## Sentry with 2<sup>nd</sup> MPEG Input Option Installed

Configuring the **MPEG Input Settings** is slightly different if the Sentry unit has two network interfaces for MPEG monitoring. This difference allows for monitoring two networks, increased overall throughput and/or monitoring both primary and redundant transport streams.

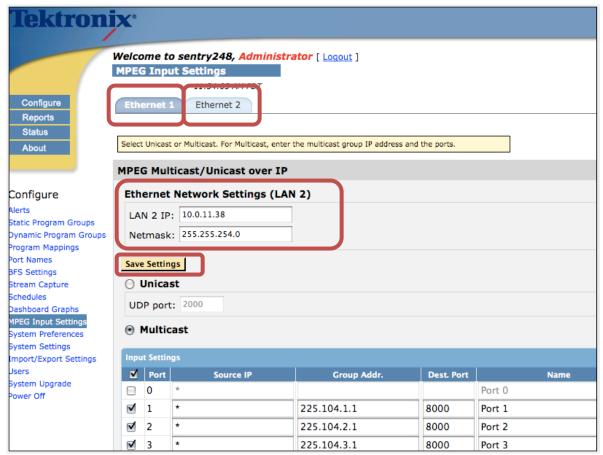


Figure 322: MPEG Input Settings

If the Sentry has the second MPEG input option installed, there will be two copper network interfaces directly on the box for MPEG monitoring. Therefore, configuration of MPEG inputs has some additional options.

In the **Configure MPEG Settings** there are two tabs, one for each network interface.

- 1. Select the interface you want to work with by clicking on the tab.
- 2. Next, change the **IP address**, **Netmask** and **Unicast** settings if needed.
- 3. Select **Save Settings** when done.

## Sentry with VLAN Support Enabled

Any Sentry may be licensed to monitor MPEG content on VLANs (Virtual Local Area Networks). (Contact Customer Service for more information on enabling this feature.)

A system that is licensed for **VLAN Monitoring** will have a **VLAN Enabled** checkbox in the upper right section of the **Ethernet MPEG Input Configuration** page.

### Configure VLAN monitoring option

1. Select the VLAN Enabled checkbox to allow configuration of the VLANs that you will be monitoring.



Figure 323: Sentry with VLAN Enabled support

**NOTE**: You may elect to not enable VLAN on any Ethernet input, and continue to monitor inputs from a physical LAN.

Before you attempt to use VLAN Monitoring, please familiarize yourself with the specifics of your network. Each VLAN requires a network address, gateway and subnet mask to associate with the VLAN.

In effect, each VLAN is a treated as an independent network interface by the Sentry.

2. The first time you configure your VLANs, you will see the following:

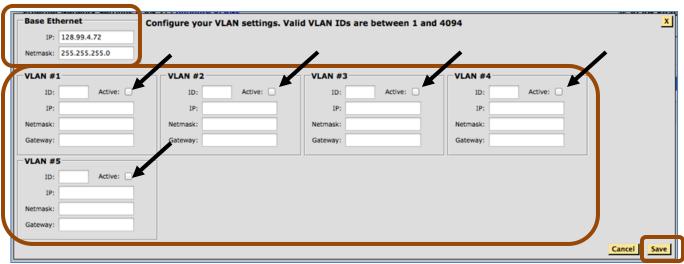


Figure 324: Configure VLAN settings

- **3.** Enter the **Base Ethernet** settings. These are the standard **IP** and **Netmask** for the physical Ethernet input.
- **4.** You will see VLANs on each Ethernet input, up to your licensed maximum. Define the following for each available VLAN:
  - **ID** (Valid values are 1-4094. These must be unique within a given Ethernet input)
  - IP Address
  - Netmask
  - Gateway
- **5.** Select **Active** for each VLAN you'd like to monitor. Using this checkbox, you may also deactivate a VLAN for system maintenance as needed.
- **6.** Select **Save** when you have completed your VLAN configuration.
- 7. You will now see tabs for each of the VLANs on that input.
- **8.** Inactive VLANs will show up as gray tabs.

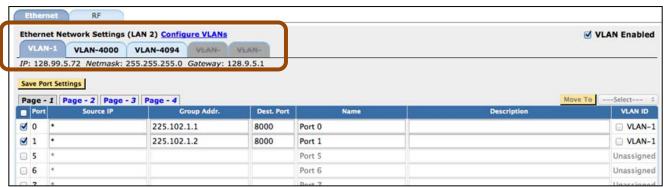


Figure 325: Newly created VLAN tabs

### Assign/Configure Ports on a VLAN

- 1. Select the tab for your desired VLAN. This VLAN tab will first list the ports that are already configured on that VLAN, and then all of the unassigned ports (those that are not configured and assigned to a given VLAN).
- 2. Select the check box to the left of any unassigned port and enter the **Source IP**, **Group Address**, **Destination** and **Port Name** (and **Description** if desired).

**NOTE**: Each multicast **Source IP**, **Group Address** and **Destination Port** combination must be unique within a given VLAN.

If the **Source IP** uses the \* wildcard, then the **Group Address / Destination Port** combinations must be unique.

Each VLAN, however, can monitor the same multicast **Source IP**, **Group Address** and **Destination Port** if desired.

3. Select Save Port Settings, to assign those newly configured ports to the VLAN.

#### Move a Port between VLANs

1. Select the checkbox in the **VLAN ID** column of the ports that you would like to move:

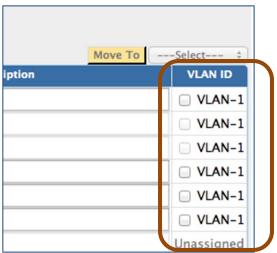


Figure 326: Choose a VLAN ID

2. Select the VLAN you are moving the ports to via the drop down menu.

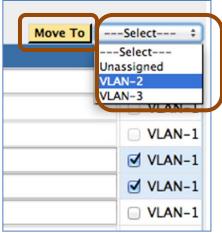


Figure 327: Select a VLAN to move selected items to

3. After choosing the destination, select **Move To** and the ports will be reassigned.

## Reviewing Port/VLAN Assignments and VLAN Status

Select **Reports-**and then **Status** to view all of the configured ports, the VLANs to which they are assigned and the status of each configured VLAN.

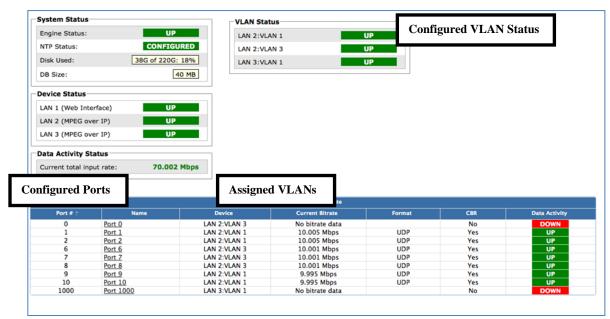


Figure 328: Reviewing Port/VLAN status

NOTE: VLAN Configurations and Port/VLAN assignments are supported in the CSV Import/Export files.

Port/VLAN assignments are supported via the Sentry API methods.

# **Configure System Preferences**

The **System Preferences** page offers options for:

- Ad Cue PIDs
- Perceptual Video Quality (eMOS) Settings
- Default Provider Name Settings
- Provider Name Parsing
- Audio Measurement Mode
- **■** Thumbnail Settings

Configure : System Preferences
January 23, 2016 05:51:37 PM PST

# Include Ad Cue PIDs • Include Ad Cue PIDs in the Program Status (e.g. if an Ad Cue PID is the only offline PID, the Program Status blocks will be yellow. If not checked, the Program Status would be green). Display the discontinuity indicator for Ad Cue PIDs in the Program Status Report. Perceptual Video Quality (eMOS) Settings ☐ The Perceptual Video Quality (eMOS) score is included in the Video QoE results **Default Provider Name Settings** Use Mapping Only (Ignore SDT and XDS) Use XDS before SDT. Use SDT before XDS. Provider Name Parsing (does not apply to XDS) Provider name separated by , only display provider name to the left of delimiter number 1 Display parsed name by default. Audio Measurement Mode BS.1770-1/ 3 sec avg BS.1770-1/10 sec avg BS.1770-3/ 3 sec avg BS.1770-3/10 sec avg Thumbnail Settings Generate real-time thumbnails Generate ad cue event thumbnails

Figure 329: System Preferences options

Save Settings

### **Sentry User Manual**

In support of CALM Act compliance, you can select the audio measurement mode from the **Configure**: **System Preferences** section. You can also set the sliding window average to either three or ten seconds.

Additionally, the **Program Statistics Report** now contains a column to indicate the **Audio (Measurement) Mode**. The **Audio (Volume) Level** graphs include the method of measurement in the legend.

# Configure TR101/290 Settings

The Configure TR101/290 Settings page allows you to:

- Modify the thresholds for TR101/290 tests
- Disable any desired TR101/290 test

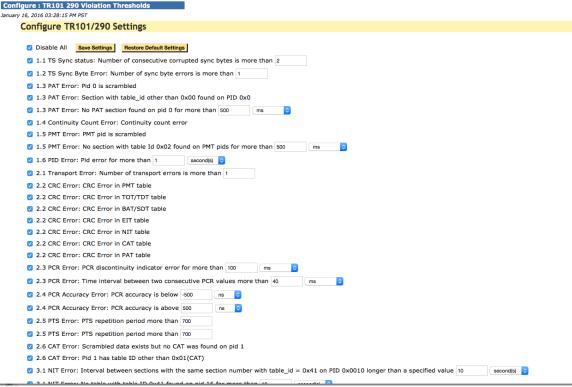


Figure 330: TR101/290 Settings page

To update any of the settings, make the changes on the page and click **Save Settings**.

Click **Restore Default Settings** to refresh the screen with all of the factory default settings. You'll then need to click **Save Settings** to save the default settings.

All settings that are not using the default value will be denoted by an \*.

✓ 1.1 TS Sync status: Number of consecutive corrupted sync bytes is more than 3

Hover over the \* to see the factory default setting.

Sentry will stop performing any of the disabled tests. Additionally, if all of the tests for a given priority are disabled, that priority will no longer appear on the TR101/290 Status report.

Note: Sentry is not designed for frequent disabling and re-enabling of a given priority. It is designed to permanently turn off tests that are of no value to you. Consequently, if a priority is disabled and then reenabled, the TR101/290 Status report will show green blocks for the disabled period.

# **Configure System Settings**

There are four categories of system settings: Network, Time, Locale and Maintenance Mode.

- 1. Select **System Settings** from the **Configure** main-menu.
- 2. Click on the **Network** tab to view the network system settings.

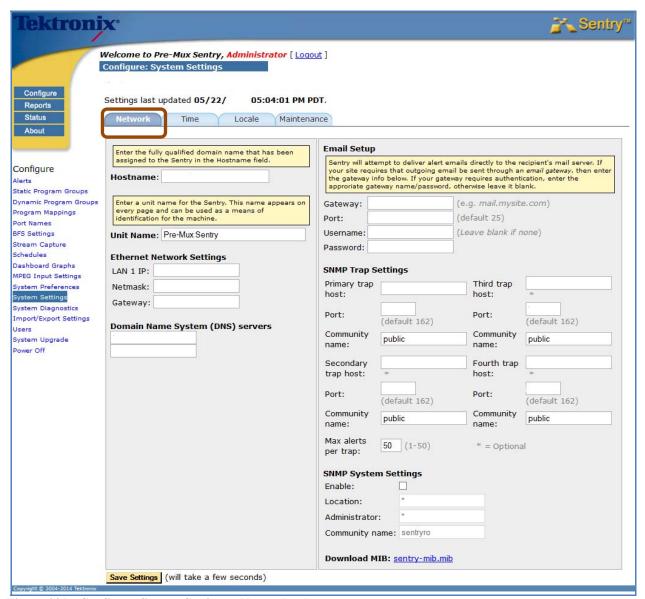


Figure 331: Configure System Settings: Network tab

## **Network settings**

The **Network** page allows you to specify Sentry's full name and configure the LAN2 Ethernet connection, the management connection that enables Sentry's web interface. TCP/IP and the internet require that every host, i.e., computer, be uniquely identified by both name and address.

Changing this information may affect your ability to access Sentry or receive alerts.

Click on the **Network** or **Time** tab to refresh the page.

#### Hostname

This is Sentry's full name, specifically its fully qualified domain name (FQDN).

#### Ethernet Network Settings

- 1. Enter the IP address that has been assigned by the network administrator to Sentry's LAN2 network interface, and enter the Netmask and Gateway IP addresses that apply to your network.
- **2.** Your network administrator should be able to advise you on the values that are correct for your network.

#### Email Setup

Sentry will attempt to deliver alert notification emails directly to the recipient's mail server. If your site requires that all outgoing email be sent through an email gateway, then enter the fully qualified domain name (or IP address) of the gateway in the Gateway field.

- 1. Enter the port number that the email server is listening on in the Port field.
- **2.** If your gateway requires authentication, enter the appropriate name/password; otherwise leave it blank.

#### ■ Domain Name System (DNS) Servers

Sentry uses DNS to translate domain names into IP addresses (and vice versa) while sending alert emails, among other things. Specify the fully qualified domain name or IP address of at least one DNS server.

#### SNMP Settings

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) provides the ability to send traps, or notifications when one or more conditions have been met. Sentry supports up to four destinations for SNMP traps.

### To set the SNMP Trap

In the Primary trap host IP field, enter the IP address of the SNMP manager that will receive the trap. There is a limit of between 1 and 50 alerts per trap.

### Set the Time

1. Select the **Time** tab to view the time system settings.

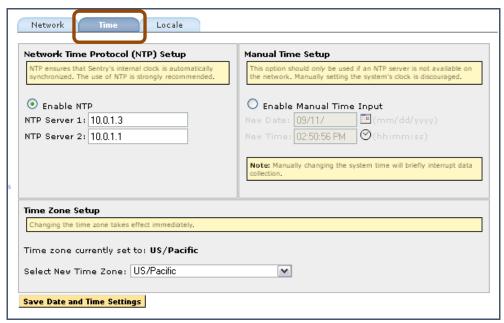


Figure 332: Time tab

The time page allows you to enter the IP addresses for the NTP server(s) and to manually set the **Time** and **Time Zone** if an installation does not have NTP servers.

#### ■ Network Time Protocol (NTP) Setup

Sentry synchronizes its internal clock with external time servers to insure a high degree of accuracy. Specify the fully qualified domain name or IP address of at least one NTP server.

### Manual Time Setup

For installations that do not have NTP servers, the time page provides the capability to set the Time and Time Zone. Entering a manual time sets the system clock to that time.

## Set the Locale

The **Locale** determines what character set will be used in the text of Sentry. For example: **Western** or **Chinese Traditional.** 

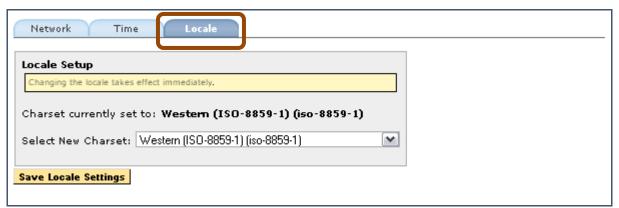
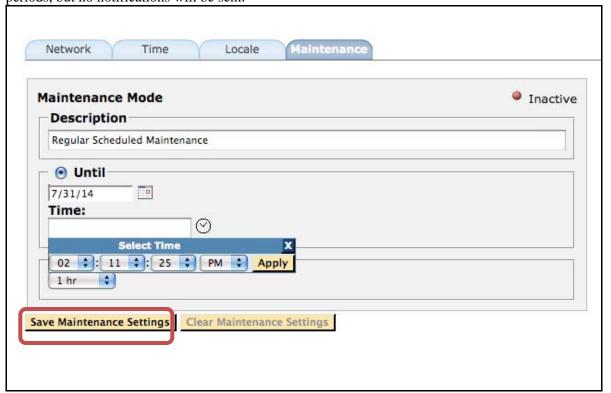


Figure 333: Locale tab

### Maintenance Mode

The **Maintenance** tab allows you to schedule times where the Sentry will not send any email or SNMP notifications. Storage of alerts for **Alert History** and **Alert Analysis** reporting will be retained during these periods, but no notifications will be sent.



**Figure 334: Setting Maintenance Mode options** 

**1.** Enter a **Description** of the mode you are setting. This is an optional step and will show up in the banner on the bottom right section of all pages when the Sentry is in **Maintenance Mode**.

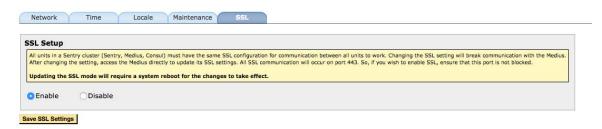
<u>Hide</u> Currently under Maintenance Mode (Regular Scheduled Maintenance). Started: 06/25/2014 04:23:16 PM, Until: 06/25/2014 04:29:58 PM

Figure 335: Maintenance Mode banner

**2.** Either choose a maintenance mode stop date and time length **-or**- select a time length for the maintenance period (from 5 minutes up to 7 days).

# SSL Settings

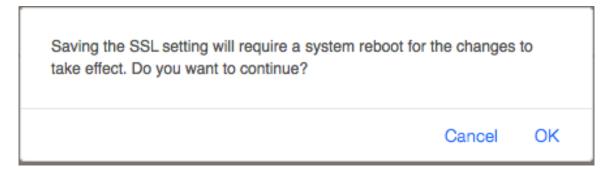
SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) ensures that all data passed between the Sentry web application and browsers is encrypted and secure. The SSL tab allows you to configure your Sentry to be SSL enabled.



All units in a Sentry cluster (Sentry, Medius, Consul) must have the same SSL configuration for communication between all units to work. Changing the SSL setting will break communication with all other units until their settings are changed as well. After changing the setting, access all other units directly to update their SSL settings. All SSL communication will occur on port 443. If you wish to enable SSL, ensure that this port is not blocked.

Communication between the Medius and its Sentrys can be checked by visiting the Medius Program Alert Dashboard. Similarly, communication between Consul and its Medius units can be checked by visiting the Consul Program Alert Dashboard/By Medius tab.

To change the setting, choose Enable or Disable and click **Save SSL Settings**.



Changing the SSL settings requires a system reboot. You will be prompted, and must choose OK to continue, or Cancel to cancel the changes without rebooting.

#### **Sentry User Manual**

Sentry uses a self-signed certificate. Although all data between the web applications and the browser are secure and encrypted, the certificates are not verified by a trusted certificate authority. Signed certificates are domain-name based and generally serve the purpose of ensuring a consumer can trust a public web site. These concerns do not apply to employees using an application in a corporate intranet. However, your browser will generally warn you the first time you access each unit. The warning depends on the browser you are using, but contain a warning like:



## There is a problem with this website's security certificate.

The security certificate presented by this website was not issued by a trusted certificate authority.

Security certificate problems may indicate an attempt to fool you or intercept any data you send to the server.

We recommend that you close this webpage and do not continue to this website.

- Click here to close this webpage.
- Ontinue to this website (not recommended).
- More information

Rest assured that the data transmitted to and from your browser is secure and encrypted.

# **System Diagnostics**

**System Diagnostics** allows you to perform basic tests for connectivity and communications between Sentry and other devices.

## **Email Diagnostics**

- Sent: Send a test email
- View Email Log: View the email servers log file
- Clear Email Queue: Delete unsent emails on the email queue

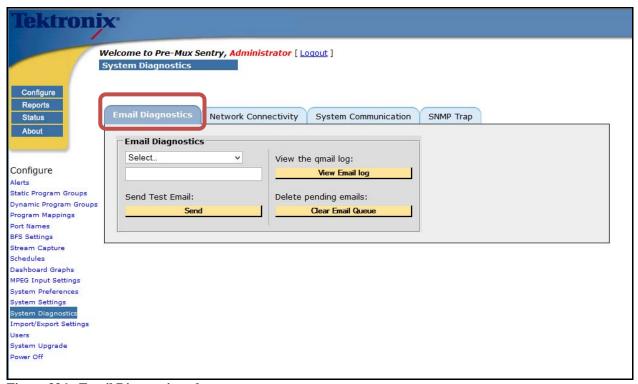


Figure 336: Email Diagnostics tab

# **Network connectivity**

- **Ping Server**: ICMP ping to validate connectivity
- **Traceroute:** Preform a path trace to host
- Check Web Response: Performs WGET to the host specified on TCP port 80
- **DNS Verification:** Checks to see if DNS servers are reachable and working

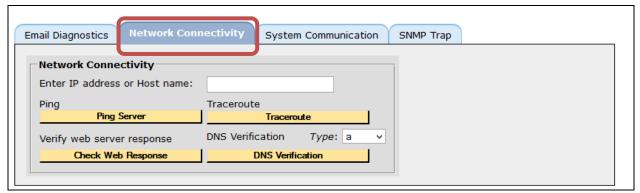


Figure 337: Network Connectivity tab

# **System Communication**

Validates that the communication between Sentry and Medius is working.

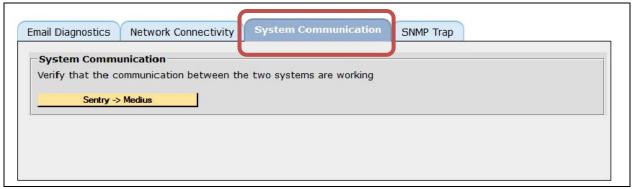


Figure 338: System Communications tab

# **SNMP Trap**

Sends a test SNMP trap to verify the SNMP host on the **System Settings** page.

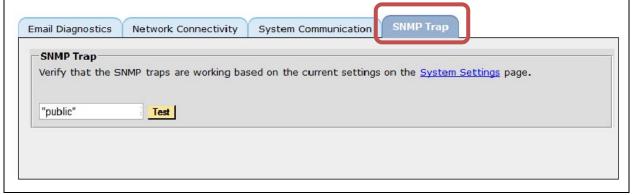
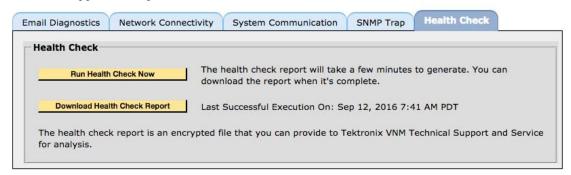


Figure 339: SNMP Trap tab

## **Health Check**

The Health Check tab allows you to generate a system health check file to provide to Tektronix VNM Technical Support on request.



This takes several minutes to generate, so click Run Health Check Now, which will change the Last Successful Execution time to "In Progress". When this is done you can download the file to send to Tektronix VNM Technical Support. This is an encrypted file, so your system information is secure.

# **Configure Import/Export Settings**

The **Import/Export Settings** function allows you to backup the configuration of the unit for safe keeping or to mirror a configuration to another unit. This allows you to set up multiple units with the same configuration without having to repeat the set up steps over and over again.

The **Export** and **Import** tabs allow you select whether you are importing your settings from one Sentry to another, or exporting the settings from one unit to another Sentry.

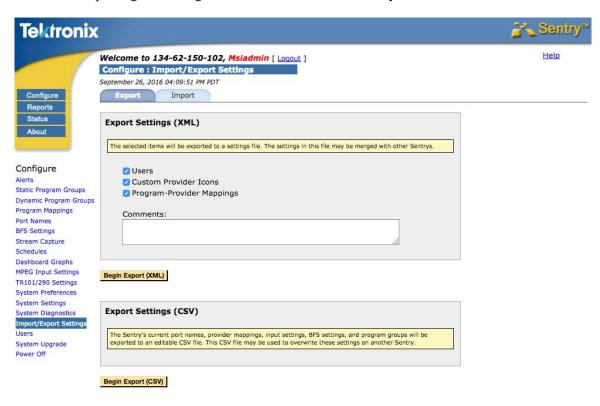


Figure 340: Import/Export Settings overview

## Export Tab

You may choose to export in one of two ways: in XML or CSV. There are various reasons to choose each.

#### XML pros

- Allows for more control in set up by users.
- Allows for the use of custom made provider icons.

#### XML cons

- Very hard for user to edit the settings within the file.
- XML is recommended for backup and restore only. Not recommended for changing settings and re-importing.

#### CSV pros

- Very easy to edit using a spread sheet application such as Excel
- Allows you to easily push your configuration on to a new device. You can edit the file as needed and then import it to another device.
- Allows for quick set up of multiple units.

#### CSV cons

- Cannot add users
- Cannot add custom provider icons

## **Export tab options**

- 1. From the main menu, select Configure and then Import/Export Settings.
- 2. Select either the CVS or XML format
- **3.** Select the desired fields for the export.
- **4.** Add comments to the **Comment** field if desired.

NOTE: You cannot select fields when choosing CSV export.

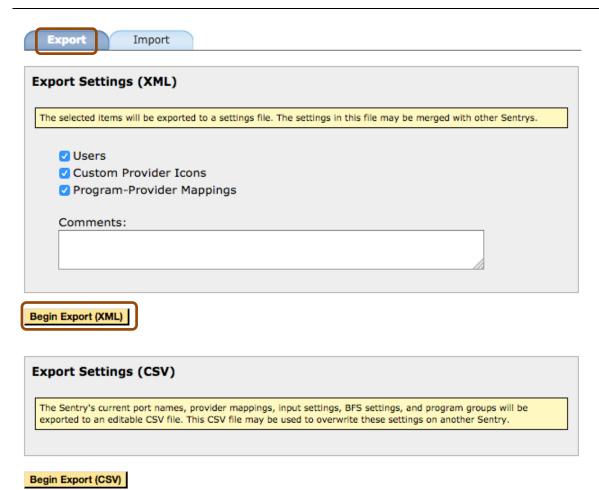


Figure 341: Export/Import tabs

- **5.** Select the **Begin Export** button.
- **6.** The **Export** will begin automatically.



Figure 342: Export in progress

**7.** You will then receive the **Export Complete** notice. You will automatically be prompted by your system to download the configuration file.

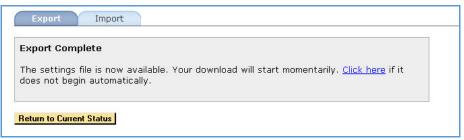


Figure 343: Export Complete

8. Select Save File and note the location for later retrieval.



Figure 344: Saving the Export settings

9. When complete, select the **Return to Current Status** button from the **Export Complete** page.

## Import tab options

1. Select the **Import** tab.

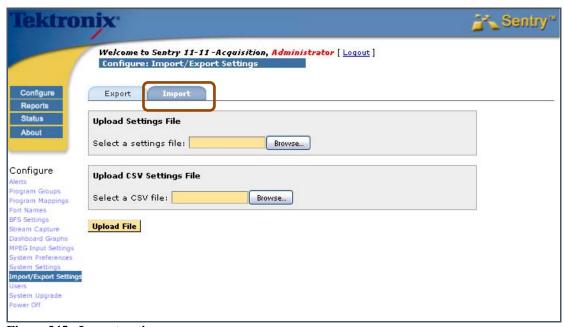


Figure 345: Import options

- 2. Upload the imported settings
- 3. Browse for file location for either the XML settings (top) or the CSV file (bottom).
- **4.** Complete the validation check on file
- 5. You will either receive an **Error** report or get confirmation that the file transferred correctly.
- **6.** If the upload was correct, select **OK** to run it.

# **Configure Users**

Sentry supports any number of users. Users are defined by two categories of privileges: **Administrator** and **Regular User**.

An **Administrator** can make configuration changes while a **Regular User** cannot. An **Administrator** must therefore create all user accounts.

### **API Access**

Sentry supports a non-interactive automation interface for determining device status, downloading measurement data and upgrading various system settings.

NOTE: If you have API access, current API documentation can be obtained by selecting Help next to the API Access header. (See figure below.)

This requires a different username/password than the Sentry/Medius login information and must be entered when enabling API access for a user.

## Add a User

1. To add a new user, click Add New User.

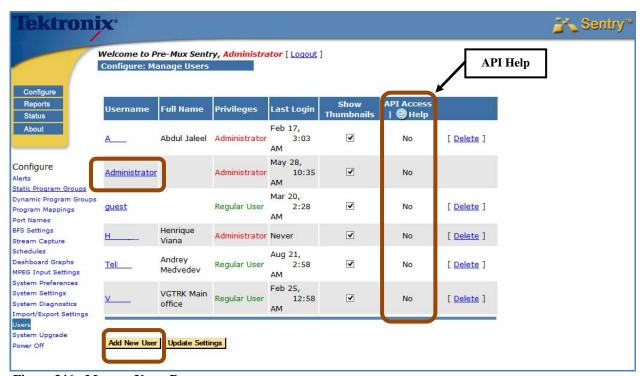


Figure 346: Manage Users Page

## **Sentry User Manual**

- **2.** Enter the new user's information.
- **3.** Any information that is highlighted in red is required.



Figure 347: Add User Page



CAUTION: All Administrator passwords must be kept in a secure location.

If you forget your Administrator password, contact Tektronix Customer Support.

## Delete a User

To delete a user select **Delete** located to the right of a user. You will be presented with a confirmation dialog and, if confirmed, Sentry will remove the user from the system. Once users are deleted, there is no recovery. The only "recovery" is to re-create the user.

Username		Last Login	Show Thumbnails	
Administrator	Administrator	Sep 11, 1:40 AM	<b>~</b>	
<u>a</u>	Regular User	Apr 12, 4:14 AM	✓	[ <u>Delete</u> ]
<u>at</u>	Administrator	Mar 7, 9:52 PM	<b>V</b>	[ Delete ]
<u>b</u>	Regular User		✓	[ Delete ]

Figure 348: Delete a User



Figure 349: Delete User Confirmation Page

# Modify a User

To modify a user, select the **Username** link.



Figure 350: Select a Username

This action displays the **Update User** page to allow you to change the user information.

Once you make changes, click **Update User** to save the changes.

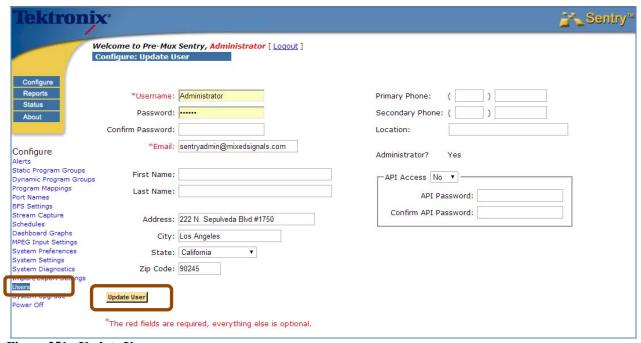


Figure 351: Update User

# **Configure System Upgrades**

**Remote Upgrade** allows supported users to remotely upgrade their Sentry's to the latest software releases. The upgrade can be performed by anyone with administrator access.

If your support contract is current, you can perform a Sentry system upgrade. To get started, you must first obtain an upgrade package from Tektronix. Please call your Tektronix Service Representative for more details.

If your Sentry unit is registered to a Medius:

You will need to upgrade your Sentry, and all other Sentrys registered to that Medius through the Medius System Upgrade pages. (See the *Medius User Manual* for more information).



WARNING: During a Sentry system upgrade, all monitoring will be suspended and users will not be able to access the Sentry pages. Choose your upgrade time accordingly.

## **Upgrade Procedure**

1. For stand-alone Sentrys, you can begin your upgrade by choosing the **Configure**- and then **System Upgrade** from the menu option.



Figure 352: System Upgrade

- 2. The resulting page allows the user to either **Upgrade** or see a **History** of past upgrades.
- **3.** Upgrading the Sentry is a two step process.



Figure 353: System Upgrade welcome screen

- **4. Section** : If you have received a valid Sentry upgrade package from Tektronix, navigate to this file by clicking the **Browse** button and selecting your upgrade package file from its current location.
- 5. Next, click **Upload Package** to upload the upgrade package file to Sentry.
- **6.** Sentry will perform an automatic check to make sure this is a valid upgrade for the system. Once it has been validated, the following screen will appear:



Figure 354: Upgrade Sentry button

- 7. Section 2: Upon returning to the System Upgrade screen, you should see another next to Section 1.
- **8.** Section will show the upgrade information and an arrow leading from the old version to the new version. Select **Upgrade Sentry** to continue.

**9.** The next screen will warn you that during a Sentry system upgrade, all monitoring will be suspended and users will not be able to access the Sentry pages. If you wish to continue with the upgrade, click **Yes, Upgrade Sentry**.

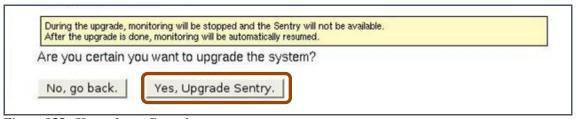


Figure 355: Upgrade confirmation

**10.** You will then be routed to the **Upgrade Status** page. From here, you will be able to monitor the progress of the **Upgrade**. A will appear next to each completed step. The number of steps varies from upgrade to upgrade.



Figure 356: Successful Upgrade

- 11. The system will begin upgrading and will display the status. If the system upgrades successfully, all system monitoring will resume automatically and users will be able to access the Sentry pages.
- **12.** Click **Return to Sentry** to return to the main Sentry pages.

## **Upgrade Errors**

If any type of error occurs during the upgrade or the pre-verification steps of the upgrade, you will see the following:

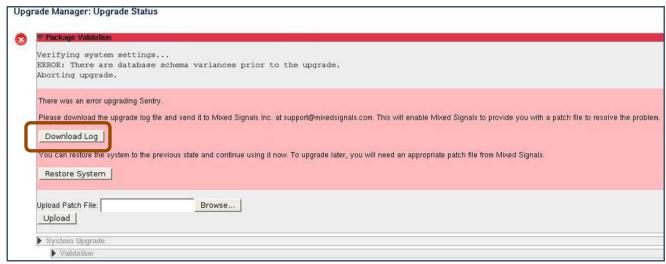


Figure 357: Upgrade Errors

You will need to contact a Tektronix Support representative to troubleshoot and resolve the issue.

In order to help your support representative to resolve the problem, you will need to download the upgrade log and provide it to Tektronix. This log file is an encrypted file with detailed information that is critical to Tektronix to being able to diagnose your problem.

1. Click **Download Log** to save the upgrade log file.

There are two types of errors you might encounter:

## Recoverable error

This is generally an error that happens in the pre-verification step. Such errors are recoverable, in that you can roll back the upgrade and return to the pre-upgrade state. If the error is **Recoverable**, you can click the **Restore System** button.

For such an error, providing the upgrade log to your Tektronix representative is still crucial, because Tektronix will still need to provide you with a patch in order for you to complete your upgrade.

## Error Requiring a Patch

If the error is not a recoverable error, it will require a patch from Tektronix to resolve. At this point, you must provide your Tektronix support representative with the upgrade log file. After diagnosing the problem, Tektronix will provide you with an upgrade patch file.

## Uploading the Error Patch File

- 1. To upload the patch file click **Browse** and select the file.
- 2. Next, click Upload.
- **3.** If this is a valid patch for this Sentry at this time, you can click **Apply Patch** to apply the patch and resume the upgrade.

NOTE: If you didn't download the upgrade log from this page, you can do so later by clicking the History tab on the System Upgrade page.

# **Upgrade History**

The **History** tab on the **System Upgrade** page will display a history of all system upgrades performed.



Figure 358: Upgrade History tab

Additionally, if there are any errors with the current upgrade, you can access the upgrade log from this page.

# Configure Power Off and Restart Capability

Sentry allows users to do a remote Reset or Power Off of any unit.

A **Restart** or **Power Off** may make it difficult to troubleshoot the cause of any issues later on as log information has the potential to be permanently lost.



WARNING: When moving a Sentry, it is very important to properly power off the Sentry via the web interface.

Never unplug a Sentry without performing the Power Off procedure. Improper shutdown may cause file corruption and failure of the Sentry.

# Accessing Remote Restart and Power Off

Start at the main menu and select Configure and then Power Off.

## Power Off a unit:

- 1. Select Power Off.
- 2. Select **Submit**. The next screen will show a conformation.



Figure 359: Powering off a unit remotely

3. Select No if you wish to cancel the action or Yes if you wish to continue with the power off.

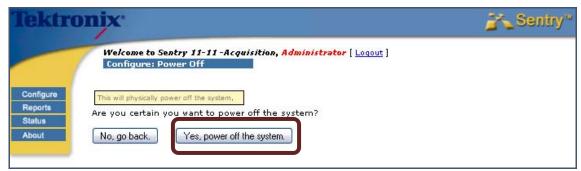


Figure 360: Powering off confirmation

## Restart a unit

In the unlikely event that the Sentry is not behaving as expected, as last resort, you may attempt a **Restart**.

- 1. Select Restart.
- 2. Select **Submit**. The next screen will show a conformation.

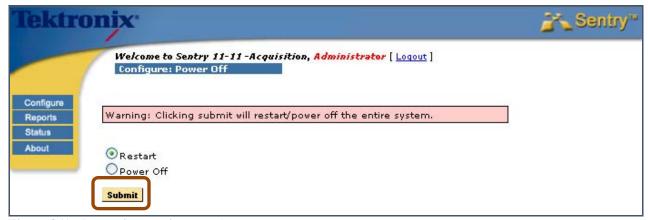


Figure 361: Restarting a unit remotely

3. Select **No** if you wish to cancel the action or **Yes** if you wish to continue with the restart.



Figure 362: Confirmation of Restart

# **Status**

The **Status** page shows the overall status of Sentry and consist of the following:

### System Status

Shows general information on the **System** such as **Engine**, **NTP** and **Database** percentage used. Sentry will delete from the database any information older than 92 days.

### Device Status

Displays all the active devices (LAN1, LAN2, ASI ports) and their UP/DOWN state.

## Data Activity Status

Displays the current total input rate.

### Current Input Bitrate

Displays the **Port Number** and **Name**, **Device**, **Current Bitrate**, **Report Format (UDP or RTP)**, **CBR**, and the **Data Activity** (as **UP/DOWN** based on the bitrate).

• When the **CBR** indicator is true, it shows that the **PCR** statistics and alerts will be analyzed assuming a highly stable delivery source (the transport has Constand Bitrate encoding) rather than the normal "bursty" characteristics of network traffic.

NOTE: The Format column will either read UDP or RTP.

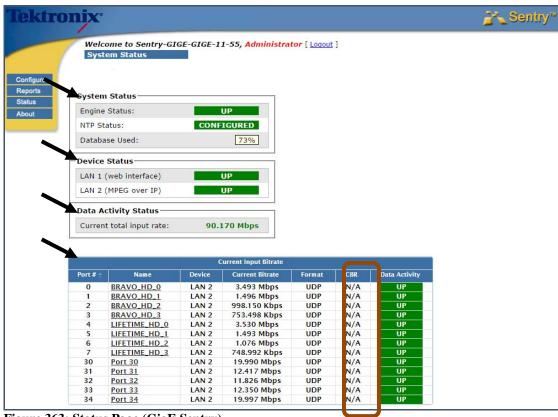


Figure 363: Status Page (GigE Sentry)

# ASI Status page

The ASI Status page displays the Port Number, Name, Device, Current Bitrate, and the Data Activity as UP/DOWN based on the bitrate.

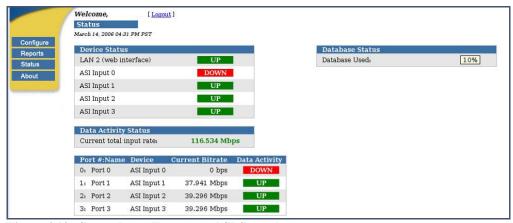


Figure 364: Status Page (Four-port ASI Sentry)

# System Status for Sentry with Second MPEG Input Option Installed

If the Sentry has two network interfaces for MPEG monitoring, the **System Status** page will show an additional line referring to it in the **Device Status** section.

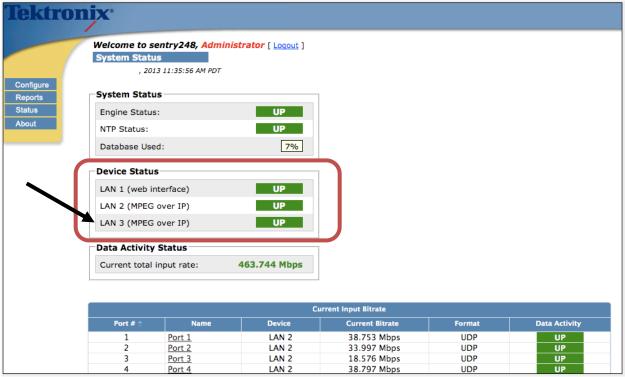


Figure 365: The extra line in Device Status box

# **About**

The **About** page shows the Sentry engine and database version numbers of the current release, and directs you to technical assistance if needed.

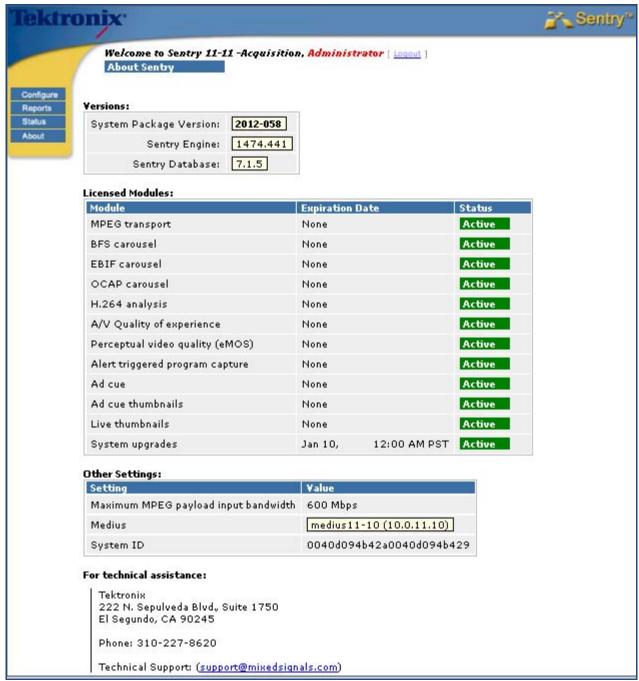


Figure 366: About Sentry

# Appendix A: Sentry ABR

Sentry ABR is an active adaptive bitrate monitoring solution that proactively monitors ABR content on origin servers or CDN caching servers. It does this by actively requesting and validating program playlists / manifests that it has been configured to monitor.

Sentry ABR then requests from the server, in turn, all of the fragments of each profile/representation for each program. It then calculates availability and performance metrics and generates alerts in real time.

Sentry ABR can operate as a stand-alone monitor, or as an extension to an existing Sentry/Medius deployment that offers a unified platform for both linear broadcast and ABR video service monitoring.

Sentry ABR has a licensable option to decode the HTTP content. If Sentry ABR has this license, all of the MPEG related reports will be available (like program status, program detail, etc..). Otherwise, those pages will not be accessible.

# **Configure: Alerts Summary**

### **Manifest Alerts**

Sentry ABR contains a number of specific alerts. The first set are alerts on the metadata that surrounds the ABR streams. They are based on errors that could occur when examining the manifest file. The alerts are:

### • Parsing Error

Error encountered while parsing the manifest file

#### • HTTP Error

HTTP error code received when attempting to receive the manifest file

### • URL Error

An illegal URL.

Illegal syntax for the **Origin Server/Hostname** in a URL.

### • Unsupported ABR Standard

The manifest file cannot be parsed because it conforms to a currently unsupported ABR standard.

## **Create a Manifest Alert**

- 1. Select **Configure** and then **Alerts** from the main menu.
- 2. Select the **ABR** tab.
- 3. From the Manifest Alerts list, select Create.

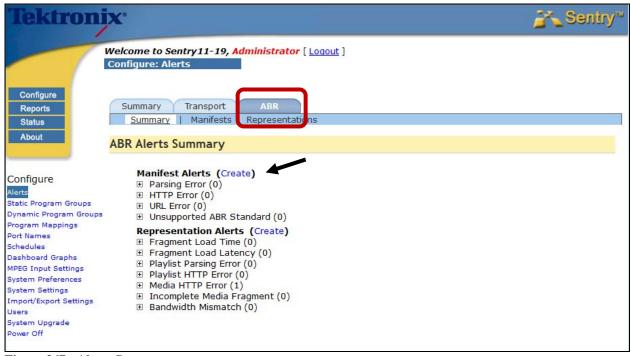


Figure 367: Alerts Summary

- 4. Step 1: Select the Alert Type.
- 5. Step 2: Choose the input manifest.
- **6.** Step 3: Select the desired notification settings.

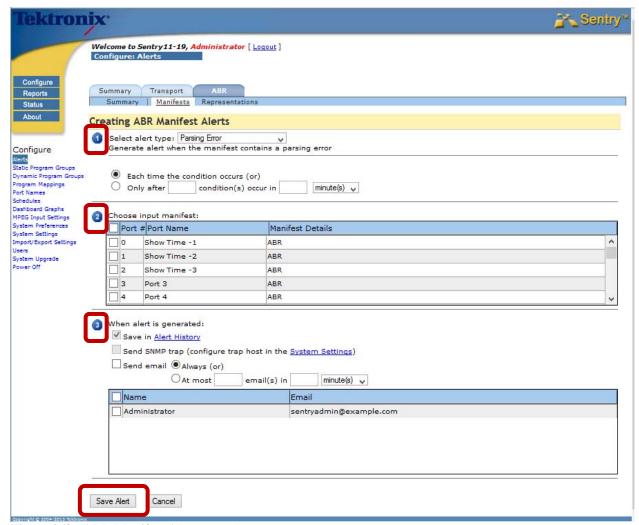


Figure 368: ABR Manifest Alerts template

7. Select Save Alert when complete.

# **Representation Alerts**

# **Representation Alerts Definitions**

### • Fragment load time

The time it took to load a media fragment

### • Fragment load latency

The time between when an HTTP request was made and when we first started to receive the fragment

## • Playlist Parsing Error

Error because of a corrupted playlist file or because of unrecognized syntax (HLS only)

### • Playlist HTTP Error

If an HTTP error returned when attempting to request a playlist file (HLS only)

### • Media HTTP Error

If an HTTP error is returned when attempting to request a media fragment

### • Incomplete Media Fragment

If another HTTP header is detected before completely receiving the previous fragment

### • Bandwidth Mismatch

The manifest file(s) contain a max bandwidth for each representation (profile / quality level). The user can define an alert which will trigger if the bandwidth falls below (or goes above) a specified percentage.

# **Create Representation Alerts**

- 1. Select **Configure** and then **Alerts** from the main menu.
- 2. Select the **ABR** tab.
- 3. From the Representation Alerts list, select Create.

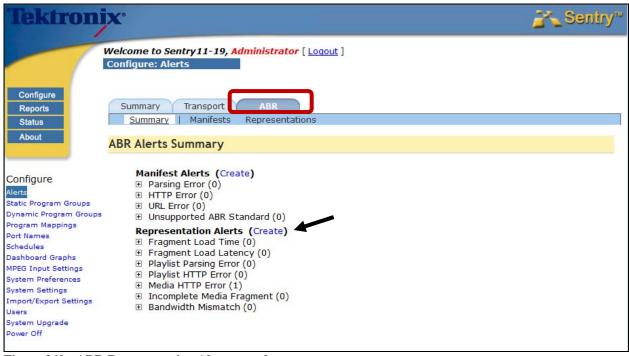


Figure 369: ABR Representation Alerts template

- 4. Step ①: Select the Alert Type
- 5. Step 2: Choose either the Program(s) or Program Groups.
- **6. Step 3** : Select the desired notification settings.

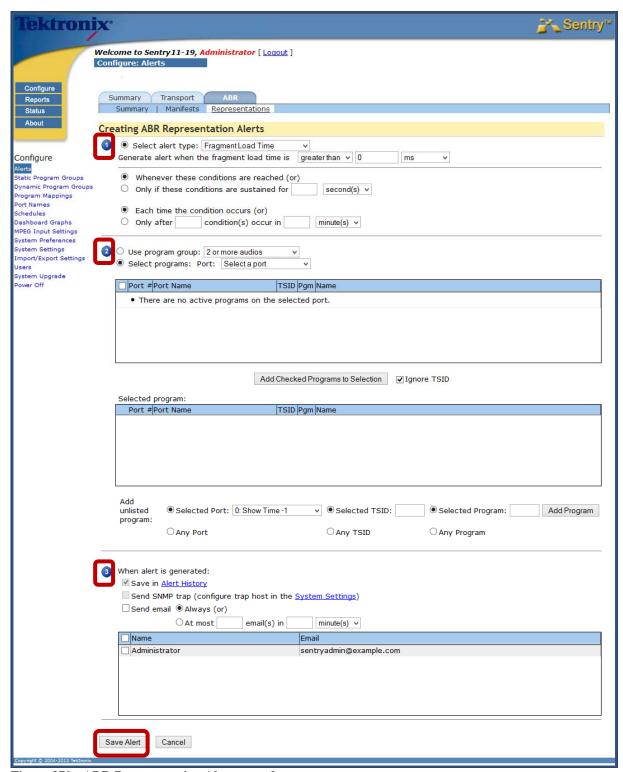


Figure 370: ABR Representation Alerts template

7. Select Save Alert when complete.

# **Dynamic Program Groups**

**Dynamic Program Groups** allow you to define a program group based on dynamic program attributes, instead of just listing the program numbers.

### **Example**

You can define a **Dynamic Program Group** for each program where the **Manifest Profile Index = 1.** Such a program group can be used for alerting and/or reporting.

When configuring the **MPEG Inputs**, you will not need to go back to your program group/alert definitions because, any time a new **Media Set** (ABR URL) is monitored, the **Dynamic Program Group** will always pick up the highest quality representation from that **Media Set**.

For ABR, you have the ability to define a program group based on certain criteria These criteria are

- Port number
- Manifest bit rate
- Manifest Representation

Select Configure and Dynamic Program Groups from the main menu.

The resulting page will be a list of all of the existing **Dynamic Program Groups**.

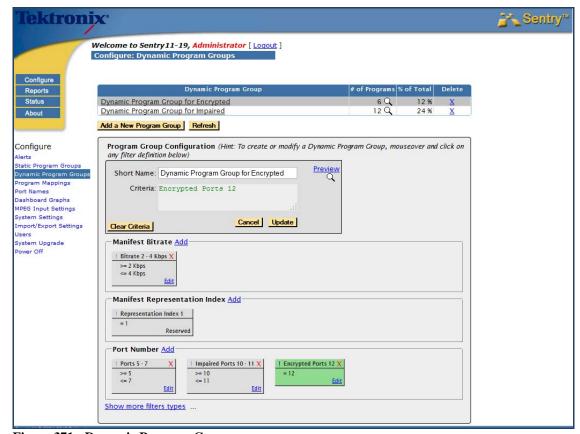


Figure 371: Dynamic Program Groups

Filters are used to define the **Dynamic Program Group**.

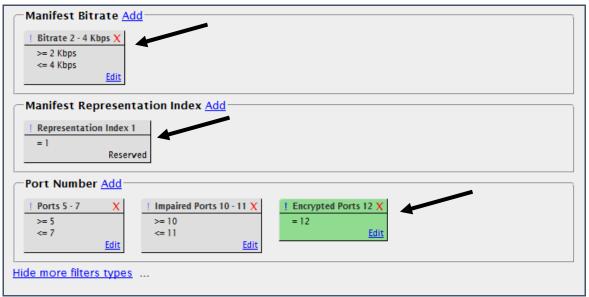


Figure 372: Filters for Dynamic Program Groups

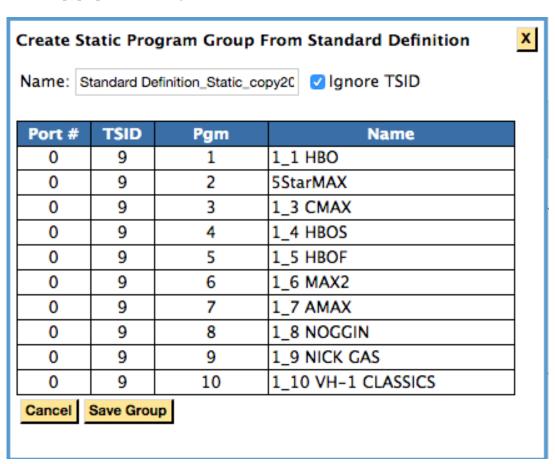
# Creating a Static Program Group from Dynamic



To create a static program group from the current preview results of your dynamic program group, click the icon in the Create Static Group column.



This will pop up the following:



A preview of the current programs in that Dynamic Group will appear. Enter a **Name** for the static program group as well as choose whether you want to **Ignore TSIDs** or not (use the specific TSID/transport id from the current programs), and click **Save Group**.

Your new static program group will be saved and can be reviewed/edited on the Configure: Static Program Groups page.

Note: This is a one-time snapshot of the programs in your dynamic group at a given time. As programs fall in an out of your dynamic group, those changes will not be reflected in your new static group.

# **Configure MPEG Input Settings**

## Administrator Set up Notes

The URLs for the manifest files have to be explicitly defined.

- 1. Select Configure and then MPEG Input Settings from the main menu.
- 2. Enter the **IP address**, **Netmask**, and **Gateway** of the MPEG monitoring port that will receive the ABR traffic. The administrator will also need to specify the maximum bandwidth (Mbps) that Sentry ABR may simultaneously request.
- **3.** Next, enter the URLs for the manifests that they are monitoring, as well as a **Name** (required) for the manifest and a **Description** (optional).
- **4.** Click Auto Icon for the ports for which you'd like the system to automatically derive a provider icon based on the input name.
- **5.** Choose the Decrypt/Decode Mode as follows:
  - Http QoS: Does not decode the content. Only performs analysis of the http traffic.
  - In the Clear: A licensable option to decode the mpeg content, but not decrypt.
  - Additional licensable decryption methods
    - O Depending on the decryption method selected there will be an icon to click to update the varied decryption key settings.
- **6.** Select **Save Settings** when complete.

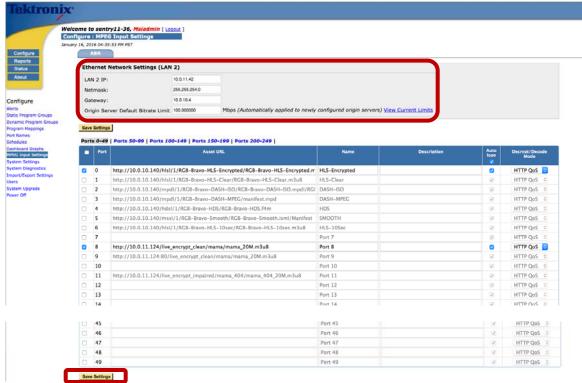


Figure 373: MPEG Input Settings page

# Reports

# **Program Statistics: ABR Stats**

For more information on **Program Statistics**, please refer to that section of this manual.



Figure 374: Program Statistics Summary ta

### Create/Edit tab

Click the Create/Edit tab to create a Program Statistics report using ABR information.

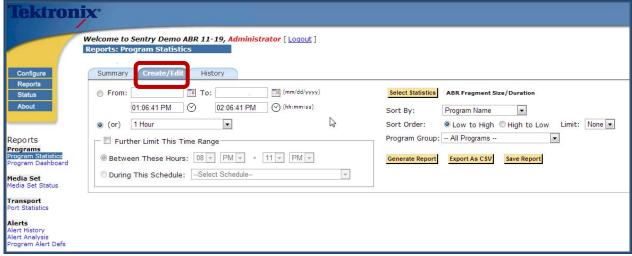


Figure 375: Create/Edit tab

Sentry ABR will return the following data:

### • Port Number

The port is the same one as defined **MPEG Input Settings** page

### Port Name

The Media Set name as defined in the MPEG Input Configuration page

#### TSID

Transfer Stream ID (always zero)

## • Program Number

Virtual program number

### • Program Name

User defined that can be configured by the **Program Mapping Setting** 

### • Representation Index

The order the **Representation** is listed in the **Manifest file** 

#### • Manifest Bitrate

The bitrate that is listed in the **Manifest file** for the **Representation** 

### • Fragment Size/Duration

Average Fragment Duration in seconds and Min/Avg/Max Fragment Size in Kilobytes/Megabytes

### • Fragment Load Time

Min/Avg/Max Fragment Load Time in milliseconds/seconds

### • Fragment Load Bitrate

Min/Avg/Max Fragment Load Bitrate in bps

### • Fragment Load Latency

Min/Avg/Max Fragment Load Latency in milliseconds/seconds

### • HTTP Status

Percentages of HTTP response codes

- o 100s Informational
- o 200s Success
- o 300s Redirection
- o 400s Client Error
- o 500s Server Error
- o Other Non-Http Errors (This percentage will be of total Http Requests)

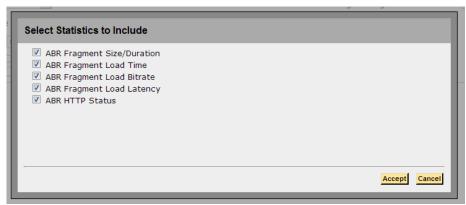


Figure 376: Options for Select Statistics to Include

# History tab

View the report history for a selected time period or range.



Figure 377: History tab

# **Port Statistics**

**Port Statisitics** provides non-alert data on a port level that allows you to see ABR information on the transport bitrate and other releveant ABR statistics.

# Summary tab

The **Summary tab** shows the list of **Public** and **Private** saved reports.



Figure 378: Port Statisitics

# **Create a Port Statistics Report**

- 8. Select the Create/Edit tab.
- **9.** Choose date/time frame for your report.
- 10. Select Statistics.

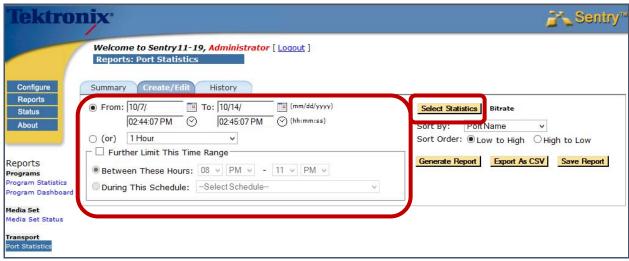


Figure 379: Setting the date or time range

- 11. Choose any Statisitics you to include.
- 12. Select Accept.

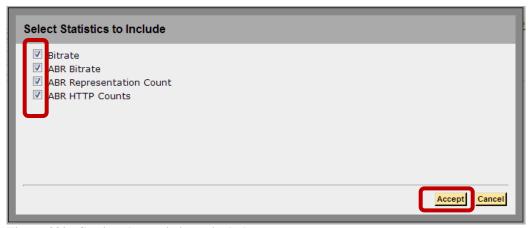


Figure 380: Secting the statistics to include

13. Select any other filter filters you wish to apply.

### 14. Select Generate Report.



Figure 381: Generate the report

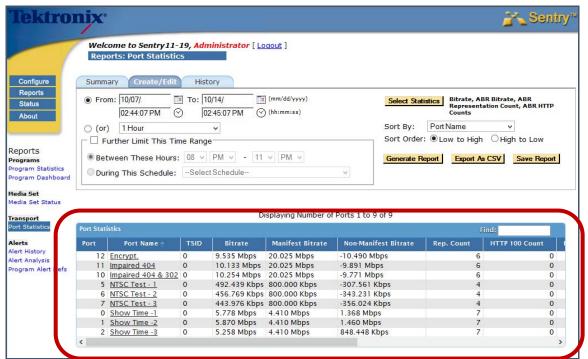


Figure 382: Port Statisitics displayed

### Port Number

The port is the same one as defined MPEG Input Settings page

#### Port Name

This is the same as the Media Set name name as defined in the MPEG Input Configuration page

- TSID
- Bitrate

Total Port Bitrate in Mbps

#### Non-Manifest Bitrate

Manifest Bitrate and Non-Manifest Bitrate in Kbps/Mbps

### • Rep Count (Representation Count)

A count of the number of **Representations** on the **Port** 

# **Sentry User Manual**

## • HTTP Counts

Counts of the number of HTTP return codes. Columns exist for 100, 200, 300, 400, 500 and Other counts.

# Media Set Status Report

The **Media Set Status** report shows the overall health of the monitored content. The **Media Set** shows you the number of **Representations** that are present for each **Manifest File**.

### Representation

A version of the same content at a different resolution or bit rate

#### Media Set

A group of **Representations** as defined in the **Manifest File** 

#### Manifest file

The file that lists all of the Representations that are available for the requested service

1. Select **Reports** and **Media Set Status** from the main menu.

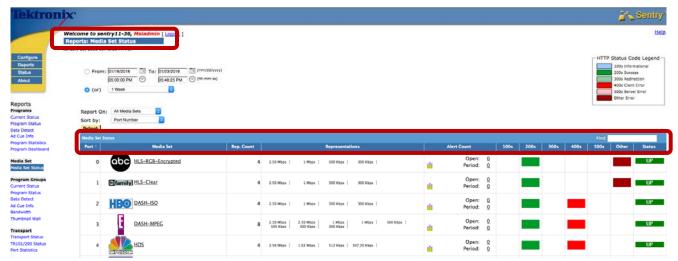


Figure 383: Media Set Status overview

When the report first loads, you will see the following set of information:

## • Port Number

The port is the same one as defined **MPEG Input Settings** page

### • Media Set name

The name is set in the MPEG Input page.

A user can click on the Media Set name to open the Media Set Detail Report.

### • Rep Count (Representation Count)

The number of representations listed in the **Manifest** file.

## Representations

A list of all of the bitrates of the **Representations** as listed in the **Manifest** file.

#### Alert Count

A count of the Open and Date/Time Period Alerts

## • 100s, 200s, 300s, 400s, 500s, Other

Colored blocks in the columns mean that there are corresponding HTTP return codes for the selected time period.

## Status

Displays the current state of the Media Sets as UP or DOWN

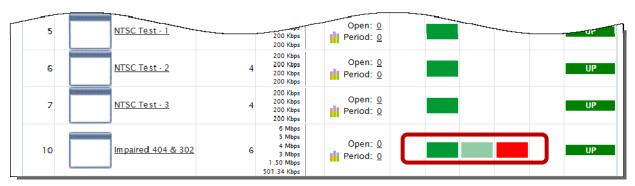


Figure 384: Media Set Status color warnings showing Success, Redirection and Warning

2. Select any program icon from the **Media Set column** to see the **Media Set Details** for that content.

### Media Set Details

This report contains several graphs and charts that can be drilled for more detailed information and include:

- HTTP Status Codes
- Representations Statistics
- Fragment Load Headroom
- Fragment Load Time
- Fragment Load Latency
- Fragment Load Bitrate
- Fragment Size

#### HTTP Status Codes

**HTTP Status Code** shows you a count of all the HTTP return codes by **Representation** for the specified time period. It also allows you to drill down to specific **HTTP Status Code** errors and can show any combination of your specific representations

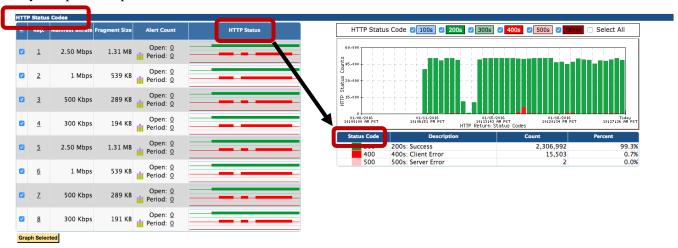


Figure 385: HTTP Status Codes

**HTTP Status** column allows you to mouse over the **Status Code** bar to get the quantity of status codes over a particular reporting interval.

Select the bar to update the **HTTP Status** code graph which will indicate the specific status code error.

#### Representations Statistics

**Representation Statistics** provides numeric account of all the statistics Sentry ABR is tracking for all of the representations in the media set. It then charts the following set of information in tabular form and allows you to graph the following statistics:

- Representation number as defined in the Manifest file
- Representation bitrate as defined in the Manifest file
- Average Fragment Duration

- Fragment Headroom
- Fragment load time
- Fragment Load Latency
- Report Load Bitrate
- Fragment Size

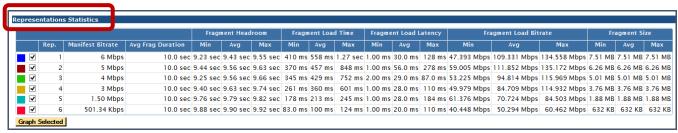


Figure 386: Representations Statistics

# Fragment Load Headroom

**Fragment Load Headroom** allows for a safety margin in the fragment request timeline. It is the fragment duration minus the fragment load time and shows the **Min/Avg/Max** headroom in seconds.

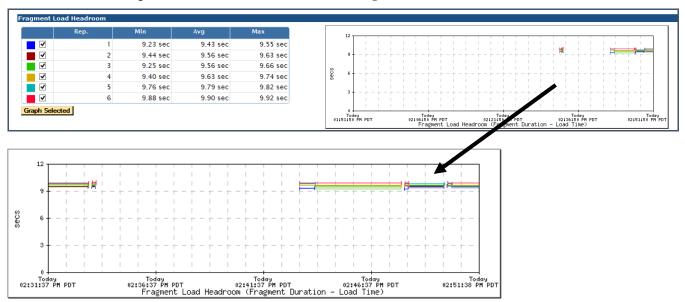


Figure 387: Fragmemt Load Head and graph drill down

# Fragment Load Time

**Fragment Load Time** is the time measured between when the HTTP header for a fragment is detected and when enough bytes have been received to equal the fragment size. It shows the **Min/Avg/Max** of the loadtime in milliseconds.

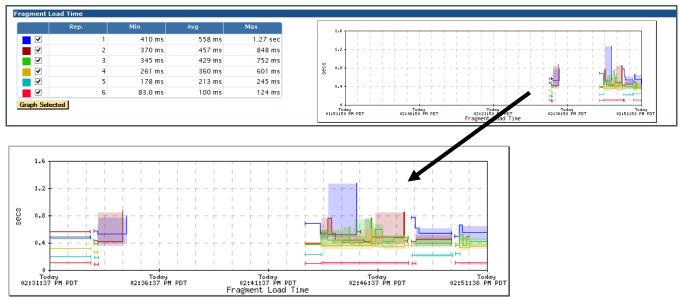


Figure 388: Fragment Load Time and graph drill down

# Fragment Load Latency

**Fragment Load Latency** is the time between when a request is made for a fragment (at the socket level) and when the HTTP header for the fragment is detected. It shows the **Min/Avg/Max** latency in milliseconds.

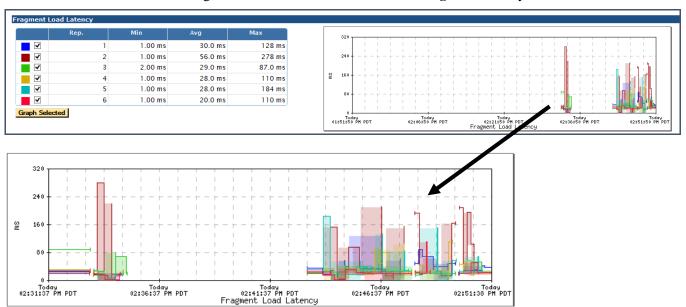


Figure 389: Fragment Load Latency and graph drill down

# Fragment Load Bitrate

**Fragment Load Bitrate** is the fragment size / fragment load time shows the **Min/Avg/Max** bitrate in Kbps or Mbps.

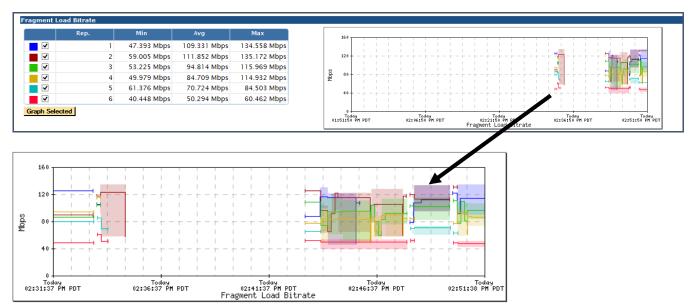


Figure 390: Fragment Load Bitrate and graph drill down

# Fragment Size

Fragment Size shows the Min/Avg/Max size in Kilobytes or Megabytes.

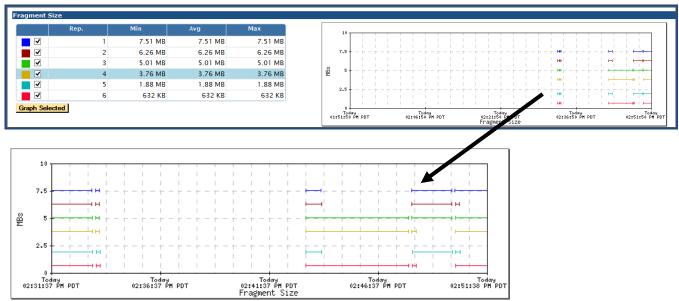


Figure 391: Fragment Size and graph drill down

# **System Status**

The **System Status** report gives you an overview of each inbound rate port overall information.

Select **Status** from the main menu.

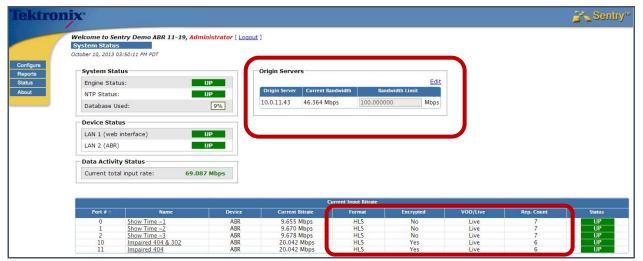


Figure 392: System Status screen

# • Origin Servers

Provides a list of the servers being monitored, the Current Bitrate (the sume of the Current Bitrate for all the Media Sets on that server) and the Bandwitdth Limit. The Bandwith Limit column shows the defined limits for each server and is editiable from this location.

#### • Current Intput Bitrate

Port #

The port is the same one as defined MPEG Input Settings page

- Name
- The Media Set name as defined in the MPEG Input Configuration page
- Device

Type of traffic

• Current Bitrate

Total bitrate of all the **Representations** on that port

Format

The type of ABR traffic being monitored. (HLS, DASH,) etc.)

Encrypted

Shows if the stream is encrypted or not.

VOD/Live

Shows if content is LIVE or On Demand (VOD)

• Rep. Count

A count of the reprisentations avialiable in the stream

Status

Shows **UP** or **DOWN** 

# Appendix B: Sentry Edge, Edge II, Edge III-S, and Edge III-T

# **Preface**

This user manual for the Tektronix Sentry Edge<sup>TM</sup>, Sentry Edge III-S<sup>TM</sup> and Sentry Edge III-T<sup>TM</sup> Video Quality Monitor describes how to configure, control, and use the product.

This user manual is intended for service providers who use Tektronix Sentry for monitoring, historical reporting, and alerting from MPEG-2, H.264 AVC, MPEG-4 part 10, and VC-1 transport streams. It is assumed that you understand the concepts and tools used in a head-end environment. You should also be familiar with basic computer operations such as click, drag and drop, and be familiar with the operation of an internet browser.

**NOTE:** See the Sentry Series Installation and Safety Instructions manual that was supplied with the product for instructions on how to install the instrument.

# **Getting started**

# **Product description**

Sentry Edge, Sentry Edge II, Sentry Edge III-S and Sentry Edge III-T are the high-performance, high-density RF monitoring solutions from Tektronix. The product detects transport stream and RF modulation errors generated by equipment errors or failures, and provides reporting and alerting capabilities for services in the RF and TS domains. All Sentry Edge products deliver high quality RF measurements at scale for 24/7 video monitoring environments economically.

Sentry Edge II takes RF monitoring to the next level with monitoring density of 4 or 8 tuners per unit. More tuners per unit reduce the time to round robin, so RF issues can be identified sooner. Customers can round robin or park on any of the tuners, or chose any combination of these options. Sentry Edge III-S provides 2 tuners.

Sentry Edge II and Edge III provide excellent MER performance across the entire frequency range to let service providers detect a drop in signal quality before there is impact to subscribers.



Figure 393: Sentry Edge Video Quality Monitor

Sentry Edge is designed to deliver precision measurements at scale in fast-paced video network environments. The product provides comprehensive, highly accurate RF measurements to speed problem isolation.

The Sentry family of video quality monitoring products comprise a S2E (Source-to-Edge) monitoring solution. This solution is a comprehensive 24/7 real-time monitoring system with a 60-day historical database, executive reports, and trending analysis. Multiple Sentry Edge units can be managed using the Medius Application Manager.

As shown below, all Sentry Edge products monitor the edge of the video network just before content is sent to subscriber homes. It can also be used at headends for QAM HFC distribution monitoring.

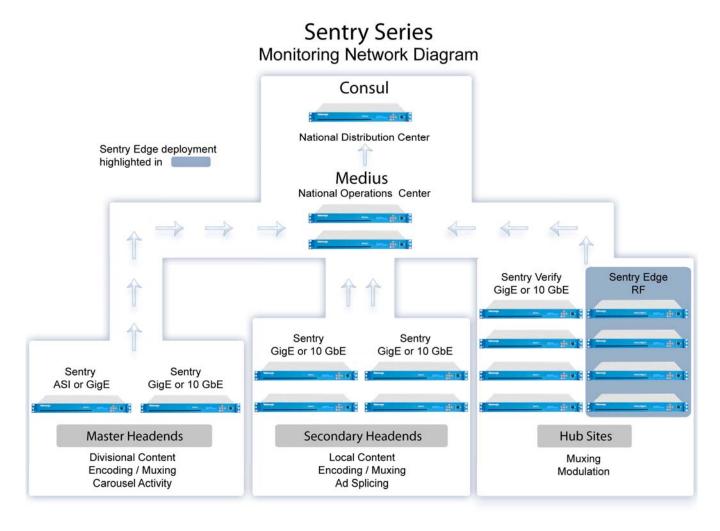


Figure 394: Sentry monitoring network diagram

# Sentry Edge RF Monitoring Products

- Edge I: Dual Tuner 8VSB and/or QAM B
- Edge II: Single Input 4 Tuner or Dual Input 8 Tuner QAM A/B/C
- Edge III-S: Dual Satellite DVB-S/S2
- Edge III-T: Single Input Dual Tuner DVB-T/T2

# Sentry Edge Family Features and benefits

- Remote management of RF measurement collection
- Proactively detect RF issues before they impact subscribers
- Full range of Transport Stream monitoring capabilities
- 1RU footprint minimizes rack space and power costs
- Highly scalable solution where multiple units can be managed by the Medius Application Manager
- Additional service monitoring capabilities available for QAM channels in the clear: audio/video QoE, perceptual video quality (PVQ), Ad Verification, EBIF, tru2way<sup>TM</sup>, MHP, and DSM-CC carousel analysis

# Sentry Applications

- RF measurements post-QAM at the hub and at headends where QAM is used
- Multiple RF inputs to simultaneously monitor from different sources
- Graphing for one or both RF inputs at the same time
- MER measurements for quick detection of demodulation issues
- Comprehensive RF reporting for targeted, rapid problem isolation
- Cost-effective solution enables more effective monitoring of the network edge
- Remote management of RF measurement collection saves time and money for providers now collecting data in the field

# Sentry Edge I Features and benefits

- Dual Tuner
- 8VSB for reception of ATSC-1 signals.
- QAMB 64/256 for North American Cable
- QAM RF Measurements include:
  - RF Lock Indication
  - Input Signal Strength
  - MER
  - CNR
  - Pre-RS BER
  - Post-FEC Uncorrectable TS Packet Count
  - Carrier Offset
- Monitors RF signals up to 850 MHz

# Sentry Edge II Features and benefits

- High-density solution: 2 RF inputs with 8 parallel QAM tuners or 1 RF input with 4 tuners
- Analyzer-quality QAM RF Measuring Capability. RF Measurements include:
  - RF Lock Indication (including LED on rear panel)
  - Input Signal Strength (Channel Power) EVM
  - MER
  - CNR
  - Pre-RS BER
  - Post-FEC Uncorrectable TS Packet Count
  - Carrier Offset
- Constellation diagram provided for diagnostics
- Monitors RF signals up to 1 GHz
- QAM A/B/C support

# Sentry Edge III-S Features and Benefits

- Analyzer-quality QPSK/APSK RF Measuring Capability. RF Measurements include:
  - RF Lock Indication (including LED on rear panel)
  - MER
  - CNR
  - Pre-RS BER
  - Post-FEC Uncorrectable TS Packet Count
- Constellation diagram provided for diagnostics
- Supports two channels in QPSK / 8-PSK mode

# Sentry Edge III-T Features and Benefits

- Monitor DVB-T and DVB-T2 Terrestrial Broadcasts.
- Analyzer-quality RF Measuring Capability. Measurements include:
  - RF Lock Indication (including LED on rear panel)
  - MER
  - CNR
  - Pre-RS BER
  - Post-FEC Uncorrectable TS Packet Count

# Standard and optional accessories

You should receive the following accessories with your instrument:

Item	Tektronix part	Description
Sentry Series Installation and Safety Instructions	071-3007-xx	Describes how to install the product and provides important safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it
Sentry Series User Manual (This Manual)	077-3202-xx	Describes how to configure, control, and operate the product
Power cord	NA	The power cord option you ordered

# Power cord options

Option	Description
A0	North America power
A1	Universal EURO power
A2	United Kingdom power
A3	Australia power
A4	240 V, North America power
A5	Switzerland power
A6	Japan power
A10	China power
A11	India power
A12	Brazil power
A99	No power cord or AC adapter

# Configuration

NOTE: See the Sentry Series Installation and Safety Instructions manual that was supplied with the product for instructions on how to install the instrument.

# Recommended steps

Listed below are the recommended steps for configuring the Sentry Edge instrument. The tasks are shown in their most beneficial order.

- 1. Configure the management port. Instructions are located in the Configure System Settings section of the Sentry Series Video Quality Monitor User Manual.
- 2. On the back of the instrument, connect the RF cable to the rightmost F-connector on the RF card.
- **3.** Next, set the RF Connection level to 0 dbmv from the output of the RF patch.
- 4. Define or import your desired channel plan. To define/edit import settings for an RF configuration see To define/edit import settings for an RF configuration below.
  - To update the schedule/import schedule information see **Update the schedule/import schedule information** below.
- 5. From RF Input Connection, select the desired Active RF Input Configuration and select Save RF Settings.
- **6.** From **Input Settings**, select any ports which need to be disabled.
- 7. Configure the **Program Mappings**. Instructions are located in **Configure Program Mappings** of the *Sentry Series Video Quality Monitor User Manual* or *the Medius Application Manager User Manual*.
- **8.** Add the Sentry Edge, Edge II or Edge III instrument to Medius, if one is available. Instructions are located in **Configure: Add Sentrys** of the *Medius Application Manager User Manual*.
- 9. Build the desired Medius Program Group, if one is available. Instructions are located in Reports: Program Group Bandwidth of the Medius Application Manager User Manual.
- 10. Build the desired RF Stats alerts. Instructions are located in Alerts of the Sentry Series Video Quality Monitor User Manual or the Medius Application Manager User Manual.

NOTE: RF Stats alerts cannot be defined in a template. You need to define them individually.

- 11. Create the desired alerts. Instructions are located in the Creating a Program.
- 12. Alert section of the *Medius Application Manager User Manual*.

# Configure the RF Stats Alerts

Configuring alerts in Sentry Edge works much like the process in Sentry. Additionally, you may configure RF Stats Alerts to alert you when the selected RF statistic (for example, CNR, MER, or EVM) goes above or below a certain value.

- 1. Select Configure and then Alerts.
- 2. Under Transport Alerts, find RF Stats Alerts and then select Create.



Figure 395: Creating an RF Stats Alert

**3.** Proceed through Sections 1-3 as described in the *Configure Alerts* section of the *Sentry Series Video Quality Monitor User Manual*.

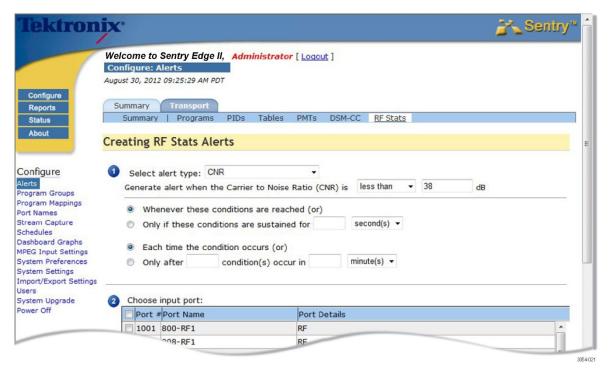


Figure 396: Creating a CNR alert

# Configure the MPEG settings

Sentry Edge and Edge II offer 2 RF inputs with 8 parallel QAM tuners or 1 RF input with 4 tuners. Sentry Edge III-S has two inputs and two tuners, whereas Sentry EdgeIII-T has a single input with a tuner. The tuners incorporate a round-robin approach to monitor all of the frequencies in the active configuration.

The tuners each tune every few seconds, perform an analysis and then tune to the next frequency

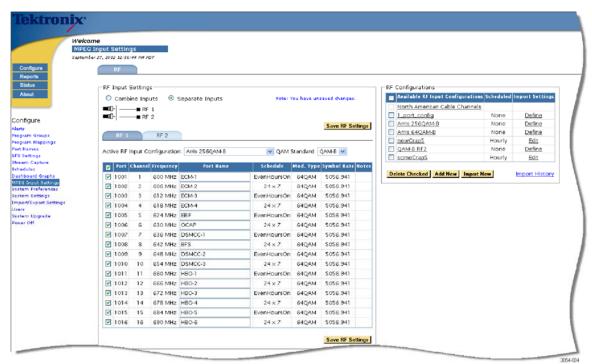


Figure 397: RF Input Settings overview (8 tuner model)

#### RF Input Settings

Lists the frequency and **Port Name** information about the channels in the active configuration and lets you customize a port name for each of the channels. You can also enable and disable (stops polling for that channel) the channels by selecting the check boxes as needed. Disabling stops the polling for that channel.

On the 8-tuner configuration, you are given the option of combining the inputs. This gives you one "tuner pool" or one virtual RF input with 8 tuners. You can also select to have separate inputs. This gives you two separate RF inputs with 4 tuners each.

#### RF Configurations

Lists all of the currently defined configurations and allows you to edit them using the underlined name. You may also define/edit import settings.

- **Delete Checked** deletes all checked items
- Import New allows you to import a configuration from a CSV file
- **Import History** displays the import history of all scheduled RF imports

# Activate an RF input connection

1. Select an input connection from the drop down menu.

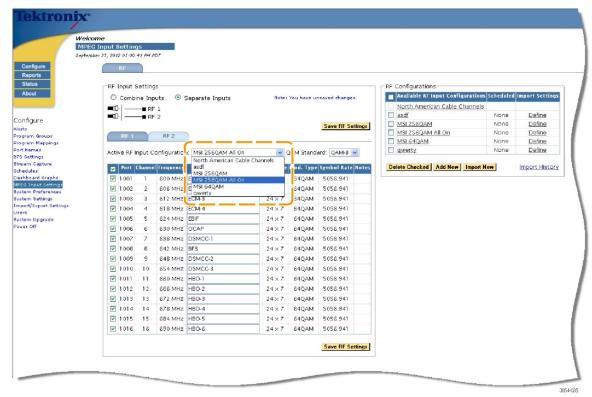


Figure 398: RF Input Connection drop-down menu

2. Click Save RF Settings when finished.

# To define/edit import settings for an RF configuration.

Note: Not available on Sentry Edge III-S and Sentry Edge III-T.

The following steps are for working with an already existing RF configuration where you are changing the settings for the selected configuration.

1. Select **Define** in the far right hand column.



Figure 399: Defining RF configurations

ektronix<sup>\*</sup> Welcome to Sentry Edge II, Administrator [ Loqout ] **RF Configuration Import** August 30, 2012 09:32:05 AM PDT Import Settings Help QAM-B RF Configuration Name: Modulation: 256QAM ▼ Symbol Rate 5000 Configure Schedule: 24 x 7 -Alerts Program Groups Program Mappings Filter Options In order to filter the import, you may specify any column name that exists in your import file and give it a value. Stream Capture Schedules Dashboard Graphs MPEG Input Settings System Preferences System Settings Import Remote Configuration (URL): Import/Export Settings Import Local Configuration: System Upgrade Cancel Import Now Import Schedule Information Do not schedule this RF Configuration Schedule this RF Configuration Temporarily suspend scheduled imports: Import Scheduling Frequency: Hourly . Every 1 hour(s) No end date mm/dd/yyyy)

2. On the resulting page, complete fields as necessary in the Import Settings section.

Figure 400: RF Configuration Input screen

# ■ RF Configuration Name

The unique name of the configuration being used.

#### Modulation

The desired modulation type (64 QAM, 256 QAM, etc.).

#### Symbol Rate

A parameter of the receiving demodulator that needs to be set accurately in order to properly demodulate the signal. These demodulation parameters should be provided by the manufacturer of your modulation equipment.

# Schedule

Specifies the monitoring schedule for this RF configuration; normally this will be 7x24 but it can be customized.

# Filter options

# Column Name

The name of the column in your existing spreadsheet which needs to be renamed to match one of our supported column names (Tuned Channel, Frequency, MPEG Source # or Source Name) for the import to work correctly.

#### Value

The value you want the column to be re-named to (Tuned Channel, Frequency, MPEG Source # or Source Name).

# Import configuration (URL)

The URL where the configuration is located. For use with a shared file server where there exists a preconfigured CSV file formatted with columns for input into the Sentry (Tuned Channel, Frequency, MPEG Source # or Source Name). Sentry Edge supports HTTP or FTP.

# ■ Import Local Configuration

Allows you to browse your local hard drive for the configured CSV file to be imported.

**NOTE:** *Select the Help button to view options for column names as shown below.* 

You may import a RF Configuration from a remote .csv (comma separated values) file specified by a URL. The current import requires that the following column names exist in the file:

- [Tuned Channel] (RF Channel)
- [Frequency] (RF Frequency)
- [MPEG Service #] (Program Number)
- [Source Name] (Program Name)

Figure 401: Online help column names

- **3.** When finished, select **Import Now**.
- **4.** If you wish to schedule this configuration, proceed to the *To update the schedule/import schedule information* section in this manual.
- **5.** If you do not want to schedule the configuration, select **Do not schedule this RF Configuration** and then **Update Schedule**.

# Update the schedule/import schedule information

- 1. After you complete the **Import Settings** configuration, if you wish to schedule the import, select the checkbox for **Schedule this RF Configuration**.
- 2. Select the frequency to update the configuration from the **Import Scheduling**.
  - a. Frequency drop-down menu (Hourly, Daily, etc.).
- 3. Enter the desired frequency time frame (1 hour, 2 hour, 1 day, 2 days, etc).
- **4.** If applicable, set the **Import Schedule** end date. This is used when an import location is temporary or if you do not wish to continue automatic updates after a certain period.
- 5. Select Update Schedule.

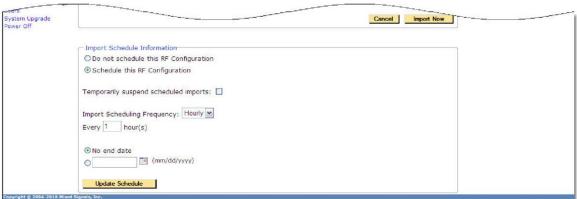


Figure 402: Import schedule information

# Import a configuration from a CSV file

- 1. Select Import Remote Configuration or select Import Local Configuration and fill in their respective fields.
- 2. Select the **Import Now** button from the **RF Configuration Details** page.
- **3.** Select **Help** to view the guidelines for the file format.

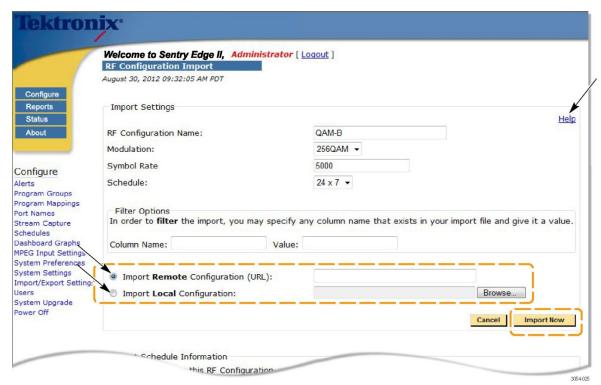


Figure 403: Importing configuration

# To schedule an import

Scheduling an import will cause the import to look for the file and then change the configuration based on that systems failure.

- 1. Complete the field for Import Remote Configuration (URL).
- 2. Complete the **Import Schedule Information** section.
- 3. Select Update Schedule.

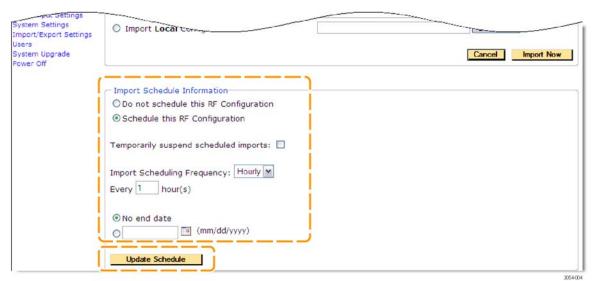


Figure 404: Completing the schedule information

# View/edit RF configuration details

1. Click on any of the names in the RF Configuration list.



Figure 405: RF input connection

2. From the resulting page, you can change the **Channel** number, **Frequency**, **Channel Name**, **Modulation**, and **Schedule** for each individual RF frequency that you wish to monitor.

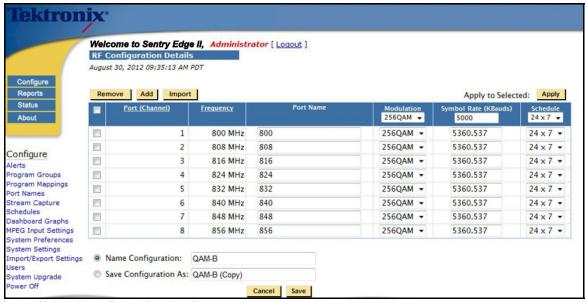


Figure 406: RF configuration details

- **3.** Check the boxes to add or remove services. The **Import** box will take you to a different page for bulk import.
- 4. Select Cancel or Save when finished.

# Change the schedule

Select the predetermined monitoring schedules from the drop down menu. The default is 24x7 but you may customize this to fit your needs.

# Configure port names for a channel

- 1. You may change the port name from the **MPEG Input Settings** page at any time by clicking in the **Port Name** field and entering the desired name.
- 2. Select Save RF Settings when finished.

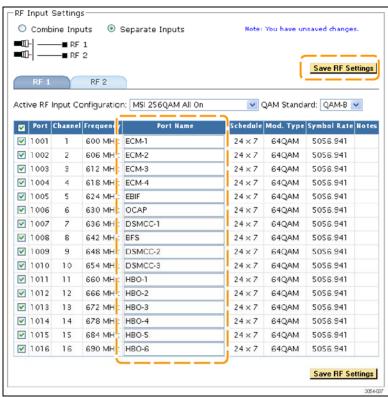


Figure 407: Configuring port names

# Configure schedule summary

The Schedule Summary page shows the schedule Type (Absolute/one-time, Daily, Weekly) and the Delete, Create schedule buttons.

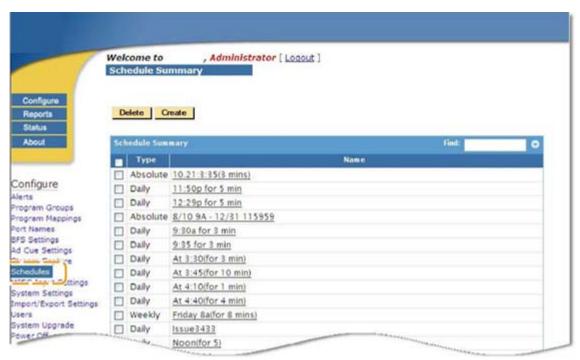


Figure 408: Schedule summary

#### Create a new schedule.

You can use the schedule you just defined with the **MPEG Input Settings** to set the RF monitoring schedules.

# 1. Select Create.



Figure 409: Creating a new schedule

2. Select the Schedule Type (Daily, Weekly or Absolute/one time) from the drop-down menu.



Figure 410: Schedule detail

# 3. Select Add Range.



Figure 411: Daily time range

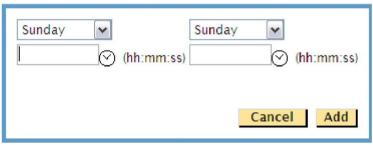


Figure 412: Weekly time range



Figure 413 Absolute time range

- **4.** Fill in the required fields and select **Add**.
- **5.** Add as many ranges as needed by repeating until done.
- **6.** Select **Name the Schedule** and enter a name in the entry box.
- 7. Click Save Schedule.

# **Operating basics**

# Reports

All reports can be supported in Sentry Edge/EdgeII/EdgeIII, including **QoE** and **Audio Loudness.** See the *Sentry Series Video Quality Monitor User Manual* for further details.

# Current Status report

The **Current Status** report for all Sentry Series instruments allows you to customize and view a grouping of ports/channels. For **Sentry Edge**, the terms **Channel (Ch#)** and **Port** are interchangeable.

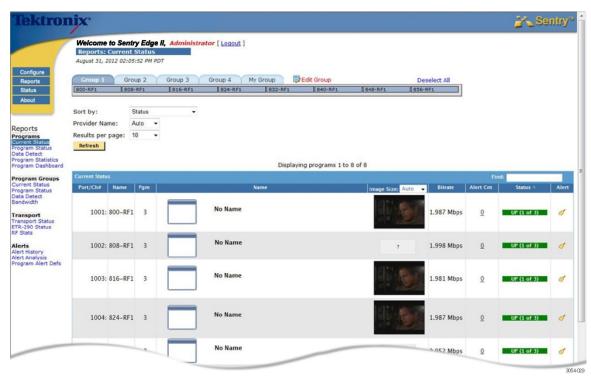


Figure 414: Current Status overview

#### Port / channel numbers

The Port / channel numbers are named depending on which RF connector is carrying the signal. The ports on the RF1 connector are numbered 1000 + the channel number (i.e. 1001, 1002, 1003, etc.). The ports on the RF2 connector are numbered 2001, 2002, 2003, etc.

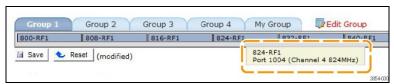


Figure 415: Port / channel cut away

# Program Detail report : Tuning information

# Avg Length

Average tuning length.

# ■ Avg Time Between

The average time between tuning.

# Last Tuned in Period

The last time the channel was monitored

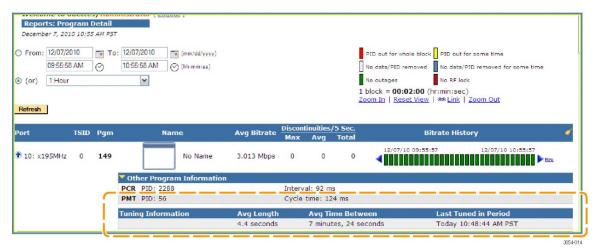


Figure 416: Tuning information

# Program graph options

Bitrate graphs will always be present. Other graphs may not be available depending on chosen module license and data availability. Green areas on the graph indicate where Sentry Edge was tuned and monitoring.

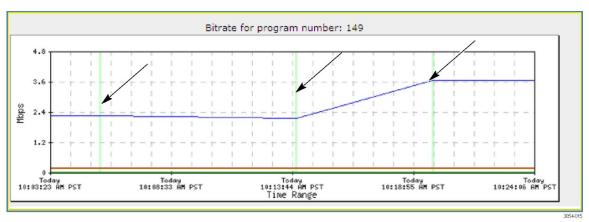


Figure 417: Bitrate graphs with green lines

- Audio Volume levels will only be present if the program is unencrypted.
- QOE graphs will only be present if the program is unencrypted and the optional QOE license has been purchased.

# **RF Stats**

**RF Stats** allows you to create a summary report of each of the monitored RF statistics for each monitored RF Channel/Frequency. From this report, you may then generate graphs on each of these statistics for visual trend analysis.

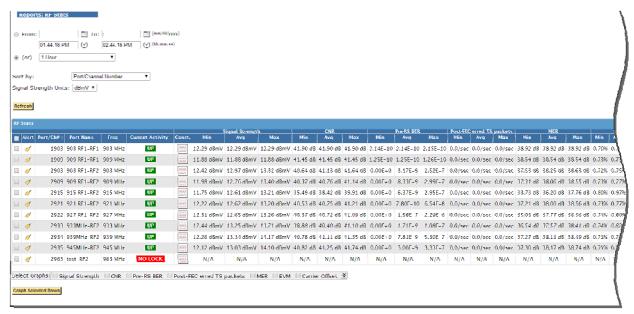


Figure 418: RF Stats overview page

# Constellation Diagram

Note: Not available for Sentry Edge and Sentry Edge III-T.

A **Constellation Diagram** is a representation of a signal modulated by quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM).

This diagram displays the signal as a two-dimensional scatter diagram and can be used to recognize the type of interference and distortion in a signal.

From the **RF Stats** page, select the **Constellation** box for the RF channel you wish to diagram.

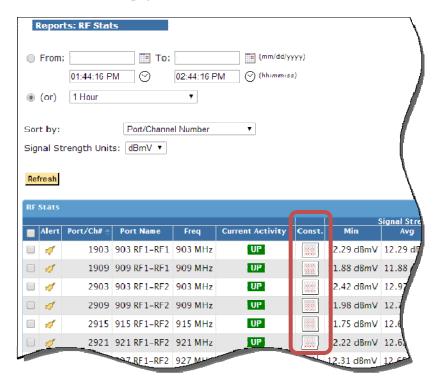


Figure 419: The Constellation boxes

The resulting box will appear.

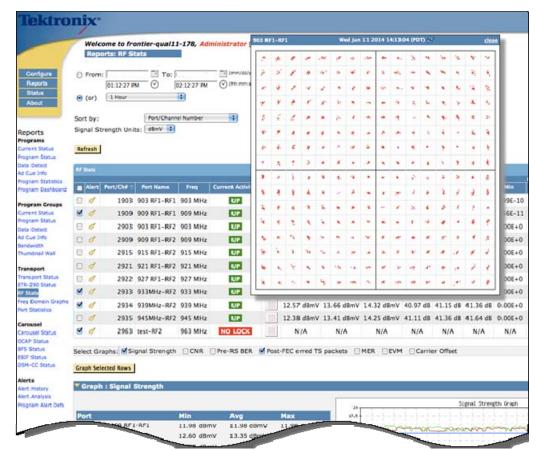


Figure 420: The resulting constellation diagram

# **Frequency Domain Graphs**

**Frequency Domain Graphs** allows you to graph the ranges of each of the statistics for all of the frequencies at once.

Select Frequency Domain Graphs from the Reports menu.



Figure 421: Frequency Domain page

- 1. Select the desired time range.
- 2. Select Graph Types.

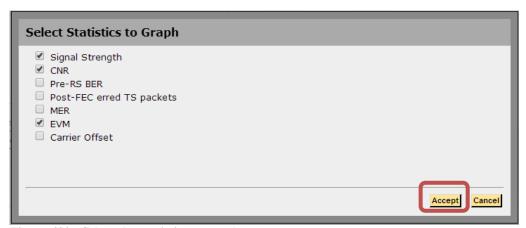


Figure 422: Select the statistics to graph

3. Select the RF statistics you want to graph. In this case, CNR was already selected and Signal Strength and EVM were added.

NOTE: If you select to graph Signal Strength, select dBmV, dBm, or dBuV.

4. Select Accept.

Input Connection:

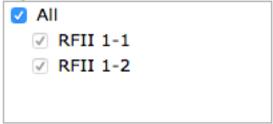


Figure 423: Select the Input Connection and Generate Graph

- **5.** If there are multiple input connections, select the connection you want from the **Input Connection** box.
- **6.** Select **Generate Graph** to refresh the graphs on the screen or Generate PDF to generate a PDF file with the graphs.

# 7. Generate Graph will produce the following:



Figure 424: Frequency Domain graphs

NOTE: The Scale Graph option allows you to zoom in for a higher resolution view on the vertical scale of the graph.

# **Status**

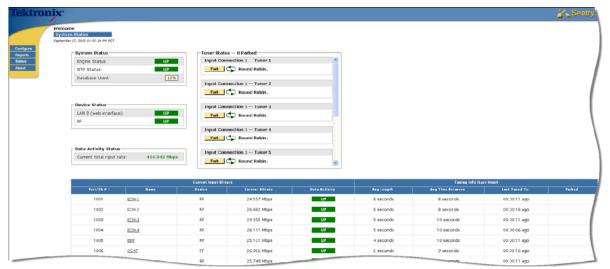


Figure 425: System Status overview

#### Tuner status

**Tuner Status** is specific to the **RF Tuning**. It displays the current state of each tuner and allows you to park one of the tuners on a specific frequency. You also have the option to park both of the tuners on a specific frequency, as long as they are not both on the same frequency. **Tuner Status** also shows if the unit is contained within the round robin.

# System status

**System Status** shows if the **Engine** and the **NTP Status** are **UP** or **DOWN** and what percentage of the database is in use.

#### Device status

**Device Status** shows if LAN 2 (the web interface) and the RF are **UP** or **DOWN**.

#### Data activity status

The **Data Activity** column shows status types specific to RF tuning:

#### Up

A tuner has successfully tuned to the frequency and is receiving an input bitrate

#### Down

A tuner has successfully tuned to the frequency, but is receiving no input bitrate

#### Paused

A particular frequency is not in the round robin queue.

This status is the result of one of two scenarios.

- 1. Either all of the tuners in that tuning pool are parked on other channels or;
- **2.** The channel/port is not scheduled.

#### No lock

A tuner is attempting to tune the specified frequency but is unable to obtain a lock on that frequency. Check to make sure the frequency is a tunable one.

#### Pending

A tuner has begun to tune the channel/port but has not yet collected enough data to display.

# Park a tuner for a set amount of time

1. Select Park for the tuner you wish to park.

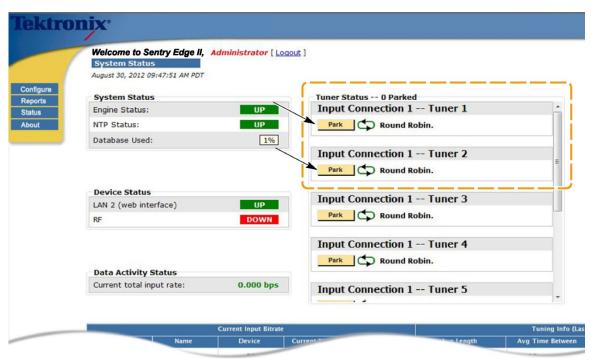


Figure 426: Selecting a tuner to park

2. You will see the following confirmation message:

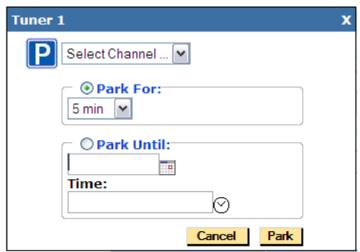


Figure 427: Selecting the Park For option

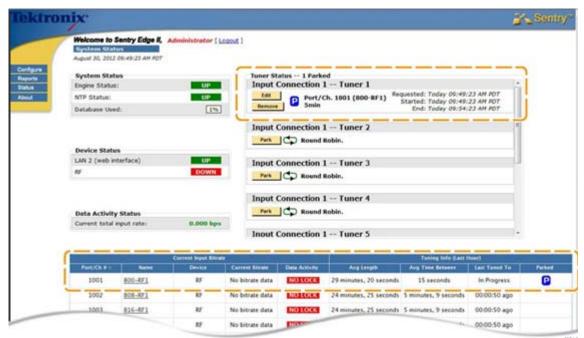


Figure 428: The parked tuner

- 3. Select the **Channel** you wish to park.
- **4.** Select the amount of time you wish to park the tuner for or select the date and time you wish to park the tuner until.
- 5. Select Park.
- **6.** Once it is parked, the tuner will show the following:
  - That it is parked
  - What channel is parked
  - For how long
  - When the park was requested and when it will start and end
- 7. The unit will also show as parked in the **Tuning Info Table** below the **Status** information. All columns are sortable.

# To park a tuner (alternate method)

There are several ways to access the System Status page to park a tuner. Here is another option:

1. From the **Program Detail** screen, click **Additional reports focusing on this port** to access the drop-down menu.

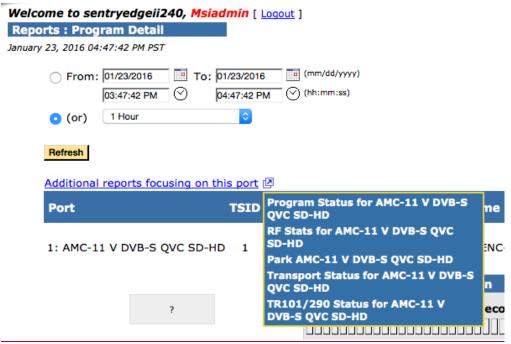


Figure 429: Program Detail drop-down menu

- 2. Select the tuner you wish to park.
- **3.** You will then be taken to the System Status page to complete the process as described in the previous *To park a tuner for a set amount of time* procedure.

# To park a tuner for a set amount of time:

- 1. Select Park Until.
- 2. Select the date you wish the park to end.
- **3.** From the **Program Detail** screen, select the up arrow button to access the drop-down menu.

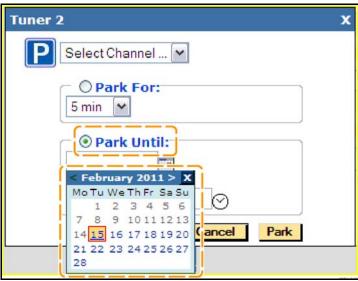


Figure 430: Selecting a date

**4.** Select the time you wish the park to end.



Figure 431: Selecting the time

5. Select Apply.

# Appendix C: Acronyms

The following table contains an overview of acronyms that relate to cable network operations. Items in this list are referenced in this document.

ANSI	American National Standards Institute
ANSI/SCTE 20	Method for Carriage of Closed Captions and Non-Real Time Sampled Video
ASI	Asynchronous Serial Interface
ATSC	Advanced Television Systems Committee
A/V	Audio/Video
AVC	Advanced Video Coding
В	Byte
BFS	Broadcast File System
CEA	Consumer Electronics Association
CEA-708-B	Digital Television (DTV) Closed Captioning specification
CGMS	Copy Generation Management System
DBDS	Digital Broadband Delivery System
DC	Download Cancel
DHCT	Digital Home Communications Terminal
DII	Download Info Indication
DNCS	Digital Network Control System
DNS	Domain Name Server
DSM-CC	Digital Storage Media Command and Control
DTV	Digital Television
EIA	Electronic Industries Alliance
EIA/CEA-608-B	Line 21 Data Services, a technical standard and guide for using or providing
	Closed Captioning services or other data services embedded in Line 21 of the
	vertical blanking interval of the NTSC video signal
EPG	Electronic Program Guide
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
GigE	Gigabit Ethernet
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HDTV	High Definition Television
IP	Internet Protocol
ISO/IEC	International Organization for Standardization/International Electrotechnical
	Commission
IT	Information Technology
iTV	Interactive Television
Kbps	Kilobits per second
LAN	Local Area Network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MB	Megabyte
Mbps	Megabits per second
MIB	Management Information Base
MPEG	Moving Picture Experts Group
ns	Nanosecond (one billionth of a second)

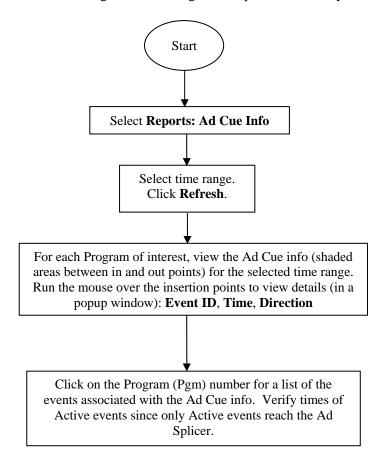
# **Sentry User Manual**

NTSC National Television Systems Committee NTP Network Time Protocol PAT Program Association Table PCR Program Clock Reference PES Packetized Elementary Stream PID Packet Identifier PMT Program Map Table PSI Program Specific Information PSIP Program Map Table PSI Program Map Table PSIP Program Information Protocol PVR Personal Video Recorder QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand XDS Extended Data Services		
PAT Program Association Table PCR Program Clock Reference PES Packetized Elementary Stream PID Packet Identifier PMT Program Map Table PSI Program Specific Information PSIP Program and System Information Protocol PVR Personal Video Recorder QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	NTSC	National Television Systems Committee
PCR Program Clock Reference PES Packetized Elementary Stream PID Packet Identifier PMT Program Map Table PSI Program Specific Information PSIP Program and System Information Protocol PVR Personal Video Recorder QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	NTP	Network Time Protocol
PES Packetized Elementary Stream PID Packet Identifier PMT Program Map Table PSI Program Specific Information PSIP Program and System Information Protocol PVR Personal Video Recorder QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	PAT	Program Association Table
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PSI Program Specific Information PSIP Program and System Information Protocol PVR Personal Video Recorder QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	PID	Packet Identifier
PSIP Program and System Information Protocol PVR Personal Video Recorder QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	PMT	Program Map Table
PVR Personal Video Recorder  QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation  QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed  SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers  SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable  SDT Service Description Table  SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol  TCP Transmission Control Protocol  TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol  TSID Transport Stream Identifier  URL Uniform Resource Locator  VBI Vertical Blanking Interval  VOD Video on Demand	PSI	Program Specific Information
QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	PSIP	Program and System Information Protocol
QPSK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	PVR	Personal Video Recorder
SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	QAM	Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
SCTE 35 Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	QPSK	Quadrature Phase-Shift Keyed
SDT Service Description Table SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	SCTE	Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers
SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	SCTE 35	Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable
TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	SDT	Service Description Table
TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TSID Transport Stream Identifier URL Uniform Resource Locator VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
URL Uniform Resource Locator  VBI Vertical Blanking Interval  VOD Video on Demand	TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol
VBI Vertical Blanking Interval VOD Video on Demand	TSID	Transport Stream Identifier
VOD Video on Demand	URL	Uniform Resource Locator
	VBI	Vertical Blanking Interval
XDS Extended Data Services	VOD	Video on Demand
	XDS	Extended Data Services

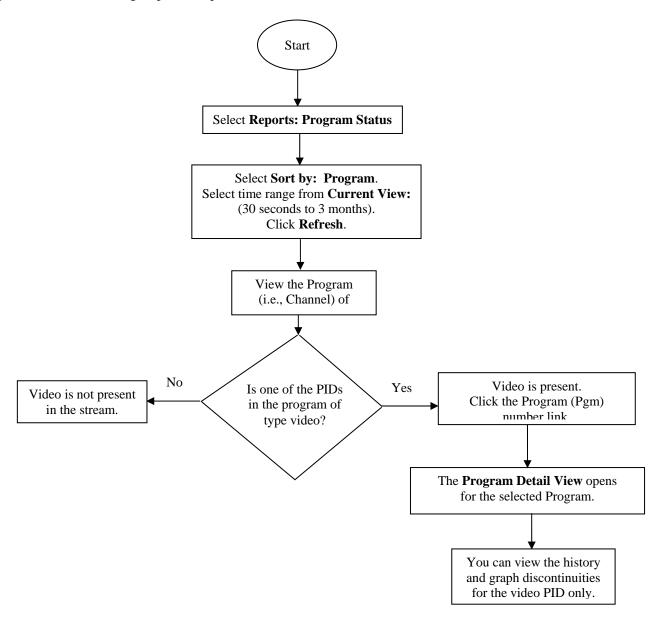
# Appendix D: Examples

Sentry allows you to address the following types of problems:

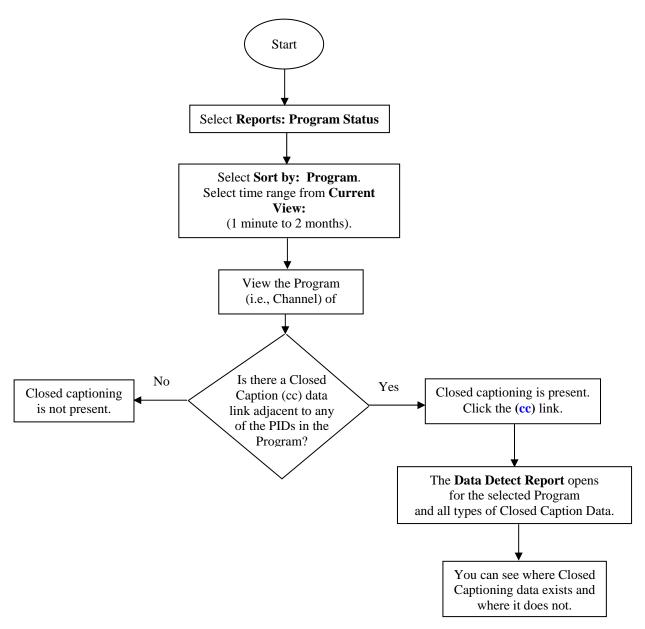
You want to find out if ad cue messages are reaching the ad splicer and if they have the correct times in them.



There is a new channel being launched and no video is being displayed. You need to find out if it is a table problem or an encoding or provider problem.



Closed captioning is not working on a certain channel. You need to find out if it is or is not present.



# **Notices**

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